Received By: tkuczens

Identical to LRB:

2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 04/23/2009

Wanted: As time permits

For: John Lehman (608) 266-1832				By/Representing: Mike Browne			
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO				Drafter: tkuczens			
May Contact:				Addl. Drafters:			
Subject:	Occupat	tional Reg pr	of lic		Extra Copies:		
Submit vi	a email: YES						
Requester	's email:	Sen.Lehma	n@legis.wis	sconsin.gov			
Carbon co	opy (CC:) to:	tracy.kucze	nski@legis.	.wisconsin.g	gov		
Pre Topi	c:	***************************************					
No specif	ic pre topic gi	ven					
Topic:				-			
regulation	of audiology						
Instructi	ons:			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
See attach	ned						
Drafting	History:			, 			
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/?	tkuczens 06/18/2009	jdyer 06/19/2009					State
/P1	tkuczens 07/09/2009	bkraft 07/10/2009	rschluet 06/22/200	9	sbasford 06/22/2009		State
/P2	tkuczens 09/17/2009	jdyer 09/17/2009	phenry 07/10/200	9	cduerst 07/10/2009		State
/1			mduchek		cduerst	lparisi	

LRB-2757 10/14/2009 04:39:14 PM Page 2

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 09/17/2009
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2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

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Submit via	a email: YES							
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Carbon co	py (CC:) to:	tracy.kuczei	nski@legis.	wisconsin.g	ov			
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/P2	tkuczens 09/17/2009	jdyer 09/17/2009	phenry 07/10/2009	9	cduerst 07/10/2009		State	

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LRB-2757 09/17/2009 03:29:21 PM Page 2

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FE Sent For:

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2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

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Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB:

For: John Lehman (608) 266-1832 By/Representing: Mike Browne

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO Drafter: tkuczens

May Contact: Addl. Drafters:

Subject: Occupational Reg. - prof lic Extra Copies:

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email: Sen.Lehman@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to: tracy.kuczenski@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

regulation of audiology

Instructions:

See attached

Drafting History:

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

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FE Sent For:

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Kuczenski, Tracy

From:

Browne, Michael

Sent:

Thursday, April 23, 2009 10:02 AM

To: Subject: Kuczenski, Tracy drafting request

Attachments:

2009 LRB 1345_1_draft changes_questions.doc

Tracy -

I believe you should have received a request from Rep. Newcomer for Sen. Lehman to have authorization to request drafting modifications to LRB 1345 relating to audiology. Please find attached a number of requested modifications to and some questions regarding the /1.

Please give a call if you have any questions.

Thanks.

Mike Browne Office of Senator John Lehman 310 South, State Capitol (608) 266-1832 michael.browne@legis.wisconsin.gov



2009 LRB 45_1_draft changes

Changes requested by WSHA-P to LRB 1345/1 prior to circulation

- 1) Eliminate request to change hearing aid to hearing instrument in all sections. WSHA-P recommends keeping the hearing aid terminology so that we are consistent with the FDA regulations and with other state regulations.
- 2) **459.03 (2) (b)** The receipt shall contain a A statement that the purchaser has been advised at the outset of the purchaser's relationship with by the hearing instrument specialist that any-examination or representation made by a hearing instrument specialist in-connection with the fitting and selling of this hearing aid instrument is not an examination, diagnosis or prescription by a person licensed to practice medicine or audiology in this state and therefore must not be regarded as medical or audiological opinion or advice.
- 3) Please verify this applies to both hearing instrument specialists and audiologists licensed under this chapter. <u>Section 29</u>. 459.10 (1) (q) and (r) of the statutes are created to read: 459.10 (1) (q) Intentionally or negligently misrepresented the cause of a hearing impairment or the cure of a hearing impairment, by the use of a hearing instrument.
- 4) Section 36 (459.24 (1m) lines 13-14 delete "or any similar title without limitation by enumeration"
- 5) **Section 45:** Create Section 45 to read as follows:
- 459.28 Licensees of other jurisdictions. (1) Except as provided in sub. 2, upon Upon application and payment of the fee specified in s. 440.05 (2), the examining board shall grant a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology under s. 459.24 (2) or (3) to an applicant who holds a current speech-language pathologist or audiologist license in another state or territory of the United States if the examining board determines that the requirements for licensure in the other state or territory are substantially equivalent to the requirements under s. 459.24 (2) or (3).
- (2) Notwithstanding s. 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3., the examining board may grant a license to an audiologist who completed requirements in another state that were substantially equivalent to the requirements for licensure under s. 459.24 (3), in effect on December 31, 2010.
- (2) (3) The examining board may enter into reciprocal agreements with officials of other states or territories of the United States for licensing speech-language pathologists and audiologists and grant licenses to applicants who are licensed in those states or territories according to the terms of the reciprocal agreements.

- 6) Section 39: Lines 13 and 18, add an "s" after "examination
- 7) Section 49: Change Misused to Used (if appropriate)
- 8) Questions for drafting attorney:
 - a) Can effective date be December 31, 2009
- b) Does the elimination of the temporary license in its entirety create a problem with individuals applying who have to wait for the testing cycle and licensure to be granted? Should there be a clause that allows applicants who have completed all requirements (degree completion etc) with exception of the state's test to have a limited temporary license (or call it something else) so that they can be actively employed and not have to wait for up to 3-4 months for a test and license to be granted?

2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

2757/Pl LRB-134071 stays TKK/ldfoh d-note 12MN R IMSEL

2009 BILL



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AN ACT to repeal 15.407 (4) and 459.23; to renumber 459.01 (1); to renumber and amend 459.24 (3) (d); to amend 15.405 (6m) (e), 29.193 (2) (a) 1., 29.324 (1) (a), 45.40 (2) (a), 50.065 (1) (cr) 2. d., 77.54 (22) (b), 102.01 (2) (c), 102.555 (12) (a), 149.14 (3) (k), 459.01 (2), (3) and (5), 459.02, 459.03 (title), 459.03 (1), 459.03 (2) (b), 459.035, 459.04, 459.05 (1m), 459.06 (2) (a) (intro.) and 3. and (b) (intro.) and 4. and (3), 459.07 (2), 459.08 (1), 459.085, 459.095 (3), 459.10 (1) (d) and (e), 459.10 (1) (g), 459.10 (1) (i), (j), (k) and (p), 459.14 (2), 459.20 (2) (b), (3g) and (3p), 459.22 (2) (b), (c) and (f), 459.24 (1) (a), 459.24 (1) (b), 459.24 (1m), 459.24 (3) (e), 459.24 (3) (f), 459.24 (3m), 459.24 (6) (a), 459.26 (2) (a), 459.26 (2) (b) (intro.) and 4., 459.34 (2) (ce), (cm) and (cs), 459.34 (2) (d) and 968.27 (7) (b); and to create 459.01 (1d), 459.10 (1) (q) and (r), 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3., 459.34 (2) (i) and 459.34 (2) (j) of the statutes; relating to: replacing the term hearing aid with hearing instrument, creating new grounds for discipline of hearing instrument specialists, audiologists, and speech-language pathologists,

(12) (13)

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changing licensing requirements for audiologists, and granting rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes the following changes to the regulation of speech–language pathologists and audiologists. \checkmark

Prohibited conduct.

1. <u>Deceptive advertising</u>. Under current law, the Hearing and Speech Examining Board (board) in the Department of Regulation and Licensing (department) may reprimand the holder of a license or permit issued by the board or revoke, suspend, limit, or deny a license or permit if the holder or applicant engages in certain prohibited conduct, including false, misleading, or deceptive advertising. The bill prohibits deceptive advertising instead of false, misleading, or deceptive advertising. In addition, the bill creates a definition for "deceptive advertising," which includes creating or using promotional literature, testimonials, insignia, or other representation which is misleading, false, or untruthful.

2. <u>Misrepresentation</u>. The bill prohibits the holder of a license or permit from making an intentional or negligent representation regarding a hearing instrument or services. The bill also prohibits the holder of a license or permit from misusing words that imply the involvement of the medical or audiology professions when there is no such involvement. Finally, the bill prohibits a hearing instrument specialist from intentionally or negligently misrepresenting the cause of a hearing impairment, or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing instrument.

Audiologist license. Under current law, a person seeking an audiologist license must have received a master's degree in audiology or completed education or training that the board determines is substantially equivalent. The person must also complete a postgraduate clinical fellowship in audiology approved by the board or substantially equivalent education or training. The person must also pass an examination required for certification by the American Speech–Language–Hearing Association or a substantially equivalent exam, as well as practical techniques tests administered by the board.

The bill changes the requirements for audiologist licensure effective January 1, 2011. Beginning on that date, to obtain an audiologist license a person must do all of the following:

- 1. Either possess a doctoral degree in audiology or submit evidence of substantially equivalent education or training. The doctoral degree program must consist of not less than three years of educational course work and not less than 12 months of clinical rotation or externship.
- 2. Pass an exam selected or approved by the board as well as practical techniques tests administered by the board. The bill requires the board to select and approve examinations for audiology by rule.

Temporary license to practice audiology. Under current law, the board may grant a temporary license to practice audiology to a person who is completing a



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postgraduate fellowship if the person practices under the supervision of a licensed audiologist and satisfies other requirements. The bill eliminates temporary licensure for audiologists effective January 1, 2011.

Other changes. Under current law, a corporation or mercantile establishment that sells or offers to sell hearing aids must employ a person licensed by the department as a hearing aid specialist or licensed or permitted by the board to practice audiology. The corporation or mercantile establishment must annually file with the board a list of persons employed to sell or fit hearing aids. This bill eliminates the annual filing requirement.

Under current law, persons who use audiometric equipment to evaluate hearing sensitivity for the fitting and sale of hearing aids must periodically calibrate the equipment and send certification of the calibration to the board. This bill eliminates the requirement that a certificate of calibration be sent to the board.

Under current law, a Council on Speech Language Pathology and Audiology (council) in the department serves the board in an advisory capacity. This bill eliminates the council.

The bill also eliminates all statutory references to "hearing aid" and substitutes the term "hearing instrument."

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.405 (6m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.405 (6m) (e) Two public members. One of the public members shall be a

hearing aid <u>instrument user.</u>

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SECTION 2. 15.407 (4) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 3. 29.193 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

29.193 **(2)** (a) 1. "Accompanied" means being subject to continuous visual or voice contact without the aid of any mechanical or electronic amplifying device other than a hearing aid instrument.

than a hearing aid <u>instrument</u>.

SECTION 4. 29.324 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.324 (1) (a) "Contact" means visual or voice contact without the aid of any

mechanical or electronic amplifying device other than a hearing aid instrument.

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SECTION 5. 45.40 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

45.40 (2) (a) The department may provide health care aid to a veteran for dental care, including dentures; vision care, including eyeglass frames and lenses; and hearing care, including hearing aids instruments.

SECTION 6. 50.065 (1) (cr) 2. d. of the statutes is amended to read:

50.065 (1) (cr) **2**. d. Routine care of vision <u>aids</u> or hearing aids <u>instruments</u>.

SECTION 7. 77.54 (22) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.54 **(22)** (b) Artificial limbs, artificial eyes, hearing aids <u>instruments</u> and other equipment worn as a correction or substitute for any functioning portion of the body.

SECTION 8. 102.01 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

102.01 (2) (c) "Injury" means mental ar physical harm to an employee caused by accident or disease, and also means damage to or destruction of artificial members, dental appliances, teeth, hearing aids <u>instruments</u> and eyeglasses, but, in the case of hearing aids <u>instruments</u> or eyeglasses, only if such damage or destruction resulted from accident which also caused personal injury entitling the employee to compensation therefor either for disability or treatment.

SECTION 9 102.555 (12) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

102.555 (12) (a) An employer or the department is not liable for the expense of any examination or test for hearing loss, any evaluation of such an exam or test, any medical treatment for improving or restoring hearing, or any hearing aid instrument to relieve the effect of hearing loss unless it is determined that compensation for occupational deafness is payable under sub. (3), (4), or (11).

SECTION 10. 149.14 (3) (k) of the statutes is amended to read:

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4	1	149.14 (3) (k) Rental or purchase, as appropriate, of durable medical
	2	equipment or disposable medical supplies, other than eyeglasses and hearing aids
	3	instruments.
,	4	SECTION 11. 459.01 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 459.01 (1m).
	5	SECTION 12. 459.01 (1d) of the statutes is created to read:
	6	459.01 (1d) "Deceptive advertising" means creating, using, or promoting the
	7	use of any advertising material, promotional literature, testimonial, guarantee,
	8	warranty, label, brand, insignia, or other representation, however disseminated or
	9	published, which is misleading, false, or untruthful.
L	40	Section 13. 459.01 (2), (3) and (5) of the statutes are amended to read:
	11	459.01 (2) "Hearing aid instrument" means any wearable instrument or device
	2	designed for or offered for the purpose of aiding or compensating for impaired human
	13	hearing and any parts, attachments or accessories of such an instrument or device,
	14	except batteries and cords.
	15	(3) "Hearing instrument specialist" means any person who is or is required to
	6	be licensed under s. 459.05 to engage in the practice of dealing in or fitting hearing
	7	aids <u>instruments</u> .
	18	(5) "Practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids instruments" means the
	19	measurement of human hearing by means of an audiometer or by any other means
	20	accepted by the examining board solely for the purpose of making selections,
	21	adaptations or sales of hearing aids instruments intended to compensate for
	22	impaired hearing. This term also includes making impressions for ear molds.
	23	SECTION 14. 459.02 of the statutes is amended to read:
را	24	459.02 License required to sell and fit hearing aids instruments. (1)
7	25	No person may engage in the practice of selling or fitting hearing aids instruments

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or display a sign or in any other way advertise or represent himself or herself as a person who practices the fitting or sale of hearing aids instruments unless he or she holds a valid license issued under this subchapter or a valid license or permit to practice audiology issued under subch. II. The license required by s. 459.05 shall be conspicuously posted in his or her office or place of business as registered with the department at all times. Duplicate licenses shall be issued by the department under this subchapter to valid license holders operating more than one office without additional payment. 459.02 \(2) Nothing in this subchapter or subch. II shall prohibit any corporation or mercantile establishment which maintains an established business address from engaging in the business of selling or offering for sale hearing aids instrument retail without a license, provided that for the purpose of selling and fitting hearing it employs persons licensed under this subchapter or persons issued licenses or permits to practice audiology under subch. II. Such corporation or mercantile establishment shall annually file with the examining board a list of all persons employed for the purpose of selling and fitting hearing aids **SECTION 15.** 459.03 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 459.03 (title) Receipt required to be furnished to a person supplied with hearing aid instrument. phin SECTION 16. 459.03 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 459.03 (1) Whoever practices fitting or selling of hearing aids instruments under this subchapter shall deliver to each person supplied with a hearing aid instrument a receipt. The receipt shall contain the license's signature and show the of the hearing instrument specialis licensee's business address and license title and number, together with specifications as to the make and model of the hearing aid instrument furnished and full terms of

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sale clearly stated. If a bearing aid instrument which is not new is sold, the receipt and the container thereof must be clearly marked as "used" or "reconditioned" whichever is applicable.

Section 17. 459.03 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.03 (2) (b) A statement that the purchaser has been advised at the outset of the purchaser's relationship with the hearing instrument specialist that any examination or representation made by a hearing instrument specialist in connection with the fitting and selling of this hearing aid instrument is not an examination, diagnosis or prescription by a person licensed to practice medicine or audiology in this state and therefore must not be regarded as medical or audiological opinion or advice.

SECTION 18. 459.035 of the statutes is amended to read:

459.035 Medical exam before being fitted. A hearing aid <u>instrument</u> shall not be fitted for or sold to a person 17 years of age or younger unless within 90 days prior to the fitting the person to be fitted has been examined by a physician to determine whether or not he or she has any physical deficiencies that would prohibit the effective use of a hearing aid <u>instrument</u>.

SECTION 19. 459.04 of the statutes is amended to read:

459.04 Seller's guarantee. The seller of a hearing aid <u>instrument</u> shall give to the purchaser a personal guarantee that is at least identical in its terms to the guarantee of the manufacturer of the hearing aid <u>instrument</u>.

SECTION 20. 459.05 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.05 **(1m)** Whenever the examining board determines that another state or jurisdiction has requirements equivalent to or higher than those in effect in the state for the practice of fitting and selling hearing aids <u>instruments</u>, and that such state

SECTION 21. 459.06 (2) (a) (intro.) and 3. and (b) (intro.) and 4. and (3) of the statutes are amended to read:

459.06 **(2)** (a) (intro.) Tests of knowledge in the following areas as they pertain to the fitting of hearing aids instruments:

- 3. The function of hearing aids <u>instruments</u>.
- (b) (intro.) Practical tests of proficiency in the following techniques as they pertain to the fitting of hearing aids instruments:
- 4. Recording and evaluation of audiograms and speech audiometry to determine proper selection and adaption of a hearing aid instrument.
- (3) The applicant for license by examination shall appear at a time and place as the examining board designates, to be examined by means of written and practical tests in order to demonstrate that he or she is qualified to practice the fitting of hearing aids instruments. Such examinations shall be conducted at least twice a year and at such other times and places designated by the examining board.

Section 22. 459.07 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

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459.07 (2) Upon receiving an application under this section, accompanied by the fee under s. 440.05 (6), the examining board may grant a trained permit which may entitle the applicant to practice fitting of hearing aids instruments for a period of one year. A person holding a valid hearing instrument specialist license issued under this subchapter or a valid license to practice audiology issued under s. 459.24 (3) shall be responsible for the direct supervision and training of the applicant and shall be liable for all negligent acts and omissions of the trainee in the fitting of hearing aids instruments.

Section 23. 459.08 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.08 (1) A person who holds a license shall notify the department in writing or in accordance with other notification procedures approved by the department of the regular address of the places where he or she engages or intends to engage in the practice of fitting or selling hearing aids instruments. The licensee shall inform the board of any changes in these addresses within 30 days of the change.

Section 24. 459.085 of the statutes is amended to read:

459.085 Calibration of audiometric equipment. Audiometric equipment used in the evaluation of hearing sensitivity for the fitting and sale of hearing aids instruments shall be calibrated periodically, as specified by rule by the examining board. Certification of these calibrations shall be sent to the examining board with the renewal fee required in s. 459.09 (1) (a).

Section 25. 459.095 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.095 (3) In consultation with the department, promulgate rules that require each person issued a license under this subchapter to whom s. 459.09 (1) (b) applies to complete a specified continuing education program or course of study to ensure competence with respect to a matter related to the practice of fitting and

dealing in hearing aids <u>instruments</u> if the examining board has received a significant
number of consumer complaints about the matter or if the examining board
otherwise determines that there is a need for such a requirement. Rules
promulgated under this subsection shall establish criteria for the examining board's
approval of the continuing education program or course of study and of sponsors and
cosponsors of the continuing education program or course of study. The rules shall
also require the examining board to administer, prior to the continuing education
program or course of study, an examination on the matter that is the subject of the
continuing education program or course of study and to waive a requirement to
complete the continuing education program or course of study if a person granted a
license under this subchapter passes the examination. A person who takes an
examination specified in this subsection shall pay the fee specified in s. 440.05 (1) (b).
SECTION 26. 459.10 (1) (d) and (e) of the statutes are amended to read:
459.10 (1) (d) Been found guilty of an offense the circumstances of which
substantially relate to the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids <u>instruments</u> .
(e) Violated this subchapter or ch. 440 or any federal or state statute or rule
which relates to the <u>practice</u> of fitting and dealing in hearing aids <u>instruments</u> .
SECTION 27. 459.10 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
459.10 (1) (g) Engaged in false, misleading or deceptive advertising.
SECTION 28. 459.10 (1) (i), (j), (k) and (p) of the statutes are amended to read:
459.10 (1) (i) Failed to conduct a direct observation of the ear canal of a person
for whom a hearing aid <u>instrument</u> is purchased.
(j) Engaged in conduct which evidenced a lack of knowledge or ability to apply

principles or skills of the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids instruments.

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1	(k) Engaged in unprofessional conduct. In this subsection, "unprofessional
2	conduct" means the violation of any standard of professional behavior which through
3	experience, state statute or administrative rule has become established in the
4	practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids instruments.
5	(p) Sold a hearing aid instrument for use by a person who was not given tests
6	by a hearing instrument specialist or an audiologist licensed under this chapter or
7	in another state using appropriate procedures and instrumentation or without
8/	proper measurement of the functional intensity and range of the person's hearing.
9	SECTION 29. 459.10 (1) (q) and (r) of the statutes are created to read:
10	459.10 (1) (q) Intentionally or negligently misrepresented the cause of a
	hearing impairment or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing
2	instrument.
13	(r) Made an intentional or negligent misrepresentation regarding a hearing
(4)	instrument or services.
5	SECTION 30. 459.14 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	459.14 (2) This subchapter does not apply to a person engaged in the practice
17	of measuring human hearing for selecting hearing aids instruments or any other
18	purpose if the person or the organization employing such person does not sell hearing
19	aids instruments or hearing accessories.
20	SECTION 31. 459.20 (2) (6), (3g) and (3p) of the statutes are amended to read:
21	459.20 (2) (b) Engaging in the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids
22	instruments.
23	(3g) "Hearing aid instrument" means any wearable or implantable instrument
24	or device designed for or offered for the purpose of aiding or compensating for

impaired human hearing and any part	s, attachments	or accessories	of such and
instrument or device, except batteries as	nd cords.		

- (3p) "Practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids <u>instruments</u>" means the measurement of human hearing by means of an audiometer of by any other means accepted by the examining board for the purpose of making selections, adaptations or sales of hearing <u>aids instruments</u> intended to compensate for impaired hearing, and includes making impressions for ear molds.
 - **SECTION 32.** 459.22 (2) (b), (c) and (f) of the statutes are amended to read:
- 459.22 **(2)** (b) Authorize a speech-language pathologist licensed under this subchapter to dispense or sell hearing aids <u>instruments</u> without obtaining a hearing instrument specialist license under subch. I.
- (c) Require a hearing instrument specialist licensed under subch. I to be licensed as an audiologist under this subchapter to engage in the testing of hearing or in other practices or procedures solely for the purpose of fitting or selling hearing aids instruments.
- (f) Require an individual to be licensed under this subchapter to engage in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology, other than engaging in the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids instruments, in a position for which the department of public instruction requires licensure as a speech and language pathologist or audiologist, if the individual's entire practice of speech-language pathology or audiology, other than engaging in the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids instruments, is limited to the duties of that position.
 - **SECTION 33.** 459.23 of the statutes is repealed.
- **SECTION 34.** 459.24 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	459.24 (1) (a) Engage in the practice of speech–language pathology or use the
2	title "speech-language pathologist" or any similar title without limitation by
3	enumeration unless the person holds a current speech-language pathologist license
4	granted by the examining board under sub. (2) or (6) (a).
5	SECTION 35. 459.24 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	459.24 (1) (b) Engage in the practice of audiology or use the title "audiologist,"

459.24 (1) (b) Engage in the practice of audiology or use the title "audiologist," "clinical audiologist," or any similar title <u>without limitation by enumeration</u> unless the person holds a current audiologist license granted by the examining board under sub. (3) or (6) (b).

SECTION 36. 459.24 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

aid audiologist," "certified hearing instrument audiologist," "licensed hearing instrument audiologist," "licensed hearing instrument audiologist," or any similar title

without limitation by enumeration. Score period tration mark

SECTION 37. 459.24 (3) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 459.24 (3) (d) (intro.) and amended to read:

459.24 **(3)** (d) (intro.) Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has completed a supervised clinical practicum and received satisfied one of the following:

1. Received a master's degree in audiology from a college or university approved by the examining board, or has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the completion of those does not apply

requirements. This subdivision applies to applications received on or before

December 31, 2010.

Section 38. 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3. of the statutes are created to read:

(13)

459.24 (3) (d) 2. Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he
or she possesses a doctoral degree in audiology from an accredited academic
institution approved by the examining board by rule. The doctoral degree program
must consist of not less than 3 years of educational course work and not less than 12
months of clinical rotation or externship. This subdivision applies to applications
received after December 31, 2010.

3. Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the requirements under subd. 2. This subdivision applies to applications received after December 31, 2010.

SECTION 39. 459.24 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

she has passed the examination required for certification as an audiologist by the American Speech–Language–Hearing Association or passes an examination under s. 459.26 (2) (a) to determine fitness as an audiologist, selected or approved by the examining board by rule under s. 459.26 (2) (b), or has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to passing one of those examinations in determining fitness as an audiologist the examination selected or approved by the examining board under s. 459.26 (2) (b).

SECTION 40. 459.24 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.24 **(3)** (f) Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has completed a postgraduate clinical fellowship in audiology approved by the examining board or has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the completion of such a fellowship. This paragraph applies to applications received on or before December 31, 2010.

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SECTION 41. 459.24 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.24 (3m) FITTING AND SALE OF HEARING AIDS INSTRUMENTS. An audiologist licensed under this subchapter or an individual granted a permit to practice audiology under this subchapter who engages in the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids instruments shall do all of the following:

The receipt shall contain the signature and show the business address and, license or permit title, and number of the licensee or permittee, together with specifications as to the make and model of the hearing aid instrument and full terms of sale clearly stated. If a hearing aid instrument that is not new is sold, the receipt and the container must be clearly marked as "used" or "reconditioned", whichever is applicable. The terms of the guarantee, if there is any given, shall be set out in not less than 8-point type.

(b) Give to a purchaser of a hearing aid <u>instrument</u> a personal guarantee that is at least identical in its terms to the guarantee given by the manufacturer of the hearing aid <u>instrument</u>.

Section 42. 459.24 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.24 **(6)** (b) Upon application, the The examining board may grant a temporary license to practice audiology to an applicant who, during the completion of the postgraduate fellowship required under sub. (3) (f) if the applicant, practices under the supervision of an audiologist licensed under sub. (3), satisfies the requirements under sub. (3) (a) to (d), and has submitted an application to take the next available examinations for licensure as an audiologist under s. 459.26 (2) (a) and (b). No license may be issued under this paragraph after December 31, 2010.

Section 43. 459.26 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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SECTION 43

459.26 (2) (a) Examinations for speech-language pathologists shall consist of
the examinations required for certification as a speech-language pathologist or as
an audiologist by the American speech-language-hearing association or may consist
of other written tests that require applicants to demonstrate minimum competency
in services and subjects substantially related to the practice of speech-language
pathology or audiology and that are substantially equivalent to the examinations
required for such certification.

SECTION 44. 459.26 (2) (b) (intro.) and 4. of the statutes are amended to read: 459.26 (2) (b) (intro.) The examining board shall by rule select and approve examinations for audiology. An applicant for an audiologist license shall also complete an examination administered by the examining board that consists of practical tests of proficiency in techniques that pertain to the fitting of hearing aids

....

instruments, including the following:

4. Recording and evaluation of audiograms and speech audiometry to determine proper selection and adaption adaptation of a hearing aid instrument.

SECTION 45. 459.34 (2) (ce), (cm) and (cs) of the statutes are amended to read:

459.34 **(2)** (ce) Violated any federal or state statute, rule or regulation that relates to the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids instruments. This paragraph does not apply to speech–language pathologists.

- (cm) Failed to conduct a direct observation of the ear canal of a person for whom a hearing aid <u>instrument</u> is purchased. This paragraph does not apply to speech-language pathologists.
- (cs) Sold a hearing aid <u>instrument</u> for use by a person who was not given tests by a hearing instrument specialist or audiologist licensed under this chapter or in another state using appropriate procedures and instrumentation or without proper

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6	1	measurement of the functional intensity and range of the person's hearing. This
1	2	paragraph does not apply to speech-language pathologists.
	3	Section 46. 459.34 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
	4	459.34 (2) (d) Advertised Engaged in a manner which is false, deceptive or
17-	5	misleading advertising.
INCEPT	0	SECTION 47. 459.34 (2) (i) of the statutes is created to read:
TES .	(7)	459.34 (2) (i) Made an intentional or negligent misrepresentation regarding a
	7 8	hearing instrument or services. (16)
14	9	SECTION 48. 459.34 (2) (j) of the statutes is created to read:
INITER 13	(10)	459.34 (2) (i) Misused the words "doctor," "clinic," "clinical," or other words,
	11	abbreviations, or symbols that imply the involvement of the medical or audiology
	12	professions in the absence of such involvement.
.7 c	7 13	Section 49. 968.27 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
	14	968.27 (7) (b) A hearing aid instrument or similar device being used to correct
	15	subnormal hearing to not better than normal.
	16	(END)

d-note

2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

0	SECTION 1. 459.03 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	SECTION 1. 459.03 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
3	459.03 (1) Whoever practices fitting or selling of hearing aids under this
4	subchapter A hearing instrument specialist who engages in the practice of fitting
5	and dealing in hearing aids shall deliver to each person supplied with a hearing aid
6	a receipt. The receipt shall contain the licensee's signature and show the licensee's
7	business address and license title and number of the hearing instrument specialist,
8	together with specifications as to the make and model of the hearing aid furnished
9	and full terms of sale clearly stated. If a hearing aid which is not new is sold, the
10	receipt and the container thereof must be clearly marked as "used" or "reconditioned"

History: 1989 a. 316; 1991 a. 32; 1997 a. 49; 2003 a. 270. **178 INSERT 7-4**

whichever is applicable.

INSERT 6-17

SECTION 2. 459.03 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.03 (2) (intro.) The receipt shall contain all of the following information, that shall be set out in not less than 8-point type:

History: 1989 a. 316: 1991 a. 32: 1997 a. 49; 2003 a. 270

INSERT 16-16

SECTION 3. 459.28 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 459.28 (1) (a).

SECTION 4. 459.28 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

459.28 (1) (b) Notwithstanding the limitation under s. 459.24 (3) (d) 1., the examining board may, after December 31, 2010, grant a license to an audiologist who completed requirements in another state that are substantially equivalent to the requirements under s. 459.24 (3) (d) 1.

INSERT 17-6



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SECTION 5. 459.34 (2) (i) of the statutes is created to read:
459.34 (2) (i) Intentionally or negligently misrepresent the cause of a hearing 1 impairment or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.

INSERT 17-13

SECTION 6. Effective date. 5 6

(1) This act takes effect on December 31, 2009, or the day after publication, whichever is later.

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2757/**3**dn

Senator Lehman

As requested in an e-mail from your office dated April 23, 2009, this bill makes a number of changes to 2009 LRB-1345/1. Please review the draft carefully to ensure that I have captured your intent.

Drafting instructions provided in an attachment to the e-mail, dated April 21, 2009, requested that an exemption from certain educational requirements be provided to applicants for licensure as an audiologist who hold a license to practice audiology in another state. The drafting instructions requested that I notwithstand s. 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3. However, to minimize confusion generated going back and forth between the requirements under ss. 459.28 (1) and (2) and 459.24 (3) (d) 1., 2., and 3 (1 simply provided an exemption from the applicability of s. 459.24 (3) (d) 1. for licensees of other jurisdictions. Let me know if you have a problem with this approach.

The attachment also posed two "questions for drafting attorney" and suggested an amendment to s. 968.27 (7) (b), stats., "if appropriate." I will address the questions

first:

1. Effective date. The first question asked whether the effective date could be December 31, 2009. Othe event that the bill passes in calendar year 2010, I drafted an effective date provision which establishes an effective date for the bill of December 31, 2009, on the day after publication, whichever is later. Please let me know if it was your intent that the bill apply retroactively if the bill passes in calendar year 2010.

Note that certain provisions in the bill have in-text initial applicability provisions of December 31, 2010. Did you wish to change these dates to December 31, 2009, as well?

2. Temporary licensure. The second question asks whether "the elimination of the temporary license in its entirety create[s] a problem with individuals applying who have to wait for the testing cycle and licensure to be granted."

In general, whether to make a temporary license available to applicants for licensure is a policy question. Doubtless some applicants may be inconvenienced by the elimination of temporary licensure. However, whether this inconvenience to the applicant is outweighed by the inconvenience to the examining board of offering temporary licensure, particularly in the absence of the supervision afforded the holder





of a temporary license participating in a postgraduate clinical fellowship, is a decision for you and the legislature.

Definition of "electronic, mechanical or other device" in ch. 968. Regarding whether s. 968.27 (7) (b), stats., needs amending, I don't believe the proposed amendment is appropriate. The memo instructs me to "Change Misused to Used (if appropriate)." The word, "misused" does not appear in that section of the statute, which reads:

"A hearing aid or similar device being <u>used</u> to correct subnormal hearing to not better than normal." Wis. Stat. section 968.27 (7) (b) (emphasis mine).

However, the word, "used," is appropriate. This particular provision is excepting a hearing aid from the definition of "electronic, mechanical or other device," which is, in turn, defined as as a "device or apparatus which can be used to intercept a wire, electronic or oral communication." This definition applies to ss. 968.28 to 968.37; these sections of the statutes deal with applying for, authorizing, disclosing the use of, and prosecuting improper uses of wiretaps and other means of intercepting communications. The exception as drafted is appropriate. Were the word, "used," to be replaced with "misused," the lawful use of hearing aid would not be excepted from the definition of "electronic, mechanical or other device," and a court order could be required for the otherwise lawful use of hearing aids.

Please let me know if you have any questions about the changes to this bill or wish to make additional changes.

Tracy K. Kuczenski Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266-9867

E-mail: tracy.kuczenski@legis.wisconsin.gov

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2757/P1dn TKK:jld:rs

June 22, 2009

Senator Lehman:

As requested in an e-mail from your office dated April 23, 2009, this bill makes a number of changes to 2009 LRB-1345/1. Please review the draft carefully to ensure that I have captured your intent.

Drafting instructions provided in an attachment to the e-mail, dated April 21, 2009, requested that an exemption from certain educational requirements be provided to applicants for licensure as an audiologist who hold a license to practice audiology in another state. The drafting instructions requested that I notwithstand s. 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3. However, to minimize confusion generated going back and forth between the requirements under ss. 459.24 (3) (d) 1., 2., and 3. and 459.28 (1) and (2), I simply provided an exemption from the applicability of s. 459.24 (3) (d) 1. for licensees of other jurisdictions. Let me know if you have a problem with this approach.

The attachment also posed two "questions for drafting attorney" and suggested an amendment to s. 968.27 (7) (b), stats., "if appropriate." I will address the questions first:

1. <u>Effective date</u>. The first question asked whether the effective date could be December 31, 2009. In the event that the bill passes in calendar year 2010, I drafted an effective date provision that establishes an effective date for the bill of December 31, 2009, or on the day after publication, whichever is later. Please let me know if it was your intent that the bill apply retroactively if the bill passes in calendar year 2010.

Note that certain provisions in the bill have in-text initial applicability provisions of December 31, 2010. Did you wish to change these dates to December 31, 2009, as well?

2. <u>Temporary licensure</u>. The second question asks whether "the elimination of the temporary license in its entirety create[s] a problem with individuals applying who have to wait for the testing cycle and licensure to be granted."

In general, whether to make a temporary license available to applicants for licensure is a policy question. Doubtless some applicants may be inconvenienced by the elimination of temporary licensure. However, whether this inconvenience to the applicant is outweighed by the inconvenience to the examining board of offering temporary licensure, particularly in the absence of the supervision afforded the holder

of a temporary license participating in a postgraduate clinical fellowship, is a decision for you and the legislature.

<u>Definition of "electronic, mechanical or other device" in ch. 968</u>. Regarding whether s. 968.27 (7) (b), stats., needs amending, I don't believe the proposed amendment is appropriate. The memo instructs me to "Change Misused to Used (if appropriate)." The word, "misused" does not appear in that section of the statute, which reads:

"A hearing aid or similar device being <u>used</u> to correct subnormal hearing to not better than normal." Wis. Stat. section 968.27 (7) (b) (emphasis mine).

However, the word, "used," is appropriate. This particular provision is excepting a hearing aid from the definition of "electronic, mechanical or other device," which is, in turn, defined as as a "device or apparatus which can be used to intercept a wire, electronic or oral communication." This definition applies to ss. 968.28 to 968.37; these sections of the statutes deal with applying for, authorizing, disclosing the use of, and prosecuting improper uses of wiretaps and other means of intercepting communications. The exception as drafted is appropriate. Were the word, "used," to be replaced with "misused," the lawful use of hearing aid would not be excepted from the definition of "electronic, mechanical or other device," and a court order could be required for the otherwise lawful use of hearing aids.

Please let me know if you have any questions about the changes to this bill or wish to make additional changes.

Tracy K. Kuczenski Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266-9867

E-mail: tracy.kuczenski@legis.wisconsin.gov

Date: June 27, 2009

Mike Browne, Office of State Senator John Lehman and Tracy Kuczenski, To:

Legislative Attorney

From: Ramie Zelenkova, on behalf of the Wisconsin Speech Language Pathology and

Audiology Professional Association (WSHA-P)

2009 LRB 2757/P1 Re:

Thank you for your work on LRB 2757/P1. I have reviewed the draft; on behalf of the Wisconsin Speech Language Pathology and Audiology Professional Association request the following changes:

1) Delete "without limitation by enumeration" (Page 5, lines 13 and 18).

✓2) Maintain effective date of December 31, 2009, or on day after publication.

✓3) Change in-text initial applicability provisions of December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2009.

459.24(6)

4) Temporary licensure. The intent is to eliminate temporary licensure for an applicant in a postgraduate fellowship practicing under the supervision of an

licensed audiologist after December 31, 2009, but to allow the board to grant temporary licensure to individuals who can submit satisfactory evidence to the examining board that he or she has completed all of the following: supervised clinical practicum, possesses minimum educational requirements, (either a master's degree or doctoral degree), and has passed an examination determined appropriate by the Hearing and Speech Examining Board. This person would only need the temporary license while awaiting the practical examination administered by the board quarterly.

5) At the request of the Hearing and Speech Examining Board:

459.28

(Create) Licensees of other jurisdictions. (1) Except as provided in sub. 2, upon Upon application and payment of the fee specified in s. 440.05 (2), the examining board shall grant a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology under s. 459.24 (2) or (3) to an applicant who holds a current speech-language pathologist or audiologist license in another state or territory of the United States if the examining board determines that the requirements for licensure in the other state or territory are substantially equivalent to the requirements under s. 459.24 (2) or (3).

b. (2) Notwithstanding \$. 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3. the examining board may grant a license to an audiologist who completed requirements in another state that were substantially equivalent to the requirements for licensure

459. 28(1)

under s. 459.24 (3), in effect on December 31, 2009.

c. (2) (3) The examining board may enter into reciprocal agreements with officials of other states or territories of the United States for licensing fred out what the what speech-language pathologists and audiologists and grant licenses to applicants who are licensed in those states or territories according to the

1-9-09 per Dr. Lavor Feldhale (873-5071) if the oppliant does not have a dictorate degree but Sitisfies all of the other regimenants of 451.24(3), the examining board should must the ardiologist liverse.

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Kuczenski, Tracy

From:

Browne, Michael

Sent:

Tuesday, June 30, 2009 10:37 AM

To:

Kuczenski, Tracy

Subject:

requested changes to audiology draft

Attachments:

2009 LRB2757_Chapter 459 Revisions.doc

Tracy -

We've gotten some feedback from the audiologists on your draft (see attached).

Unless they raise additional questions/problems we'd like to request a redraft incorporating these items.

Thanks, let me know if you've got any?'s.

Mike Browne Office of Senator John Lehman 310 South, State Capitol (608) 266-1832 michael.browne@legis.wisconsin.gov



757_Chapter 459 R€



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State of Wisconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2757/P1

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

(Inserts

Done by 7/13/09 early a.m. (in time for 1:30 examining board mtg.)

-regen.

AN ACT to repeal 15.407 (4) and 459.23; to renumber 459.01 (1); to renumber and amend 459.24 (3) (d); to amend 459.02 (2), 459.03 (1), 459.03 (2) (intro.), 459.03 (2) (b), 459.085, 459.10 (1) (g), 459.24 (1) (a), 459.24 (1) (b), 459.24 (1m), 459.24 (3) (e), 459.24 (3) (f), 459.24 (3m) (a), 459.24 (6) (b), 459.26 (2) (a), 459.26 (2) (b) (intro.) and 4. and 459.34 (2) (d); and to create 459.01 (1d), 459.10 (1) (q) and (r), 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3., 459.34 (2) (i), 459.34 (2) (j) and 459.34 (2) (k) of the statutes; relating to: creating new grounds for discipline of hearing instrument specialists, audiologists, and speech-language pathologists, changing licensing requirements for audiologists, and granting rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes the following changes to the regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists.

Prohibited conduct.

Deceptive advertising. Under current law, the Hearing and Speech Examining Board (board) in the Department of Regulation and Licensing (department) may reprimand the holder of a license or permit issued by the board

or revoke, suspend, limit, or deny a license or permit if the holder or applicant engages in certain prohibited conduct, including false, misleading, or deceptive advertising. The bill prohibits deceptive advertising instead of false, misleading, or deceptive advertising. In addition, the bill creates a definition for "deceptive advertising," which includes creating or using promotional literature, testimonials, insignia, or other representation which is misleading, false, or untruthful.

2. <u>Misrepresentation</u>. The bill prohibits the holder of a license or permit from making an intentional or negligent representation regarding a hearing aid or services. The bill also prohibits the holder of a license or permit from misusing words that imply the involvement of the medical or audiology professions when there is no such involvement. Finally, the bill prohibits a hearing instrument specialist from intentionally or negligently misrepresenting the cause of a hearing impairment, or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.

Audiologist license. Under current law, a person seeking an audiologist license must have received a master's degree in audiology or completed education or training that the board determines is substantially equivalent. The person must also complete a postgraduate clinical fellowship in audiology approved by the board or substantially equivalent education or training. The person must also pass an examination required for certification by the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association or a substantially equivalent exam, as well as practical techniques tests Zwith cerain exceptions? administered by the board.

The bill changes the requirements for audiologist licensure effective January 1, 2011 Beginning on that date, to obtain an audiologist license a person must do all of the following:

Either possess a doctoral degree in audiology or submit evidence of substantially equivalent education or training. The doctoral degree program must consist of not less than three years of educational course work and not less than 12 months of clinical rotation or externship.

Pass an exam selected or approved by the board as well as practical techniques tests administered by the board. The bill requires the board to select and approve examinations for audiology by rule.

Temporary license to practice audiology. Under current law, the board may grant a temporary license to practice audiology to a person who is completing a postgraduate fellowship if the person practices under the supervision of a licensed audiologist and satisfies other requirements. The bill eliminates temporary licensure for audiologists effective January 1, 2011 2010

Other changes. Under current law, a corporation or mercantile establishment that sells or offers to sell hearing aids must employ a person licensed by the department as a hearing aid specialist or licensed or permitted by the board to practice audiology. The corporation or mercantile establishment must annually file with the board a list of persons employed to sell or fit hearing aids. This bill eliminates the annual filing requirement.

Under current law, persons who use audiometric equipment to evaluate hearing sensitivity for the fitting and sale of hearing aids must periodically calibrate

Aft The bill permits the board to grant a temporary license to practice audiology to a person who satisfies all the requirements for licensume but who has not completed the practical techniques tests administered by the boards

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the equipment and send certification of the calibration to the board. This bill eliminates the requirement that a certificate of calibration be sent to the board.

Under current law, a Council on Speech Language Pathology and Audiology (council) in the department serves the board in an advisory capacity. This bill eliminates the council.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.407 (4) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 2. 459.01 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 459.01 (1m).

SECTION 3. 459.01 (1d) of the statutes is created to read:

459.01 (1d) "Deceptive advertising" means creating, using, or promoting the use of any advertising material, promotional literature, testimonial, guarantee, warranty, label, brand, insignia, or other representation, however disseminated or published, which is misleading, false, or untruthful.

SECTION 4. 459.02 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.02 (2) Nothing in this subchapter or subch. II shall prohibit any corporation or mercantile establishment which maintains an established business address from engaging in the business of selling or offering for sale hearing aids at retail without a license, provided that for the purpose of selling and fitting hearing aids it employs persons licensed under this subchapter or persons issued licenses or permits to practice audiology under subch. II. Such corporation or mercantile establishment shall annually file with the examining board a list of all persons employed for the purpose of selling and fitting hearing aids.

Section 5. 459.03 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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459.03 (1) Whoever practices fitting or selling of hearing aids under this subchapter A hearing instrument specialist who engages in the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids shall deliver to each person supplied with a hearing aid a receipt. The receipt shall contain the licensee's signature and show the licensee's business address and license title and number of the hearing instrument specialist, together with specifications as to the make and model of the hearing aid furnished and full terms of sale clearly stated. If a hearing aid which is not new is sold, the receipt and the container thereof must be clearly marked as "used" or "reconditioned" whichever is applicable.

Section 6. 459.03 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.03 (2) (intro.) The <u>receipt shall contain all of the</u> following <u>information</u>, that shall be set out in not less than 8-point type:

SECTION 7. 459.03 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.03 (2) (b) A statement that the purchaser has been advised at the outset of the purchaser's relationship with by the hearing instrument specialist that any examination or representation made by —a—the hearing instrument specialist in connection with the fitting and selling of this hearing aid is not an examination, diagnosis, or prescription by a person licensed to practice medicine or audiology in this state and therefore must not be regarded as medical or audiological opinion or advice.

SECTION 8. 459.085 of the statutes is amended to read:

459.085 Calibration of audiometric equipment. Audiometric equipment used in the evaluation of hearing sensitivity for the fitting and sale of hearing aids shall be calibrated periodically, as specified by rule by the examining board.

1	Certification of these calibrations shall be sent to the examining board with the
2	renewal fee required in s. 459.09 (1) (a).
3	SECTION 9. 459.10 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	459.10 (1) (g) Engaged in false, misleading or deceptive advertising.
5	SECTION 10. 459.10 (1) (q) and (r) of the statutes are created to read:
6	459.10 (1) (q) Intentionally or negligently misrepresented the cause of a
7	hearing impairment or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.
8	(r) Made an intentional or negligent misrepresentation regarding a hearing aid
9	or services.
10	SECTION 11. 459.23 of the statutes is repealed.
11	SECTION 12. 459.24 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	459.24 (1) (a) Engage in the practice of speech-language pathology or use the
13	title "speech-language pathologist" or any similar title without limitation by
14	enumeration unless the person holds a current speech-language pathologist license
15	granted by the examining board under sub. (2) or (6) (a)
16	SECTION 13. 459.24 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	459.24 (1) (b) Engage in the practice of audiology or use the title "audiologist,"
18)	"clinical audiologist," or any similar title without limitation by enumeration unless
19	the person holds a current audiologist license granted by the examining board under
20	sub. (3) or (6) (b).
21	SECTION 14. 459.24 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	459.24 (1m) PROHIBITED TITLES. No person may use the title "certified hearing
23	aid audiologist" or," "certified hearing instrument audiologist," "licensed hearing
24	instrument audiologist," "licensed hearing aid audiologist."

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1	Section 15. 459.24 (3) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 459.24 (3) (d) (intro.)
2	and amended to read:
3	459.24 (3) (d) (intro.) Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board
4	that he or she has completed a supervised clinical practicum and received satisfied
5	one of the following:
6	1. Received a master's degree in audiology from a college or university
7	approved by the examining board, or has completed education or training that the
8	examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the completion of those
9	requirements. Except for applications received under s. 459.28 (1) this subdivision
10)	does not apply to applications received after December 31, 2010
11	SECTION 16. 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3. of the statutes are created to read:
12	459.24 (3) (d) 2. Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he
13	or she possesses a doctoral degree in audiology from an accredited academic
14	institution approved by the examining board by rule. The doctoral degree program
15	must consist of not less than 3 years of educational course work and not less than 12
16	months of clinical rotation or externship. This subdivision applies to applications
17)	received after December 31, 2010
18	3. Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has
19	completed education or training that the examining board determines is
20	substantially equivalent to the requirements under subd. 2. This subdivision applies
21	to applications received after December 31, 2010
22	Section 17. 459.24 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	459.24 (3) (e) Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or
24	she has passed the examination required for certification as an audiologist by the
25	American Speech-Language-Hearing Association or passes an examination under

1 s. 459.26 (2) (a) to determine fitness as an audiologist, examinations selected or 2 approved by the examining board by rule under s. 459.26 (2)/(b) or has completed 3 education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to passing one of those examinations in determining fitness as an 4 5 audiologist the examinations selected or approved by the examining board under s. 6 459.26(2)(b)7 **SECTION 18.** 459.24 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 459.24 (3) (f) Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has completed a postgraduate clinical fellowship in audiology approved by the 9 10 examining board or has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the completion of such a fellowship. This 11 12paragraph applies to applications received on or before December 31, 2010 **SECTION 19.** 459.24 (3m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 13 14 459.24 (3m) (a) Deliver to each person supplied with a hearing aid a receipt. The receipt shall contain the signature and show the business address and, license 15 or permit title, and number of the licensee or permittee, together with specifications 16 17 as to the make and model of the hearing aid and full terms of sale clearly stated. If 18 a hearing aid that is not new is sold, the receipt and the container must be clearly marked as "used" or "reconditioned", whichever is applicable. The terms of the 19 guarantee, if there is any given, shall be set out in not less than 8-point type. 20 **Section 20.** 459.24 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to 21 459.24 (6) (b) pon application, the The examining board may grant a temporary license to practice audiology to an applicant who during the completion of the postgraduate fellowship required under sub. (3) (f) if the applicant practices 24under the supervision of an audiologist licensed under sub. (3), satisfies the 25

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requirements under sub. (3) (a) to (d), and has submitted an application to take the next available examinations for licensure as an audiologist under s. 459.26 (2) (a) and

(b). No license may be issued under this paragraph after December 31, 2010

SECTION 21. 459.26 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.26 (2) (a) Examinations for speech-language pathologists shall consist of the examinations required for certification as a speech-language pathologist or as an audiologist by the American speech-language-hearing association or may consist of other written tests that require applicants to demonstrate minimum competency in services and subjects substantially related to the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology and that are substantially equivalent to the examinations required for such certification.

SECTION 22. 459.26 (2) (b) (intro.) and 4. of the statutes are amended to read:

459.26 (2) (b) (intro.) The examining board shall by rule select and approve examinations for audiology. An applicant for an audiologist license shall also complete an examination administered by the examining board that consists of practical tests of proficiency in techniques that pertain to the fitting of hearing aids, including the following:

4. Recording and evaluation of audiograms and speech audiometry to determine proper selection and adaption adaptation of a hearing aid.

Section 23. 459.34 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.34 (2) (d) Advertised Engaged in a manner which is false, deceptive or misleading advertising.

Section 24. 459.34 (2) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

459.34 (2) (i) Intentionally or negligently misrepresented the cause of a hearing impairment or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.

1	SECTION 25. 459.34 (2) (j) of the statutes is created to read:
2	459.34 (2) (j) Made an intentional or negligent misrepresentation regarding a
3	hearing aid or services.
4	SECTION 26. 459.34 (2) (k) of the statutes is created to read:
5	459.34 (2) (k) Misused the words "doctor," "clinic," "clinical," or other words,
6	abbreviations, or symbols that imply the involvement of the medical or audiology
7	professions in the absence of such involvement.
8	Section 27. Effective date.
9	(1) This act takes effect on December 31, 2009, or on the day after publication,
LO	whichever is later.
11	(END)

2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1	INSERT 8-4
2	SECTION 1. 459.24 (6) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
3	459.24 (6) (b) 2. The examining board may grant a temporary license to practice
4	audiology to an individual who satisfies the requirements under sub. (3) (a) to (e).
5	SECTION 2. 459.24 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	459.24 (6) (c) A temporary license granted under this subsection is valid for a
7	period designated in rules promulgated by the examining board. The rules may
8	designate a period that terminates if an applicant fails to take the next available
9	examination under s. 459.26 (2) (a) or (b) for reasons other than inaction by the
10	examining board or hardship. A temporary license granted under par. (a) may be
11	renewed once by the examining board. A temporary license granted under par. (b)
12	may be renewed once by the examining board if the applicant fails an examination
13	for audiologist licensure under s. 459.26 (2) (a) or (b) and applies to take the next
14	available examination or if the applicant shows, to the satisfaction of the examining
15	board, sufficient cause for the renewal. An applicant for a temporary license shall
16	pay the fee specified in s. 440.05 (6).
17	History: 1989 a. 316; 1993 a. 16, 66; 1997 a. 49; 1999 a. 9; 2003 a. 270; 2007 a. 20. INSERT 8-12
18	SECTION 3. 459.26 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
19	459.26 (2) (am) The examining board shall by rule select and approve
20	examinations for audiology.
21	INSERT 8-20
(22)	SECTION 4. 459.28 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 459.28 (1) (intro) and
23	amended to read:

459.28 (1)	(intro.)	Upon application	and payment	of the	fee specifi	ed in s
440.05 (2), the e	xamining	board shall grant	do the followi	ng:		

(a) Grant a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology under s. 459.24 (2) or (3) to an applicant who holds a current speech-language pathologist or audiologist license in another state or territory of the United States if the examining board determines that the requirements for licensure in the other state or territory are substantially equivalent to the requirements under s. 459.24 (2) or (3).

History: 1989 a. 316; 1993 a. 16. SECTION 5. 459.28 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

459.28 (1) (b) Notwithstanding s. 459.28 (3) (d), grant a license to practice audiology under s. 459.24 (3) to an applicant who holds a current audiologist license in another state or territory of the United States if the examining board determines all of the following:

- 1. The requirements for licensure in the other state or territory are substantially equivalent to the requirements under s. 459.24 (3) (c), (e), and (em).
- 2. The applicant has submitted evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has completed a supervised clinical practicum and received a master's degree in audiology from a college or university approved by the examining board, or has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the completion of those requirements.

Kuczenski, Tracy

From:

Browne, Michael

Sent:

Thursday, September 17, 2009 10:54 AM

To: Subject: Kuczenski, Tracy audiology Irb 2757

Hi Tracy -

Sen. Lehman would like to get LRB 2757 re: audiology ready for introduction.

Also, you should be getting a request from Rep Zepnick's office for an Assembly companion draft ... fine to release to them.

Thanks for your help.

Mike Browne
Office of Senator John Lehman
310 South, State Capitol
(608) 266-1832
michael.browne@legis.wisconsin.gov



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State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2757/22 TKK:jld&bjk:ph

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT BEADY FOR INTRODUCTION

1/A/09 No changes 9
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AN ACT to repeal 15.407 (4) and 459.23; to renumber 459.01 (1); to renumber and amend 459.24 (3) (d), 459.24 (6) (b) and 459.28 (1); to amend 459.02 (2), 459.03 (1), 459.03 (2) (intro.), 459.03 (2) (b), 459.085, 459.10 (1) (g), 459.24 (1) (b), 459.24 (1m), 459.24 (3) (e), 459.24 (3) (f), 459.24 (3m) (a), 459.24 (6) (c), 459.26 (2) (a), 459.26 (2) (b) 4. and 459.34 (2) (d); and to create 459.01 (1d), 459.10 (1) (q) and (r), 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3., 459.24 (6) (b) 2., 459.26 (2) (am), 459.28 (1) (b), 459.34 (2) (i), 459.34 (2) (j) and 459.34 (2) (k) of the statutes; relating to: creating new grounds for discipline of hearing instrument specialists, audiologists, and speech-language pathologists, changing licensing requirements for audiologists, and granting rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes the following changes to the regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists.

Prohibited conduct.

1. <u>Deceptive advertising</u>. Under current law, the Hearing and Speech Examining Board (board) in the Department of Regulation and Licensing (department) may reprimand the holder of a license or permit issued by the board

or revoke, suspend, limit, or deny a license or permit if the holder or applicant engages in certain prohibited conduct, including false, misleading, or deceptive advertising. The bill prohibits deceptive advertising instead of false, misleading, or deceptive advertising. In addition, the bill creates a definition for "deceptive advertising," which includes creating or using promotional literature, testimonials, insignia, or other representation which is misleading, false, or untruthful.

2. <u>Misrepresentation</u>. The bill prohibits the holder of a license or permit from making an intentional or negligent representation regarding a hearing aid or services. The bill also prohibits the holder of a license or permit from misusing words that imply the involvement of the medical or audiology professions when there is no such involvement. Finally, the bill prohibits a hearing instrument specialist from intentionally or negligently misrepresenting the cause of a hearing impairment, or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.

Audiologist license. Under current law, a person seeking an audiologist license must have received a master's degree in audiology or completed education or training that the board determines is substantially equivalent. The person must also complete a postgraduate clinical fellowship in audiology approved by the board or substantially equivalent education or training. The person must also pass an examination required for certification by the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association or a substantially equivalent exam, as well as practical techniques tests administered by the board. The board may grant a license to practice audiology to a person who holds a current audiologist license in another state or United States territory if the board determines that the requirements for licensure are substantially equivalent to the requirements in this state.

With certain exceptions, the bill changes the requirements for audiologist licensure effective January 1, 2010. Beginning on that date, to obtain an audiologist license a person must do all of the following:

- 1. Either possess a doctoral degree in audiology or submit evidence of substantially equivalent education or training. The doctoral degree program must consist of not less than three years of educational course work and not less than 12 months of clinical rotation or externship.
- 2. Pass an exam selected or approved by the board as well as practical techniques tests administered by the board. The bill requires the board to select and approve examinations for audiology by rule. The bill authorizes the board to grant a license to practice audiology to a person who holds a current audiologist license in another state or United States territory if the applicant received a masters degree in audiology or completed education or training that the board determines is substantially equivalent and the board determines that the requirements for licensure are substantially equivalent to the requirements in this state.

Temporary license to practice audiology. Under current law, the board may grant a temporary license to practice audiology to a person who is completing a postgraduate fellowship if the person practices under the supervision of a licensed audiologist and satisfies other requirements. The bill eliminates temporary licensure for a person completing a postgraduate fellowship effective January 1, 2010. The bill permits the board to grant a temporary license to practice audiology

to a person who satisfies all the requirements for licensure but who has not completed the practical techniques tests administered by the board.

Other changes. Under current law, a corporation or mercantile establishment that sells or offers to sell hearing aids must employ a person licensed by the department as a hearing aid specialist or licensed or permitted by the board to practice audiology. The corporation or mercantile establishment must annually file with the board a list of persons employed to sell or fit hearing aids. This bill eliminates the annual filing requirement.

Under current law, persons who use audiometric equipment to evaluate hearing sensitivity for the fitting and sale of hearing aids must periodically calibrate the equipment and send certification of the calibration to the board. This bill eliminates the requirement that a certificate of calibration be sent to the board.

Under current law, a Council on Speech Language Pathology and Audiology (council) in the department serves the board in an advisory capacity. This bill eliminates the council.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.407 (4) of the statutes is repealed.

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SECTION 2. 459.01 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 459.01 (1m).

SECTION 3. 459.01 (1d) of the statutes is created to read:

459.01 (1d) "Deceptive advertising" means creating, using, or promoting the use of any advertising material, promotional literature, testimonial, guarantee, warranty, label, brand, insignia, or other representation, however disseminated or published, which is misleading, false, or untruthful.

SECTION 4. 459.02 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.02 (2) Nothing in this subchapter or subch. II shall prohibit any corporation or mercantile establishment which maintains an established business address from engaging in the business of selling or offering for sale hearing aids at retail without a license, provided that for the purpose of selling and fitting hearing

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aids it employs persons licensed under this subchapter or persons issued licenses or permits to practice audiology under subch. II. Such corporation or mercantile establishment shall annually file with the examining board a list of all persons employed for the purpose of selling and fitting hearing aids.

SECTION 5. 459.03 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.03 (1) Whoever practices fitting or selling of hearing aids under this subchapter A hearing instrument specialist who engages in the practice of fitting and dealing in hearing aids shall deliver to each person supplied with a hearing aid a receipt. The receipt shall contain the licensee's signature and show the licensee's business address and license title and number of the hearing instrument specialist, together with specifications as to the make and model of the hearing aid furnished and full terms of sale clearly stated. If a hearing aid which is not new is sold, the receipt and the container thereof must be clearly marked as "used" or "reconditioned" whichever is applicable.

SECTION 6. 459.03 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.03 (2) (intro.) The <u>receipt shall contain all of the</u> following <u>information</u>, that shall be set out in not less than 8-point type:

SECTION 7. 459.03 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.03 (2) (b) A statement that the purchaser has been advised at the outset of the purchaser's relationship with by the hearing instrument specialist that any examination or representation made by —a—the hearing instrument specialist in connection with the fitting and selling of this hearing aid is not an examination, diagnosis, or prescription by a person licensed to practice medicine or audiology in this state and therefore must not be regarded as medical or audiological opinion or advice.

1	SECTION 8. 459.085 of the statutes is amended to read:
2	459.085 Calibration of audiometric equipment. Audiometric equipment
3	used in the evaluation of hearing sensitivity for the fitting and sale of hearing aids
4	shall be calibrated periodically, as specified by rule by the examining board.
5	Certification of these calibrations shall be sent to the examining board with the
6	renewal fee required in s. 459.09 (1) (a).
7	SECTION 9. 459.10 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	459.10 (1) (g) Engaged in false, misleading or deceptive advertising.
9	SECTION 10. 459.10 (1) (q) and (r) of the statutes are created to read:
10	459.10 (1) (q) Intentionally or negligently misrepresented the cause of a
11	hearing impairment or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.
12	(r) Made an intentional or negligent misrepresentation regarding a hearing aid
13	or services.
14	SECTION 11. 459.23 of the statutes is repealed.
15	SECTION 12. 459.24 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	459.24 (1) (b) Engage in the practice of audiology or use the title "audiologist,"
17	"clinical audiologist," or any similar title unless the person holds a current
18	audiologist license granted by the examining board under sub. (3) or (6) (b).
19	SECTION 13. 459.24 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	459.24 (1m) PROHIBITED TITLES. No person may use the title "certified hearing
21	aid audiologist" or," "certified hearing instrument audiologist," "licensed hearing
22	instrument audiologist," "licensed hearing aid audiologist"
23	Section 14. 459.24 (3) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 459.24 (3) (d) (intro.)
24	and amended to read:

459.24 (3) (d) (intro.) Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has completed a supervised clinical practicum and received satisfied one of the following:

1. Received a master's degree in audiology from a college or university approved by the examining board, or has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the completion of those requirements. This subdivision does not apply to applications received after December 31, 2009.

SECTION 15. 459.24 (3) (d) 2. and 3. of the statutes are created to read:

459.24 (3) (d) 2. Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she possesses a doctoral degree in audiology from an accredited academic institution approved by the examining board by rule. The doctoral degree program must consist of not less than 3 years of educational course work and not less than 12 months of clinical rotation or externship. This subdivision applies to applications received after December 31, 2009.

3. Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the requirements under subd. 2. This subdivision applies to applications received after December 31, 2009.

Section 16. 459.24 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.24 (3) (e) Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has passed the examination required for certification as an audiologist by the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association or passes an examination under s. 459.26 (2) (a) to determine fitness as an audiologist, examinations selected or approved by the examining board by rule under s. 459.26 (2) (am), or has completed

education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to passing one of those examinations in determining fitness as an audiologist the examinations selected or approved by the examining board under s. 459.26 (2) (am).

SECTION 17. 459.24 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.24 (3) (f) Submits evidence satisfactory to the examining board that he or she has completed a postgraduate clinical fellowship in audiology approved by the examining board or has completed education or training that the examining board determines is substantially equivalent to the completion of such a fellowship. This paragraph applies to applications received on or before December 31, 2009.

SECTION 18. 459.24 (3m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.24 (3m) (a) Deliver to each person supplied with a hearing aid a receipt. The receipt shall contain the signature and show the business address and, license or permit title, and number of the licensee or permittee, together with specifications as to the make and model of the hearing aid and full terms of sale clearly stated. If a hearing aid that is not new is sold, the receipt and the container must be clearly marked as "used" or "reconditioned", whichever is applicable. The terms of the guarantee, if there is any given, shall be set out in not less than 8-point type.

SECTION 19. 459.24 (6) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 459.24 (6) (b) 1. and amended to read:

459.24 (6) (b) 1. Upon application, the examining board may grant a temporary license to practice audiology during the completion of the postgraduate fellowship required under sub. (3) (f) if the applicant practices under the supervision of an audiologist licensed under sub. (3), satisfies the requirements under sub. (3) (a) to (d), and has submitted an application to take the next available examinations for

licensure as an audiologist under s. 459.26 (2) (a) and (b). No license may be issued under this paragraph after December 31, 2009.

SECTION 20. 459.24 (6) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

459.24 (6) (b) 2. The examining board may grant a temporary license to practice audiology to an individual who satisfies the requirements under sub. (3) (a) to (e).

SECTION 21. 459.24 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.24 (6) (c) A temporary license granted under this subsection is valid for a period designated in rules promulgated by the examining board. The rules may designate a period that terminates if an applicant fails to take the next available examination under s. 459.26 (2) (a) or (b) for reasons other than inaction by the examining board or hardship. A temporary license granted under par. (a) may be renewed once by the examining board. A temporary license granted under par. (b) may be renewed once by the examining board if the applicant fails an examination for audiologist licensure under s. 459.26 (2) (a) or (b) and applies to take the next available examination or if the applicant shows, to the satisfaction of the examining board, sufficient cause for the renewal. An applicant for a temporary license shall pay the fee specified in s. 440.05 (6).

SECTION 22. 459.26 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.26 (2) (a) Examinations for speech-language pathologists shall consist of the examinations required for certification as a speech-language pathologist or as an audiologist by the American speech-language-hearing association or may consist of other written tests that require applicants to demonstrate minimum competency in services and subjects substantially related to the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology and that are substantially equivalent to the examinations required for such certification.

1	SECTION 23. 459.26 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
2	459.26 (2) (am) The examining board shall by rule select and approve
3	examinations for audiology.
4	SECTION 24. 459.26 (2) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	459.26 (2) (b) 4. Recording and evaluation of audiograms and speech
6	audiometry to determine proper selection and adaption adaptation of a hearing aid.
7	SECTION 25. 459.28 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 459.28 (1) (intro.) and
8	amended to read:
9	459.28 (1) (intro.) Upon application and payment of the fee specified in s.
10	440.05 (2), the examining board shall grant do the following:
11	(a) Grant a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology under
12	s. 459.24 (2) or (3) to an applicant who holds a current speech-language pathologist
13	or audiologist license in another state or territory of the United States if the
14	examining board determines that the requirements for licensure in the other state
15	or territory are substantially equivalent to the requirements under s. 459.24 (2) or
16	(3).
17	SECTION 26. 459.28 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
18	459.28 (1) (b) Notwithstanding s. 459.24 (3) (d), grant a license to practice
19	audiology under s. 459.24 (3) to an applicant who holds a current audiologist license
20	in another state or territory of the United States if the examining board determines
21	all of the following:
22	1. The requirements for licensure in the other state or territory are
23	substantially equivalent to the requirements under s. 459.24 (3) (c), (e), and (em).
24	2. The applicant has submitted evidence satisfactory to the examining board

that he or she has completed a supervised clinical practicum and received a master's

degree in audiology from a college or university approved by the examining board,
or has completed education or training that the examining board determines is
substantially equivalent to the completion of those requirements.
SECTION 27. 459.34 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
459.34 (2) (d) Advertised Engaged in a manner which is false, deceptive or
misleading advertising.
SECTION 28. 459.34 (2) (i) of the statutes is created to read:
459.34 (2) (i) Intentionally or negligently misrepresented the cause of a
hearing impairment or the cure of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.
SECTION 29. 459.34 (2) (j) of the statutes is created to read:
459.34 (2) (j) Made an intentional or negligent misrepresentation regarding a
hearing aid or services.
SECTION 30. 459.34 (2) (k) of the statutes is created to read:
459.34 (2) (k) Misused the words "doctor," "clinic," "clinical," or other words,
abbreviations, or symbols that imply the involvement of the medical or audiology
professions in the absence of such involvement.
Section 31. Effective date.
(1) This act takes effect on December 31, 2009, or on the day after publication,
whichever is later.

(END)

Parisi, Lori

From:

Browne, Michael

Sent:

To:

Subject:

Wednesday, October 14, 2009 4:23 PM LRB.Legal Draft Review: LRB 09-2757/1 Topic: regulation of audiology

Please Jacket LRB 09-2757/1 for the SENATE.