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1 **Section 1487t.** 66.1038 of the statutes is created to read: 2 66.1038 Milwaukee Transit Authority. (1) Definitions. In this section, 3 "authority" means the Milwaukee Transit Authority created under this section. 4 (2) CREATION. (a) There is created a Milwaukee Transit Authority, a public body 5 corporate and politic and a separate governmental entity. The authority may 6 transact business and exercise any powers granted to it under this section. The 7 jurisdictional area of this authority is the geographic area formed by the territorial boundaries of Milwaukee County. 8 9 The Milwaukee County board, by resolution by a majority vote, may 10 authorize Milwaukee County to be a member of the authority. 11 (3) GOVERNANCE. (a) The powers of the authority shall be vested in its board 12 of directors. Directors shall be appointed for 2-year terms. A majority of the board 13 of directors' full authorized membership constitutes a quorum for the purpose of 14 conducting the authority's business and exercising its powers. Action may be taken 15 by the board of directors upon a vote of a majority of the directors present and voting, 16 unless the bylaws of the authority require a larger number. 17 (b) The board of directors of the authority consists of the following members: 18 1. Three members from Milwaukee County who are elected county officials, 19 appointed by the Milwaukee County board chairperson. 20 2. Two members from the city of Milwaukee who are elected city officials, 21appointed by the mayor of the city of Milwaukee.

3. Two members from Milwaukee County, appointed by the governor.

administration, consistent with the provisions of this section.

(c) The bylaws of the authority shall govern its management, operations, and

- (4) Powers. (a) Notwithstanding s. 59.84 (2) and any other provision of this chapter or ch. 59 or 85, but subject to sub. (5), the authority may contract with Milwaukee County for the authority's provision of transit services within Milwaukee County if the contract is a long-term and ongoing contract. The authority shall have all powers necessary and convenient to carry out this purpose. Both the authority and Milwaukee County shall provide copies of all of their annual and long-term transit plans to the southeastern regional transit authority as these plans become available. The authority's powers shall be limited to those specified in this subsection and sub. (5).
- (5) RECEIPT OF TAX REVENUES. (a) Subject to par. (b), the authority may receive the tax revenues authorized under s. 77.70 (2).
- (b) Milwaukee County may impose the taxes under s. 77.70 (2) if all of the following apply:
- $1. \ The \ Milwaukee \ County \ board \ adopts \ a \ resolution \ under \ sub. \ (2) \ (b) \ to \ become$  a member of the authority.
- 2. The Milwaukee County board contracts with the authority for the authority to provide transit services in Milwaukee County.
- (6) Budgets; revenues; audit. The board of directors of the authority shall annually prepare a budget for the authority. Revenues of the authority shall be used only for the expenses and specific purposes of the authority. The authority shall maintain an accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and shall have its financial statements audited annually by an independent certified public accountant.
- (7) OTHER STATUTES. This section does not limit the powers of political subdivisions to enter into intergovernmental cooperation or contracts or to establish

1	separate legal entities under s. 66.0301 or 66.1021 or any other applicable law, or
2	otherwise to carry out their powers under applicable statutory provisions. Section
3	$66.0803$ (2) does not apply to the authority. $\checkmark$
4	SECTION 1488. 66.1039 of the statutes is created to read:
5	66.1039 Transit authorities. (1) Definitions. In this section:
6	(a) "Authority" means a transit authority created under this section.
7	(b) "Bonds" means any bonds, interim certificates, notes, debentures, or other
8	obligations of an authority issued under this section.
9	(c) "Common carrier" means any of the following:
10	1. A common motor carrier, as defined in s. 194.01 (1).
11	2. A contract motor carrier, as defined in s. 194.01 (2).
12	3. A railroad subject to ch. 195, as described in s. 195.02 (1) and (3).
13	4. A water carrier, as defined in s. 195.02 (5).
14	(d) "Comprehensive unified local transportation system" means a
15	transportation system that is comprised of motor bus lines and any other local public
16	transportation facilities, the major portion of which is located within, or the major
17	portion of the service of which is supplied to the inhabitants of, the jurisdictional area
18	of the authority.
19	(e) "Madison metropolitan planning area" means the metropolitan planning
20	area, as defined in 23 USC 134 (b) (1), that includes the city of Madison.
21	(f) "Municipality" means any city, village, or town.
22	(g) "Participating political subdivision" means a political subdivision that is a
23	member of an authority, either from the time of creation of the authority or by later
24	joining the authority.
25	(h) "Political subdivision" means a municipality or county.

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- (i) "Transportation system" means all land, shops, structures, equipment, property, franchises, and rights of whatever nature required for transportation of passengers within the jurisdictional area of the authority and, only to the extent specifically authorized under this section, outside the jurisdictional area of the authority. "Transportation system" includes elevated railroads, subways, underground railroads, motor vehicles, motor buses, and any combination thereof, and any other form of mass transportation, but does not include transportation excluded from the definition of "common motor carrier" under s. 194.01 (1) or charter or contract operations to, from, or between points that are outside the jurisdictional area of the authority.
- (2) CREATION OF TRANSIT AUTHORITIES. (b) Dane County regional transit authority. 1. The Dane County regional transit authority, a public body corporate and politic and a separate governmental entity, is created if the governing body of Dane County adopts a resolution authorizing the county to become a member of the authority. Once created, this authority may transact business and exercise any powers granted to it under this section.
- 2. If Dane County adopts a resolution under subd. 1., any municipality located in whole or in part within the Madison metropolitan planning area on January 1, 2003, shall be a member of the authority.
- 3. Any municipality located in whole or in part within Dane County that is not located in whole or in part within the Madison metropolitan planning area on January 1, 2003, may join the authority created under subd. 1. if the governing body of the municipality adopts a resolution to join the authority and the board of directors of the authority approves the municipality's joinder.

- 4. The jurisdictional area of the authority created under this paragraph is the geographic area formed by the Madison metropolitan planning area combined with the territorial boundaries of all municipalities that join the authority under subd. 3.
- 5. For purposes of determining a municipality's territorial boundaries and the geographic area formed by the Madison metropolitan planning area, annexed territory that was subject to an unresolved challenge on January 1, 2003, shall not be considered part of the annexing municipality or the Madison metropolitan planning area.
- 6. If a municipality joins the authority after the authority is created, the authority shall provide the department of revenue with a certified copy of the resolution that approves the joining and the joining shall take effect on the first day of the calendar quarter that begins at least 120 days after the department receives the certified copy of the resolution. The authority shall also provide the department with a description of the new boundaries of the authority's jurisdictional area, as provided under sub. (4) (s) 2.
- (c) Chippewa Valley regional transit authority. 1. The Chippewa Valley regional transit authority, a public body corporate and politic and a separate governmental entity, is created if the governing body of Eau Claire County adopts a resolution authorizing the county to become a member of the authority and the resolution is ratified by the electors at a referendum held in Eau Claire County. Once created, this authority may transact business and exercise any powers granted to it under this section.
- 2. If an authority is created under subd. 1., any municipality located in whole or in part within Eau Claire County shall be a member of the authority.

- 3. After an authority is created under subd. 1., Chippewa County may join the authority created under subd. 1. if the governing body of Chippewa County adopts a resolution to join the authority and the resolution is ratified by the electors at a referendum held in Chippewa County.
- 4. If Chippewa County joins an authority as provided in subd. 3., any municipality located in whole or in part within Chippewa County shall be a member of the authority.
- 5. The jurisdictional area of the authority created under this subsection is the territorial boundaries of Eau Claire County or, if Chippewa County also joins the authority as provided in subd. 3., the combined territorial boundaries of Eau Claire County and Chippewa County.
- (e) Chequamegon Bay regional transit authority. 1. The Chequamegon Bay regional transit authority, a public body corporate and politic and a separate governmental entity, is created if the governing bodies of the counties of Ashland and Bayfield each adopt a resolution authorizing that county to become a member of the authority and each resolution is ratified by the electors at a referendum held in each county. Except as provided in subd. 2., once created, this authority shall consist of the counties of Ashland and Bayfield and any municipality located in whole or in part within these counties. Once created, this authority may transact business and exercise any powers granted to it under this section.
- 2. After an authority is created under subd. 1., any county other than Ashland County or Bayfield County may join this authority if the governing body of the county adopts a resolution authorizing the county to become a member of the authority, the resolution is ratified by the electors at a referendum held in the county, and the board of directors of the authority approves the county's joinder. If a county becomes a

- 3. The jurisdictional area of the authority created under this subsection is the combined territorial boundaries of the counties of Ashland and Bayfield and any county that joins the authority under subd. 2.
- 4. If a county joins the authority under subd. 2. after it is created, the authority shall provide the department of revenue with a certified copy of the resolution that approves the joining, a certification of the referendum results ratifying this resolution, and a certified copy of the authority's board of directors approval. The county's joining of the authority shall take effect on the first day of the calendar quarter that begins at least 120 days after the department receives this information. The authority shall also provide the department with a description of the new boundaries of the authority's jurisdictional area, as provided under sub. (4) (s) 2.
- (3) TRANSIT AUTHORITY GOVERNANCE. (a) The powers of an authority shall be pare (c) 5. vested in its board of directors. Directors shall be appointed for 4-year terms, except that directors appointed under par. (b) shall serve 2-year terms. A majority of the board of directors' full authorized membership constitutes a quorum for the purpose of conducting the authority's business and exercising its powers. Action may be taken by the board of directors upon a vote of a majority of the directors present and voting, unless the bylaws of the authority require a larger number.
- (c) If an authority is created under sub. (2) (b), the board of directors of the authority consists of the following members:
- 1. Two members from the Madison metropolitan planning area, appointed by the county executive and approved by the county board.

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- 2. Two members appointed by the mayor of the city of Madison and approved 1 2 by the common council. 3 3. One member appointed by the governor. 4 4. One member from each city, other than the city of Madison, with a population of more than 15,000 located in Dane County, appointed by the mayor of each such city 5 6 and approved by the common council. 7 5. One member from a village within the jurisdictional area of the authority, or from a city within the jurisdictional area of the authority other than a city from 8 which a member is appointed under subd. 2. or 4., appointed by the Dane County 9 Cities and Villages Association. A member appointed under this subdivision may not 10 serve more than one consecutive term. Board membership under this subdivision 11 12 shall follow a rotating order of succession and every village or city eligible to have a 13 member appointed from that village or city shall have such a member appointed 14 before any village or city has an opportunity to have another member appointed under this subdivision. 15 16 (d) 1. If an authority is created under sub. (2) (c), the board of directors of the authority shall be determined by resolution of the governing body of Eau Claire 17 County or, if Chippewa County also joins the authority as provided in sub. (2) (c) 3., 18 19 by resolution of the governing bodies of Eau Claire County and Chippewa County, 20 except that all of the following shall apply:
  - a. The board of directors shall consist of not more than 17 members.
  - b. The board of directors shall include at least 3 members from Eau Claire County, appointed by the county executive and approved by the county board.

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- c. If Chippewa County joins the authority as provided in sub. (2) (c) 3., the board 1 2 of directors shall include at least 3 members from Chippewa County, appointed by 3 the county executive and approved by the county board. d. The board of directors shall include at least one member from the most 4 populous city of each county that is a member, appointed by the mayor of the city and 5 approved by the common council of the city. 6 7 e. The board of directors shall include at least one member from the authority's 8 jurisdictional area, appointed by the governor. 9 2. If Chippewa County joins the authority as provided in sub. (2) (c) 3. and the governing bodies of Eau Claire County and Chippewa County are unable to agree 10 upon a composition of the board of directors as specified in subd. 1., the board of 11 directors of the authority shall be limited to the minimum members specified in subd. 12 1. b. to e. √ 13 14
  - (fm) If any provision of this subsection provides for the appointment of a member of an authority's board of directors by the mayor of a city that has no mayor, the appointment shall instead be made by the chairperson of the common council. If any provision of this subsection provides for the appointment of a member of an authority's board of directors by the county executive of a county that has no county executive, the appointment shall be made by the chairperson of the county board.
  - (f) 1. If an authority is created under sub. (2) (e), the board of directors of the authority shall be determined by resolution of the governing bodies of the counties of Ashland and Bayfield and of any county that joins the authority under sub. (2) (e) 2., except that all of the following shall apply:
  - a. The board of directors shall consist of not more than 17 members, unless the minimum number of members specified in this subd. 1. b. to d. exceeds 17.

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1 b. The board of directors shall include at least 3 members each from the  $\mathbf{2}$ counties of Ashland and Bayfield and from any county that joins the authority under 3 sub. (2) (e) 2., appointed by the county executive and approved by the county board. 4 c. The board of directors shall include at least one member from the most 5 populous city of each county that is a member, appointed by the mayor of the city and 6 approved by the common council of the city. 7 d. The board of directors shall include at least one member from the authority's 8 jurisdictional area, appointed by the governor. 9 2. If the governing bodies of the counties of Ashland and Bayfield and of any county that joins the authority under sub. (2) (e) 2. are unable to agree upon a 10 11 composition of the board of directors as specified in subd. 1., the board of directors of the authority shall be limited to the minimum members specified in subd. 1. b. to 12 From p. 55 d. ✓ 13 14 (g) The bylaws of an authority shall govern its management, operations, and 15 administration, consistent with the provisions of this section, and shall include 16 provisions specifying all of the following: 17 1. The functions or services to be provided by the authority. 18 2. The powers, duties, and limitations of the authority. 19 3. The maximum rate of the taxes that may be imposed by the authority under 20 sub. (4) (s), not to exceed the maximum rate specified in s. 77.708 (1). 4. The composition of the board of directors of the authority, as determined 21 under par. (d) or (f). 22 23 (4) Powers. Notwithstanding s. 59.84 (2) and any other provision of this

chapter or ch. 59 or 85, an authority may do all of the following, to the extent

authorized in the authority's bylaws:

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- 1 (a) Establish, maintain, and operate a comprehensive unified local 2 transportation system primarily for the transportation of persons. 3 (b) Acquire a comprehensive unified local transportation system and provide 4 funds for the operation and maintenance of the system. Upon the acquisition of a 5 comprehensive unified local transportation system, the authority may: 6 1. Operate and maintain it or lease it to an operator or contract for its use by 7 an operator. 2. Contract for superintendence of the system with an organization that has 8 9 personnel with the requisite experience and skill. 10 3. Delegate responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the system to 11 an appropriate administrative officer, board, or commission of a participating 12 political subdivision. 13 4. Maintain and improve railroad rights-of-way and improvements on these 14 rights-of-way for future use. 15 (c) Contract with a public or private organization to provide transportation 16 services in lieu of directly providing these services. 17 (d) Purchase and lease transportation facilities to public or private transit 18 companies that operate within and outside the jurisdictional area. 19 (e) Apply for federal aids to purchase transportation facilities considered 20 essential for the authority's operation. 21
  - (f) Coordinate specialized transportation services, as defined in s. 85.21 (2) (g), for residents who reside within the jurisdictional area and who are disabled or aged 60 or older, including services funded under 42 USC 3001 to 3057n, 42 USC 5001, and 42 USC 5011 (b), under ss. 49.43 to 49.499 and 85.21, and under other public funds administered by the county. An authority may contract with a county that is a

- participating political subdivision for the authority to provide specialized transportation services, but an authority is not an eligible applicant under s. 85.21 (2) (e) and may not receive payments directly from the department of transportation under s. 85.21.
  - (g) Acquire, own, hold, use, lease as lessor or lessee, sell or otherwise dispose of, mortgage, pledge, or grant a security interest in any real or personal property or service.
  - (h) Acquire property by condemnation using the procedure under s. 32.05 for the purposes set forth in this section.
  - (i) Enter upon any state, county, or municipal street, road, or alley, or any public highway for the purpose of installing, maintaining, and operating the authority's facilities. Whenever the work is to be done in a state, county, or municipal highway, street, road, or alley, the public authority having control thereof shall be duly notified, and the highway, street, road, or alley shall be restored to as good a condition as existed before the commencement of the work with all costs incident to the work to be borne by the authority.
  - (j) Fix, maintain, and revise fees, rates, rents, and charges for functions, facilities, and services provided by the authority.
  - (k) Make, and from time to time amend and repeal, bylaws, rules, and regulations to carry into effect the powers and purposes of the authority.
    - (L) Sue and be sued in its own name.
    - $\ \, (m)\ \, Have\ \, and\ \, use\ \, a\ \, corporate\ \, seal.$
  - (n) Employ agents, consultants, and employees, engage professional services, and purchase such furniture, stationery, and other supplies and materials as are reasonably necessary to perform its duties and exercise its powers.

- (o) Incur debts, liabilities, or obligations including the borrowing of money and the issuance of bonds under subs. (7) and (10).
- (p) Invest any funds held in reserve or sinking funds, or any funds not required for immediate disbursement, including the proceeds from the sale of any bonds, in such obligations, securities, and other investments as the authority deems proper in accordance with s. 66.0603 (1m).
- (q) Do and perform any acts and things authorized by this section under, through, or by means of an agent or by contracts with any person.
- (r) Exercise any other powers that the board of directors considers necessary and convenient to effectuate the purposes of the authority, including providing for passenger safety.
- (s) 1. Impose, by the adoption of a resolution by the board of directors, the taxes under subch. V of ch. 77 in the authority's jurisdictional area, except that no authority created under sub. (2) (b) may adopt such a resolution until a referendum is held in the authority's jurisdictional area on the question of whether the authority's board of directors may impose the taxes under subch. V of ch. 77 and the referendum is decided in the affirmative. If an authority adopts a resolution to impose the taxes, it shall deliver a certified copy of the resolution to the department of revenue at least 120 days before its effective date. The authority may, by adoption of a resolution by the board of directors, repeal the imposition of taxes under subch. V of ch. 77 and shall deliver a certified copy of the repeal resolution to the department of revenue at least 120 days before its effective date.
- 2. If an authority adopts a resolution to impose the tax, as provided in subd.

  1., an authority shall specify to the department of revenue, as provided in this subdivision, the exact boundaries of the authority's jurisdictional area. If the

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boundaries are the same as the county lines on all sides of the authority's jurisdictional area, the resolution shall specify the county or counties that comprise the authority's entire jurisdictional area. If the boundaries are other than a county line on any side of the authority's jurisdictional area, the authority shall provide the department with a complete list of all the 9-digit zip codes that are entirely within the authority's jurisdictional area and a complete list of all the street addresses that are within the authority's jurisdictional area and not included in any 9-digit zip code that is entirely within the authority's jurisdictional area. The authority shall provide a certified copy of the information required under this subdivision to the department, in the manner, format, and layout prescribed by the department, at least 120 days prior to the first day of the calendar quarter before the effective date of the tax imposed under subd. 1. If the boundaries of the authority's jurisdictional area subsequently change, the authority shall submit a certified copy of the information required under this subdivision to the department at least 120 days prior to the first day of the calendar quarter before the effective date of such change, in the manner, format, and layout prescribed by the department.

- 4. Notwithstanding subd. 1., an authority created under sub. (2) (e) may not impose the taxes authorized under subd. 1. unless the authorizing resolution under sub. (2) (e) 1. and, if applicable, subd. 2., as well as the referendum question on the

referendum ballot specified in sub. (2) (e) 1. and, if applicable, subd. 2., clearly identifies the maximum rate of the taxes that may be imposed by the authority under subd. 1.  $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ 

- (5) LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORITY POWERS. (a) Notwithstanding sub. (4) (a), (b), (c), (d), (q), and (r), no authority, and no public or private organization with which an authority has contracted for service, may provide service outside the jurisdictional area of the authority unless the authority receives financial support for the service under a contract with a public or other private organization for the service or unless it is necessary in order to provide service to connect residents within the authority's jurisdictional area to transit systems in adjacent counties.
- (b) Whenever the proposed operations of an authority would be competitive with the operations of a common carrier in existence prior to the time the authority commences operations, the authority shall coordinate proposed operations with the common carrier to eliminate adverse financial impact for the carrier. This coordination may include route overlapping, transfers, transfer points, schedule coordination, joint use of facilities, lease of route service, and acquisition of route and corollary equipment. If this coordination does not result in mutual agreement, the proposals of the authority and the common carrier shall be submitted to the department of transportation for arbitration.
- (c) In exercising its powers under sub. (4), an authority shall consider any plan of a metropolitan planning organization under 23 USC 134 that covers any portion of the authority's jurisdictional area.
- (6) AUTHORITY OBLIGATIONS TO EMPLOYEES OF MASS TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS. (a) An authority acquiring a comprehensive unified local transportation system for the purpose of the authority's operation of the system shall assume all of the employer's

obligations under any contract between the employees and management of the system to the extent allowed by law.

- (b) An authority acquiring, constructing, controlling, or operating a comprehensive unified local transportation system shall negotiate an agreement with the representative of the labor organization that covers the employees affected by the acquisition, construction, control, or operation to protect the interests of employees affected. This agreement shall include all of the provisions identified in s. 59.58 (4) (b) 1. to 8. and may include provisions identified in s. 59.58 (4) (c). An affected employee has all the rights and the same status under subch. IV of ch. 111 that he or she enjoyed immediately before the acquisition, construction, control, or operation and may not be required to serve a probationary period if he or she attained permanent status before the acquisition, construction, control, or operation.
- (c) In all negotiations under this subsection, a senior executive officer of the authority shall be a member of the authority's negotiating body.
- (7) Bonds; Generally. (a) An authority may issue bonds, the principal and interest on which are payable exclusively from all or a portion of any revenues received by the authority. The authority may secure its bonds by a pledge of any income or revenues from any operations, rent, aids, grants, subsidies, contributions, or other source of moneys whatsoever.
- (b) An authority may issue bonds in such principal amounts as the authority deems necessary.
- (c) 1. Neither the members of the board of directors of an authority nor any person executing the bonds is personally liable on the bonds by reason of the issuance of the bonds.

- 2. The bonds of an authority are not a debt of the participating political subdivisions. Neither the participating political subdivisions nor the state are liable for the payment of the bonds. The bonds of any authority shall be payable only out of funds or properties of the authority. The bonds of the authority shall state the restrictions contained in this paragraph on the face of the bonds.
- (8) Issuance of Bonds. (a) Bonds of an authority shall be authorized by resolution of the board of directors. The bonds may be issued under such a resolution or under a trust indenture or other security instrument. The bonds may be issued in one or more series and may be in the form of coupon bonds or registered bonds under s. 67.09. The bonds shall bear the dates, mature at the times, bear interest at the rates, be in the denominations, have the rank or priority, be executed in the manner, be payable in the medium of payment and at the places, and be subject to the terms of redemption, with or without premium, as the resolution, trust indenture, or other security instrument provides. Bonds of an authority are issued for an essential public and governmental purpose and are public instrumentalities and, together with interest and income, are exempt from taxes.
- (b) The authority may sell the bonds at public or private sales at the price or prices determined by the authority.
- (c) If an officer whose signatures appear on any bonds or coupons ceases to be an officer of the authority before the delivery of the bonds or coupons, the officer's signature shall, nevertheless, be valid for all purposes as if the officer had remained in office until delivery of the bonds or coupons.
- (9) COVENANTS. An authority may do all of the following in connection with the issuance of bonds:
  - (a) Covenant as to the use of any or all of its property, real or personal.

- (b) Redeem the bonds, or covenant for the redemption of the bonds, and provide the terms and conditions of the redemption.
- (c) Covenant as to charge fees, rates, rents, and charges sufficient to meet operating and maintenance expenses, renewals, and replacements of any transportation system, principal and debt service on bonds creation and maintenance of any reserves required by a bond resolution, trust indenture, or other security instrument and to provide for any margins or coverages over and above debt service on the bonds that the board of directors considers desirable for the marketability of the bonds.
- (d) Covenant as to the events of default on the bonds and the terms and conditions upon which the bonds shall become or may be declared due before maturity, as to the terms and conditions upon which this declaration and its consequences may be waived, and as to the consequences of default and the remedies of bondholders.
- (e) Covenant as to the mortgage or pledge of, or the grant of a security interest in, any real or personal property and all or any part of the revenues of the authority to secure the payment of bonds, subject to any agreements with the bondholders.
- (f) Covenant as to the custody, collection, securing, investment, and payment of any revenues, assets, moneys, funds, or property with respect to which the authority may have any rights or interest.
- (g) Covenant as to the purposes to which the proceeds from the sale of any bonds may be applied, and as to the pledge of such proceeds to secure the payment of the bonds.

- (h) Covenant as to limitations on the issuance of any additional bonds, the terms upon which additional bonds may be issued and secured, and the refunding of outstanding bonds.
- (i) Covenant as to the rank or priority of any bonds with respect to any lien or security.
- (j) Covenant as to the procedure by which the terms of any contract with or for the benefit of the holders of bonds may be amended or abrogated, the amount of bonds, the holders of which must consent thereto, and the manner in which such consent may be given.
- (k) Covenant as to the custody and safekeeping of any of its properties or investments, the insurance to be carried on the property or investments, and the use and disposition of insurance proceeds.
- (L) Covenant as to the vesting in one or more trustees, within or outside the state, of those properties, rights, powers, and duties in trust as the authority determines.
- (m) Covenant as to the appointing of, and providing for the duties and obligations of, one or more paying agent or other fiduciaries within or outside the state.
- (n) Make all other covenants and do any act that may be necessary or convenient or desirable in order to secure its bonds or, in the absolute discretion of the authority, tend to make the bonds more marketable.
- (o) Execute all instruments necessary or convenient in the exercise of the powers granted under this section or in the performance of covenants or duties, which may contain such covenants and provisions as a purchaser of the bonds of the authority may reasonably require.

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- (10) Refunding bonds. An authority may issue refunding bonds for the purpose of paying any of its bonds at or prior to maturity or upon acceleration or redemption. An authority may issue refunding bonds at such time prior to the maturity or redemption of the refunded bonds as the authority deems to be in the public interest. The refunding bonds may be issued in sufficient amounts to pay or provide the principal of the bonds being refunded, together with any redemption premium on the bonds, any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of payment of the bonds, the expenses of issue of the refunding bonds, the expenses of redeeming the bonds being refunded, and such reserves for debt service or other capital or current expenses from the proceeds of such refunding bonds as may be required by the resolution, trust indenture, or other security instruments. To the extent applicable, refunding bonds are subject to subs. (8) and (9).
- (11) BONDS ELIGIBLE FOR INVESTMENT. (a) Any of the following may invest funds, including capital in their control or belonging to them, in bonds of the authority:
  - 1. Public officers and agencies of the state.
  - 2. Local governmental units, as defined in s. 19.42 (7u).
  - 3. Insurance companies.
  - 4. Trust companies.
- 5. Banks.
- 20 6. Savings banks.
- 7. Savings and loan associations.
- 22 8. Investment companies.
  - 9. Personal representatives.
- 24 10. Trustees.
- 25 11. Other fiduciaries not listed in this paragraph.

- (b) The authority's bonds are securities that may be deposited with and received by any officer or agency of the state or any local governmental unit, as defined in s. 19.42 (7u), for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or obligations of the state or any local governmental unit is authorized by law.
- (12) Budgets; rates and charges; audit. The board of directors of an authority shall annually prepare a budget for the authority. Except as provided in sub. (15m), rates and other charges received by an authority shall be used only for the general expenses and capital expenditures of the authority, to pay interest, amortization, and retirement charges on bonds, and for specific purposes of the authority and may not be transferred to any political subdivision. The authority shall maintain an accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and shall have its financial statements and debt covenants audited annually by an independent certified public accountant.
- (13) WITHDRAWAL FROM AUTHORITY. A participating political subdivision that becomes a member of an authority under sub. (2) (c) 4. shall withdraw from the authority if the county in which the municipality is located withdraws from the authority under this subsection and a participating political subdivision that joined an authority under sub. (2) (b) 3., (c) 3., or (e) 2. may withdraw from an authority if all of the following conditions are met:
- (a) The governing body of the political subdivision adopts a resolution requesting withdrawal of the political subdivision from the authority and, if the political subdivision joined the authority under sub. (2) (e) 2., the resolution is ratified by the electors at a referendum held in the political subdivision.
- (b) The political subdivision has paid, or made provision for the payment of, all obligations of the political subdivision to the authority.

- (c) If a participating political subdivision withdraws from an authority, the authority shall provide the department of revenue with a certified copy of the resolution that approves the withdrawal. The withdrawal is effective on the first day of the calendar quarter that begins at least 120 days after the department receives the certified copy of the resolution approving the withdrawal. If the political subdivision joined the authority under sub. (2) (e) 2., the authority shall also provide the department of revenue with a certification of the referendum results ratifying the withdrawal resolution and the department shall use the date that it receives this certification of referendum results for purposes of calculating the effective date of withdrawal under this paragraph. If the authority in which the withdrawing political subdivision continues to exist after the withdrawal, the authority shall provide information describing the exact boundaries of its jurisdictional area, as provided in sub. (4) (s) 2.
- (14) Duty to provide transit service. An authority shall provide, or contract for the provision of, transit service within the authority's jurisdictional area.
- (15m) Dane County Highway Projects. An authority created under sub. (2) (b) may transfer revenues from taxes imposed by the authority under sub. (4) (s) to any political subdivision within the authority's jurisdictional area to fund highway projects within the authority's jurisdictional area. If any transfer is made under this subsection, the authority's board shall determine the recipients and amounts of all such transfers, except that the authority may not transfer under this subsection more than 25 percent of revenues from taxes imposed by the authority under sub. (4) (s).
- (17) OTHER STATUTES. This section does not limit the powers of political subdivisions to enter into intergovernmental cooperation or contracts or to establish

1	separate legal entities under s. 66.0301 or 66.1021 or any other applicable law, or
2	otherwise to carry out their powers under applicable statutory provisions. Section
3	66.0803 (2) does not apply to an authority.
4	<b>SECTION 1488s.</b> 66.1103 (2) (k) 20. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	66.1103 (2) (k) $20$ . A shopping center, or an office building, convention or trade
6	center, hotel, motel or other nonresidential facility, which is located in or adjacent to
7	a blighted area as defined by s. $66.1105(2)(a)(a)(66.1331(3)(a)$ or $66.1333(2m)$
8	(b) or in accordance with a redevelopment plan or urban renewal plan adopted under
9	s. 66.1331 (5) or 66.1333 (6).
10	<b>Section 1488u.</b> $66.1105(2)(a)$ of the statutes is renumbered $66.1105(2)(ae)$ .
11	<b>Section 1488uc.</b> 66.1105 (2) (ab) of the statutes is created to read:
12	66.1105 (2) (ab) "Affordable housing" means housing that costs a household no
13	more than 30 percent of the household's gross monthly income.
14	Section 1488ue. 66.1105 (2) (bq) of the statutes is created to read:
15	66.1105 (2) (bq) "Household" means an individual and his or her spouse and all
16	minor dependents. $\mathcal{J}$
17	Section 1489. 66.1105 (6) (ae) of the statutes is created to read:
18	66.1105 (6) (ae) With regard to each district for which the department of
19	revenue authorizes the allocation of a tax increment under par. (a), the department
20	shall charge the city that created the district an annual administrative fee of $\$150$
21	that the city shall pay to the department no later than May 15.
22	Section 1489e. 66.1105 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	66.1105 (6) (c) Except for tax increments allocated under par. (d), (dm), (e), or
24	(f), or $(g)$ all tax increments received with respect to a tax incremental district shall,
25	upon receipt by the city treasurer, be deposited into a special fund for that district.

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The city treasurer may deposit additional moneys into such fund pursuant to an appropriation by the common council. No moneys may be paid out of such fund except to pay project costs with respect to that district, to reimburse the city for such payments, to pay project costs of a district under par. (d), (dm), (e), or (f), or (g) or to satisfy claims of holders of bonds or notes issued with respect to such district. Subject to par. (d), (dm), (e), or (f), or (g), moneys paid out of the fund to pay project costs with respect to a district may be paid out before or after the district is terminated under sub. (7). Subject to any agreement with bondholders, moneys in the fund may be temporarily invested in the same manner as other city funds if any investment earnings are applied to reduce project costs. After all project costs and all bonds and notes with respect to the district have been paid or the payment thereof provided for. subject to any agreement with bondholders, if there remain in the fund any moneys that are not allocated under par. (d), (dm), (e), or (f), or (g), they shall be paid over to the treasurer of each county, school district or other tax levying municipality or to the general fund of the city in the amounts that belong to each respectively, having due regard for that portion of the moneys, if any, that represents tax increments not allocated to the city and that portion, if any, that represents voluntary deposits of the city into the fund.

**SECTION 1489i.** 66.1105 (6) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

66.1105 (6) (g) 1. After the date on which a tax incremental district created by a city pays off the aggregate of all of its project costs, and notwithstanding the time at which such a district would otherwise be required to terminate under sub. (7), a city may extend the life of the district for one year if the city does all of the following:

1 a. The city adopts a resolution extending the life of the district for a specified 2 number of months. The resolution shall specify how the city intends to improve its 3 housing stock, as required in subd. 3. 4 b. The city forwards a copy of the resolution to the department of revenue, 5 notifying the department that it must continue to authorize the allocation of tax 6 increments to the district under par. (a). 7 2. If the department of revenue receives a notice described under subd. 1. b., 8 it shall continue authorizing the allocation of tax increments to the district under 9 par. (a) during the district's life, as extended by the city, as if the district's costs had 10 not been paid off and without regard to whether any of the time periods specified in 11 par. (a) 2. to 8. would otherwise require terminating the allocation of such 12 increments. 13 3. If a city receives tax increments as described in subd. 2., the city shall use at least 75 percent of the increments received to benefit affordable housing in the city. 14 The remaining portion of the increments shall be used by the city to improve the city's 15 housing stock. 16 17 **SECTION 1490.** 66.1106 (7) (am) of the statutes is created to read: 18 66.1106 (7) (am) With regard to each district for which the department 19 authorizes the allocation of a tax increment under par. (a), the department shall 20 charge the political subdivision that created the district an annual administrative 21fee of \$150 that the political subdivision shall pay to the department no later than 22 May 15. 23 **SECTION 1491.** 66.1113 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 24 66.1113 (1) (a) "Infrastructure expenses" means the costs of purchasing,

constructing, or improving parking lots; access ways; transportation facilities,

1	including roads and bridges; sewer and water facilities; exposition center facilities
2	used primarily for conventions, expositions, trade shows, musical or dramatic
3	events, or other events involving educational, cultural, recreational, sporting, or
4	commercial activities; parks, boat ramps, beaches, and other recreational facilities;
5	fire fighting equipment; police vehicles; ambulances; and other equipment or
6	materials dedicated to public safety or public works.
7	Section 1492. 66.1305 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes is repealed and recreated to
8	read:
9	66.1305 (2) (a) 2. "Technology-based incubator" means a facility that provides
10	a new or expanding technically-oriented business with all of the following:
11	a. Office and laboratory space.
12	b. Shared clerical and other support service.
13	c. Managerial and technical assistance.
14	<b>Section 1493.</b> 66.1305 (2) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed.
15	<b>Section 1494.</b> 66.1333 (2m) (d) 8. of the statutes is amended to read:
16	66.1333 (2m) (d) 8. Studying the feasibility of an initial design for a
17	technology-based incubator, and developing and operating a technology-based
18	incubator and applying for a grant under s. 560.14 (3) in connection with a
19	technology-based incubator.
20	Section 1495. 66.1333 (2m) (t) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to
21	read:
22	66.1333 (2m) (t) "Technology-based incubator" means a facility that provides
23	a new or expanding technically-oriented business with all of the following:
24	1. Office and laboratory space.

2. Shared clerical and other support service.

3. Managerial and technical assistance.

**SECTION 1496.** 67.01 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

67.01 (5) "Municipality" means any of the following which is authorized to levy a tax: a county, city, village, town, school district, board of park commissioners, technical college district, metropolitan sewerage district created under ss. 200.01 to 200.15 or 200.21 to 200.65, town sanitary district under subch. IX of ch. 60, transit authority created under s. 66.1039, public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district established under s. 33.23, 33.235, or 33.24, and any other public body empowered to borrow money and issue obligations to repay the money out of public funds or revenues. "Municipality" does not include the state.

**SECTION 1497.** 67.01 (9) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

67.01 (9) (intro.) This chapter is not applicable to appropriation bonds issued by a county under s. 59.85 or by a 1st class city under s. 62.62 and, except ss. 67.08 (1), 67.09 and 67.10, is not applicable:

**SECTION 1498.** 67.05 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

67.05 (5) (b) No city or village may issue bonds for any purposes other than for water systems, lighting works, gas works, bridges, street lighting, street improvements, street improvement funding, hospitals, airports, harbor improvements, river improvements, breakwaters and protection piers, sewerage, garbage disposal, rubbish or refuse disposal, any combination of sewage, garbage or refuse or rubbish disposal, parks and public grounds, swimming pools and band shells, veterans housing projects, paying the municipality's portion of the cost of abolishing grade crossings, for the construction of police facilities and combined fire and police safety buildings, for the purchase of sites for engine houses, for fire engines and other equipment of the fire department, for construction of engine

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houses, and for pumps, water mains, reservoirs and all other reasonable facilities for fire protection apparatus or equipment for fire protection, for parking lots or other parking facilities, for school purposes, for libraries, for buildings for the housing of machinery and equipment, for acquiring and developing sites for industry and commerce as will expand the municipal tax base, for financing the cost of low-interest mortgage loans under s. 62.237, for providing financial assistance to blight elimination, slum clearance, community development, redevelopment and urban renewal programs and projects under ss. 66.1105, 66.1301 to 66.1329 and 66.1331 to 66.1337, to issue appropriation bonds under s. 62.62 to pay unfunded prior service liability with respect to an employee retirement system, or for University of Wisconsin System college campuses, as defined in s. 36.05 (6m), until the proposition for their issue for the special purpose has been submitted to the electors of the city or village and adopted by a majority vote. Except as provided under sub. (15), if the common council of a city or the village board of a village declares its purpose to raise money by issuing bonds for any purpose other than those specified in this subsection, it shall direct by resolution, which shall be recorded at length in the record of its proceedings, the clerk to call a special election for the purpose of submitting the question of bonding to the city or village electors. If a number of electors of a city or village equal to at least 15% of the votes cast for governor at the last general election in their city or village sign and file a petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 with the city or village clerk requesting submission of the resolution, the city or village may not issue bonds for financing the cost of low-interest mortgage loans under s. 62.237 without calling a special election to submit the question of bonding to the city or village electors for their approval.

**SECTION 1499.** 67.05 (6m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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67.05 (6m) (a) An initial resolution adopted by a technical college district board for an issue of bonds in an amount of money not exceeding \$1,000,000 \$1,500,000 for building remodeling or improvement need not be submitted to the electors of the district for approval unless within 30 days after the initial resolution is adopted there is filed with the technical college district secretary a petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 requesting a referendum thereon. Such a petition shall be signed by electors from each county lying wholly or partially within the district. The number of electors from each county shall equal at least 1.5% of the population of the county as determined under s. 16.96 (2) (c). If a county lies in more than one district, the technical college system board shall apportion the county's population as determined under s. 16.96 (2) (c) to the districts involved and the petition shall be signed by electors equal to the appropriate percentage of the apportioned population. Any initial resolution adopted under sub. (1) in an amount of money not exceeding \$1,000,000 \$1,500,000 at the discretion of the district board, may be submitted to the electors without waiting for the filing of a petition. All initial resolutions adopted under sub. (1) in an amount of money in excess of \$1,000,000 \$1,500,000 or more for building remodeling or improvement shall be submitted to the electors of the district for approval. If a referendum is duly petitioned or required under this subsection, bonds may not be issued until the electors of the district have approved the issue.

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**Section 1500.** 67.12 (12) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

67.12 (12) (a) Any municipality may issue promissory notes as evidence of indebtedness for any public purpose, as defined in s. 67.04 (1) (b), including but not limited to paying any general and current municipal expense, and refunding any municipal obligations, including interest on them. Each note, plus interest if any, shall be repaid within 10 years after the original date of the note, except that notes

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issued under this section for purposes of ss. 119.498, 145.245 (12m), 281.58, 281.59, 281.60, 281.61, and 292.72 issued to raise funds to pay a portion of the capital costs of a metropolitan sewerage district, or issued by a <u>1st class city or a county having</u> a population of 500,000 or more, to pay unfunded prior service liability with respect to an employee retirement system, shall be repaid within 20 years after the original date of the note.

**Section 1501.** 67.12 (12) (e) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

67.12 (12) (e) 5. Within 10 days of the adoption by a technical college district board of a resolution under subd. 1. to issue a promissory note for a purpose under s. 38.16 (2), the secretary of the district board shall publish a notice of such adoption as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985. The notice need not set forth the full contents of the resolution, but shall state the amount proposed to be borrowed, the method of borrowing, the purpose thereof, that the resolution was adopted under this subsection and the place where and the hours during which the resolution is available for public inspection. If the amount proposed to be borrowed is for building remodeling or improvement and does not exceed \$1,000,000 \$1,500,000 or is for movable equipment, the district board need not submit the resolution to the electors for approval unless, within 30 days after the publication or posting, a petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 is filed with the secretary of the district board requesting a referendum at a special election to be called for that purpose. Such petition shall be signed by electors from each county lying wholly or partially within the district. The number of electors from each county shall equal at least 1.5% of the population of the county as determined under s. 16.96 (2) (c). If a county lies in more than one district, the technical college system board shall apportion the county's population as determined under s. 16.96 (2) (c) to the districts involved and

the petition shall be signed by electors equal to the appropriate percentage of the
apportioned population. In lieu of a special election, the district board may specify
that the referendum shall be held at the next succeeding spring primary or election
or September primary or general election. Any resolution to borrow amounts of
money in excess of $\$1,000,000$ $\$1,500,000$ for building remodeling or improvement
shall be submitted to the electors of the district for approval. If a referendum is held
or required under this subdivision, no promissory note may be issued until the
issuance is approved by a majority of the district electors voting at such referendum.
The referendum shall be noticed, called and conducted under s. $67.05(6a)$ insofar as
applicable, except that the notice of special election and ballot need not embody a
copy of the resolution and the question which shall appear on the ballot shall be
$\hbox{``Shall }\hbox{ (name of district) be authorized to borrow the sum of \$ for (state purpose)}$
by issuing its general obligation promissory note (or notes) under section 67.12 (12)
of the Wisconsin Statutes?".

**Section 1501g.** 69.01 (1r) of the statutes is created to read:

69.01 (1r) "Certificate of termination of domestic partnership" means a certificate issued by a county clerk under s. 770.12 (3).

**SECTION 1501h.** 69.01 (6r) of the statutes is created to read:

69.01 (**6r**) "Declaration of domestic partnership" means a declaration issued by a county clerk under 770.07 (2).

**SECTION 1501i.** 69.01 (19) of the statutes is amended to read:

69.01 (19) "Registrant" means the subject of a certificate <u>or declaration</u> which a local registrar has accepted for filing in the system of vital statistics.

**Section 1501j.** 69.01 (26) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

69.01 (26) (a) Certificates of birth, death, and divorce or annulment, and termination of domestic partnership, marriage documents, and declarations of domestic partnership.

**SECTION 1501k.** 69.01 (27) of the statutes is amended to read:

69.01 (27) "Vital statistics" means the data derived from certificates of birth, death, divorce or annulment, and termination of domestic partnership, marriage documents, declarations of domestic partnership, fetal death reports or related reports.

**SECTION 1501L.** 69.03 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

69.03 (5) Under this subchapter, accept for registration, assign a date of acceptance, and index and preserve original certificates of birth and death, original marriage documents and, original divorce reports, original declarations of domestic partnership, and original certificates of termination of domestic partnership. Indexes prepared for public use under s. 69.20 (3) (e) shall consist of the registrant's full name, date of the event, county of occurrence, county of residence, and, at the discretion of the state registrar, state file number. Notwithstanding s. 69.24 (1) (e), the state registrar may transfer the paper original of a vital record to optical disc or electronic format in accordance with s. 16.61 (5) or to microfilm reproduction in accordance with s. 16.61 (6) and destroy the paper original of any vital record that is so converted. For the purposes of this subchapter, the electronic format version or microfilm reproduction version of the paper original of a vital record that has been transferred under this subsection shall serve as the original vital record.

**SECTION 1501m.** 69.03 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

69.03 (8) Prescribe, furnish and distribute forms required under this subchapter and ch. chs. 765 and 770 and prescribe any other means for transmission

1	of data necessary to accomplish complete and accurate reporting and registration.
2	When reasonable and possible the state registrar shall base the prescribed forms on
3	the standard forms recommended by the federal agency responsible for
4	administering the national system of vital statistics.
5	SECTION 1501n. 69.20 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	69.20 (2) (a) (intro.) Except as provided under sub. (3), information in the part
7	of a certificate of birth ex, divorce or annulment, or termination of domestic
8	partnership, a marriage document, or a declaration of domestic partnership that is
9	designated on the form as being collected for statistical or medical and statistical use
10	only and information in the part of a death certificate that is designated on the form
11	as being collected as statistical–use–only information under s. $69.18(1\text{m})(c)$ may not
12	be disclosed to any person except the following:
13	Section 1502. 69.22 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act
14	20, Section 1918h, is amended to read:
15	69.22 (1) (a) Except as provided under par. (c), \$7 \$20 for issuing one certified
16	copy of a vital record and \$3 for any additional certified copy of the same vital record
17	issued at the same time.
18	Section 1503. 69.22 (1) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act
19	20, Section 1918j, is amended to read:
20	69.22 (1) (b) Except as provided under par. (c), \$20 for issuing an uncertified
21	copy of a vital record issued under s. 69.21 (2) (a) or (b), or $\$7$ for verifying information
22	about the event submitted by a requester without issuance of a copy, \$7, and \$3 for
23	any additional copy of the same vital record issued at the same time.
24	SECTION 1505c. 69.22 (1) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act
25	20, Section 1918L, is amended to read:

(1) (b) is charged, \$13.

69.22 (1) (c) Twelve Twenty dollars for issuing an uncertified copy of a birth
certificate or a certified copy of a birth certificate, \$7 of which shall be forwarded to
the secretary of administration as provided in sub. (1m) and credited to the
appropriations under s. 20.433 (1) (g) and (h); and \$3 for issuing any additional
certified or uncertified copy of the same birth certificate issued at the same time.
SECTION 1506. 69.22 (1) (d) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act
20, Section 1918n, is amended to read:
69.22 (1) (d) In addition to other fees under this subchapter, $\$10$ $\$20$ for
expedited service in issuing a vital record.
SECTION 1507. 69.22 (1m) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20,
is amended to read:
69.22 (1m) The state registrar and any local registrar acting under this
subchapter shall, for each copy of a birth certificate for which a fee under sub. (1) (c)
is charged that is issued during a calendar quarter, forward to the secretary of
administration for deposit in the appropriations appropriation accounts under s.
20.433 (1) (g) and (h) the amounts specified in sub. (1) (c) \$7 by the 15th day of the
first month following the end of the calendar quarter.
<b>SECTION 1509.</b> 69.22 (1q) of the statutes is created to read:
69.22 (1q) The state registrar and any local registrar acting under this
subchapter shall forward to the secretary of administration for deposit in the
appropriation account under s. 20.435 (1) (gm) all of the following:
(a) For any certified copy of a vital record for which a fee of \$20 under sub. (1)
(a) is charged, \$13.
(b) For any uncertified copy of a vital record for which a fee of \$20 under sub.

1	(c) For any copy of a birth certificate for which a fee of \$20 under sub. (1) (c) is
2	charged, \$8.
3	(d) For expedited service in issuing a vital record, \$10.
4	<b>SECTION 1510.</b> 69.22 (5) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	69.22 <b>(5)</b> (b) 2. The filing of a birth certificate under s. 69.14 (2) (b) 5. The fee
6	under this subdivision includes the search for the birth certificate and the first copy
7	of the certificate except that the state registrar shall add to the \$20 fee, the \$5 fee
8	required under sub. (1) (c).
9	<b>Section 1510g.</b> 69.24 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
LO	69.24 (1) (f) Willfully and knowingly obtains, possesses, uses, sells, furnishes
11	or attempts to obtain, possess, use, sell or furnish to any person for any purpose of
12	deception, any vital record or certified copy of a vital record which is counterfeited
13	altered or amended or false in part or in whole or which is related to the birth, death,
14	marriage or, divorce, domestic partnership, or termination of a domestic partnership
15	of another person, whether living or dead.
16	<b>SECTION 1510h.</b> 69.24 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
L <b>7</b>	69.24 (2) (a) Willfully and knowingly commits any of the actions prohibited
18	under sub. (1) in relation to a marriage document or, divorce report, declaration of
L <b>9</b>	domestic partnership, or certificate of termination of domestic partnership.
20	<b>SECTION 1515m.</b> 70.11 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	70.11 Property exempted from taxation. (intro.) The property described
22	in this section is exempted from general property taxes if the property is exempt
23	under sub. (1), (2), (18), (21), (27) or (30); if it was exempt for the previous year and
24	its use, occupancy or ownership did not change in a way that makes it taxable; if the
25	property was taxable for the previous year, the use, occupancy or ownership of the

property changed in a way that makes it exempt and its owner, on or before March 1, files with the assessor of the taxation district where the property is located a form that the department of revenue prescribes or if the property did not exist in the previous year and its owner, on or before March 1, files with the assessor of the taxation district where the property is located a form that the department of revenue prescribes. Leasing Except as provided in subs. (3m) (c), (4) (b), (4a) (f), and (4d), leasing a part of the property described in this section does not render it taxable if the lessor uses all of the leasehold income for maintenance of the leased property or construction debt retirement of the leased property, or both, and, except for residential housing, if the lessee would be exempt from taxation under this chapter if it owned the property. Any lessor who claims that leased property is exempt from taxation under this chapter shall, upon request by the tax assessor, provide records relating to the lessor's use of the income from the leased property. Property exempted from general property taxes is:

**SECTION 1516.** 70.11 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

70.11 (2) Municipal property and property of certain districts, exception. Property owned by any county, city, village, town, school district, technical college district, public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district, metropolitan sewerage district, municipal water district created under s. 198.22, joint local water authority created under s. 66.0823, transit authority created under s. 59.58 (7), 66.1038, or 66.1039, long-term care district under s. 46.2895 or town sanitary district; lands belonging to cities of any other state used for public parks; land tax-deeded to any county or city before January 2; but any residence located upon property owned by the county for park purposes that is rented out by the county for a nonpark purpose shall not be exempt from taxation. Except as to land acquired

1	under s. 59.84 (2) (d), this exemption shall not apply to land conveyed after
2	August 17, 1961, to any such governmental unit or for its benefit while the grantor
3	or others for his or her benefit are permitted to occupy the land or part thereof in
4	consideration for the conveyance. Leasing the property exempt under this
5	subsection, regardless of the lessee and the use of the leasehold income, does not
6	render that property taxable.
7	SECTION 1516c. 70.11 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
8	70.11 (3m) Student housing facilities. (a) All real and personal property of
9	a housing facility for which all of the following applies:
10	1. The facility is owned by a nonprofit organization.
11	2. At least 90 percent of the facility's residents are students enrolled at the
12	University of Wisconsin-Madison and the facility houses no more than 300 such
13	students.
14	3. The facility offers support services and outreach programs to its residents,
15	the public or private institution of higher education at which the student residents
16	are enrolled, and the public.
17	(b) If a nonprofit organization owns more than one housing facility, as described
18	under par. (a), the exemption applies to only one facility, at one location.
19	(c) Leasing a part of the property described in this subsection does not render
20	it taxable if the lessor uses the leasehold income only for the following:
21	1. Maintenance of the leased property.
22	2. Construction debt retirement of the leased property.
23	3. The purposes for which the exemption under section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal

Revenue Code is granted to the nonprofit organization that owns the facility.  $\checkmark$ 

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**SECTION 1516d.** 70.11 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 70.11 (4) (a) and amended to read:

70.11 (4) (a) Property owned and used exclusively by educational institutions offering regular courses 6 months in the year; or by churches or religious, educational or benevolent associations, or by a nonprofit entity that is operated as a facility that is licensed, certified, or registered under ch. 50, including benevolent nursing homes and retirement homes for the aged but not including an organization that is organized under s. 185.981 or ch. 611, 613 or 614 and that offers a health maintenance organization as defined in s. 609.01 (2) or a limited service health organization as defined in s. 609.01 (3) or an organization that is issued a certificate of authority under ch. 618 and that offers a health maintenance organization or a limited service health organization and not including property owned by any nonstock, nonprofit corporation which services guaranteed student loans for others or on its own account, and also including property owned and used for housing for pastors and their ordained assistants, members of religious orders and communities, and ordained teachers, whether or not contiguous to and a part of other property owned and used by such associations or churches, and also including property described under par. (b); or by women's clubs; or by domestic, incorporated historical societies; or by domestic, incorporated, free public library associations; or by fraternal societies operating under the lodge system (except university, college and high school fraternities and sororities), but not exceeding 10 acres of land necessary for location and convenience of buildings while such property is not used for profit. Property owned by churches or religious associations necessary for location and convenience of buildings, used for educational purposes and not for profit, shall not be subject to the 10-acre limitation but shall be subject to a 30-acre limitation.

Property that is exempt from taxation under this subsection and is leased remains exempt from taxation only if, in addition to the requirements specified in the introductory phrase of this section, the lessee does not discriminate on the basis of race.

## **SECTION 1516e.** 70.11 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

- 70.11 (4) (b) 1. Leasing a part of property described in par. (a) that is owned and operated by a nonprofit organization as a facility that is licensed, certified, or registered under ch. 50, as residential housing, does not render the property taxable, regardless of how the lessor uses the leasehold income.
- 2. Leasing a part of property described in par. (a) that is occupied by one or more individuals with permanent disabilities for whom evidence is available that demonstrates that such individuals meet the medical definition of permanent disability used to determine eligibility for programs administered by the federal social security administration, as residential housing, does not render the property taxable, regardless of how the lessor uses the leasehold income.

## **SECTION 1516f.** 70.11 (4a) of the statutes is created to read:

- 70.11 (4a) Benevolent low-income housing. (a) Property owned by a nonprofit entity that is a benevolent association and used as low-income housing, including all common areas of a low-income housing project. Property used for a low-income housing project, including other low-income housing projects under common control with such project, and exempt under this subsection may not exceed 30 acres necessary for the location and convenience of buildings or 10 contiguous acres in any one municipality.
- (b) For purposes of this subsection, "low-income housing" means any housing project described in sub. (4b) or any residential unit within a low-income housing

- project that is occupied by a low-income or very low-income person or is vacant and is only available to such persons.
  - (c) For purposes of this subsection, "low-income housing project" means a residential housing project for which all of the following apply:
  - 1. At least 75 percent of the residential units are occupied by low-income or very low-income persons or are vacant and available only to low-income or very low-income persons.
    - 2. At least one of the following applies:
  - a. At least 20 percent of the residential units are rented to persons who are very low-income persons or are vacant and are only available to such persons.
  - b. At least 40 percent of the residential units are rented to persons whose income does not exceed 120 percent of the very low-income limit or are vacant and only available to such persons.
  - (d) For purposes of this subsection, low-income persons and very low-income persons shall be determined in accordance with the income limits published by the federal department of housing and urban development for low-income and very low-income families under the National Housing Act of 1937.
  - (e) For purposes of this subsection, all properties included within the same federal department of housing and urban development contract or within the same federal department of agriculture, rural development, contract are considered to be one low-income housing project.
  - (f) Leasing property that is exempt from taxation under this subsection or sub.(4b) as low-income housing does not render it taxable, regardless of how the leasehold income is used.

- (g) 1. Annually, no later than March 1, each person who owns a low-income housing project shall file with the assessor of the taxation district in which the project is located a statement that specifies which units were occupied on January 1 of that year by persons whose income satisfied the income limit requirements under par. (b), as certified by the property owner to the appropriate federal or state agency, and a copy of the federal department of housing and urban development contract or federal department of agriculture, rural development, contract, if applicable.
- 2. The format and distribution of statements under this paragraph shall be governed by s. 70.09 (3).
- 3. If the statement required under this paragraph is not received on or before March 1, the taxation district assessor shall send the property owner a notice, by certified mail to the owner's last-known address of record, stating that failure to file a statement is subject to the penalties under subd. 5.
- 4. In addition to the statement under subd. 1., the taxation district assessor may require that a property owner submit other information to prove that the person's property qualifies as low-income housing that is exempt from taxation under this subsection.
- 5. A person who fails to file a statement within 30 days after notification under subd. 3. shall forfeit \$10 for each succeeding day on which the form is not received by the taxation district assessor, but not more than \$500.

**Section 1516g.** 70.11 (4b) of the statutes is created to read:

70.11 **(4b)** Housing projects financed by Housing and Economic Development Authority. All property of a housing project that satisfies all of the following:

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- (a) It is owned by a corporation, organization, or association described in section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is exempt from taxation under section 501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) It is financed by the Housing and Economic Development Authority under s. 234.03 (13).
- (c) The Housing and Economic Development Authority holds a first-lien mortgage security interest on it.
  - (d) It is in existence on January 1, 2008.

**SECTION 1516h.** 70.11 (4d) of the statutes is created to read:

BENEVOLENT RETIREMENT HOMES FOR THE AGED. Property that is 70.11 (**4d**) owned by a nonprofit entity that is a benevolent association and used as a retirement home for the aged, but not exceeding 30 acres of land necessary for the location and convenience of buildings, while such property is not used for profit, if the fair market value of the individual dwelling unit, as determined by the assessor for the taxation district in which the property is located, is less than 130 percent of the average equalized value under s. 70.57 of improved parcels of residential property located in the county in which the retirement home for the aged is located in the previous year, as determined by the assessor of the taxation district in which the property is located based on the sum of the average per parcel equalized value of residential land and the average per parcel equalized value of residential improvements, as determined by the department of revenue. For purposes of determining the fair market value of an individual dwelling unit under this subsection, the value of any common area is excluded. The common area of a retirement home for the aged is exempt from general property taxes if 50 percent or more of the home's individual dwelling units are exempt from general property taxes under this subsection. If less than 50 percent

of the home's individual dwelling units are exempt from general property taxes
under this subsection, the common area of the retirement home for the aged is subject
to general property taxes. Leasing a part of property used as a retirement home for
the aged, as described in this subsection, does not render it taxable, regardless of how
the leasehold income is used.

**SECTION 1518.** 70.11 (41s) of the statutes is created to read:

70.11 (41s) WISCONSIN QUALITY HOME CARE AUTHORITY. All property owned by the Wisconsin Quality Home Care Authority, provided that use of the property is primarily related to the purposes of the authority.

**SECTION 1520d.** 70.32 (1a) of the statutes is created to read:

70.32 (1a) In determining the value of a leased property under sub. (1), the assessor, if applying the income approach, shall consider the effects of the actual rent and provisions of all leases affecting the property.

**SECTION 1526.** 71.01 (6) (n) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 1527.** 71.01 (6) (o) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.01 (6) (o) For taxable years that begin after December 31, 1999, and before January 1, 2003, for natural persons and fiduciaries, except fiduciaries of nuclear decommissioning trust or reserve funds, "Internal Revenue Code" means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended to December 31, 1999, excluding sections 103, 104, and 110 of P.L. 102–227, sections 13113, 13150 (d), 13171 (d), 13174, and 13203 (d) of P.L. 103–66 and sections 1123 (b), 1202 (c), 1204 (f), 1311, and 1605 (d) of P.L. 104–188, and as amended by P.L. 106–230, P.L. 106–554, excluding sections 162 and 165 of P.L. 106–554, P.L. 107–15, P.L. 107–16, excluding section 431 of P.L. 107–16, P.L. 107–22, P.L. 107–116, P.L. 107–134, P.L. 107–147, excluding sections 101, 301 (a), and 406 of P.L. 107–147, P.L. 107–181, P.L. 107–210, P.L. 107–276, P.L. 107–358,

P.L. 108-27, excluding sections 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, P.L. 108-121, 1 2 excluding section 109 of P.L. 108–121, P.L. 108–218, P.L. 108–311, excluding sections 3 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108-311, P.L. 108-357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108–357, P.L. 109–7, 4 5 P.L. 109–58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109-58, P.L. 109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 6 7 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (q), and 405 of P.L. 109-135, and P.L. 109-280, excluding sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109-280, and P.L. 8 9 110-458, and as indirectly affected by P.L. 99-514, P.L. 100-203, P.L. 100-647, P.L. 101-73, P.L. 101-140, P.L. 101-179, P.L. 101-239, P.L. 101-280, P.L. 101-508, P.L. 10 102-90, P.L. 102-227, excluding sections 103, 104, and 110 of P.L. 102-227, P.L. 11 102-318, P.L. 102-486, P.L. 103-66, excluding sections 13113, 13150 (d), 13171 (d), 12 13174, and 13203 (d) of P.L. 103-66, P.L. 103-296, P.L. 103-337, P.L. 103-465, P.L. 13 104-7, P.L. 104-117, P.L. 104-188, excluding sections 1123 (b), 1202 (c), 1204 (f), 14 1311, and 1605 (d) of P.L. 104-188, P.L. 104-191, P.L. 104-193, P.L. 105-33, P.L. 15 105-34, P.L. 105-178, P.L. 105-206, P.L. 105-277, P.L. 106-36, P.L. 106-170, P.L. 16 17 106-230, P.L. 106-554, excluding sections 162 and 165 of P.L. 106-554, P.L. 107-15, 18 P.L. 107-16, excluding section 431 of P.L. 107-16, P.L. 107-22, P.L. 107-116, P.L. 107-134, P.L. 107-147, excluding sections 101, 301 (a), and 406 of P.L. 107-147, P.L. 19 20 107–181, P.L. 107–210, P.L. 107–276, P.L. 107–358, P.L. 108–27, excluding sections 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, P.L. 108-121, excluding section 109 of P.L. 108-121, 21 P.L. 108-218, 108-311, excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 22 23 108-311, P.L. 108-357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108-357, P.L. 109-7, P.L. 109-58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 24 1309, 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109-58, P.L. 25

109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 402 1 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (g), and 405 of P.L. 109–135, and P.L. 109–280, excluding sections 2 811 and 844 of P.L. 109-280, and P.L. 110-458. The Internal Revenue Code applies 3 for Wisconsin purposes at the same time as for federal purposes. Amendments to the 4 federal Internal Revenue Code enacted after December 31, 1999, do not apply to this 5 6 paragraph with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, and before January 1, 2003, except that changes to the Internal Revenue Code made by 7 P.L. 106-230, P.L. 106-554, excluding sections 162 and 165 of P.L. 106-554, P.L. 8 107-15, P.L. 107-16, excluding section 431 of P.L. 107-16, P.L. 107-22, P.L. 107-116, 9 P.L. 107-134, P.L. 107-147, excluding sections 101, 301 (a), and 406 of P.L. 107-147, 10 P.L. 107-181, P.L. 107-210, P.L. 107-276, P.L. 107-358, P.L. 108-27, excluding 11 sections 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, P.L. 108-121, excluding section 109 of P.L. 12 108–121, P.L 108–218, P.L. 108–311, excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 13 403 (a) of P.L. 108-311, P.L. 108-357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 14 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108-357, P.L. 109-7, P.L. 109-58, excluding 15 sections 1305, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 16 17 of P.L. 109-58, P.L. 109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it relates to 18 section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (q), and 405 of P.L. 109-135, and P.L. 109-280, excluding sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109-280, and P.L. 110-458, and 19 changes that indirectly affect the provisions applicable to this subchapter made by 20 P.L. 106-230, P.L. 106-554, excluding sections 162 and 165 of P.L. 106-554, P.L. 21 107-15, P.L. 107-16, excluding section 431 of P.L. 107-16, P.L. 107-22, P.L. 107-116, 22P.L. 107–134, P.L. 107–147, excluding sections 101, 301 (a), and 406 of P.L. 107–147, 23 P.L. 107-181, P.L. 107-210, P.L. 107-276, P.L. 107-358, P.L. 108-27, excluding 24

sections 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108–27, P.L. 108–121, excluding section 109 of P.L.

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108–121, P.L. 108–218, P.L. 108–311, excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108–311, P.L. 108–357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108–357, P.L. 109–7, P.L. 109–58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109–58, P.L. 109–135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (q), and 405 of P.L. 109–135, and P.L. 109–280, excluding sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109–280, and P.L. 110–458, apply for Wisconsin purposes at the same time as for federal purposes.

**Section 1528.** 71.01 (6) (p) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.01 (6) (p) For taxable years that begin after December 31, 2002, and before January 1, 2004, for natural persons and fiduciaries, except fiduciaries of nuclear decommissioning trust or reserve funds, "Internal Revenue Code" means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended to December 31, 2002, excluding sections 103, 104, and 110 of P.L. 102–227, sections 13113, 13150 (d), 13171 (d), 13174, and 13203 (d) of P.L. 103-66, sections 1123 (b), 1202 (c), 1204 (f), 1311, and 1605 (d) of P.L. 104-188, P.L. 106-519, sections 162 and 165 of P.L. 106-554, P.L. 106-573, section 431 of P.L. 107-16, and sections 101 and 301 (a) of P.L. 107-147, and as amended by P.L. 108-27, excluding sections 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, P.L. 108-121, excluding section 109 of P.L. 108-121, P.L. 108-173, excluding section 1201 of P.L. 108-173, P.L. 108-203, P.L 108-218, P.L. 108-311, excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108–311, P.L. 108–357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108–357, P.L. 108–375, P.L. 109–7, P.L. 109–58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109-58, P.L. 109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (q), and 405 of P.L.

109-135, and P.L. 109-280, excluding sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109-280, and P.L. 1 2 110-458, and as indirectly affected by P.L. 99-514, P.L. 100-203, P.L. 100-647, P.L. 3 101-73, P.L. 101-140, P.L. 101-179, P.L. 101-239, P.L. 101-280, P.L. 101-508, P.L. 4 102-90, P.L. 102-227, excluding sections 103, 104, and 110 of P.L. 102-227, P.L. 5 102-318, P.L. 102-486, P.L. 103-66, excluding sections 13113, 13150 (d), 13171 (d), 6 13174, and 13203 (d) of P.L. 103-66, P.L. 103-296, P.L. 103-337, P.L. 103-465, P.L. 7 104-7, P.L. 104-117, P.L. 104-188, excluding sections 1123 (b), 1202 (c), 1204 (f), 1311, and 1605 (d) of P.L. 104-188, P.L. 104-191, P.L. 104-193, P.L. 105-33, P.L. 8 9 105-34, P.L. 105-178, P.L. 105-206, P.L. 105-277, P.L. 106-36, P.L. 106-170, P.L. 10 106-230, P.L. 106-554, excluding sections 162 and 165 of P.L. 106-554, P.L. 107-15, 11 P.L. 107-16, excluding section 431 of P.L. 107-16, P.L. 107-22, P.L. 107-116, P.L. 12 107-134, P.L. 107-147, excluding sections 101 and 301 (a) of P.L. 107-147, P.L. 13 107-181, P.L. 107-210, P.L. 107-276, P.L. 107-358, P.L. 108-27, excluding sections 14 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, P.L. 108-121, excluding section 109 of P.L. 108-121, P.L. 108-173, excluding section 1201 of P.L. 108-173, P.L. 108-203, P.L. 108-218, 15 16 P.L. 108–311, excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108–311, 17 P.L. 108-357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 18 910 of P.L. 108-357, P.L. 108-375, P.L. 109-7, P.L. 109-58, excluding sections 1305, 19 1308, 1309, 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109-58, 20 P.L. 109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 21 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (g), and 405 of P.L. 109-135, and P.L. 109-280, excluding 22 sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109-280, and P.L. 110-458. The Internal Revenue Code 23 applies for Wisconsin purposes at the same time as for federal purposes. 24 Amendments to the federal Internal Revenue Code enacted after December 31, 2002,

do not apply to this paragraph with respect to taxable years beginning after

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December 31, 2002, and before January 1, 2004, except that changes to the Internal Revenue Code made by P.L. 108-27, excluding sections 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, P.L. 108-121, excluding section 109 of P.L. 108-121, P.L. 108-173, excluding section 1201 of P.L. 108-173, P.L. 108-203, P.L. 108-218, P.L. 108-311, excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108-311, P.L. 108-357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108-357, P.L. 108-375, P.L. 109-7, P.L. 109-58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1323. 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109–58, P.L. 109–135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (q), and 405 of P.L. 109–135, and P.L. 109–280, excluding sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109-280, and P.L. 110-458, and changes that indirectly affect the provisions applicable to this subchapter made by P.L. 108-27, excluding sections 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, P.L. 108-121, excluding section 109 of P.L. 108-121, P.L. 108-173, excluding section 1201 of P.L. 108-173, P.L. 108-203, P.L. 108-218, P.L. 108-311. excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108-311, P.L. 108-357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108–357, P.L. 108–375, P.L. 109–7, P.L. 109–58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 1309. 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109-58, P.L. 109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (q), and 405 of P.L. 109-135, and P.L. 109-280, excluding sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109-280, and P.L. 110-458, apply for Wisconsin purposes at the same time as for federal purposes.

**SECTION 1529.** 71.01 (6) (q) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.01 (6) (q) For taxable years that begin after December 31, 2003, and before January 1, 2005, for natural persons and fiduciaries, except fiduciaries of nuclear

decommissioning trust or reserve funds, "Internal Revenue Code" means the federal 1 Internal Revenue Code as amended to December 31, 2003, excluding sections 103, 2 104, and 110 of P.L. 102-227, sections 13113, 13150 (d), 13171 (d), 13174, and 13203 3 4 (d) of P.L. 103-66, sections 1123 (b), 1202 (c), 1204 (f), 1311, and 1605 (d) of P.L. 104-188, P.L. 106-519, sections 162 and 165 of P.L. 106-554, P.L. 106-573, section 5 6 431 of P.L. 107-16, sections 101 and 301 (a) of P.L. 107-147, sections 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, section 109 of P.L. 108-121, and section 1201 of P.L. 108-173, and 7 8 as amended by P.L. 108-203, P.L. 108-218, P.L. 108-311, excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108-311, P.L. 108-357, excluding sections 101, 201, 9 10 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108-357, P.L. 108-375, P.L. 108-476, P.L. 109-7, P.L. 109-58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1323, 11 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109-58, P.L. 109-73, excluding 12 section 301 of P.L. 109-73, P.L. 109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it 13 relates to section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (q), and 405 of P.L. 109-135, P.L. 14 109–227, and P.L. 109–280, excluding sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109–280, and P.L. 15 110-458, and as indirectly affected by P.L. 99-514, P.L. 100-203, P.L. 100-647, P.L. 16 101-73, P.L. 101-140, P.L. 101-179, P.L. 101-239, P.L. 101-280, P.L. 101-508, P.L. 17 102-90, P.L. 102-227, excluding sections 103, 104, and 110 of P.L. 102-227, P.L. 18 19 102-318, P.L. 102-486, P.L. 103-66, excluding sections 13113, 13150 (d), 13171 (d), 13174, and 13203 (d) of P.L. 103-66, P.L. 103-296, P.L. 103-337, P.L. 103-465, P.L. 20 21 104-7, P.L. 104-117, P.L. 104-188, excluding sections 1123 (b), 1202 (c), 1204 (f), 1311, and 1605 (d) of P.L. 104-188, P.L. 104-191, P.L. 104-193, P.L. 105-33, P.L. 22105-34, P.L. 105-178, P.L. 105-206, P.L. 105-277, P.L. 106-36, P.L. 106-170, P.L. 23 24 106-230, P.L. 106-554, excluding sections 162 and 165 of P.L. 106-554, P.L. 107-15,

P.L. 107-16, excluding section 431 of P.L. 107-16, P.L. 107-22, P.L. 107-116, P.L.

107-134, P.L. 107-147, excluding sections 101 and 301 (a) of P.L. 107-147, P.L. 1  $\mathbf{2}$ 107-181, P.L. 107-210, P.L. 107-276, P.L. 107-358, P.L. 108-27, excluding sections 3 106, 201, and 202 of P.L. 108-27, P.L. 108-121, excluding section 109 of P.L. 108-121, P.L. 108-173, excluding section 1201 of P.L. 108-173, P.L. 108-203, P.L. 108-218, 4 5 P.L. 108-311, excluding sections 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108-311, P.L. 108-357, excluding sections 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 6 7 910 of P.L. 108-357, P.L. 108-375, P.L. 108-476, P.L. 109-7, P.L. 109-58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 8 9 of P.L. 109-58, P.L. 109-73, excluding section 301 of P.L. 109-73, P.L. 109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), 10 11 (i), and (q), and 405 of P.L. 109-135, P.L. 109-227, and P.L. 109-280, excluding 12 sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 109-280, and P.L. 110-458. The Internal Revenue Code 13 applies for Wisconsin purposes at the same time as for federal purposes. 14 Amendments to the federal Internal Revenue Code enacted after December 31, 2003, do not apply to this paragraph with respect to taxable years beginning after 15 16 December 31, 2003, and before January 1, 2005, except that changes to the Internal 17 Revenue Code made by P.L. 108-203, P.L. 108-218, P.L. 108-311, excluding sections 18 306, 307, 308, 316, 401, and 403 (a) of P.L. 108–311, P.L. 108–357, excluding sections 19 101, 201, 211, 242, 244, 336, 337, 422, 847, 909, and 910 of P.L. 108-357, P.L. 20 108-375, P.L. 108-476, P.L. 109-7, P.L. 109-58, excluding sections 1305, 1308, 1309, 21 1310, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1328, 1329, 1348, and 1351 of P.L. 109-58, P.L. 109-73, 22 excluding section 301 of P.L. 109-73, P.L. 109-135, excluding sections 101, 105, 201 23 (a) as it relates to section 1400S (a), 402 (e), 403 (e), (j), and (q), and 405 of P.L. 24 109-135, P.L. 109-227, and P.L. 109-280, excluding sections 811 and 844 of P.L. 25 109-280, and P.L. 110-458, and changes that indirectly affect the provisions