



State of Wisconsin  
2011 – 2012 LEGISLATURE



LRB-2027/2  
CMH&RNK:kjf/cjs/wlj:rs

## 2011 SENATE BILL 90

May 10, 2011 – Introduced by Senators GALLOWAY, GROTHMAN, HARSDORF, HOLPERIN, KAPANKE, LAZICH, LEIBHAM, MOULTON and ZIPPERER, cosponsored by Representatives MURSAU, WILLIAMS, BIES, KLEEFISCH, BALLWEG, BERNIER, BROOKS, ENDSLEY, HONADEL, JACQUE, KERKMAN, KESTELL, KNILANS, T. LARSON, LEMAHIEU, MURTHA, NASS, NERISON, NYGREN, A. OTT, PETERSEN, PETRYK, RIVARD, SEVERSON, SPANBAUER, STEINEKE, STRACHOTA, TAUCHEN and VAN ROY. Referred to Committee on Judiciary, Utilities, Commerce, and Government Operations.

1     **AN ACT** *to repeal* 941.237 (4), 948.605 (1) (a) and (am) and 948.605 (2) (b) 1. to  
2           5. and 7.; *to renumber* 167.30, 941.295 (1), 943.13 (1e) (a) and 947.01; *to*  
3           *renumber and amend* 23.33 (3) (e), 29.089 (2), 29.091, 29.314 (4) (b) 1., 29.621  
4           (4), 440.26 (3m), 941.23, 941.235 (2), 941.295 (2) (d), 941.295 (4), 943.13 (2),  
5           948.605 (2) (b) 6. and 948.605 (2) (b) 8.; *to amend* 48.685 (2) (bb), 50.065 (2) (bb),  
6           59.54 (6), 66.0409 (3) (b), 165.60, 165.81 (2), 165.82 (1) (intro.), 165.82 (2),  
7           167.31 (1) (b), 813.12 (6) (am) 1., 813.122 (9) (am) 1., 813.125 (5r) (a), 895.527  
8           (5) (a), 938.396 (2g) (n), 939.22 (10), 941.295 (2) (intro.), 943.13 (1m) (b), 943.13  
9           (3), 947.011 (2) (a) 1., 947.011 (2) (c) 1., 947.011 (2) (d), 948.60 (1), 948.605 (2)  
10          (b) (intro.), 968.255 (1) (a) 2., 971.37 (1m) (a) 2. and 973.055 (1) (a) 1.; *to repeal*  
11          *and recreate* 29.314 (3) (b) 1.; and *to create* 20.455 (2) (gs), 20.455 (2) (gu),  
12          23.33 (3) (e) 1., 23.33 (3) (e) 2., 23.33 (3) (e) 3., 23.33 (3) (e) 4., 29.089 (2) (a),  
13          29.089 (2) (b), 29.089 (2) (c), 29.089 (2) (d), 29.091 (2), 29.314 (4) (b) 1g., 29.621  
14          (4) (a), 29.621 (4) (b), 29.621 (4) (c), 29.621 (4) (d), 29.621 (6), 66.0409 (6), 165.25

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1 (12), 167.30 (2), 167.31 (4) (ar), 167.31 (4) (at), 175.48, 175.49, 175.60, 440.26  
 2 (3m) (a), 440.26 (3m) (b), 440.26 (3m) (c), 440.26 (3m) (d), 941.23 (1), 941.23 (2)  
 3 (b), 941.23 (2) (c), 941.23 (2) (d), 941.23 (2) (e), 941.23 (3), 941.235 (2) (c), 941.235  
 4 (2) (d), 941.235 (2) (e), 941.237 (3) (cr), 941.237 (3) (ct), 941.237 (3) (cx), 941.295  
 5 (1c) (b) and (c), 941.295 (2) (d) 2., 941.295 (2g), 941.295 (2r), 943.13 (1e) (aL),  
 6 943.13 (1e) (bm), 943.13 (1e) (cm), 943.13 (1e) (g), 943.13 (1m) (c), 943.13 (1n),  
 7 943.13 (2) (bm), 946.71, 947.01 (2) and 948.605 (2) (b) 1m. and 1r. of the statutes;  
 8 **relating to:** carrying a concealed weapon; licenses authorizing persons to carry  
 9 concealed weapons; possessing or transporting a firearm, bow, or crossbow  
 10 under certain circumstances; disorderly conduct limitations; photographic  
 11 identification cards for former law enforcement officers; providing an  
 12 exemption from emergency rule procedures; requiring the exercise of  
 13 rule-making authority; making appropriations; and providing penalties.

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***Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau***

This bill creates a licensing system under which an individual is permitted to carry a concealed weapon. The bill also makes changes in Wisconsin law to account for a federal law that requires the state to permit an individual who works as or who formerly worked as a federal, state, tribal, or local law enforcement officer in Wisconsin or in any other state to carry a concealed firearm. This bill also makes changes to laws regulating firearms and other weapons.

**CURRENT LAW REGARDING THE POSSESSION OF WEAPONS**

***Wisconsin law***

In general, under current Wisconsin law, no person may go armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon. The “going armed with” language includes cases in which a person is carrying a concealed weapon but has not gone and is not going anywhere with it and cases in which a weapon is readily accessible to a person in a car. A person who violates the prohibition may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than nine months or both. This prohibition has many exceptions. First, Wisconsin law provides an exception for law enforcement officers. Second, under *State v. Hamdan*, 2003 WI 113, 264 Wis. 2d 433, this prohibition is unconstitutional if applied to a person carrying a concealed weapon at his or her own business when: 1) the person’s interest in carrying a concealed weapon substantially

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outweighs the state's interest in enforcing the concealed weapons law; 2) the person has no other reasonable means to keep and handle the weapon; and 3) the person is not motivated by an unlawful purpose in concealing it. In *Hamdan*, the court also indicated that the constitutional right to keep and bear arms for security allows a person to carry a concealed weapon under certain circumstances in his or her own home.

Current Wisconsin law also prohibits, with certain exceptions, going armed with or possessing a firearm in a public building, tavern, state park, or wildlife refuge or within 1,000 feet of the grounds of a school. In addition, current Wisconsin law prohibits, with certain exceptions, carrying a firearm, bow, or crossbow in most vehicles unless the firearm is unloaded and encased or the bow or crossbow is unstrung and encased. A person who violates one of these prohibitions is subject to civil or criminal penalties.

***Federal law***

Under federal law, qualified current law enforcement officers and qualified former law enforcement officers may carry concealed firearms that have been shipped or transported in interstate or foreign commerce, regardless of any state prohibition.

Federal law specifies the criteria that a person must meet to be a qualified current law enforcement officer or a qualified former law enforcement officer. To be the first, a person must: 1) be employed by a government agency; 2) be a law enforcement officer; 3) be authorized by the agency to carry a firearm; 4) not be the subject of any disciplinary action by the agency that could result in the loss or suspension of law enforcement authority; 5) not be under the influence of alcohol or other drugs; 6) not be prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm; and 7) meet all standards, if any, established by the agency to qualify the person on a regular basis to use a firearm. For a person to be a qualified former law enforcement officer, all of the following must apply: 1) the person separated from service with a government agency as a law enforcement officer in good standing; 2) before separating from service, the person served as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 10 years or more or separated due to a service-connected disability after completing any applicable probationary period; 3) the person has not been found by a medical professional to be unqualified to be a law enforcement officer for reasons related to his or her mental health and has not acknowledged in an agreement with the law enforcement agency that formerly employed him or her that he or she is not qualified to be a law enforcement officer for reasons related to his or her mental health; 4) the person is not under the influence of alcohol or other drugs; 5) the person is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm; and 6) during the most recent 12-month period, the person has met his or her home state's standards for qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry a firearm.

Under federal law, if a person is a qualified law enforcement officer, the prohibition contained in Wisconsin law regarding going armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon does not apply to his or her going armed with a concealed firearm if the person carries a photographic identification issued by the agency for which he or she works. If the person is a qualified former law enforcement officer, the

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prohibition does not apply to his or her going armed with a concealed firearm if the person carries either: 1) a photographic identification issued by the law enforcement agency from which the person separated from service as a law enforcement officer that indicates that, within the preceding 12 months, the person has met the standards set by the agency for qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry the type of firearm that the qualified former law enforcement officer is carrying concealed; or 2) both of the following: a) a photographic identification issued by the agency from which the person separated from service as a law enforcement officer; and b) a certification issued by the state in which the person resides or by a certified firearms instructor that is qualified to test active duty officers in that state that indicates that, within the preceding 12 months, the person has been found to meet either state standards or standards set by a law enforcement agency in the state for qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry the type of firearm that the qualified former law enforcement officer is carrying concealed.

Federal law also specifies that a state may: 1) permit private persons or entities to bar the possession of concealed firearms on their own property; and 2) prohibit or restrict the possession of firearms on any state or local government property, installation, base, building, or park.

**HOW THE BILL CHANGES WISCONSIN'S CONCEALED WEAPONS LAW*****Carrying a concealed weapon in your own home or business***

This bill permits a person to go armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon in his or her own home or place of business or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.

***Licenses to carry a concealed weapon***

This bill creates a procedure by which a person may apply to the Department of Justice (DOJ) for a license to carry a concealed weapon. Specifically, the license authorizes a person to carry a concealed weapon (a handgun, an electric weapon, a knife other than a switchblade, or a billy club) anywhere in this state except in particular places. Accordingly, the bill amends other prohibitions previously discussed that relate to the use and possession of firearms to specify that they generally do not apply to licensees.

A person licensed under the bill is generally prohibited from carrying a concealed weapon or a weapon that is not concealed in a police station, sheriff's office, or state patrol station; in a prison or jail; in a courthouse; beyond the security checkpoint at an airport; and on the grounds of a school. A business owner or person in his or her own home may prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed weapon into the business or home, an employer generally may prohibit an employee from carrying a concealed weapon in the course of the employee's employment, and the state or a local governmental unit may prohibit a licensee from carrying a firearm into a building that is owned, occupied, or controlled by the state or the local governmental unit.

***Licensing requirements and procedure***

Under the bill, DOJ must issue or renew a license to carry a concealed weapon to an applicant who is a resident of Wisconsin unless the applicant is less than 21

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years old or is prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal or state law. DOJ must conduct a background check of an applicant for a license or for a license renewal to determine if he or she is ineligible for a license.

Furthermore, the bill does all of the following:

1. Provides that, with certain exceptions, a license to carry a concealed weapon is valid for five years.

2. Requires each circuit court to notify DOJ of any court proceeding that would result in a suspension or revocation of a license if the subject of the proceeding had a license. DOJ must determine if the subject of such proceeding has a license and, if the subject does, DOJ must revoke the license if the subject is no longer eligible to have a license or suspend the license if the subject, after being charged with a misdemeanor, is ordered by the court not to possess a firearm.

3. Allows an individual who requires a license immediately to petition a court for such a license. A court may grant a license, which is valid for 30 days, if the court determines that immediate licensure is warranted to protect the individual from death or great bodily harm.

4. Provides an appeals process for a person whose application for a license is denied or whose license is suspended or revoked.

5. Requires DOJ to keep a list of licensees but specifies that DOJ may provide information from that list regarding a specific licensee only to law enforcement agencies and only in certain circumstances.

6. Requires a person who applies for a license to pay a \$13 background check fee and an application fee of up to \$52 to cover DOJ's costs in issuing the license. A person who applies to renew his or her license must pay the same background check fee and a renewal fee of up to \$27 to cover DOJ's costs in renewing the license.

7. Grants immunity from liability for acts done under the bill to DOJ, the Department of Transportation, and the employees of both departments; various court employees; businesses, nonprofit organizations, or individuals that do not prohibit persons from carrying concealed weapons on their property; and employers that do not prohibit employees from carrying concealed weapons during the course of employment.

8. Treats a permit, license, approval, or other authorization issued by another state in the same manner as a license issued under this bill if the individual who possesses the authorization submitted to a background check to determine if the individual is prohibited from possessing a firearm.

***Penalties for certain offenses related to weapons***

The bill establishes penalties for offenses that relate to concealed weapons or that are committed by licensees. First, a licensee or out-of-state licensee who fails to carry his or her license document or photographic identification, or to display either upon the request of a law enforcement officer, while the person is carrying a concealed weapon, may be required to forfeit \$25. Second, a licensee who, for a second or subsequent time, or an individual whose license is suspended or revoked who fails to notify DOJ of a change in address within 30 days of the change may be required to forfeit \$50. Third, a licensee who carries a concealed weapon in a place where the bill prohibits him or her from doing so may be fined not more than \$500



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or imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both. Fourth, a person who intentionally fails to relinquish a license document to DOJ after the license has been revoked must be fined not more than \$500 and may be imprisoned for not more than 30 days, or both. Fifth, a person who intentionally makes a false statement in an application for a license may be charged with false swearing, a Class H felony.

The bill also prohibits an individual from intentionally representing that an invalid license to carry a concealed weapon is valid; from selling, lending, or allowing another individual to use his or her license; from representing that a license belongs to the individual if it has not been issued to him or her; from permitting unlawful use of his or her license; from reproducing a license for unlawful purposes; or from altering a license. A person who violates one of these prohibitions is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than nine months, or both.

***Active duty and former law enforcement officers***

This bill codifies the provisions of federal law that make the state concealed weapons prohibition inapplicable to active duty and former law enforcement officers under the circumstances specified in federal law as described above. To implement federal law, the bill also makes certain other state law prohibitions regarding the carrying of firearms inapplicable to an active duty or former law enforcement officer if he or she is carrying a concealed firearm under those same circumstances.

This bill also requires state and local law enforcement agencies to issue and renew certification cards to qualified former law enforcement officers who separated from service with those agencies and requires DOJ to issue and renew certification cards to qualified former federal law enforcement officers who reside in Wisconsin. The qualifications mirror those listed in federal law, including: the former officer was in good standing when he or she separated from service; the former officer served for a period of ten years, unless he or she separated earlier due to service-connected disability after completing any probationary period; the former officer has met certain standards for qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry certain types of firearms; and the former officer was not disqualified from law enforcement for reasons related to his or her mental health. The cards enable the former officers to carry concealed firearms in the manner provided under federal law. The law enforcement agencies or DOJ, whichever is issuing the certification card to the former officer, must include personal information about the former officer, including a photograph; must include a statement that the former officer has met certain standards for qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry the types of firearms that are listed on the certification card; and must provide an expiration date of 12 months after the certification card is issued or renewed.

If a former officer is carrying his or her valid certification card, he or she is exempt from the prohibitions against carrying a concealed weapon only if the following apply: 1) the former officer is not carrying a firearm that is not designated on the card or identification, if the card or identification includes such a designation, and the firearm is not a machine gun or a destructive device and he or she is not carrying a firearm silencer; 2) the former officer is not under the influence of an

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intoxicant; and 3) federal law does not prohibit the former officer from possessing a firearm.

**OTHER LAWS REGARDING WEAPONS**

This bill specifies that an individual does not violate the prohibition against disorderly conduct, or does not violate any local ordinance prohibiting disorderly conduct, by loading, carrying, or going armed with a firearm without regard to whether the firearm is loaded or whether the firearm is concealed or openly carried.

Current law imposes certain restrictions on the placement, possession, and transportation (carrying) of a firearm in or on a vehicle. The restrictions vary depending on the type of vehicle in which the firearm is carried. Generally, current law prohibits a person from carrying a firearm in or on a vehicle unless the firearm is unloaded and encased and prohibits a person from loading or discharging a firearm in or from a vehicle. This bill specifies that these restrictions do not apply to a person who carries a firearm in a vehicle, other than a commercial airplane, if the person is a qualified active duty or former law enforcement officer or a licensee and if the firearm is a handgun.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

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***The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:***

1           **SECTION 1.** 20.455 (2) (gs) of the statutes is created to read:

2           20.455 (2) (gs) *Background check for licenses to carry concealed weapons.* All  
3           moneys received as fee payments under s. 175.60 (7) (c) and (d) and (15) (b) 4. a. and  
4           b. to provide services under s. 175.60.

5           **SECTION 2.** 20.455 (2) (gu) of the statutes is created to read:

6           20.455 (2) (gu) *Certification cards for carrying concealed weapons.* All moneys  
7           received as fees under s. 175.49 (5m) to verify eligibility of, and to issue certification  
8           cards to, former officers seeking to carry concealed weapons.

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1           **SECTION 3.** 23.33 (3) (e) of the statutes is renumbered 23.33 (3) (e) (intro.) and  
2 amended to read:

3           23.33 **(3)** (e) (intro.) With any firearm in his or her possession unless it is  
4 unloaded and enclosed in a carrying case, or any bow unless it is unstrung or enclosed  
5 in a carrying case. This paragraph does not apply to any of the following:

6           **SECTION 4.** 23.33 (3) (e) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

7           23.33 **(3)** (e) 1. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a  
8 law enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (g) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

9           **SECTION 5.** 23.33 (3) (e) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

10          23.33 **(3)** (e) 2. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in  
11 s. 941.23 (1) (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

12          **SECTION 6.** 23.33 (3) (e) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

13          23.33 **(3)** (e) 3. A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23  
14 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.

15          **SECTION 7.** 23.33 (3) (e) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

16          23.33 **(3)** (e) 4. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state  
17 licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), who possesses a handgun, as defined in s.  
18 175.60 (1) (bm).

19          **SECTION 8.** 29.089 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 29.089 (2) (intro.) and  
20 amended to read:

21          29.089 **(2)** (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (3), no person may have in his or  
22 her possession or under his or her control a firearm on land located in state parks or  
23 state fish hatcheries unless the firearm is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying  
24 case. This subsection does not apply to any of the following:

25          **SECTION 9.** 29.089 (2) (a) of the statutes is created to read:



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1           29.089 (2) (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a  
2 law enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (g) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

3           **SECTION 10.** 29.089 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

4           29.089 (2) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s.  
5 941.23 (1) (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

6           **SECTION 11.** 29.089 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

7           29.089 (2) (c) A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23  
8 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.

9           **SECTION 12.** 29.089 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

10          29.089 (2) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state  
11 licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s.  
12 175.60 (1) (bm).

13          **SECTION 13.** 29.091 of the statutes is renumbered 29.091 (1) and amended to  
14 read:

15          29.091 (1) No person may hunt or trap within any wildlife refuge established  
16 under s. 23.09 (2) (b) or 29.621 (1), or, except as provided in sub. (2), have possession  
17 or control of any gun, firearm, bow or crossbow unless the gun or firearm is unloaded,  
18 the bow or crossbow is unstrung and the gun, firearm, bow or crossbow is enclosed  
19 within a carrying case. The taking of predatory game birds and animals shall be done  
20 as the department directs. All state wildlife refuge boundary lines shall be marked  
21 by posts placed at intervals of not over 500 feet and bearing signs with the words  
22 “Wisconsin Wildlife Refuge”.

23          **SECTION 14.** 29.091 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

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1           29.091 **(2)** The prohibition in sub. (1), as it relates to the possession or control  
2 of a loaded or unencased gun or firearm within a refuge established under s. 23.09  
3 (2) (b), does not apply to any of the following:

4           (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law  
5 enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (g) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

6           (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)  
7 (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

8           (c) A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1.  
9 to 7. applies.

10           (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as  
11 defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the gun or firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.60  
12 (1) (bm).

13           **SECTION 15.** 29.314 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:  
14 29.314 **(3)** (b) 1. To any of the following:

15           a. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law  
16 enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (g) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

17           b. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)  
18 (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

19           c. A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to  
20 7. applies.

21           d. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as  
22 defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (bm).

23           **SECTION 16.** 29.314 (4) (b) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 29.314 (4) (b) 1r. and  
24 amended to read:

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1           29.314 (4) (b) 1r. To ~~a peace officer on official business,~~ an employee of the  
2 department on official business or a person authorized by the department to conduct  
3 a game census.

4           **SECTION 17.** 29.314 (4) (b) 1g. of the statutes is created to read:

5           29.314 (4) (b) 1g. To any person under sub. (3) (b) 1.

6           **SECTION 18.** 29.621 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 29.621 (4) (intro.) and  
7 amended to read:

8           29.621 (4) PROTECTION. (intro.) Except as provided in s. 29.091 (1), no owner  
9 of a wildlife refuge, and no other person, may hunt or trap within the boundaries of  
10 any wildlife refuge or have in his or her possession or under his or her control in the  
11 wildlife refuge a gun, firearm, bow or crossbow, unless the gun or firearm is unloaded,  
12 the bow or crossbow is unstrung and the gun, firearm, bow or crossbow is enclosed  
13 within a carrying case. ~~Nothing in this section may prohibit, prevent or interfere~~  
14 ~~with the department in the destruction of injurious animals.~~ This subsection, as it  
15 relates to the possession or control of a loaded or unencased firearm, does not apply  
16 to any of the following:

17           **SECTION 19.** 29.621 (4) (a) of the statutes is created to read:

18           29.621 (4) (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a  
19 law enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (g) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

20           **SECTION 20.** 29.621 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

21           29.621 (4) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s.  
22 941.23 (1) (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

23           **SECTION 21.** 29.621 (4) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

24           29.621 (4) (c) A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23  
25 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.

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1           **SECTION 22.** 29.621 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

2           29.621 **(4)** (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state  
3 licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the gun or firearm is a handgun, as defined  
4 in s. 175.60 (1) (bm).

5           **SECTION 23.** 29.621 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

6           29.621 **(6)** INJURIOUS ANIMALS. Nothing in this section may prohibit, prevent,  
7 or interfere with the department in the destruction of injurious animals.

8           **SECTION 24.** 48.685 (2) (bb) of the statutes is amended to read:

9           48.685 **(2)** (bb) If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) 1. indicates a  
10 charge of a serious crime, but does not completely and clearly indicate the final  
11 disposition of the charge, the department, county department, agency contracted  
12 with under s. 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school board, or entity shall make  
13 every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to determine the final disposition  
14 of the charge. If a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am) indicates  
15 a charge or a conviction of a serious crime, but information obtained under par. (am)  
16 or (b) 1. does not indicate such a charge or conviction, the department, county  
17 department, agency contracted with under s. 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school  
18 board, or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to  
19 obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and the final disposition of the complaint.  
20 If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) 1., a background information form  
21 under sub. (6) (a) or (am), or any other information indicates a conviction of a  
22 violation of s. 940.19 (1), 940.195, 940.20, 941.30, 942.08, 947.01 (1), or 947.013  
23 obtained not more than 5 years before the date on which that information was  
24 obtained, the department, county department, agency contracted with under s.  
25 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school board, or entity shall make every reasonable

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1 effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and  
2 judgment of conviction relating to that violation.

3 **SECTION 25.** 50.065 (2) (bb) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 50.065 (2) (bb) If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) indicates a charge  
5 of a serious crime, but does not completely and clearly indicate the final disposition  
6 of the charge, the department or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact  
7 the clerk of courts to determine the final disposition of the charge. If a background  
8 information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am), or any disclosure made pursuant to a  
9 disclosure policy described under sub. (6) (am), indicates a charge or a conviction of  
10 a serious crime, but information obtained under par. (am) or (b) does not indicate  
11 such a charge or conviction, the department or entity shall make every reasonable  
12 effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and the  
13 final disposition of the complaint. If information obtained under par. (am) or (b), a  
14 background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am), any disclosure made  
15 pursuant to a disclosure policy described under sub. (6) (am), or any other  
16 information indicates a conviction of a violation of s. 940.19 (1), 940.195, 940.20,  
17 941.30, 942.08, 947.01 (1), or 947.013 obtained not more than 5 years before the date  
18 on which that information was obtained, the department or entity shall make every  
19 reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal  
20 complaint and judgment of conviction relating to that violation.

21 **SECTION 26.** 59.54 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 59.54 (6) PEACE AND ORDER. The board may enact and enforce ordinances to  
23 preserve the public peace and good order within the county including, but not limited  
24 by enumeration, ordinances prohibiting conduct that is the same as or similar to



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1 conduct that is prohibited by ss. 947.01 (1) and 947.02, and provide a forfeiture for  
2 a violation of the ordinances.

3 **SECTION 27.** 66.0409 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 66.0409 (3) (b) Nothing in this section prohibits a city, village or town that is  
5 authorized to exercise village powers under s. 60.22 (3) from enacting an ordinance  
6 or adopting a resolution that restricts the discharge of a firearm. Any ordinance or  
7 resolution that restricts the discharge of a firearm does not apply and may not be  
8 enforced if the actor's conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a criminal penalty,  
9 would have been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.

10 **SECTION 28.** 66.0409 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

11 66.0409 (6) No person may be in violation of, or be charged with a violation of,  
12 an ordinance of a political subdivision relating to disorderly conduct or other  
13 inappropriate behavior for loading, carrying, or going armed with a firearm, without  
14 regard to whether the firearm is loaded or is concealed or openly carried. Any  
15 ordinance in violation of this subsection does not apply and may not be enforced.

16 **SECTION 29.** 165.25 (12) of the statutes is created to read:

17 165.25 (12) RULES REGARDING CONCEALED WEAPONS LICENSES. Promulgate by  
18 rule a list of states that issue a permit, license, approval, or other authorization to  
19 carry a concealed weapon if the permit, license, approval, or other authorization  
20 requires, or designates that the holder chose to submit to, a background search that  
21 is comparable to a background check as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (ac).

22 **SECTION 30.** 165.60 of the statutes is amended to read:

23 **165.60 Law enforcement.** The department of justice is authorized to enforce  
24 ss. 101.123 (2), (2m), and (8), 175.60 (17) (e), 944.30, 944.31, 944.33, 944.34, 945.02  
25 (2), 945.03 (1m), and 945.04 (1m) and ch. 108 and, with respect to a false statement

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1 submitted or made under s. 175.60 (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2., to enforce s. 946.32 and is  
2 invested with the powers conferred by law upon sheriffs and municipal police officers  
3 in the performance of those duties. This section does not deprive or relieve sheriffs,  
4 constables, and other local police officers of the power and duty to enforce those  
5 sections, and those officers shall likewise enforce those sections.

6 **SECTION 31.** 165.81 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 165.81 (2) Any electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4) (1c) (a), in the  
8 possession of the laboratories shall either be destroyed or be turned over to an agency  
9 authorized to have electric weapons under s. 941.295 (2).

10 **SECTION 32.** 165.82 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 165.82 (1) (intro.) Notwithstanding s. 19.35 (3), the department of justice shall  
12 impose the following fees, plus any surcharge required under sub. (1m), for criminal  
13 history searches for purposes unrelated to criminal justice or to s. 175.35, 175.49, or  
14 175.60:

15 **SECTION 33.** 165.82 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 165.82 (2) ~~Except as provided in s. 175.35, the~~ The department of justice shall  
17 not impose fees for criminal history searches for purposes related to criminal justice.

18 **SECTION 34.** 167.30 of the statutes is renumbered 167.30 (1).

19 **SECTION 35.** 167.30 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

20 167.30 (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to the discharge of a firearm if the  
21 actor's conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a criminal penalty, would have  
22 been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.

23 **SECTION 36.** 167.31 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1           167.31 (1) (b) “Encased” means enclosed in a case ~~that is expressly made for~~  
2           ~~the purpose of containing a firearm and~~ that is completely zipped, snapped, buckled,  
3           tied or otherwise fastened with no part of the firearm exposed.

4           **SECTION 37.** 167.31 (4) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:

5           167.31 (4) (ar) The restrictions that apply to firearms under sub. (2) (a), (b), and  
6           (c), and, if the aircraft is not a commercial aircraft, sub. (3) (a) and (b), do not apply  
7           to any of the following if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (bm):

8           1. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law  
9           enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (g) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

10          2. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)  
11          (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

12          3. A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to  
13          7. applies.

14          4. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as  
15          defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).

16          **SECTION 38.** 167.31 (4) (at) of the statutes is created to read:

17          167.31 (4) (at) Subsections (2) (c) and (d) and (3) (b) do not apply to the  
18          discharge of a firearm if the actor’s conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a  
19          criminal penalty, would have been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.

20          **SECTION 39.** 175.48 of the statutes is created to read:

21          **175.48 Law enforcement officer identification cards. (1)** In this section,  
22          “Wisconsin law enforcement agency” has the meaning given in s. 175.46 (1) (f).

23          **(2)** If a Wisconsin law enforcement agency issues photographic identification  
24          cards to its officers, it may not require an officer to relinquish his or her card when

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1 the officer separates from service with the Wisconsin law enforcement agency unless  
2 one of the following applies:

3 (a) The officer may not lawfully possess a firearm under federal law.

4 (b) The officer did not separate from service in good standing as a law  
5 enforcement officer with the agency.

6 (c) The officer served as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of less than  
7 10 years. This paragraph does not apply if the officer, after completing any  
8 applicable probationary period of service with the agency, separated from service  
9 with the agency due to a service-connected disability, as determined by the agency.

10 (d) 1. A qualified medical professional employed by the law enforcement agency  
11 has found the officer to be unqualified to be a law enforcement officer for reasons  
12 related to the officer's mental health.

13 2. The officer has entered into an agreement with the law enforcement agency  
14 from which he or she is separating from service in which the officer acknowledges  
15 that he or she is not qualified to be a law enforcement officer for reasons related to  
16 the officer's mental health and in which the officer declines the photographic  
17 identification for that reason.

18 **(3)** Unless sub. (2) (a), (b), (c), or (d) applies, if a Wisconsin law enforcement  
19 agency does not issue photographic identification cards to its officers, it shall issue  
20 such a card to an officer who separates from service with that agency upon the  
21 separating officer's request and at his or her expense.

22 **(4)** This section does not restrict the right of an officer who has separated from  
23 service to go armed with a firearm that is not concealed.

24 **SECTION 40.** 175.49 of the statutes is created to read:

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1           **175.49 Former law enforcement officers seeking to carry concealed**  
2 **weapons. (1) DEFINITIONS.** In this section:

3           (a) “Department” means the department of justice.

4           (b) “Destructive device” has the meaning given in 18 USC 921 (a) (4).

5           (c) “Firearm silencer” has the meaning given in s. 941.298 (1).

6           (d) “Former federal law enforcement officer” means a person who separated  
7 from service as a law enforcement officer at a federal law enforcement agency and  
8 who resides in Wisconsin.

9           (e) “Former law enforcement officer” means a person who separated from  
10 service as a law enforcement officer at a state or local law enforcement agency in  
11 Wisconsin.

12           (f) “Law enforcement agency” means an agency that consists of one or more  
13 persons employed by the federal government, including any agency described under  
14 18 USC 926C (e) (2); a state, or a political subdivision of a state; the U.S. armed forces;  
15 or the national guard, that has as its purposes the prevention and detection of crime  
16 and the enforcement of laws or ordinances, and that is authorized to make arrests  
17 for crimes.

18           (g) “Law enforcement officer” means a person who is employed by a law  
19 enforcement agency for the purpose of engaging in, or supervising others engaging  
20 in, the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of  
21 any person for, any violation of law and who has statutory powers of arrest.

22           (h) “Machine gun” has the meaning given in s. 941.27 (1).

23           **(2) CERTIFICATION OF FORMER LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.** (a) Upon the request  
24 of a former law enforcement officer and at the expense of the former law enforcement  
25 agency officer, a law enforcement agency that employed the former law enforcement



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1 officer shall, except as provided in par. (b), issue the former law enforcement officer  
2 a certification card as described in sub. (4) stating all of the following:

3 1. The type of firearm the former law enforcement officer is certified to carry,  
4 but no former law enforcement officer may be certified to carry a machine gun, a  
5 firearm silencer, or a destructive device.

6 2. The former law enforcement officer has been found by the state, or by a  
7 certified firearms instructor if such an instructor is qualified to conduct a firearms  
8 qualification test for law enforcement officers in the state, to meet the standards for  
9 qualification in firearms training for law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of  
10 the type under subd. 1., that are established by the state or, if the state does not  
11 establish standards, by the law enforcement agency from which the former law  
12 enforcement officer separated.

13 3. The date on which the finding under subd. 2. was made and an expiration  
14 date that is 12 months later than that date.

15 4. That, due to the finding under subd. 2., the former law enforcement officer  
16 is qualified to carry a concealed firearm of the type under subd. 1.

17 (b) The law enforcement agency may not issue the former law enforcement  
18 officer a certification card under par. (a) unless the law enforcement agency first  
19 verifies all of the following:

20 1. The former law enforcement officer separated from service as a law  
21 enforcement officer with the law enforcement agency in good standing.

22 2. The former law enforcement officer served as a law enforcement officer for  
23 an aggregate of at least 10 years or the former law enforcement officer separated  
24 from law enforcement service due to a service-connected disability, as determined  
25 by the law enforcement agency, after completing any applicable probationary period.

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1           3. a. A qualified medical professional employed by the law enforcement agency  
2 has not found the former law enforcement officer to be unqualified to be a law  
3 enforcement officer for reasons related to the former officer’s mental health.

4           b. The former law enforcement officer has not entered into an agreement with  
5 the law enforcement agency from which he or she separated from service in which  
6 the former officer acknowledges that he or she is not qualified to be a law enforcement  
7 officer for reasons related to his or her mental health and in which he or she declines  
8 the photographic identification for that reason.

9           4. The former law enforcement officer is not prohibited under federal law from  
10 possessing a firearm as indicated by a search of the transaction information for  
11 management of enforcement system and the national crime information center  
12 system.

13           5. The former law enforcement officer has, during the previous 12 months at  
14 his or her own expense, been found by the state, or by a certified firearms instructor  
15 if such an instructor is qualified to conduct a firearms qualification test for law  
16 enforcement officers in the state, to meet the standards for qualification in firearms  
17 training for law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the type under par. (a) 1.,  
18 that are established by the state or, if the state does not establish standards, by the  
19 law enforcement agency from which the former law enforcement officer separated.

20           **(3) CERTIFICATION OF FORMER FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.** (a) Upon the  
21 request of a former federal law enforcement officer and at the expense of the former  
22 federal law enforcement officer, the department shall, except as provided in par. (b),  
23 issue the former federal law enforcement officer a certification card as described in  
24 sub. (4) stating all of the following:

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1           1. The type of firearm the former federal law enforcement officer is certified to  
2 carry, but no former federal law enforcement officer may be certified to carry a  
3 machine gun, a firearm silencer, or a destructive device.

4           2. The former federal law enforcement officer been found by the state, or by a  
5 certified firearms instructor if such an instructor is qualified to conduct a firearms  
6 qualification test for law enforcement officers in the state, to meet the standards for  
7 qualification in firearms training for law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of  
8 the type under subd. 1., that are established by the state or, if the state does not  
9 establish standards, by any law enforcement agency in the state.

10          3. The date on which the finding under subd. 2. was made and an expiration  
11 date that is 12 months later than that date.

12          4. That, due to the finding under subd. 2., the former federal law enforcement  
13 officer is qualified to carry a concealed firearm of the type under subd. 1.

14          (b) The department may not issue the former federal law enforcement officer  
15 a certification card under par. (a) unless the department first verifies all of the  
16 following:

17           1. The former federal law enforcement officer separated from service as a law  
18 enforcement officer with the law enforcement agency in good standing.

19           2. The former federal law enforcement officer served as a law enforcement  
20 officer for an aggregate of at least 10 years or the former federal law enforcement  
21 officer separated from law enforcement service due to a service–connected disability,  
22 as determined by the law enforcement agency from which the former federal law  
23 enforcement officer separated, after completing any applicable probationary period.

24           3. a. A qualified medical professional employed by the law enforcement agency  
25 from which the former federal law enforcement officer separated has not found the

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1 former federal law enforcement officer to be unqualified to be a law enforcement  
2 officer for reasons related to the former officer's mental health.

3 b. The former federal law enforcement officer has not entered into an  
4 agreement with the law enforcement agency from which he or she separated from  
5 service in which the former officer acknowledges that he or she is not qualified to be  
6 a law enforcement officer for reasons related to his or her mental health.

7 4. The former federal law enforcement officer is not prohibited under federal  
8 law from possessing a firearm as indicated by a search of the transaction information  
9 for management of enforcement system and the national crime information center  
10 system.

11 5. The former federal law enforcement officer has, during the previous 12  
12 months at his or her own expense, been found by the state, or by a certified firearms  
13 instructor if such an instructor is qualified to conduct a firearms qualification test  
14 for law enforcement officers in the state, to meet the standards for qualification in  
15 firearms training for law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the type under  
16 par. (a) 1., that are established by the state or, if the state does not establish  
17 standards, by any law enforcement agency in the state.

18 **(4) CERTIFICATION CARDS.** (a) 1. Subject to pars. (b), (c), and (d) and sub. (3) (a),  
19 the department shall design a certification card to be issued by the department under  
20 sub. (3) (a).

21 2. Subject to pars. (b), (c), and (d) and sub. (2) (a), each law enforcement agency,  
22 upon a request, shall design a certification card to be issued by the law enforcement  
23 agency under sub. (2) (a).

24 (b) A certification card shall contain on one side all of the following:

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1           1. The full name, date of birth, and residence address of the person who holds  
2 the certification card.

3           2. A photograph of the certification card holder and a physical description that  
4 includes sex, height, and eye color.

5           3. The name of this state.

6           (c) A certification card shall include a statement that the certification card does  
7 not confer any law enforcement authority on the certification card holder and does  
8 not make the certification card holder an employee or agent of the certifying agency  
9 or department.

10          (d) A certification card may not contain the certification card holder's social  
11 security number.

12          **(5) RENEWAL OF CERTIFICATION CARDS.** A person who holds a current certification  
13 card issued under sub. (2) or (3) may renew the certification card by requesting the  
14 law enforcement agency or the department, whichever issued the current  
15 certification card, to renew the certification card at the expense of the person holding  
16 the card, if, before the date the certification card expires, the law enforcement agency  
17 verifies sub. (2) (b) 4. and 5. if the certification card holder is a former law  
18 enforcement officer, or the department verifies sub. (3) (b) 4. and 5. if the certification  
19 card holder is a former federal law enforcement officer, and the certification card  
20 holder provides any information necessary for the verification. The renewal shall  
21 state the date on which verification was made and an expiration date that is 12  
22 months later than that date.

23          **(5m) FEES.** The department may charge a fee to verify eligibility for a  
24 certification card under this section, for the issuance of a certification card under sub.  
25 (3), or for the renewal of a certification card under sub. (5), but the fee may not exceed



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1 the costs the department incurs in verifying eligibility or for issuing or renewing a  
2 certification card. Payments made to the department under this subsection shall be  
3 credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.455 (2) (gu).

4 **(6) IMMUNITY.** (a) When acting in good faith under this section, the department  
5 and its employees and a law enforcement agency and its employees are immune from  
6 civil and criminal liability arising from any act or omission under this section.

7 (b) When acting in good faith under this section, an entity providing firearms  
8 training to comply with the requirements under sub. (2) (a) 2., (3) (a) 2., or (5) and  
9 its employees are immune from civil and criminal liability arising from any act or  
10 omission that is related to that training.

11 **(7) GOING ARMED WITH A FIREARM.** This section does not limit a former officer's  
12 right to go armed with a firearm that is not concealed.

13 **SECTION 41.** 175.60 of the statutes is created to read:

14 **175.60 License to carry a concealed weapon. (1) DEFINITIONS.** In this  
15 section:

16 (ac) "Background check" means the searches the department conducts under  
17 sub. (9g) to determine a person's eligibility for a license to carry a concealed weapon.

18 (ag) "Carry" means to go armed with.

19 (b) "Department" means the department of justice.

20 (bm) "Handgun" means any weapon designed or redesigned, or made or  
21 remade, and intended to be fired while held in one hand and to use the energy of an  
22 explosive to expel a projectile through a smooth or rifled bore. "Handgun" does not  
23 include a machine gun, as defined in s. 941.27 (1), a short-barreled rifle, as defined  
24 in s. 941.28 (1) (b), or a short-barreled shotgun, as defined in s. 941.28 (1) (c).

25 (bv) "Law enforcement agency" does not include the department.

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1 (c) “Law enforcement officer” has the meaning given in s. 165.85 (2) (c).

2 (d) “Licensee” means an individual holding a valid license to carry a concealed  
3 weapon issued under this section.

4 (e) “Motor vehicle” has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (35).

5 (f) “Out-of-state license” means a valid permit, license, approval, or other  
6 authorization issued by another state if all of the following apply:

7 1. The permit, license, approval, or other authorization is for the carrying of a  
8 concealed weapon.

9 2. The state is listed in the rule promulgated by the department under s. 165.25  
10 (12) and, if that state does not require a background search for the permit, license,  
11 approval, or authorization, the permit, license, approval, or authorization  
12 designates that the holder chose to submit to a background search.

13 (g) “Out-of-state licensee” means an individual who is 21 years of age or over,  
14 who is not a Wisconsin resident, and who has been issued an out-of-state license.

15 (h) “Photographic identification card” means one of the following:

16 1. An operator’s license issued under ch. 343 or an identification card issued  
17 under s. 343.50.

18 2. A license or card issued by a state other than Wisconsin that is substantially  
19 equivalent to a license or card under subd. 1.

20 (i) “State identification card number” means the unique identifying driver  
21 number assigned to a person by the department of transportation under s. 343.17 (3)  
22 (a) 4. or, if the person has no driver number, the number assigned to the person on  
23 an identification card issued under s. 343.50.

24 (j) “Weapon” means a handgun, an electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4),  
25 a knife other than a switchblade knife under s. 941.24, or a billy club.

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1           **(2) ISSUANCE AND SCOPE OF LICENSE.** (a) The department shall issue a license  
2 to carry a concealed weapon to any individual who is not disqualified under sub. (3)  
3 and who completes the application process specified in sub. (7). A license to carry a  
4 concealed weapon issued under this section shall meet the requirements specified in  
5 sub. (2m).

6           (b) The department may not impose conditions, limitations, or requirements  
7 that are not expressly provided for in this section on the issuance, scope, effect, or  
8 content of a license.

9           (c) Unless expressly provided in this section, this section does not limit an  
10 individual's right to carry a firearm that is not concealed.

11           **(2g) CARRYING A CONCEALED WEAPON; POSSESSION AND DISPLAY OF LICENSE**  
12 **DOCUMENT OR AUTHORIZATION.** (a) A licensee or an out-of-state licensee may carry a  
13 concealed weapon anywhere in this state except as provided under subs. (15m) and  
14 (16) and ss. 943.13 (1m) (c) and (1n) and 948.605 (2) (b) 1r.

15           (b) Unless the licensee or out-of-state licensee is carrying a concealed weapon  
16 in a manner described under s. 941.23 (2) (e), a licensee shall have with him or her  
17 his or her license document and photographic identification card and an out-of-state  
18 licensee shall have with him or her his or her out-of-state license and photographic  
19 identification card at all times during which he or she is carrying a concealed  
20 weapon.

21           (c) Unless the licensee or out-of-state licensee is carrying a concealed weapon  
22 in a manner described under s. 941.23 (2) (e), a licensee who is carrying a concealed  
23 weapon shall display his or her license document and photographic identification  
24 card and an out-of-state licensee who is carrying a concealed weapon shall display

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1 his or her out-of-state license and photographic identification card to a law  
2 enforcement officer upon the request of the law enforcement officer.

3 **(2m)** LICENSE DOCUMENT; CONTENT OF LICENSE. (a) Subject to pars. (b), (bm), (c),  
4 and (d), the department shall design a single license document for licenses issued and  
5 renewed under this section. The department shall complete the design of the license  
6 document no later than the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective  
7 date of this paragraph .... [LRB inserts date].

8 (b) A license document for a license issued under this section shall contain all  
9 of the following on one side:

- 10 1. The full name, date of birth, and residence address of the licensee.
- 11 2. A physical description of the licensee, including sex, height, hair color, and  
12 eye color.
- 13 3. The date on which the license was issued.
- 14 4. The date on which the license expires.
- 15 5. The name of this state.
- 16 6. A unique identification number for each licensee.

17 (bm) The reverse side of a license document issued under this section shall  
18 contain the requirement under sub. (11) (b) that the licensee shall inform the  
19 department of any address change no later than 30 days after his or her address  
20 changes and the penalty for a violation of the requirement.

21 (c) The license document may not contain the licensee's social security number.

22 (d) 1. The contents of the license document shall be included in the document  
23 in substantially the same way that the contents of an operator's license document  
24 issued under s. 343.17 are included in that document.

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1           2. The identification card issued under this section shall be tamper proof in  
2 substantially the same way that the operator's license is tamper proof under s.  
3 343.17 (2).

4           (e) The department of justice may contract with the department of  
5 transportation to produce and issue identification cards under this section. Neither  
6 the department of transportation nor any employee of the department of  
7 transportation may store, maintain, or access the information provided by the  
8 department of justice for the production or issuance of identification cards other than  
9 to the extent necessary to produce or issue the identification cards.

10           **(3) RESTRICTIONS ON ISSUING A LICENSE.** The department shall issue a license  
11 under this section to an individual who submits an application under sub. (7) unless  
12 any of the following applies:

13           (a) The individual is less than 21 years of age.

14           (b) The individual is prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm  
15 that has been transported in interstate or foreign commerce.

16           (c) The individual is prohibited from possessing a firearm under s. 941.29.

17           (d) The individual is not a Wisconsin resident.

18           **(5) APPLICATION AND RENEWAL FORMS.** (a) The department shall design an  
19 application form for use by individuals who apply for a license under this section and  
20 a renewal form for use by individuals applying for renewal of a license under sub.  
21 (15). The department shall complete the design of the application form no later than  
22 the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph ....  
23 [LRB inserts date], and shall complete the design of the renewal form no later than  
24 the first day of the 36th month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph  
25 .... [LRB inserts date]. The forms shall require the applicant to provide only his or

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1 her name, address, date of birth, state identification card number, race, sex, height,  
2 hair color, and eye color and shall include all of the following:

3 1. A statement that the applicant is ineligible for a license if sub. (3) (a), (b), (c),  
4 or (d) applies to the applicant.

5 2. A statement explaining self–defense and defense of others under s. 939.48,  
6 with a place for the applicant to sign his or her name to indicate that he or she has  
7 read and understands the statement.

8 3. A statement, with a place for the applicant to sign his or her name, to indicate  
9 that the applicant has read and understands the requirements of this section.

10 4. A statement that an applicant may be prosecuted if he or she intentionally  
11 gives a false answer to any question on the application or intentionally submits a  
12 falsified document with the application.

13 5. A statement of the penalties for intentionally giving a false answer to any  
14 question on the application or intentionally submitting a falsified document with the  
15 application.

16 6. A statement of the places under sub. (16) where a licensee is prohibited from  
17 carrying a weapon, as well as an explanation of the provisions under sub. (15m) and  
18 ss. 943.13 (1m) (c) and (1n) and 948.605 (2) (b) 1r. that could limit the places where  
19 the licensee may carry a weapon, with a place for the applicant to sign his or her name  
20 to indicate that he or she has read and understands the statement.

21 (b) The department shall make the forms described in this subsection available  
22 on the Internet and, upon request, by mail.

23 **(7) SUBMISSION OF APPLICATION.** An individual may apply for a license under this  
24 section with the department by submitting, by mail or other means made available  
25 by the department, to the department all of the following:



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1 (a) A completed application in the form prescribed under sub. (5) (a).

2 (b) A statement that states that the information that he or she is providing in  
3 the application submitted under par. (a) and any document submitted with the  
4 application is true and complete to the best of his or her knowledge.

5 (c) A license fee in an amount, as determined by the department by rule, that  
6 is equal to the cost of issuing the license but does not exceed \$52. The department  
7 shall determine the costs of issuing a license by using a 5–year planning period.

8 (d) A fee for a background check that is equal to the fee charged under s. 175.35  
9 (2i).

10 **(9)** PROCESSING OF APPLICATION. (a) Upon receiving an application submitted  
11 under sub. (7), the department shall conduct a background check.

12 (b) Within 21 days after receiving a complete application under sub. (7), the  
13 department shall do one of the following:

14 1. Issue the license and promptly send the licensee his or her license document  
15 by 1st class mail.

16 2. Deny the application, but only if sub. (3) (a), (b), (c), or (d) applies to the  
17 applicant. If the department denies the application, the department shall inform the  
18 applicant in writing, stating the reason and factual basis for the denial.

19 **(9g)** BACKGROUND CHECKS. (a) The department shall conduct a background  
20 check regarding an applicant for a license using the following procedure:

21 1. The department shall create a confirmation number associated with the  
22 applicant.

23 2. The department shall use the transaction information for management of  
24 enforcement system and the national crime information center system.

25 3. As soon as practicable, the department shall do the following:

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1           a. If the background check indicates sub. (3) (b) or (c) applies to the applicant,  
2 create a unique nonapproval number for the applicant.

3           b. If the completed background check does not indicate that sub. (3) (b) or (c)  
4 applies to the applicant, create a unique approval number for the applicant.

5           (b) The department shall maintain a record of all completed application forms  
6 and a record of all approval or nonapproval numbers regarding background checks  
7 under this subsection.

8           **(9r)** EMERGENCY LICENSE. (a) An individual who requires an immediate license  
9 may petition the court in the county in which he or she resides for such a license.  
10 Unless the court knows that the individual is ineligible for a license under sub. (3),  
11 a court may issue a temporary license to an individual if the court determines that  
12 immediate licensure is warranted to protect the individual from death or great bodily  
13 harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14).

14           (b) An emergency license issued under this subsection is valid for 30 days  
15 unless it is void under par. (c).

16           (c) If the holder of an emergency license issued under par. (a) applies for a  
17 license under sub. (7) and is determined to be ineligible under sub. (3) for a license,  
18 the emergency license is void.

19           **(11)** UPDATED INFORMATION. (a) 1. In this paragraph:

20           a. “Clerk” means the clerk of the circuit court or, if it has enacted a law or an  
21 ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63, the clerk of the court for a federally  
22 recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state, a city, a village, or a town.

23           b. “Court automated information systems” means the systems under s. 758.19  
24 (4).

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1           2. The court automated information systems, or the clerk or register in probate,  
2 if the information is not contained in or cannot be transmitted by the court  
3 automated information systems, shall promptly notify the department of the name  
4 of any individual with respect to whom any of the following occurs and the specific  
5 reason for the notification:

6           a. The individual is found by a court to have committed a felony or any other  
7 crime that would disqualify the individual from having a license under this section.

8           b. The individual is found incompetent under s. 971.14.

9           c. The individual is found not guilty of any crime by reason of mental disease  
10 or mental defect under s. 971.17.

11           d. The individual is involuntarily committed for treatment under s. 51.20 or  
12 51.45.

13           e. The individual is found incompetent under ch. 54.

14           f. The individual becomes subject to an injunction described in s. 941.29 (1) (f)  
15 or is ordered not to possess a firearm under s. 813.125 (4m).

16           g. A court has prohibited the individual from possessing a dangerous weapon  
17 under s. 969.02 (3) (c).

18           h. A court has ordered the individual not to possess a firearm under s. 51.20  
19 (13) (cv) 1., 51.45 (13) (i) 1., 54.10 (3) (f) 1., or 55.12 (10) (a).

20           3. Upon receiving a notice under subd. 2., the department shall immediately  
21 determine if the individual who is the subject of the notice is a licensee, using the list  
22 maintained under sub. (12) (a).

23           (b) 1. No later than 30 days after changing his or her address, a licensee shall  
24 inform the department of the new address. The department shall include the  
25 individual's new address in the list under sub. (12) (a).

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1           2. Except as provided in subd. 3., for a first violation of subd. 1., the department  
2 must issue the licensee a warning.

3           3. If an individual is in violation of subd. 1. and his or her license has been  
4 suspended or revoked under sub. (14), the individual is subject to the penalty under  
5 sub. (17) (ac).

6           4. A licensee may not be charged with a violation of subd. 1. if the department  
7 learns of the violation when the licensee informs the department of the address  
8 change.

9           **(12) MAINTENANCE, USE, AND PUBLICATION OF RECORDS BY THE DEPARTMENT.** (a) The  
10 department shall maintain a computerized record listing the names and the  
11 information specified in sub. (2m) (b) of all individuals who have been issued a license  
12 under this section. Subject to par. (b) 1. b., neither the department nor any employee  
13 of the department may store, maintain, format, sort, or access the information in any  
14 way other than by the names, dates of birth, or sex of licensees or by the identification  
15 numbers assigned to licensees under sub. (2m) (b) 6.

16           (b) 1. A law enforcement officer may not request or be provided information  
17 under par. (a) concerning a specific licensee except for one of the following purposes:

18           a. To confirm that a license produced by an individual at the request of a law  
19 enforcement officer is valid.

20           b. If an individual is carrying a concealed weapon and claims to hold a valid  
21 license issued under this section but does not have his or her license document, to  
22 confirm that the individual holds a valid license under this section.

23           c. To investigate whether an individual submitted an intentionally false  
24 statement under sub. (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2.

25           d. To investigate whether an individual complied with sub. (14) (b) 3.

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1           2. A person who is a law enforcement officer in a state other than Wisconsin  
2 may request and be provided information under subd. 1. a. and b.

3           (c) Notwithstanding s. 19.35, the department of justice, the department of  
4 transportation, or any employee of either department may not make information  
5 obtained under this section available to the public except in the context of a  
6 prosecution for an offense in which the person's status as a licensee is relevant or  
7 through a report created under sub. (19).

8           **(12g)** PROVIDING LICENSEE INFORMATION TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. (a) The  
9 department shall provide information concerning a specific licensee to a law  
10 enforcement agency, but only if the law enforcement agency is requesting the  
11 information for any of the following purposes:

12           1. To confirm that a license produced by an individual at the request of a law  
13 enforcement officer is valid.

14           2. If an individual is carrying a concealed weapon and claims to hold a valid  
15 license issued under this section but does not have his or her license document, to  
16 confirm that an individual holds a valid license under this section.

17           3. If the law enforcement agency is a Wisconsin law enforcement agency, to  
18 investigate whether an individual submitted an intentionally false statement under  
19 sub. (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2.

20           (b) 1. Notwithstanding s. 19.35, neither a law enforcement agency nor any of  
21 its employees may make information regarding an individual that was obtained from  
22 the department under this subsection available to the public except in the context  
23 of a prosecution for an offense in which the person's status as a licensee is relevant.

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1           2. Neither a law enforcement agency nor any of its employees may store or  
2 maintain information regarding an individual that was obtained from the  
3 department under this subsection based on the individual's status as a licensee.

4           3. Neither a law enforcement agency nor any of its employees may sort or access  
5 information regarding vehicle stops, investigations, civil or criminal offenses, or  
6 other activities involving the agency based on the status as licensees of any  
7 individuals involved.

8           **(13) LOST OR DESTROYED LICENSE.** If a license document is lost, a licensee no  
9 longer has possession of his or her license, or a license document is destroyed,  
10 unreadable, or unusable, a licensee may submit to the department a statement  
11 requesting a replacement license document, the license document or any portions of  
12 the license document if available, and a \$15 replacement fee. The department shall  
13 issue a replacement license document to the licensee within 14 days of receiving the  
14 statement and fee. If the licensee does not submit the original license document to  
15 the department, the department shall terminate the unique approval number of the  
16 original request and issue a new unique approval number for the replacement  
17 request.

18           **(14) LICENSE REVOCATION AND SUSPENSION.** (a) The department shall revoke a  
19 license issued under this section if the department determines that sub. (3) (b), (c),  
20 or (d) applies to the licensee.

21           (am) The department shall suspend a license issued under this section if a court  
22 has prohibited the licensee from possessing a dangerous weapon under s. 969.02 (3)  
23 (c). If the individual whose license was suspended is no longer subject to the  
24 prohibition under s. 969.02 (3) (c), sub. (3) (b), (c), or (d) does not apply to the  
25 individual, and the suspended license would not have expired under sub. (15) (a) had

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1 it not been suspended, the department shall restore the license within 5 business  
2 days of notification that the licensee is no longer subject to the prohibition.

3 (b) 1. If the department suspends or revokes a license issued under this section,  
4 the department shall send the individual whose license has been suspended or  
5 revoked notice of the suspension or revocation by certified mail within one day after  
6 the suspension or revocation.

7 2. If the department suspends or revokes a license under this section, the  
8 suspension or revocation takes effect when the individual whose license has been  
9 suspended or revoked receives the notice under subd. 1.

10 3. Within 7 days after receiving the notice, the individual whose license has  
11 been suspended or revoked shall do one of the following:

12 a. Deliver the license document personally or by certified mail to the  
13 department.

14 b. Mail a signed statement to the department stating that he or she no longer  
15 has possession of his or her license document and stating the reasons why he or she  
16 no longer has possession.

17 **(14g)** DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW. The department shall promulgate rules providing  
18 for the review of any action by the department denying an application for, or  
19 suspending or revoking, a license under this section.

20 **(14m)** APPEALS TO THE CIRCUIT COURT. (a) An individual aggrieved by any action  
21 by the department denying an application for, or suspending or revoking, a license  
22 under this section, may appeal directly to the circuit court of the county in which the  
23 individual resides without regard to whether the individual has sought review under  
24 the process established in sub. (14g).



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1           (b) To begin an appeal under this subsection, the aggrieved individual shall file  
2 a petition for review with the clerk of the applicable circuit court within 30 days of  
3 receiving notice of denial of an application for a license or of suspension or revocation  
4 of a license. The petition shall state the substance of the department's action from  
5 which the individual is appealing and the grounds upon which the individual  
6 believes the department's action to be improper. The petition may include a copy of  
7 any records or documents that are relevant to the grounds upon which the individual  
8 believes the department's action to be improper.

9           (c) A copy of the petition shall be served upon the department either personally  
10 or by registered or certified mail within 5 days after the individual files his or her  
11 petition under par. (b).

12           (d) The department shall file an answer within 15 days after being served with  
13 the petition under par. (c). The answer shall include a brief statement of the actions  
14 taken by the department. The department shall include with the answer when filed  
15 a copy of any documents or records on which the department based its action.

16           (e) The court shall review the petition, the answer, and any records or  
17 documents submitted with the petition or the answer. The review under this  
18 paragraph shall be conducted by the court without a jury but the court may schedule  
19 a hearing and take testimony.

20           (f) The court shall reverse the department's action if the court finds any of the  
21 following:

22           1. That the department failed to follow any procedure, or take any action,  
23 prescribed under this section.

24           2. That the department erroneously interpreted a provision of law and a correct  
25 interpretation compels a different action.

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1           3. That the department's action depends on a finding of fact that is not  
2 supported by substantial evidence in the record.

3           4. a. If the appeal is regarding a denial, that the denial was based on factors  
4 other than the factors under sub. (3).

5           b. If the appeal is regarding a suspension or revocation, that the suspension or  
6 revocation was based on criteria other than those under sub. (14) (a) or (am).

7           (g) 1. The court's decision shall provide whatever relief is appropriate  
8 regardless of the original form of the petition.

9           2. If the court reverses the department's action, the court may order the  
10 department to pay the aggrieved individual all court costs and reasonable attorney  
11 fees.

12           **(15) LICENSE EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.** (a) Except as provided in par. (e) and  
13 sub. (9r) (b), a license issued under this section is valid for a period of 5 years from  
14 the date on which the license is issued unless the license is suspended or revoked  
15 under sub. (14).

16           (b) The department shall design a notice of expiration form. At least 90 days  
17 before the expiration date of a license issued under this section, the department shall  
18 mail to the licensee a notice of expiration form and a form for renewing the license.  
19 The department shall renew the license if, no later than 90 days after the expiration  
20 date of the license, the licensee does all of the following:

21           1. Submits a renewal application on the form provided by the department.

22           2. Submits a statement reporting that the information provided under subd.

23           1. is true and complete to the best of his or her knowledge and that he or she is not  
24 disqualified under sub. (3).

25           4. Pays all of the following:

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1 a. A renewal fee in an amount, as determined by the department by rule, that  
2 is equal to the cost of renewing the license but does not exceed \$27. The department  
3 shall determine the costs of renewing a license by using a 5-year planning period.

4 b. A fee for a background check that is equal to the fee charged under s. 175.35  
5 (2i).

6 (c) The department shall conduct a background check of a licensee as provided  
7 under sub. (9g) before renewing the licensee's license under par. (b).

8 (d) The department shall issue a renewal license by 1st class mail within 21  
9 days of receiving a renewal application, statement, and fees under par. (b).

10 (e) The license of a member of the U.S. armed forces, a reserve unit of the armed  
11 forces, or the national guard who is deployed overseas while on active duty may not  
12 expire until at least 90 days after the end of the licensee's overseas deployment  
13 unless the license is suspended or revoked under sub. (14).

14 **(15m) EMPLOYER RESTRICTIONS.** (a) Except as provided in par. (b), an employer  
15 may prohibit a licensee or an out-of-state licensee that it employs from carrying a  
16 concealed weapon or a particular type of concealed weapon in the course of the  
17 licensee's or out-of-state licensee's employment or during any part of the licensee's  
18 or out-of-state licensee's course of employment.

19 (b) An employer may not prohibit a licensee or an out-of-state licensee, as a  
20 condition of employment, from carrying a concealed weapon, a particular type of  
21 concealed weapon, or ammunition or from storing a weapon, a particular type of  
22 weapon, or ammunition in the licensee's or out-of-state licensee's own motor vehicle,  
23 regardless of whether the motor vehicle is used in the course of employment or  
24 whether the motor vehicle is driven or parked on property used by the employer.

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1           **(16) PROHIBITED ACTIVITY.** (a) Except as provided in par. (am) and s. 943.13 (1m)  
2 and (1n), a licensee or an out-of-state licensee may carry a concealed weapon or a  
3 weapon that is not concealed anywhere on publicly owned property and in publicly  
4 owned buildings in this state.

5           (am) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., neither a licensee nor an out-of-state  
6 licensee may knowingly carry a concealed weapon, a weapon that is not concealed,  
7 or a firearm that is not a weapon in any portion of a building that is a police station,  
8 sheriff's office, or state patrol station; a prison, jail, house of correction, or secured  
9 correctional facility; a county, state, or federal courthouse; or a place beyond a  
10 security checkpoint in an airport.

11           2. The prohibitions under subd. 1. do not apply to any of the following:

12           a. A weapon in a vehicle driven or parked in a parking facility located in a  
13 building that is used as, or any portion of which is used as, a location under subd. 1.

14           b. A weapon in a courthouse if a judge who is a licensee is carrying the weapon  
15 or if another licensee or out-of-state licensee, whom a judge has permitted in writing  
16 to carry a weapon, is carrying the weapon.

17           c. A weapon in a courthouse if a district attorney, or an assistant district  
18 attorney, who is a licensee is carrying the weapon.

19           **(17) PENALTIES.** (a) Any person who violates sub. (2g) (b) or (c) may be required  
20 to forfeit not more than \$25.

21           (ac) Except as provided in sub. (11) (b) 2., any person who violates sub. (11) (b)  
22 1. may be required to forfeit \$50.

23           (ag) Any person who violates sub. (2m) (e), (12), or (12g) may be fined not more  
24 than \$500 or sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days or both.

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1           (ar) Any law enforcement officer who uses excessive force based solely on an  
2 individual's status as a licensee may be fined not more than \$500 or sentenced to a  
3 term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days or both. The application of the  
4 criminal penalty under this paragraph does not preclude the application of any other  
5 civil or criminal remedy.

6           (b) Any person who violates sub. (16) (am) may be fined not more than \$500 or  
7 imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both.

8           (e) Any person required under sub. (14) (b) 3. to relinquish or deliver a license  
9 document to the department who intentionally violates the requirements of that  
10 subdivision shall be fined not more than \$500 and may be imprisoned for not more  
11 than 30 days or both.

12           **(18) RECIPROCITY AGREEMENTS.** The department may enter into reciprocity  
13 agreements with other states as to matters relating to licenses or other authorization  
14 to carry concealed weapons.

15           **(19) STATISTICAL REPORT.** By March 1 of each year, the department shall submit  
16 a statistical report to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) and to the governor that  
17 indicates the number of licenses applied for, issued, denied, suspended, and revoked  
18 under this section during the previous calendar year. For the licenses denied, the  
19 report shall indicate the reasons for the denials and the part of the application  
20 process in which the reasons for denial were discovered. For the licenses suspended  
21 or revoked, the report shall indicate the reasons for the suspensions and revocations.  
22 The department may not include in the report any information that may be used to  
23 identify an applicant or a licensee, including, but not limited to, a name, address,  
24 birth date, or social security number.

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1           **(21) IMMUNITY.** (a) The department of justice, the department of  
2 transportation, and the employees of each department; clerks, as defined in sub. (11)  
3 (a) 1. a., and their staff; and court automated information systems, as defined under  
4 sub. (11) (a) 1. b., and their employees are immune from liability arising from any act  
5 or omission under this section, if done so in good faith.

6           (b) A person that does not prohibit an individual from carrying a concealed  
7 weapon on property that the person owns or occupies is immune from any liability  
8 arising from its decision.

9           (c) An employer that does not prohibit one or more employees from carrying a  
10 concealed weapon under sub. (15m) is immune from any liability arising from its  
11 decision.

12           **SECTION 42.** 440.26 (3m) of the statutes is renumbered 440.26 (3m) (intro.) and  
13 amended to read:

14           **440.26 (3m) RULES CONCERNING DANGEROUS WEAPONS.** (intro.) The department  
15 shall promulgate rules relating to the carrying of dangerous weapons by a person  
16 who holds a license or permit issued under this section or who is employed by a  
17 person licensed under this section. The rules shall meet the minimum requirements  
18 specified in 15 USC 5902 (b). and shall allow all of the following:

19           **SECTION 43.** 440.26 (3m) (a) of the statutes is created to read:

20           **440.26 (3m) (a)** A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as  
21 a law enforcement officer to carry a concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (1) (g) 2. to 5. and  
22 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

23           **SECTION 44.** 440.26 (3m) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

24           **440.26 (3m) (b)** A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in  
25 s. 941.23 (1) (g), to carry a concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

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1           **SECTION 45.** 440.26 (3m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

2           440.26 **(3m)** (c) A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to carry a  
3           concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.

4           **SECTION 46.** 440.26 (3m) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

5           440.26 **(3m)** (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state  
6           licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), to carry a concealed weapon as permitted  
7           under s. 175.60.

8           **SECTION 47.** 813.12 (6) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

9           813.12 **(6)** (am) 1. If an injunction is issued or extended under sub. (4) or if a  
10          tribal injunction is filed under s. 806.247 (3), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify  
11          the department of justice of the injunction and shall provide the department of  
12          justice with information concerning the period during which the injunction is in  
13          effect and information necessary to identify the respondent for purposes of a firearms  
14          restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s.  
15          175.60 (9g) (a).

16          **SECTION 48.** 813.122 (9) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

17          813.122 **(9)** (am) 1. If an injunction is issued or extended under sub. (5), the  
18          clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the injunction and  
19          shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period  
20          during which the injunction is in effect and information necessary to identify the  
21          respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g)  
22          (c) or a background check under s. 175.60 (9g) (a).

23          **SECTION 49.** 813.125 (5r) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

24          813.125 **(5r)** (a) If an order prohibiting a respondent from possessing a firearm  
25          is issued under sub. (4m), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department



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1 of justice of the existence of the order prohibiting a respondent from possessing a  
2 firearm and shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the  
3 period during which the order is in effect and information necessary to identify the  
4 respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g)  
5 (c) or a background check under s. 175.60 (9g) (a).

6 **SECTION 50.** 895.527 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 895.527 (5) (a) Section 167.30 (1), 941.20 (1) (d) or 948.605 or any rule  
8 promulgated under those sections regulating or prohibiting the discharge of  
9 firearms.

10 **SECTION 51.** 938.396 (2g) (n) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 938.396 (2g) (n) *Firearms restriction record search or background check.* If a  
12 juvenile is adjudged delinquent for an act that would be a felony if committed by an  
13 adult, the court clerk shall notify the department of justice of that fact. No other  
14 information from the juvenile's court records may be disclosed to the department of  
15 justice except by order of the court. The department of justice may disclose any  
16 information provided under this subsection only as part of a firearms restrictions  
17 record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.60 (9g) (a).

18 **SECTION 52.** 939.22 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 939.22 (10) "Dangerous weapon" means any firearm, whether loaded or  
20 unloaded; any device designed as a weapon and capable of producing death or great  
21 bodily harm; any ligature or other instrumentality used on the throat, neck, nose, or  
22 mouth of another person to impede, partially or completely, breathing or circulation  
23 of blood; any electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4) (1c) (a); or any other device  
24 or instrumentality which, in the manner it is used or intended to be used, is  
25 calculated or likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

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1           **SECTION 53.** 941.23 of the statutes is renumbered 941.23 (2) (intro.) and  
2 amended to read:

3           941.23 (2) (intro.) Any person ~~except a peace officer, other than one of the~~  
4 following, who ~~goes armed with~~ carries a concealed and dangerous weapon is guilty  
5 of a Class A misdemeanor. ~~Notwithstanding:~~

6           (a) A peace officer, but notwithstanding s. 939.22, for purposes of this section  
7 paragraph, peace officer does not include a commission warden who is not a  
8 state-certified commission warden.

9           **SECTION 54.** 941.23 (1) of the statutes is created to read:

10          941.23 (1) In this section:

11          (ag) “Carry” has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1) (ag).

12          (ar) “Destructive device” has the meaning given in 18 USC 921 (a) (4).

13          (b) “Firearm silencer” has the meaning given in s. 941.298 (1).

14          (c) “Former officer” means a person who served as a law enforcement officer  
15 with a law enforcement agency before separating from law enforcement service.

16          (d) “Law enforcement agency” has the meaning given in s. 175.49 (1) (f).

17          (e) “Law enforcement officer” has the meaning given in s. 175.49 (1) (g).

18          (f) “Machine gun” has the meaning given in s. 941.27 (1).

19          (g) “Qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer” means a law enforcement  
20 officer to whom all of the following apply:

21           1. The person is employed by a state or local government agency in another  
22 state.

23           2. The agency has authorized the person to carry a firearm.

24           3. The person is not the subject of any disciplinary action by the agency that  
25 could result in the suspension or loss of the person’s law enforcement authority.

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1           4. The person meets all standards established by the agency to qualify the  
2 person on a regular basis to use a firearm.

3           5. The person is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm.

4           **SECTION 55.** 941.23 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

5           941.23 **(2)** (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer. This paragraph  
6 applies only if all of the following apply:

7           1. The weapon is a firearm but is not a machine gun or a destructive device.

8           2. The officer is not carrying a firearm silencer.

9           3. The officer is not under the influence of an intoxicant.

10          **SECTION 56.** 941.23 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

11          941.23 **(2)** (c) A former officer. This paragraph applies only if all of the following  
12 apply:

13          1. The former officer has been issued a photographic identification document  
14 described in sub. (3) (b) 1. or both of the following:

15           a. A photographic identification document described in sub. (3) (b) 2. (intro.).

16           b. An identification card described in sub. (3) (b) 2. a., if the former officer  
17 resides in this state, or a certification described in sub. (3) (b) 2. b., if the former officer  
18 resides in another state.

19          2. The weapon is a firearm that is of the type described in a photographic  
20 identification document described in subd. 1. (intro.) or a card or certification  
21 described in subd. 1. b.

22          3. Within the preceding 12 months, the former officer met the standards of the  
23 state in which he or she resides for training and qualification for active duty law  
24 enforcement officers to carry firearms.

25          4. The weapon is not a machine gun or a destructive device.

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1           5. The former officer is not carrying a firearm silencer.

2           6. The former officer is not under the influence of an intoxicant.

3           7. The former officer is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a  
4 firearm.

5           **SECTION 57.** 941.23 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

6           941.23 **(2)** (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state  
7 licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the dangerous weapon is a weapon, as  
8 defined under s. 175.60 (1) (j). An individual formerly licensed under s. 175.60 whose  
9 license has been suspended or revoked under s. 175.60 (14) may not assert his or her  
10 refusal to accept a notice of revocation or suspension mailed under s. 175.60 (14) (b)  
11 1. as a defense to prosecution under this subsection, regardless of whether the person  
12 has complied with s. 175.60 (11) (b) 1.

13           **SECTION 58.** 941.23 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

14           941.23 **(2)** (e) An individual who carries a concealed and dangerous weapon,  
15 as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (j), in his or her own dwelling or place of business or on land  
16 that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.

17           **SECTION 59.** 941.23 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

18           941.23 **(3)** (a) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer shall, while  
19 carrying a concealed firearm, also have with him or her an identification card that  
20 contains his or her photograph and that was issued by the law enforcement agency  
21 by which he or she is employed.

22           (b) A former officer shall, while carrying a concealed firearm, also have with  
23 him or her one of the following:

24           1. A photographic identification document issued by the law enforcement  
25 agency from which the former officer separated that indicates that, within the 12

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1 months preceding the date on which the former officer is carrying the concealed  
2 firearm, he or she was tested or otherwise found by that law enforcement agency to  
3 meet the standards for qualification in firearms training that that law enforcement  
4 agency sets for active duty law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the same  
5 type as the firearm that the former officer is carrying.

6 2. A photographic identification document issued by the law enforcement  
7 agency from which the former officer separated and one of the following:

8 a. A certification card issued under s. 175.49 (2), if the former officer resides  
9 in this state.

10 b. A certification issued by the state in which the former officer resides, if the  
11 former officer resides in another state, that indicates that, within the 12 months  
12 preceding the date on which the former officer is carrying the concealed firearm, he  
13 or she has been found by the state in which he or she resides, or by a certified firearms  
14 instructor if such an instructor is qualified to conduct a firearms qualification test  
15 for law enforcement officers in that state, to meet the standards for qualification in  
16 firearms training for law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the type he or she  
17 is carrying, that are established by his or her state of residence or, if that state does  
18 not establish standards, by any law enforcement agency in his or her state of  
19 residence.

20 (c) A person who violates this subsection may be required to forfeit not more  
21 than \$25.

22 (d) This subsection does not apply to a licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d),  
23 or an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).

24 **SECTION 60.** 941.235 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 941.235 (2) (intro.) and  
25 amended to read:

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1           941.235 (2) (intro.) This section does not apply to peace any of the following:

2           (a) Peace officers or armed forces or military personnel who go armed in the line  
3 of duty or to any person duly authorized by the chief of police of any city, village or  
4 town, the chief of the capitol police, or the sheriff of any county to possess a firearm  
5 in any building under sub. (1). Notwithstanding s. 939.22 (22), for purposes of this  
6 subsection paragraph, peace officer does not include a commission warden who is not  
7 a state-certified commission warden.

8           **SECTION 61.** 941.235 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

9           941.235 (2) (c) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in  
10 s. 941.23 (1) (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

11           **SECTION 62.** 941.235 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

12           941.235 (2) (d) A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23  
13 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.

14           **SECTION 63.** 941.235 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

15           941.235 (2) (e) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state  
16 licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).

17           **SECTION 64.** 941.237 (3) (cr) of the statutes is created to read:

18           941.237 (3) (cr) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in  
19 s. 941.23 (1) (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

20           **SECTION 65.** 941.237 (3) (ct) of the statutes is created to read:

21           941.237 (3) (ct) A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23  
22 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.

23           **SECTION 66.** 941.237 (3) (cx) of the statutes is created to read:

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1           941.237 (3) (cx) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state  
2 licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the licensee or out-of-state licensee is not  
3 consuming alcohol on the premises.

4           **SECTION 67.** 941.237 (4) of the statutes is repealed.

5           **SECTION 68.** 941.295 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 941.295 (1m).

6           **SECTION 69.** 941.295 (1c) (b) and (c) of the statutes are created to read:

7           941.295 (1c) (b) “Licensee” has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1) (d).

8           (c) “Out-of-state licensee” has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1) (g).

9           **SECTION 70.** 941.295 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

10           941.295 (2) (intro.) Subsection (1) (1m) does not apply to any of the following:

11           **SECTION 71.** 941.295 (2) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 941.295 (2) (d) (intro.)

12 and amended to read:

13           941.295 (2) (d) (intro.) Any manufacturer or seller whose of electric weapons  
14 are used in this state solely by persons, unless the manufacturer or seller engages  
15 in the conduct described in sub. (1m) with the intent to provide an electric weapon  
16 to someone other than one of the following:

17           1. A person specified in pars. (a) to (c), a licensee, or an out-of-state licensee.

18           **SECTION 72.** 941.295 (2) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

19           941.295 (2) (d) 2. A person for use in his or her dwelling or place of business  
20 or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.

21           **SECTION 73.** 941.295 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:

22           941.295 (2g) The prohibition in sub. (1m) on possessing or going armed with  
23 an electric weapon does not apply to any of the following:

24           (a) A licensee or an out-of-state licensee.



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1 (b) An individual who goes armed with an electric weapon in his or her own  
2 dwelling or place of business or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally  
3 occupies.

4 **SECTION 74.** 941.295 (2r) of the statutes is created to read:

5 941.295 (2r) The prohibition in sub. (1m) on transporting an electric weapon  
6 does not apply to any of the following:

7 (a) A licensee or an out-of-state licensee.

8 (b) An individual who is not a licensee or an out-of-state licensee who  
9 transports an electric weapon if the electric weapon is enclosed within a carrying  
10 case.

11 **SECTION 75.** 941.295 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 941.295 (1c) (intro.) and  
12 amended to read:

13 941.295 (1c) (intro.) In this section, “electric:

14 (a) “Electric weapon” means any device which is designed, redesigned, used or  
15 intended to be used, offensively or defensively, to immobilize or incapacitate persons  
16 by the use of electric current.

17 **SECTION 76.** 943.13 (1e) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 943.13 (1e) (ar).

18 **SECTION 77.** 943.13 (1e) (aL) of the statutes is created to read:

19 943.13 (1e) (aL) “Carry” has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1) (ag).

20 **SECTION 78.** 943.13 (1e) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

21 943.13 (1e) (bm) “Licensee” means a licensee, as defined in s. 176.60 (1) (d), or  
22 an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).

23 **SECTION 79.** 943.13 (1e) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

24 943.13 (1e) (cm) “Nonresidential building” includes any privately or publicly  
25 owned building on the grounds of a university or college.

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1           **SECTION 80.** 943.13 (1e) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

2           943.13 **(1e)** (g) “Out-of-state licensee” has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1)  
3 (g).

4           **SECTION 81.** 943.13 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

5           943.13 **(1m)** (b) Enters or remains on any land of another after having been  
6 notified by the owner or occupant not to enter or remain on the premises. This  
7 paragraph does not apply to a licensee or out-of-state licensee if the owner’s or  
8 occupant’s intent is to prevent the licensee or out-of-state licensee from carrying a  
9 firearm on the owner’s or occupant’s land.

10          **SECTION 82.** 943.13 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

11          943.13 **(1m)** (c) 1. While carrying a firearm, enters or remains at a residence  
12 that the actor does not own or occupy after the owner of the residence, if he or she  
13 has not leased it to another person, or the occupant of the residence has notified the  
14 actor not to enter or remain at the residence while carrying a firearm or with that  
15 type of firearm. In this subdivision, “residence,” with respect to a single-family  
16 residence, includes the residence building and the parcel of land upon which the  
17 residence building is located, and “residence,” with respect to a residence that is not  
18 a single-family residence, does not include any common area of the building in which  
19 the residence is located or any common areas of the rest of the parcel of land upon  
20 which the residence building is located.

21          2. While carrying a firearm, enters or remains in any part of a nonresidential  
22 building that the actor does not own or occupy after the owner of the building, if that  
23 part of the building has not been leased to another person, or the occupant of that  
24 part of the building has notified the actor not to enter or remain in that part of the  
25 building while carrying a firearm or with that type of firearm. This subdivision does

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1 not apply to a part of a building occupied by the state or by a local governmental unit  
2 or, if the firearm is in a vehicle driven or parked in the parking facility, to any part  
3 of a building used as a parking facility.

4 **SECTION 83.** 943.13 (1n) of the statutes is created to read:

5 943.13 (1n) A person is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor if he or she, while  
6 carrying a firearm, enters or remains in any part of a building that is owned,  
7 occupied, or controlled by the state or any local governmental unit, excluding any  
8 building or portion of a building under s. 175.60 (16) (am) 1., if the state or local  
9 governmental unit has notified the actor not to enter or remain in the building while  
10 carrying a firearm or with that type of firearm. This subsection does not apply to a  
11 person who leases residential or business premises in the building or, if the firearm  
12 is in a vehicle driven or parked in the parking facility, to any part of the building used  
13 as a parking facility.

14 **SECTION 84.** 943.13 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 943.13 (2) (am), and  
15 943.13 (2) (am) (intro.) and 1., as renumbered, are amended to read:

16 943.13 (2) (am) (intro.) A person has received notice from the owner or occupant  
17 within the meaning of sub. (1m) (b), (e) or (f) if he or she has been notified personally,  
18 either orally or in writing, or if the land is posted. Land is considered to be posted  
19 under this ~~subsection~~ paragraph under either of the following procedures:

20 1. If a sign at least 11 inches square is placed in at least 2 conspicuous places  
21 for every 40 acres to be protected. The sign must ~~carry~~ provide an appropriate notice  
22 and the name of the person giving the notice followed by the word “owner” if the  
23 person giving the notice is the holder of legal title to the land and by the word  
24 “occupant” if the person giving the notice is not the holder of legal title but is a lawful  
25 occupant of the land. Proof that appropriate signs as provided in this ~~paragraph~~

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1 subdivision were erected or in existence upon the premises to be protected prior to  
2 the event complained of shall be prima facie proof that the premises to be protected  
3 were posted as provided in this ~~paragraph~~ subdivision.

4 **SECTION 85.** 943.13 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

5 943.13 (2) (bm) 1. In this paragraph, “sign” means a sign that states a  
6 restriction imposed under subd. 2. that is at least 8.5 inches by 11 inches and colored  
7 orange as described in s. 29.301 (2).

8 2. For the purposes of subs. (1m) (c) 2. and (1n), an owner or occupant of a part  
9 of a nonresidential building or the state or a local governmental unit has notified an  
10 individual not to enter or remain in that part of the building while carrying a firearm  
11 or with a particular type of firearm if the owner, occupant, state, or local  
12 governmental unit has posted a sign that is located in a prominent place near all of  
13 the entrances to the part of the building to which the restriction applies and any  
14 individual entering the building can be reasonably expected to see the sign.

15 **SECTION 86.** 943.13 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 943.13 (3) Whoever erects on the land of another signs which are the same as  
17 or similar to those described in sub. (2) (am) without obtaining the express consent  
18 of the lawful occupant of or holder of legal title to such land is subject to a Class C  
19 forfeiture.

20 **SECTION 87.** 946.71 of the statutes is created to read:

21 **946.71 Unlawful use of license for carrying concealed weapons. (1)** In  
22 this section, “license” means a license issued under s. 175.60 (2) or (9r).

23 **(2)** Whoever does any of the following is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor:

24 (a) Intentionally represents as valid any revoked, suspended, fictitious, or  
25 fraudulently altered license.

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1 (b) If the actor holds a license, intentionally sells or lends the license to any  
2 other individual or knowingly permits another individual to use the license.

3 (c) Intentionally represents as one's own any license not issued to him or her.

4 (d) If the actor holds a license, intentionally permits any unlawful use of that  
5 license.

6 (e) Intentionally reproduces by any means a copy of a license for a purpose that  
7 is prohibited under this subsection.

8 (f) Intentionally defaces or intentionally alters a license.

9 **SECTION 88.** 947.01 of the statutes is renumbered 947.01 (1).

10 **SECTION 89.** 947.01 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

11 947.01 (2) A person is not in violation of, and may not be charged with a  
12 violation of, sub. (1) for loading, carrying, or going armed with a firearm, without  
13 regard to whether the firearm is loaded or is concealed or openly carried.

14 **SECTION 90.** 947.011 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

15 947.011 (2) (a) 1. Engage in conduct that is prohibited under s. 947.01 (1) within  
16 500 feet of any entrance to a facility being used for the service with the intent to  
17 disrupt the service.

18 **SECTION 91.** 947.011 (2) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

19 947.011 (2) (c) 1. Engage in conduct that is prohibited under s. 947.01 (1) within  
20 500 feet of any entrance to a facility being used for the service.

21 **SECTION 92.** 947.011 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 947.011 (2) (d) No person may impede vehicles that are part of a funeral  
23 procession if the person's conduct violates s. 947.01 (1).

24 **SECTION 93.** 948.60 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1           948.60 (1) In this section, “dangerous weapon” means any firearm, loaded or  
2 unloaded; any electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4) ~~(1c)~~ (a); metallic knuckles  
3 or knuckles of any substance which could be put to the same use with the same or  
4 similar effect as metallic knuckles; a nunchaku or any similar weapon consisting of  
5 2 sticks of wood, plastic or metal connected at one end by a length of rope, chain, wire  
6 or leather; a cestus or similar material weighted with metal or other substance and  
7 worn on the hand; a shuriken or any similar pointed star-like object intended to  
8 injure a person when thrown; or a manrikigusari or similar length of chain having  
9 weighted ends.

10           **SECTION 94.** 948.605 (1) (a) and (am) of the statutes are repealed.

11           **SECTION 95.** 948.605 (2) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

12           948.605 (2) (b) (intro.) Paragraph (a) does not apply to the possession of a  
13 firearm by any of the following:

14           **SECTION 96.** 948.605 (2) (b) 1. to 5. and 7. of the statutes are repealed.

15           **SECTION 97.** 948.605 (2) (b) 1m. and 1r. of the statutes are created to read:

16           948.605 (2) (b) 1m. A person who possesses the firearm in accordance with 18  
17 USC 922 (q) (2) (B) (i), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), or (vii).

18           1r. Except if the person is in or on the grounds of a school, a person who  
19 possesses the firearm in accordance with 18 USC 922 (q) (2) (B) (ii). For purposes of  
20 18 USC 922 (q) (2) (B) (ii), an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), is  
21 fully licensed under the laws of this state.

22           **SECTION 98.** 948.605 (2) (b) 6. of the statutes is renumbered 948.605 (2) (b) 2m.  
23 and amended to read:

24           948.605 (2) (b) 2m. ~~By a law enforcement officer or~~ A state-certified  
25 commission warden acting in his or her official capacity; ~~or~~.

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1           **SECTION 99.** 948.605 (2) (b) 8. of the statutes is renumbered 948.605 (2) (b) 3m.  
2 and amended to read:

3           948.605 **(2)** (b) 3m. ~~By a~~ A person who is legally hunting in a school forest if  
4 the school board has decided that hunting may be allowed in the school forest under  
5 s. 120.13 (38).

6           **SECTION 100.** 968.255 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

7           968.255 **(1)** (a) 2. Arrested for any misdemeanor under s. 167.30 (1), 940.19,  
8 941.20 (1), 941.23, 941.237, 941.24, 948.60, or 948.61.

9           **SECTION 101.** 971.37 (1m) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

10           971.37 **(1m)** (a) 2. An adult accused of or charged with a criminal violation of  
11 s. 940.19, 940.20 (1m), 940.201, 940.225, 940.23, 940.285, 940.30, 940.42, 940.43,  
12 940.44, 940.45, 940.48, 941.20, 941.30, 943.01, 943.011, 943.14, 943.15, 946.49,  
13 947.01 (1), 947.012 or 947.0125 and the conduct constituting the violation involved  
14 an act by the adult person against his or her spouse or former spouse, against an  
15 adult with whom the adult person resides or formerly resided or against an adult  
16 with whom the adult person has created a child.

17           **SECTION 102.** 973.055 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

18           973.055 **(1)** (a) 1. The court convicts the person of a violation of a crime specified  
19 in s. 940.01, 940.02, 940.03, 940.05, 940.06, 940.19, 940.20 (1m), 940.201, 940.21,  
20 940.225, 940.23, 940.235, 940.285, 940.30, 940.305, 940.31, 940.42, 940.43, 940.44,  
21 940.45, 940.48, 941.20, 941.30, 943.01, 943.011, 943.14, 943.15, 946.49, 947.01 (1),  
22 947.012 or 947.0125 or of a municipal ordinance conforming to s. 940.201, 941.20,  
23 941.30, 943.01, 943.011, 943.14, 943.15, 946.49, 947.01 (1), 947.012 or 947.0125; and

24           **SECTION 103. Nonstatutory provisions.**



