## Fiscal Estimate - 2011 Session

X	Original		Updated		Corrected	d [	Supp	lemental		
LRB	Number	11-2257/1		Introd	duction	Number	SB-40	0		
<b>Description</b> Reorganization of chapter 49 of the statutes, changes affecting public assistance programs, granting rule-making authority, and providing a penalty										
Fiscal	Effect									
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Agenc	y/Prepared E	Зу	Autho	orized S	Signature			Date		
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives SPD 2/1/2012

LRB Number 11-22	57/1	Introduction Number	SB-400	Estimate Type	Original				
<b>Description</b> Reorganization of chapter 49 of the statutes, changes affecting public assistance programs, granting rule-making authority, and providing a penalty									

## **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

The State Public Defender (SPD) is statutorily authorized and required to appoint attorneys to represent indigent defendants in criminal proceedings. The SPD plays a critical role in ensuring that the Wisconsin justice system complies with the right to counsel provided by both the state and federal constitutions. Any legislation has the potential to increase SPD costs if it creates a new criminal offense, expands the definition of an existing criminal offense, or increases the penalties for an existing offense.

This bill creates several new criminal offenses and expands the definition for several current offenses for fraud within an economic support programs including Wisconsin Works, Medical Assistance, and supplemental nutrition programs. The offenses vary based, in most cases, on the value of the services. Criminal penalties range from a Class C misdemeanor to a Class G felony. In FY2011, the SPD's average cost to provide representation with a private bar attorney in a misdemeanor case was \$225.41 and in a felony case was \$613.83.

The SPD has no data to predict the number of additional felony cases that would result from the changes proposed in this bill. Because of the annual caseloads for staff attorney positions specified for budgeting purposes under § 977.08(5), it would be mosre cost effective to add staff attorney positions should the bill result in a number of additional charges.

Because probation could be ordered upon conviction for the new criminal offense, this bill would indirectly lead to additional cases in which the Department of Corrections (DOC) would seek to revoke probation. The SPD provides representation in proceedings commenced by the Department of Corrections (DOC) to revoke supervision. Thus, the bill would indirectly increase the number of cases in which the SPD appoints attorneys in revocation proceedings. The average cost during fiscal year 2011 for SPD representation by a private bar attorney in a revocation proceeding was \$322.46. Therefore, the SPD would incur additional costs because of additional revocation cases attributable to this bill.

Counties are also subject to increased costs when a new crime is created. There are some defendants who, despite exceeding the SPD's statutory financial guidelines, are constitutionally eligible for appointment of counsel because it would be a substantial hardship for them to retain an attorney. The court is required to appoint counsel at county expense for these defendants. Thus, the counties would experience increased costs attributable to misdemeanor charges resulting from this bill. The counties could also incur additional costs associated with incarceration of defendants, both pending trial and after sentencing.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications