Fiscal Estimate - 2009 Session

	Original		Updated		Corrected		Suppler	nental				
LRB	Number	09-2202/1		Intro	duction Nun	nber A	B-0192	2				
Description Battery to a highway construction or maintenance worker and providing a penalty												
Fiscal	Effect											
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Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Districts 5. Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Counties Counties Districts Districts												
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS												
Agend	cy/Prepared	Ву	Auti	norized	Signature		I	Date				
DOC/ Sue Loniello (608) 240-5524 Robe				ert Margolies (608) 240-5056				4/13/2009				

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOC 4/13/2009

LRB Number	09-2202/1	Introduction Number	AB-0192	Estimate Type	Original				
Description									
Battery to a highway construction or maintenance worker and providing a penalty									

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, causing bodily harm to another person is a Class A misdemeanor and carries a maximum term of nine months in jail. Current law increases this penalty to a Class I felony (maximum of 1.5 years confinement and 2 years of extended supervision), if the battery is against emergency care providers or certain other government officials and employees.

This bill adds highway construction and maintenance workers to the individuals who would be covered under the Class I felony penalty. Although the Department cannot predict the number of offenders who may be subject to these enhanced criminal penalties or what the judges sentencing practices will be, enactment of this legislation could result in increased costs to the Department, if offenders who were previously sentenced for a Class A misdemeanor are now sentenced to prison for a Class I felony.

In FY08 the annual cost of an inmate in a DOC institution was approximately \$30,300. However, when there is excess capacity in DOC facilities, the incremental costs (i.e. food, health care and clothing) of housing a small number of inmates was approximately \$4,600, in FY08. When there is no excess capacity in DOC facilities, as is currently the case, the Department uses contract beds at a rate of \$18,800 annually per person. The annual cost for community supervision was \$2,400 in FY08.

Local county jails could see a decrease in costs if offenders who were previously sentenced to up to nine months in county jails are now sentenced to prison.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications