1	<b>SECTION 706.</b> 254.02 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	254.02 (3) (a) The department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection,
3	the department of corrections, the department of commerce, and the department of
4	natural resources environmental quality shall enter into memoranda of
5	understanding with the department to establish protocols for the department to
6	review proposed rules of those state agencies relating to air and water quality,
7	occupational health and safety, institutional sanitation, toxic substances, indoor air
8	quality, food protection or waste handling and disposal.
9	<b>Section 707.</b> 254.51 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	254.51 (2) The department shall enter into memoranda of understanding with
11	the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, the department of
12	commerce, the department of environmental quality, and the department of natural
13	resources regarding the investigation and control of animal-borne and vector-borne
14	disease.
15	<b>Section 708.</b> Chapter 278 of the statutes is created to read:
16	CHAPTER 278
17	DEPARTMENT OF
18	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
19	SUBCHAPTER I
20	GENERAL
21	<b>278.01 Definitions. (1)</b> In this chapter:
22	(a) "Department" means the department of environmental quality.
23	(b) "Secretary" means the secretary of environmental quality.

1	<b>278.10 Environmental wardens.</b> (1) The department shall secure the
2	enforcement of all laws that it is required to administer. The persons appointed by
3	the department to enforce those laws shall be known as environmental wardens.
4	(3) An environmental warden shall, before exercising any powers of an
5	environmental warden, be provided with a commission issued by the department
6	under its seal, substantially as follows:
7	State of Wisconsin
8	DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY.
9	To all to whom these presents shall come, greeting:
10	Know ye, that reposing special trust and confidence in the integrity and ability
11	of, of the county of, we do hereby appoint and constitute an environmental
12	warden (or special environmental warden) for the state of Wisconsin, and do
13	authorize and empower to execute and fulfill the duties of that office according to
14	law, during good behavior and the faithful performance of the duties of that office.
15	In testimony whereof, the secretary has hereunto affixed the secretary's
16	signature and the official seal of the department, at its office in the city of Madison,
17	Wisconsin, this day of, (year)
18	(Seal) STATE OF WISCONSIN
19	Department of Environmental Quality.
20	By
21	(4) The department shall furnish to each environmental warden at the time of
22	the environmental warden's appointment, a pocket identification folder in form and
23	substance as follows: A leather-covered folder, size when folded, 3 by 4 inches; on one
24	of the inner sides thereof shall be securely fastened a photograph of the appointee
25	to be furnished by the appointee, and partly on the photograph and partly on the

margin of the folder shall be an impression of the seal of the department. The appointee shall also affix the appointee's signature below the photograph on such folder. On the other inner side of the folder shall be securely fastened a miniature true copy of the commission issued to the appointee, which shall be signed by the secretary. The appointee shall carry the identification folder on his or her person at all times that the appointee is on official duty, and the appointee shall on demand exhibit the folder to any person to whom the appointee may represent himself or herself as an environmental warden. The cost of the identification folder shall be charged to the department.

- (5) All environmental wardens shall make full and complete reports of their transactions as such, according to the demand of the department, and shall at all times be subject to its direction and control in the performance of their duties. They shall also gather and transmit all statistical information relative to those matters within their charge as the department directs. In its report under s. 15.04 (1) (d) the department shall include information covering all its work and such other information as is valuable to the state in relation thereto and an itemized statement of receipts and disbursements.
- 278.11 Warrants, arrests, and police powers. (1) GENERALLY. The department and its wardens may execute and serve warrants and processes issued under any law enumerated in s. 278.51 (1) in the same manner as any constable may serve and execute the process; and may arrest, with or without a warrant, any person detected in the actual violation, or whom the officer has probable cause to believe is guilty of a violation of any of those laws whether the violation is punishable by criminal penalties or by forfeiture, and may take the person before any court in the county where the offense was committed and make a proper complaint. For the

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purpose of enforcing the laws enumerated in s. 278.51 (1), any officer may stop and board any boat and stop any vehicle, if the officer reasonably suspects there is a violation of those laws.

- (2) ADDITIONAL ARREST POWERS. In addition to the arrest powers under sub. (1), an environmental warden who has completed a program of law enforcement training approved by the law enforcement standards board, has been certified as qualified to be a law enforcement officer under s. 165.85 (4) (b) 1., and has complied with any applicable requirements under s. 165.85 (4) (bn) 1. while on duty and in uniform or on duty and upon display of proper credentials may assist another law enforcement agency, as defined in s. 165.83 (1) (b), including making an arrest at the request of the agency, may arrest a person pursuant to an arrest warrant concerning the commission of a felony, or may arrest a person who has committed a crime in the presence of the environmental warden. If the environmental warden makes an arrest without the presence of another law enforcement agency, the environmental warden shall cause the person arrested to be delivered to the chief of police or sheriff in the jurisdiction where the arrest is made, along with the documents and reports pertaining to the arrest. The environmental warden shall be available as a witness for the state. An environmental warden may not conduct investigations for violations of state law except as authorized in sub. (3). An environmental warden acting under the authority of this subsection is considered an employee of the department and is subject to its direction, benefits, and legal protection. The authority granted in this subsection does not apply to special environmental wardens.
- **(3)** Investigations. The department and its environmental wardens shall, upon receiving notice or information of the violation of the laws enumerated in s.

- 278.51 (1), as soon as possible make a thorough investigation and cause proceedings to be instituted if the evidence warrants it.
  - (4) Seizure. The department and its environmental wardens shall seize and hold, subject to the order of the court for the county in which the alleged offense was committed, any vehicle, boat, or object that they have probable cause to believe is being used in violation of s. 287.81. If it is proven that within 6 months previous to the seizure the vehicle, boat, or object was used in violation of s. 287.81, it shall be confiscated if the court directs in its order for judgment.
  - (5) SALE OF CONFISCATED PROPERTY. (a) All confiscated vehicles, boats, or objects shall, if not destroyed as authorized by law, be sold at the highest price obtainable, by the department, or by an agent on commission under supervision of the department. The net proceeds of sales under this subsection, after deducting the expense of seizure and sale, any commissions, and any amounts owing to holders of security interests under par. (c) or (d), shall be remitted to the department. The remittance shall be accompanied by a report of the sales, supported by vouchers for expenses and commissions, and shall be filed with the department.
  - (b) Of the remittance from the sales of confiscated vehicles, boats, or objects, 18 percent shall be paid into the general fund to reimburse it for expenses incurred in seizure and sale, and the remaining 82 percent shall be paid into the common school fund.
  - (c) 1. In the case of the sale of a confiscated motor vehicle, the department shall make a reasonable effort, within 10 days after seizure, to ascertain if a security interest in the seized motor vehicle exists. The department shall, within 10 days after obtaining actual or constructive notice of any security interest in the seized motor vehicle, give the secured party notice of the time and place of any proceeding

- before a court pertaining to the confiscation of the motor vehicle. Constructive notice shall be limited to security interests perfected by filing.
- 2. The time of sale of the confiscated motor vehicle shall be within 20 days after judgment of confiscation as provided in sub. (4). The department shall give each secured party discovered in accordance with subd. 1. at least 10 days' notice of the time and place of sale of the motor vehicle.
- 3. If the holder of a security interest in the confiscated motor vehicle, perfected by filing, proves to the court, or after judgment of confiscation, to the department, that the violation that led to the confiscation was not with the knowledge, consent, or connivance of the holder of the security interest or with that of some person employed or trusted by the holder of the security interest, the amount due under the security agreement, together with any other deductions authorized under par. (a), shall be deducted from the proceeds of the sale of the confiscated motor vehicle and the amount due shall be paid to the one entitled. If a sufficient amount does not remain for the full payment of the amount due under the security agreement after making the other deductions authorized under par. (a), the amount remaining shall be paid to the one entitled.
- (d) The provisions of s. 973.075 (1) (b) 2m. and (5) apply to boats and vehicles, other than motor vehicles, under this subsection.
- **278.12 Exemption from liability.** Each environmental warden, in the performance of official duties, is exempt from liability to any person for acts done or permitted or property destroyed by authority of law. No taxable costs or attorney fees shall be allowed to either party in an action against an environmental warden.

- **278.13 Resisting an environmental warden.** Any person who assaults or otherwise resists or obstructs any environmental warden in the performance of duty is subject to the penalty specified in s. 939.51 (3) (a).
- **278.14** False impersonation of environmental warden. Any person who falsely represents himself or herself to be an environmental warden or who assumes to act as an environmental warden without having been first duly appointed is subject to the penalty specified in s. 939.51 (3) (a).
- 278.16 Periodicals. (1) Publication. The department may produce, issue, or reprint magazines or other periodicals, on a periodic basis as it determines, pertaining to environmental quality and other similar subjects of general information. The department may distribute its magazines and periodicals by subscription. The department shall charge a fee for any of its magazines or periodicals.
- (2) ADVERTISING. The department may advertise and sell advertising space in its magazines and other periodicals. The department may advertise or otherwise publicize its magazines and other periodicals. The advertising and publicizing shall be consistent with the goals, purposes, and functions of the department.
- (3) Subscriber lists. The department may refuse to reveal names and addresses of persons on any magazine or periodical subscriber list. The department may charge a fee to recover the actual costs for providing or for the use of any magazine or periodical subscriber list. No person who obtains or uses any magazine or periodical subscriber list from the department may refer to the department, the magazine, or the periodical as the source of names or addresses unless the person clearly states that the provision of, or permission to use, the subscriber list in no way indicates any of the following:

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1	(a) The department's involvement or connection with the person or the person's
2	activities.
3	(b) The department's knowledge, approval, or authorization of the person's
4	activities.
5	(4) Costs. Notwithstanding ss. 20.908 and 35.78 (2) the fee charged by the
6	department in selling each of its magazines and periodicals shall be at least equal
7	to the amount necessary to cover the production, storage, handling, and distribution
8	costs of each magazine and periodical.
9	(5) Use of moneys. The department shall use the moneys collected under this
10	section for the costs specified in sub. (4). If the moneys collected under this section
11	exceed the amount necessary for the costs specified in sub. (4), the department shall
12	use the excess for educational and informational activities concerning the
13	environment.
14	278.165 Promotional activities; other publications. (1) Publications.
15	The department may produce, issue, reprint, and sell publications not published on
16	a periodic basis that pertain to environmental quality and other similar subjects of
17	general information.
18	(1m) Photographs, slides, videotapes, artwork. The department may
19	produce, issue, reprint, and sell photographs, slides, videotapes, and artwork if they
20	pertain to environmental quality and other similar subjects of general information.
21	(2) Advertising space. The department may advertise and sell advertising
22	space in its publications. Any advertising shall be consistent with the goals,
23	purposes, and functions of the department.
24	(3) PROMOTIONAL ACTIVITIES. The department may promote, through the sale

of merchandise or otherwise, advertise or otherwise publicize department programs

and department publications. The promotion, advertising, and publicizing shall be consistent with the goals, purposes, and functions of the department.

- (4) Subscriber Lists. The department may refuse to reveal names and addresses of persons on any publication subscriber list. The department may charge a fee to recover the actual costs for providing or for the use of a publication subscriber list. No person who obtains or uses a publication subscriber list from the department may refer to the department or the publication as the source of names or addresses unless the person clearly states that the provision of, or permission to use, the subscriber list in no way indicates any of the following:
- (a) The department's involvement or connection with the person or the person's activities.
- (b) The department's knowledge, approval, or authorization of the person's activities.
- (5) Costs. Notwithstanding ss. 20.908 and 35.78 (2), any price set or fee charged by the department in selling a publication, photograph, slide, videotape, artwork, or promotional merchandise shall be at least equal to the amount necessary to cover the production, promotional, storage, handling, and distribution costs of the publication, photograph, slide, videotape, artwork, or promotional merchandise.
- (5m) Use of Moneys. The department shall use the moneys collected under this section for the costs specified in sub. (5). If the moneys collected under this section exceed the amount necessary for the costs specified in sub. (5), the department shall use the excess for educational and informational activities concerning the environment.
- **(6)** Report to legislature. The department shall annually submit a report concerning the activities, receipts, and disbursements under this section for the

preceding fiscal year to the chief clerk of each house of the legislature for distribution to the appropriate standing committees under s. 13.172 (3).

- **278.322** Fees for computer accessible water resource management information. The department may charge a fee for providing any information that it maintains in a format that may be accessed by computer concerning the waters of this state, including maps and other water resource management information.
- 278.40 Environmental impact report and statement. (1) Determination If environmental impact statement is required. Any person who files an application for a permit, license, or approval granted or issued by the department, shall submit with the application a statement of the estimated cost of the project or proposed action for which the person seeks a permit, license, or approval. The department may seek such further information as it considers necessary to determine whether it must prepare an environmental impact statement under s. 1.11.
- (1m) Environmental impact report. The department may require an applicant for a permit, license, or approval, to submit an environmental impact report if the area affected exceeds 40 acres, the estimated cost of the project exceeds \$25,000, or the applicant is requesting approval for a high capacity well described in s. 281.34 (4) (a) 1. to 3.
- (2) NOTIFICATION; ESTIMATE OF FEE. (a) If the department is required to prepare an environmental impact statement, it shall notify the person by certified mail.
- (b) The department shall indicate the estimated environmental impact statement fee.
- (3) Environmental impact statement fee if it is required to prepare an environmental impact statement or if it enters into a preapplication service agreement.

- (b) The amount of the environmental impact statement fee shall equal the full cost of the preparation of the environmental impact statement and the full cost of any preapplication services if the department enters into a preapplication service agreement. These costs shall include the cost of authorized consultant services and the costs of printing and postage.
- (c) The department shall determine the manner in which the environmental impact statement fee is to be paid. The department may require periodic payments if preapplication services are provided.
- (d) Except as provided in par. (e), the department shall deposit any environmental impact statement fee into the general fund and shall designate clearly the amount of the fee related to the cost of authorized environmental consultant services and the amount of the fee related to the cost of printing and postage.
- (e) The department shall credit any environmental impact statement fee for a project involving the generation of electricity to the appropriation under s. 20.375 (2) (ah).
- (4) PREAPPLICATION SERVICE AGREEMENT. The department may enter into an agreement to provide preapplication services necessary to evaluate the environmental impact of a project or proposed activity, monitor major developments, and expedite the anticipated preparation of an environmental impact statement if the project or proposed activity is large, complex, or environmentally sensitive and if the person planning the project or proposed activity agrees in writing even though that person has not filed an application for any permit, license, or approval granted or issued by the department, and no environmental impact statement has been prepared. Preapplication services include preliminary environmental reviews, field

- studies and investigations, laboratory studies and investigations, and advisory services.
- (5) AUTHORIZED ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANT SERVICES. The department may enter into contracts for environmental consultant services under s. 278.41 to assist in the preparation of an environmental impact statement or to provide preapplication services.
- **(6)** Exemption from fee for municipalities. Subsections (2) (b) and (3) do not apply with respect to municipalities, as defined in s. 345.05 (1) (c).

### **278.41 Construction and service contracts. (1)** In this section:

- (a) "Construction work" includes all labor and materials used in the erection, installation, alteration, repair, moving, conversion, demolition, or removal of any building, structure, or facility, or any equipment attached to a building, structure, or facility.
- (b) "Environmental consultant services" includes services provided by environmental scientists, engineers, and other experts.
- (2) The department may contract for construction work related to hazardous substance spill response under s. 292.11 or environmental repair under s. 292.31 or for engineering services or environmental consultant services in connection with that construction work.
- **(3)** The department may contract for environmental consultant services to assist in the preparation of an environmental impact statement or to provide preapplication services under s. 278.40.
- **(4)** Each contract entered into under this section shall be signed by the secretary or the secretary's designee on behalf of the state.

- (5) Each contract for construction work entered into by the department under this section shall be awarded on the basis of bids or competitive sealed proposals in accordance with procedures established by the department. Each contract for construction work shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder or the person submitting the most advantageous competitive sealed proposal as determined by the department. If the bid of the lowest responsible bidder or the proposal of the person submitting the most advantageous competitive sealed proposal is determined by the department to be in excess of the estimated reasonable value of the work or not in the public interest, the department may reject all bids or competitive sealed proposals. Every such contract is exempted from ss. 16.70 to 16.75, 16.755, 16.76, 16.767 to 16.77, 16.78 to 16.82, 16.855, 16.87, and 16.89, but ss. 16.528, 16.753 16.754, and 16.765 apply to the contract. Every such contract involving an expenditure of more than \$60,000 is not valid until the contract is approved by the governor.
- **(5m)** If the governor or the governor's designee determines that it is in the best interest of this state, he or she may waive the requirement under sub. (5) for bids or competitive sealed proposals under any of the following circumstances:
- (a) In an emergency involving the public health, welfare, or safety or the environment.
- (b) The department desires to use innovative or patented technology that is available from only one source and that in the judgment of the department would provide the best practicable hazardous substance spill response under s. 292.11 or environmental repair under s. 292.31.

1	<b>(6)</b> The department shall attempt to ensure that at least 5 percent of the total
2	amount expended under this section in each fiscal year is paid to minority
3	businesses, as defined in s. 16.75 (3m) (a).
4	278.49 Credit card use charges. The department shall certify to the
5	secretary of administration the amount of charges associated with the use of credit
6	cards that is assessed to the department on deposits accepted under s. 278.66 (1m)
7	by environmental wardens, and the secretary of administration shall pay the
8	charges from moneys received under s. 59.25 (3) (j) and (k) that are reserved for
9	payment of the charges under s. 20.907 (5) (e) 12e.
10	SUBCHAPTER II
11	ENFORCEMENT OF CERTAIN
12	ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS
13	278.50 Words and phrases defined. In ss. 278.50 to 278.90 the following
14	words and phrases have the designated meanings unless the context clearly
15	indicates a different meaning:
16	(1m) "Citation" means a pleading of essential facts and applicable law coupled
17	with a demand for judgment, that notifies the person cited of a violation specified in
18	s. 278.51 (1) and requests the person to appear in court.
19	(2) "Complaint" means the pleading of essential facts and applicable law
20	coupled with a demand for judgment.
21	(2L) "Corporation" includes a limited liability company.
22	(3) "Enforcing officer" means peace officer as defined by s. 939.22 (22), or a
23	person who has authority to act pursuant to a specific statute.
24	(7) "Summons" means an order to appear in court at a particular time and
25	place.

278.51 Procedure in forfeiture actions. (1) The procedure in this
subchapter applies to all actions in circuit court to recover forfeitures, plus costs,
fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, for violations of ss. 281.48 (2) to (5),
283.33, 285.57 (2), 285.59 (2), (3) (c), and (4), 287.07, 287.08, 287.81, and 299.64 (2),
subchs. I to III of ch. 30, and ch. 31, and any administrative rules promulgated
thereunder, violations to which s. 299.85 (7) (a) 2. or 4. applies, and violations
specified under s. 280.98 (2) or 285.86.
(2) All actions to recover these forfeitures and costs, fees, and surcharges
imposed under ch. 814 are civil actions in the name of the state of Wisconsin.

- (3) If a fine or imprisonment, or both, is imposed for a violation specified in sub. (1), the procedure in ch. 968 applies.
- **278.52 Two forms of action.** Actions under this subchapter may be commenced by a citation, or by a complaint and summons.
- **278.53 Use of citation. (1)** If an action under this subchapter is commenced by a citation, the citation form under s. 278.54 shall be used, except that the uniform traffic citation created under s. 345.11 may be used by an officer of a law enforcement agency of a municipality or county or a traffic officer employed under s. 110.07 in enforcing s. 287.81.
- **(2)** The use of the citation form under s. 278.54 by any enforcing officer in connection with a violation is adequate process to give the appropriate court jurisdiction over the person upon the filing of the citation with the court.
- **278.54 Citation form. (1)** The citation form for actions under this subchapter shall contain a complaint, a case history, and a report of court action on the case.

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(2) It must appear on the face of the citation that there is probable cause to 1 2 believe that a violation has been committed and that the defendant has committed 3 that violation. **(3)** The citation form shall provide spaces for all of the following: 4 The name, address, social security number, and date of birth of the 5 defendant. 6 (b) The department permit or license number of the defendant, if applicable. 7 8 (c) The name and department of the issuing officer. (d) The violation alleged; the time and place of occurrence; a statement that the 9 defendant committed the violation; the statute, administrative rule, or ordinance 10 11 violated; and a designation of the violation in language that can be readily 12 understood by a person making a reasonable effort to do so. 13 (e) The maximum forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 14 814, for which the defendant might be found liable. 15 (f) A date, time, and place for the court appearance, and a notice to appear. 16 (g) Provisions for deposit and stipulation in lieu of a court appearance. 17 (h) Notice that the defendant may make a deposit and by doing so obtain release 18 if an arrest has been made. 19 (i) Notice that, if the defendant makes a deposit and fails to appear in court at the time fixed in the citation, the defendant will be considered to have tendered a plea 20 21 of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed

ch. 814, not to exceed the amount of the deposit. The notice shall also state that the

court may decide to summon the defendant rather than accept the deposit and plea.

defendant will be considered to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to

(j) Notice that, if the defendant makes a deposit and signs the stipulation, the

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- a forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, not to exceed the amount of the deposit. The notice shall also state that the court may decide to summon the defendant rather than accept the deposit and stipulation, and that the defendant may, at any time prior to or at the time of the court appearance date, move the court for relief from the effects of the stipulation.
- (k) Notice that, if the defendant does not make a deposit and fails to appear in court at the time fixed in the citation, the court may issue a summons or an arrest warrant.
  - (L) Any other pertinent information.
- 278.55 Complaint and summons forms. (1) Complaint. If an action under this subchapter is commenced by a complaint and summons, it must appear on the face of the complaint that there is probable cause to believe that a violation has been committed and that the defendant has committed it. The complaint shall accompany the summons and shall contain the information set forth in s. 278.54 (3) (a) to (d) and all of the following:
- (a) The title of the cause, specifying the name of the court and the county in which the action is brought and the names and addresses of the parties to the action.
- (b) A plain and concise statement of the violation identifying the event or occurrence from which the violation arose and showing that the plaintiff is entitled to relief, the statute upon which the cause of action is based and a demand for a forfeiture, the amount of which may not exceed the maximum set by the statute involved, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, and any other relief that is sought by the plaintiff.
- (c) If the action is against a corporation, a statement of its corporate existence and whether it is a domestic or foreign corporation.

- **(2)** SUMMONS. If an action under this subchapter is commenced by a complaint and summons, the summons shall contain all of the following:
- (a) The title of the cause, specifying the name of the court and the county in which the action is brought and the names of all parties to the action.
- (b) A direction summoning and requiring the defendant to appear in a specified court on a particular date not less than 10 days following service of the summons to answer the accompanying complaint.
- (c) A notice that, in case of failure to appear, judgment may be rendered against the defendant according to the demand of the complaint, or the court may issue a warrant for the defendant's arrest.
- **278.56 Arrest with a warrant. (1)** A person may be arrested for a violation specified in s. 278.51 (1) after a warrant that substantially complies with s. 968.04 has been issued. Except as provided in sub. (2), the person arrested shall be brought without unreasonable delay before a court having jurisdiction to try the action.
- (2) In actions to collect forfeitures, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, the judge who issues a warrant under sub. (1) may endorse upon the warrant the amount of the deposit. If no endorsement is made, the deposit schedule under s. 278.66 (4) shall apply, unless the court directs that the person be brought before the court.
- **278.57 Arrest without a warrant. (1)** A person may be arrested without a warrant when the arresting officer has probable cause to believe that the person is committing or has committed a violation specified in s. 278.51 (1) and any of the following applies:
  - (a) The person refuses to accept a citation or to make a deposit under s. 278.66.

- (b) The person refuses to identify himself or herself satisfactorily or the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is supplying false identification.
- (c) Arrest is necessary to prevent imminent bodily harm to the enforcing officer or to another.
- (2) In all cases in which a person is arrested under sub. (1) the officer shall bring the person arrested before a judge without unnecessary delay.
- 278.58 Temporary questioning without arrest. After having identified himself or herself as an enforcing officer, an enforcing officer may stop a person in a public place for a reasonable period of time when the enforcing officer reasonably suspects that the person is committing, is about to commit, or has committed a violation specified in s. 278.51 (1). Such a stop may be made only where the enforcing officer has proper authority to make an arrest for the violation. The enforcing officer may demand the name and address of the person and an explanation of the person's conduct. The detention and temporary questioning shall be conducted in the vicinity where the person was stopped.
- 278.59 Search during temporary questioning. When an enforcing officer has stopped a person for temporary questioning under s. 278.58 and reasonably suspects that the enforcing officer or another is in danger of physical injury, the enforcing officer may search the person for weapons or any instrument, article, or substance readily capable of causing physical injury and of a sort not ordinarily carried in public places by law abiding persons. If the enforcing officer finds such a weapon or instrument, or any other property possession of which he or she reasonably believes may constitute the commission of a violation specified in s. 278.51 (1) or that may constitute a threat to his or her safety, the enforcing officer may take it and keep it until the completion of the questioning, at which time he or

she shall return it, if lawfully possessed, arrest the person so questioned for possession of the weapon, instrument, article, or substance, if he or she has the authority to do so, or detain the person until a proper arrest can be made by appropriate authorities. Searches during temporary questioning as provided under this section may be conducted only by those enforcing officers who have the authority to make arrests for crimes.

278.60 Search incident to the issuance of a lawfully issued citation. If the enforcing officer has stopped a person to issue a citation under s. 278.62 and reasonably suspects that the enforcing officer or another is in danger of physical injury, the officer may search the person for weapons or any instrument, article, or substance readily capable of causing physical injury and of a sort not ordinarily carried in public places by law abiding persons. If the officer finds such a weapon or instrument, or any other property possession of which he or she reasonably believes may constitute the commission of a violation specified in s. 278.51 (1), or that may constitute a threat to his or her safety, the officer may take it and keep it until he or she has completed issuing the citation, at which time the officer shall return it, if lawfully possessed, arrest the person for possession of the weapon, instrument, article, or substance, if he or she has the authority to do so, or detain the person until a proper arrest can be made by appropriate authorities.

**278.61 Search and seizure; when authorized.** Under this subchapter, a search of a person, object, or place may be made and things may be seized when the search is made as follows:

- (1) Incident to a lawful arrest.
- (2) With consent.
- **(3)** Pursuant to a valid search warrant.

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1	(4) With the authority and within the scope of a right of lawful inspection.
2	(5) Incident to the issuance of a lawfully issued citation in accordance with s.
3	278.60.
4	<b>(6)</b> During an authorized temporary questioning under s. 278.59.
5	(7) As otherwise authorized by law.
6	278.62 Issuance of a citation. (1) Whenever an enforcing officer has
7	probable cause to believe that a person subject to his or her authority is committing
8	or has committed a violation of those statutes specified in s. 278.51 (1), the officer
9	may proceed in the following manner:
10	(a) Issue a citation to the defendant in the form specified in s. 278.54, a copy
11	of which shall be filed with the clerk of courts in the county where the violation was
12	committed.
13	(b) Proceed, in proper cases, under s. 278.56 or 278.57.
14	(c) Bring the information to the district attorney so that he or she may proceed
15	under s. 278.65.
16	(2) (a) If the defendant is a resident of this state, a law enforcement officer may
17	serve a citation anywhere in the state by following the procedures used for the service
18	of a summons under s. 801.11 (1) (a) or (b) 1. or 1m. or (2) or by mailing a copy to the
19	defendant's last-known address.
20	(b) If the defendant is not a resident of the state, a law enforcement officer may
21	serve a citation by delivering a copy to the defendant personally or by mailing a copy
22	to the defendant's last-known address.
23	278.63 Officer's action after issuance of citation. (1) After an enforcing

officer has issued a citation under this subchapter, the officer shall release the

defendant if he or she makes a deposit under s. 278.66 or a deposit and stipulatio	n
of no contest under s. 278.67.	

- **(2)** If sub. (1) does not apply, an enforcing officer who issues a citation under this subchapter may release the defendant.
- (3) An enforcing officer who issues a citation under this subchapter shall proceed under s. 278.57, if the defendant is not released.
- **278.64 Deposit after release.** A person who is released under s. 278.63 (2) may make a deposit any time prior to the court appearance date. The person shall make the deposit with the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the violation occurred.
- **278.65 Issuance of complaint and summons. (1)** When it appears to the district attorney that a violation specified in s. 278.51 (1) has been committed the district attorney may proceed by complaint and summons.
- (2) The complaint shall be prepared in the form specified in s. 278.55. After a complaint is prepared, it shall be filed with the judge and a summons shall be issued or the complaint shall be dismissed pursuant to s. 968.03. The filing commences the action.
- (3) If a district attorney refuses or is unavailable to issue a complaint, a circuit judge, after conducting a hearing, may permit the filing of a complaint if he or she finds there is probable cause to believe that the person charged has committed a violation specified in s. 278.51 (1) or a rule promulgated thereunder. The district attorney shall be informed of the hearing and may attend.
- **278.66 Deposit. (1)** If under the procedure in s. 278.62 a person is cited or arrested, the person may make a deposit as follows:

- (a) By mailing the amount of money the enforcing officer directs and a copy of the citation to the office of the clerk of circuit courts in the county where the offense allegedly occurred or by going to the office of the clerk of circuit courts, the office of the sheriff, or any city, village, or town police headquarters.
- (b) If the enforcing officer permits, by placing the amount of money the enforcing officer directs in a serially numbered envelope addressed to the clerk of circuit court in the county where the offense allegedly occurred, sealing the envelope, signing a statement on the back of the envelope stating the amount of money enclosed, and returning the envelope to the enforcing officer. The enforcing officer shall deliver the envelope and a copy of the citation to the office of the clerk of circuit court in the county where the offense allegedly occurred. The enforcing officer shall note on the face of the citation the serial number of the envelope used in making a deposit under this paragraph.
- (1m) The enforcing officer or the person receiving the deposit may allow the alleged violator to submit a check, share draft, or other draft for the amount of the deposit or make the deposit by use of a credit card.
- (2) The person receiving the deposit shall prepare a receipt in triplicate showing the purpose for which the deposit is made, stating that the defendant may inquire at the office of the clerk of circuit court regarding the disposition of the deposit, and notifying the defendant that if he or she fails to appear in court at the time fixed in the citation he or she will be considered to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, not to exceed the amount of the deposit that the court may accept. The original of the receipt shall be delivered to the defendant in person or by mail. If the defendant pays by check, share draft, or other draft, the check, share draft, or other

draft or a microfilm copy of the check, share draft, or other draft shall be considered
a receipt. If the defendant makes the deposit by use of a credit card, the credit charge
receipt shall be considered a receipt.

- (3) If the court does not accept the deposit as a forfeiture for the offense, a summons shall be issued. If the defendant fails to respond to the summons, an arrest warrant shall be issued.
- (4) The basic amount of the deposit shall be determined in accordance with a deposit schedule that the judicial conference shall establish. Annually, the judicial conference shall review and may revise the schedule. In addition to the basic amount determined according to the schedule, the deposit shall include costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814.
- **278.67 Deposit and stipulation of no contest. (1)** If under s. 278.62 a person is cited or arrested, the person may make a deposit and stipulation of no contest, and submit them in the same manner as the deposit in s. 278.66.
- (2) The deposit and stipulation of no contest may be made at any time prior to the court appearance date. By signing the stipulation, the defendant is considered to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, not to exceed the amount of the deposit.
- (3) The person receiving the deposit and stipulation of no contest shall prepare a receipt in triplicate showing the purpose for which the deposit is made, stating that the defendant may inquire at the office of the clerk of circuit court regarding the disposition of the deposit, and notifying the defendant that, if the stipulation of no contest is accepted by the court, the defendant will be considered to have submitted to a forfeiture, plus costs, fees and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, not to exceed

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immediately.

1	the amount of the deposit. Delivery of the receipt shall be made in the same manner
2	as in s. 278.66.
3	(4) If the court does not accept the deposit and stipulation of no contest, a
4	summons shall be issued. If the defendant fails to respond to the summons, an arrest
5	warrant shall be issued.
6	(5) The defendant may, within 10 days after signing the stipulation or at the
7	time of the court appearance date, move the court for relief from the effects of the
8	stipulation, under s. 278.75 (3) (c).
9	<b>278.68 Pleading.</b> The citation or complaint issued under s. 278.62 or 278.65
10	may serve as the initial pleading and is adequate process to give the appropriate
11	court jurisdiction over the person upon the filing of the citation or complaint with the
12	court.
13	278.69 Motions. In a case under this subchapter, any motion that is capable
14	of determination without the trial of the general issue shall be made before trial.
15	278.70 Arraignment; plea. (1) Under this subchapter, if a defendant
16	appears in response to a citation or a summons, or is arrested and brought before a
17	court with jurisdiction to try the case, the defendant shall be informed that he or she
18	is entitled to a jury trial and then asked whether he or she wishes to plead. If the
19	defendant wishes to plead, he or she may plead guilty, not guilty, or no contest.
20	(2) If the defendant pleads guilty or no contest under sub. (1), the court may
21	accept the plea, find the defendant guilty, and proceed under s. 278.78.
22	278.71 Not guilty plea; immediate trial. Under this subchapter, if a
23	defendant pleads not guilty, states that he or she waives the right to jury trial, and
24	wishes an immediate trial and, if the state consents, the case may be tried

1	278.72 Not guilty plea. Under this subchapter, if a defendant pleads not
2	guilty and the trial is not held under s. 278.71, the court shall set a date for trial or
3	advise the defendant that he or she will be notified of the date set for trial. The
4	defendant shall be released upon payment of a deposit as set forth in s. 278.66, or the
5	court may release the defendant on his or her own recognizance. If a defendant fails
6	to appear at the date set under this section, the court may issue a warrant under ch.
7	968 and, if the defendant has posted a deposit for appearance at that date, the court
8	may order the deposit forfeited.
9	278.73 Discovery. In a case under this subchapter, neither party is entitled
10	to pretrial discovery except that, if the defendant moves within 10 days after the
11	alleged violation and shows cause therefor, the court may order that the defendant
12	be allowed to inspect and test, under any conditions that the court prescribes, any
13	devices used by the plaintiff to determine whether a violation has been committed
14	and may inspect the reports of experts relating to those devices.
15	278.74 Mode of trial. In a case under this subchapter, all of the following
16	apply:
17	(1) The defendant shall be informed of the right to a jury trial in circuit court
18	on payment of fees required by s. 278.77 (1).
19	(2) If both parties request a trial by the court or if neither demands a trial by
20	jury, the right to a trial by jury is waived.
21	278.75 Proceedings in court. In a case under this subchapter, all of the
22	following apply:
23	(1) If the defendant appears in court at the time directed in the citation or

summons, the case shall be tried as provided by law.

- (2) If the defendant fails to appear in court at the time fixed in the complaint and summons, judgment may be rendered against the defendant according to the demand of the complaint, or the court may issue a warrant for the defendant's arrest.
- **(3)** If the defendant fails to appear in court at the time fixed in the citation or by subsequent postponement, the following procedure shall apply:
- (a) 1. If the defendant has not made a deposit, the court may consider the nonappearance to be a plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly or the court may issue a summons or an arrest warrant.
- 2. If the court considers the nonappearance to be a plea of no contest and enters judgment accordingly, the court shall promptly mail a copy or notice of the judgment to the defendant. The judgment shall allow the defendant not less than 20 working days from the date on which the judgment copy or notice is mailed to pay the forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814.
- (b) If the defendant has made a deposit, the citation may serve as the initial pleading and the defendant shall be considered to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, not exceeding the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly, or reject the plea and issue a summons. If the defendant fails to appear in response to the summons, the court shall issue an arrest warrant. If the court accepts the plea of no contest, the defendant may move within 90 days after the date set for appearance to withdraw the plea of no contest, open the judgment, and enter a plea of not guilty if the defendant shows to the satisfaction of the court that failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect. If a party is relieved from the plea of no contest, the court or judge may order a written complaint to be filed and set the matter for trial.

After trial the costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814 shall be taxed as provided by law. If on reopening the defendant is found not guilty, the court shall delete the record of conviction and shall order the defendant's deposit returned.

- (c) If the defendant has made a deposit and stipulation of no contest, the citation may serve as the initial pleading and the defendant shall be considered to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, plus costs, fees and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, not exceeding the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly, or reject the plea and issue a summons. If the defendant fails to appear in response to the summons, the court shall issue an arrest warrant. After signing a stipulation of no contest, the defendant may, at any time prior to or at the time of the court appearance date, move the court for relief from the effect of the stipulation. The court may act on the motion, with or without notice, for cause shown by affidavit and upon just terms, and relieve the defendant from the stipulation and the effects of the stipulation. If the defendant is relieved from the stipulation of no contest, the court may order a citation or complaint to be filed and set the matter for trial. After trial the costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814 shall be taxed as provided by law.
- (4) If a citation or summons is issued to a defendant and he or she is unable to appear in court on the day specified, the defendant may enter a plea of not guilty by mailing to the judge at the address indicated on the citation or summons a letter stating that plea. The letter must show the defendant's return address. The letter may include a request for trial during normal daytime business hours. Upon receipt of the letter, the judge shall reply by letter to the defendant's address setting forth a time and place for trial, the time to be during normal business hours if so requested.

1	The date of the trial shall be at least 10 days after the mailing by the judge. Nothing
2	in this subsection forbids the setting of the trial at any time convenient to all parties
3	concerned.
4	(5) Costs may not be taxed against the plaintiff.
5	278.76 Burden of proof. In all actions under this subchapter, the state must
6	convince the trier of fact to a reasonable certainty of every element of the offense by
7	evidence that is clear, satisfactory, and convincing.
8	278.77 Jury trial. (1) If in an action under this subchapter either party files
9	a written demand for a jury trial within 20 days after the court appearance date and
10	immediately pays the fee prescribed in s. 814.61 (4), the court shall place the case on
11	the jury calendar. The number of jurors shall be determined under s. 756.06 (2) (b).
12	If no party demands a trial by jury, the right to trial by jury is permanently waived.
13	(3) If there is a demand for a trial by jury, the provisions of s. 345.43 (3) (a) and
14	(b) are applicable.
15	278.78 Verdict. A verdict is an action under this subchapter is valid if agreed
16	to by five-sixths of the jury. If a verdict relates to more than one count, it shall be
17	valid as to any count if any five-sixths of the jury agree on that count. The form of
18	the verdict shall be guilty or not guilty. The court shall state the amount of the
19	forfeiture after a finding of guilty.
20	278.79 Judgment. In an action under this subchapter, all of the following
21	apply:
22	(1) If the defendant is found guilty, the court may enter judgment against the
23	defendant for a monetary amount not to exceed the maximum forfeiture provided by
24	the statute for the violation, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814.

- (2) The payment of any judgment may be suspended or deferred for not more than 90 days in the discretion of the court. In cases in which a deposit has been made, any forfeitures, costs, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814 shall be taken out of the deposit and the balance, if any, returned to the defendant.
- (3) In addition to any monetary penalties, the court may order the defendant to perform or refrain from performing any acts that may be necessary to fully protect and effectuate the public interest. The court may order abatement of a nuisance, restoration of a natural resource, or other appropriate action designed to eliminate or minimize any environmental damage caused by the defendant.
- **(4)** The court may, where provided by law, revoke or suspend any or all privileges and licenses.
- **(5)** All civil remedies are available in order to enforce the judgment of the court, including the power of contempt under ch. 785.

278.795 Nonpayment of judgments. If a defendant fails to timely pay a judgment entered under s. 278.75 (3) (a) 2. or 278.79, the court may issue an arrest warrant or a summons ordering the defendant to appear in court or both. If the defendant appears before the court pursuant to a warrant or summons or the defendant otherwise notifies the court that he or she is unable to pay the judgment, the court shall conduct a hearing. If the defendant failed to pay the forfeiture, the court shall determine if the defendant is unable to pay the amount specified in the judgment for good cause or because of the defendant's indigence. If the court determines that the failure of the defendant to comply with the judgment is for good cause or because of the defendant to comply with the judgment is for good cause or because of the defendant or permanently stayed. If the defendant fails to appear before the court for a hearing under this section or if the court

determines at the hearing that the failure of a defendant to pay the judgment is not
for good cause or not because of the defendant's indigence, the court shall order one
of the following:
(1) That the defendant be imprisoned for a time not to exceed 5 days or until
the amount is paid, whichever is less.
(2) That the amount of the judgment be modified, suspended, or permanently
stayed.
278.80 Judgment against a corporation or municipality. In a case under
this subchapter, all of the following apply:
(1) If a representative of a corporation or municipality fails to appear within
the time required by the citation or summons, the default of the corporation or
municipality may be recorded and the charge against it taken as true and judgment
shall be rendered accordingly.
(2) Upon default of a defendant corporation or municipality, or upon conviction,
judgment for the amount of the forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed
under ch. 814, shall be entered.
<b>278.81 Effect of plea of no contest.</b> Forfeiture of deposit under s. 278.75 (3)
(b), an accepted plea of no contest under s. 278.70, or a stipulation of no contest under
s. 278.75 (3) (c) to a charge of violation is not admissible in evidence as an admission
against interest in any action or proceeding arising out of the same occurrence.
278.82 Fees. Fees in forfeiture actions under this subchapter are prescribed
in s. 814.63.
278.83 Appeal. In a case under this subchapter, all of the following apply:
(1) JURISDICTION ON APPEAL. Appeal may be taken by either party.

- **(2)** Stay of execution. The amount of undertaking required to stay execution on appeal may not exceed the amount of the maximum forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814.
- (3) PROCEDURE ON APPEAL. An appeal to the court of appeals shall be in accordance with chs. 808 and 809.

278.84 Forfeitures, costs, fees, and surcharges collected; to whom paid. All moneys collected in favor of the state under this subchapter for forfeiture, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, shall be paid by the officer who collects the moneys to the appropriate county treasurer within 20 days after their receipt by the officer, except that all jail surcharges imposed under ch. 814 shall be paid to the county treasurer. In case of any failure in the payment, the county treasurer may collect the payment from the officer by an action in the treasurer's name of office and upon the official bond of the officer, with interest at the rate of 12 percent per year from the time when it should have been paid.

278.85 Statement to county board; payment to state. Every county treasurer shall, on the first day of the annual meeting of the county board of supervisors, submit to it a verified statement of all forfeitures, costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814 and received under this subchapter during the previous year. The county clerk shall deduct all expenses incurred by the county in recovering those forfeitures, costs, fees, and surcharges from the aggregate amount so received, and shall immediately certify the amount of clear proceeds of those forfeitures, costs, fees, and surcharges to the county treasurer, who shall pay the proceeds to the state as provided in s. 59.25 (3). Jail surcharges imposed under ch. 814 shall be treated separately as provided in s. 302.46.

1	278.90 Place of trial. In cases under this subchapter, all of the following
2	apply:
3	(1) Civil actions shall be tried in the county where the offense was committed,
4	except as otherwise provided in this section.
5	(2) If 2 or more acts are requisite to the commission of any offense, the trial may
6	be in any county in which any of the acts occurred.
7	(3) Where an offense is committed on or within one-fourth of a mile of the
8	boundary of 2 or more counties, the defendant may be tried in any of those counties.
9	(4) If an offense is commenced outside the state and is consummated within
10	the state, the defendant may be tried in the county where the offense was
11	consummated.
12	(5) If an offense is committed on boundary waters at a place where 2 or more
13	counties have common jurisdiction under s. 2.03 or 2.04 or under any other law, the
14	prosecution may be in either county. The county whose process against the offender
15	is first served shall be conclusively presumed to be the county in which the offense
16	was committed.
17	Section 709. 279.06 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	279.06 (2) The authority shall notify the department of natural resources
19	environmental quality of its action on an application under s. 279.05 (1) at the same
20	time that it notifies the applicant or applicants.
21	<b>Section 710.</b> 280.01 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	280.01 (1) "Department" means the department of natural resources
23	environmental quality.
24	Section 711. 280.98 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

280.98 (1) Except as provided in sub. (5), the department may follow the
procedures for the issuance of a citation under ss. $\frac{23.50 \text{ to } 23.99}{278.50 \text{ to } 278.90}$ to
collect a forfeiture as specified in sub. (3) from a person who commits a violation
specified under sub. (2).
SECTION 712. 281.01 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.01 (3) "Department" means the department of natural resources

environmental quality.

**Section 713.** 281.01 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.01 **(12)** "Secretary" means the secretary of natural resources environmental quality.

Section 714. 281.01 (21) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.01 **(21)** "Wetland" has the meaning given in s. 23.32 278.32 (1).

**Section 715.** 281.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.15 (1) The department, in consultation with the department of natural resources, shall promulgate rules setting standards of water quality to be applicable to the waters of the state, recognizing that different standards may be required for different waters or portions thereof. Water quality standards shall consist of the designated uses of the waters or portions thereof and the water quality criteria for those waters based upon the designated use. Water quality standards shall protect the public interest, which include the protection of the public health and welfare and the present and prospective future use of such waters for public and private water systems, propagation of fish and aquatic life and wildlife, domestic and recreational purposes and agricultural, commercial, industrial and other legitimate uses. In all cases where the potential uses of water are in conflict, water quality standards shall be interpreted to protect the general public interest.

**SECTION 716.** 281.16 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.16 (3) (a) (intro.) The department of natural resources environmental quality, in consultation with the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, shall promulgate rules prescribing performance standards and prohibitions for agricultural facilities and agricultural practices that are nonpoint sources. The performance standards and prohibitions shall be designed to achieve water quality standards by limiting nonpoint source water pollution. At a minimum, the prohibitions shall include all of the following:

**Section 717.** 281.16 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.16 (3) (b) The department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection, in consultation with the department of natural resources environmental quality, shall promulgate rules prescribing conservation practices to implement the performance standards and prohibitions under par. (a) and specifying a process for the development and dissemination of technical standards to implement the performance standards and prohibitions under par. (a).

**SECTION 718.** 281.16 (3) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28, is amended to read:

281.16 (3) (e) An owner or operator of an agricultural facility or practice that is in existence before October 14, 1997, may not be required by this state or a municipality to comply with the performance standards, prohibitions, conservation practices or technical standards under this subsection unless cost—sharing is available, under s. 92.14 or 281.65 or from any other source, to the owner or operator. For the purposes of this paragraph, sub. (4) and ss. 92.07 (2), 92.15 (4), and 823.08 (3) (c) 2., the department of natural resources environmental quality shall promulgate rules that specify criteria for determining whether cost—sharing is

available under s. 281.65 and the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall promulgate rules that specify criteria for determining whether cost—sharing is available under s. 92.14 or from any other source. The rules may not allow a determination that cost—sharing is available to meet local regulations under s. 92.07 (2) or 92.15 that are consistent with or that exceed the performance standards, prohibitions, conservation practices or technical standards under this subsection unless the cost—sharing is at least 70% of the cost of compliance or is from 70% to 90% of the cost of compliance in cases of economic hardship, as defined in the rules.

**Section 719.** 281.17 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.17 (3) The department shall promulgate rules establishing an examining program for the certification of operators of water systems, wastewater treatment plants and septage servicing vehicles operated under a license issued under s. 281.48 (3), setting such standards as the department finds necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter and chs. 285 and 289 to 299, including requirements for continuing education. The department may charge applicants a fee for certification. All moneys collected under this subsection for the certification of operators of water systems, wastewater treatment plants and septage servicing vehicles shall be credited to the appropriation under s. 20.370 20.375 (4) (bL). No person may operate a water systems system, wastewater treatment plant or septage servicing vehicle without a valid certificate issued under this subsection. The department may suspend or revoke a certificate issued under this subsection for a violation of any statute or rule relating to the operation of a water system or wastewater treatment plant or to septage servicing, for failure to fulfill the continuing education requirements or as provided under s. 145.20 (5). The owner of any wastewater

treatment plant shall be, or shall employ, an operator certified under this subsection who shall be responsible for plant operations, unless the department by rule provides otherwise. In this subsection, "wastewater treatment plant" means a system or plant used to treat industrial wastewater, domestic wastewater or any combination of industrial wastewater and domestic wastewater.

**Section 720.** 281.19 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.19 **(6)** Orders issued by the department shall be signed by the person designated by the board secretary.

**Section 721.** 281.33 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.33 (2) State storm water management plan. The department, in consultation with the department of commerce, shall promulgate by rule a state storm water management plan. This state plan is applicable to activities contracted for or conducted by any agency, as defined under s. 227.01 (1), but also including the office of district attorney, unless that agency enters into a memorandum of understanding with the department of natural resources in which that agency agrees to regulate activities related to storm water management. The department shall coordinate the activities of agencies, as defined under s. 227.01 (1), in storm water management and make recommendations to these agencies concerning activities related to storm water management.

**Section 722.** 281.34 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.34 **(4)** (b) If, under sub. (5) (b), (c), or (d), the department requests an environmental impact report under s. 23.11 (5) 278.40 (1m) for a proposed high capacity well, the department may only request information in that report that relates only to the decisions that the department makes under this section related to the proposed high capacity well.