The department may not charge a requester a fee for obtaining that information. The department shall make available for public inspection certified records submitted to the department under this paragraph.

Section 2390v. 103.50 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:

103.50 (**2g**) Nonapplicability. This section does not apply to a single-trade project of public works, as defined in s. 103.49 (1) (em), for which the estimated project cost of completion is less than \$48,000 or a multiple-trade project of public works, as defined in s. 103.49 (1) (br), for which the estimated project cost of completion is less than \$100,000.

SECTION 2390w. 103.50 (2m) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.50 (2m) (b) (intro.) Notwithstanding par. (a) 1., a A laborer, worker, mechanic, or truck driver who is regularly employed to process, manufacture, pick up, or deliver materials or products from a commercial establishment that has a fixed place of business from which the establishment regularly supplies processed or manufactured materials or products or from a facility that is not dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to a project that is subject to this section is not entitled to receive the prevailing wage rate determined under sub. (3) or to receive at least 1.5 times his or her hourly basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of the prevailing hours of labor unless any of the following applies:

Section 2390x. 103.50 (2m) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

103.50 (2m) (b) 1. The laborer, worker, mechanic or truck driver is employed to go to the source of mineral aggregate such as sand, gravel or stone that is to be immediately incorporated into the work, and not stockpiled or further transported by truck, pick up that mineral aggregate and deliver that mineral aggregate to the site of a project that is subject to this section by depositing the material substantially

in place, directly in final place, from transporting the vehicle or through spreaders from the transporting vehicle.

SECTION 2390z. 103.50 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.50 (4) Certification of prevailing wage rates. The department of workforce development shall, by May 1 of each year, certify to the department of transportation the prevailing wage rates in each area for all trades or occupations commonly employed in the highway construction industry. The certification shall, in addition to the current prevailing wage rates, include future prevailing wage rates when such prevailing wage rates can be determined for any such trade or occupation in any area and shall specify the effective date of those future prevailing wage rates. The certification shall also include wage rates for work performed on Sundays or the holidays specified in s. 103.49 (1) (c) and shift differentials based on the time of day or night when work is performed. If a construction project extends into more than one area there shall be but one standard of prevailing wage rates for the entire project.

SECTION 2390zb. 103.50 (4m) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.50 (4m) Wage rates Data. In determining prevailing wage rates for projects that are subject to this section, the department shall use data from projects that are subject to this section, s. 66.0903, 66.0904, or 103.49, or 40 USC 3142. In determining prevailing wage rates for those projects, the department may not use data from any construction work that is performed by a state agency or a local governmental unit, as defined in s. 66.0903 (1) (d).

Section 2390zc. 103.503 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.503 (title) Substance abuse prevention on public works and publicly funded projects.

1	SECTION 2390zd. 103.503 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	103.503 (1) (a) "Accident" means an incident caused, contributed to, or
3	otherwise involving an employee that resulted or could have resulted in death,
4	personal injury, or property damage and that occurred while the employee was
5	performing the work described in s. 66.0903 (4), 66.0904 (3), or 103.49 (2m) on a
6	project.
7	SECTION 2390ze. 103.503 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	103.503 (1) (c) "Contracting agency" means a local governmental unit, as
9	defined in s. 66.0903 (1) (d), or a state agency, as defined in s. 103.49 (1) (f), or an
10	owner or developer under s. 66.0904 that has contracted for the performance of work
11	on a project.
12	SECTION 2390zf. 103.503 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	103.503 (1) (e) "Employee" means a laborer, worker, mechanic, or truck driver
14	who performs the work described in s. 66.0903 (4), 66.0904 (3), or 103.49 (2m) on a
15	project.
16	Section 2390zg. 103.503 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	103.503 (1) (g) "Project" mean means a project of public works that is subject
18	to s. 66.0903 or 103.49 or a publicly funded private construction project that is subject
19	to s. 66.0904.
20	SECTION 2390zh. 103.503 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	103.503 (2) Substance abuse prohibited. No employee may use, possess,
22	attempt to possess, distribute, deliver, or be under the influence of a drug, or use or
23	be under the influence of alcohol, while performing the work described in s. 66.0903
24	(4), 66.0904 (3), or 103.49 (2m) on a project. An employee is considered to be under
25	the influence of alcohol for purposes of this subsection if he or she has an alcohol

concentration that is equal to or greater than the amount specified in s. 885.235 (1g) (d).

SECTION 2390zhi. 103.503 (3) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

103.503 (3) (a) 2. A requirement that employees performing the work described in s. 66.0903 (4), 66.0904 (3), or 103.49 (2m) on a project submit to random, reasonable suspicion, and post-accident drug and alcohol testing and to drug and alcohol testing before commencing work on a project, except that testing of an employee before commencing work on a project is not required if the employee has been participating in a random testing program during the 90 days preceding the date on which the employee commenced work on the project.

Section 2390zk. 103.65 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.65 (2) No minor shall <u>under 16 years of age may</u> be employed or permitted to work at any employment for such hours of the day or week, <u>or for</u> such days of the week, or at such periods of the day as <u>shall may</u> be dangerous or prejudicial to the life, health, safety, or welfare of <u>such the</u> minor.

Section 2390zL. 103.66 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.66 (2) The department may investigate and fix reasonable classifications of employments and hours of employment for minors under 16 years of age and may issue general or special orders fixing for those minors maximum hours of employment for minors per day and per week, maximum days of employment per week, hours at which employment shall may begin and end, and the duration of lunch and other rest periods as are necessary to protect the life, health, safety, and welfare of those minors. For minors under 16 years of age, the department may not fix hours of employment that exceed the maximum hours per day and per week specified in s. 103.68 (2) (a) and (b), that exceed the maximum days per week specified

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1	in s. 103.68 (2) (c), or that begin earlier or end later than the hours specified in s.
2	103.68(2)(d) and (e). For minors 16 years of age or over, the department may fix the
3	duration of lunch and other rest periods, but may not limit hours of employment or
4	issue general or special orders fixing maximum hours of employment per day or per
5	week, maximum days of employment per week, or hours at which employment may
6	begin and end.
7	SECTION 2390zm. 103.68 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	103.68 (1) No minor shall may be employed or permitted to work at any gainful
9	occupation other than domestic service, farm labor, or service as an election inspector
10	under s. 7.30 (2) (am) for more than 8 hours in any one day nor more than 40 hours
11	nor more than 6 days in any one week, nor during such hours as the minor is required
12	under s. 118.15 to attend school.
13	Section 2390zn. 103.68 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 103.68 (2) (intro.)
14	and amended to read:
15	103.68 (2) (intro.) No minor under 16 shall years of age may be employed or
16	permitted to work in any gainful occupation, other than domestic service or farm
17	labor more than 24 hours in any one week, nor, except in domestic service, farm labor,
18	or in public exhibitions, as defined provided in s. 103.78, or in street trades as defined
19	in s. 103.21, before 7 a.m. nor after 6 p.m. as follows:
20	SECTION 2390zp. 103.68 (2) (a) to (e) of the statutes are created to read:
21	103.68 (2) (a) For more than 3 hours on a school day or 8 hours on a nonschool
22	day.
23	(b) For more than 18 hours in a school week or 40 hours in a nonschool week.
24	(c) For more than 6 days in a week.
25	(d) Before 7:00 a.m. or after 7:00 p.m. from the day after Labor Day to May 31.

1	(e) Before 7:00 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m. from June 1 to Labor Day.
2	Section 2390zr. 104.001 (3) (am) of the statutes is repealed.
3	SECTION 2391. 106.14 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	106.14 (2) The department shall publicize and maintain on its job center Web
5	site information related to the job programs under ss. program under s. 49.147 (3)
6	and 49.162 so that employers and individuals seeking employment may obtain
7	information about the $\frac{programs}{program}$, including how to participate in $\frac{them}{it}$.
8	Section 2392. 106.15 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	106.15 (3) Grants. (intro.) From the appropriations appropriation under s.
10	20.445(1)(bc),(jm), and $(m),$ the department shall make grants to persons providing
11	employment and training activities to dislocated workers including all of the
12	following:
13	Section 2393. 106.16 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	106.16 (3) A state agency or an authority under ch. 231 or 234 shall notify the
15	department of commerce Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation if it makes
16	a loan or grant to a company.
17	Section 2394. 106.20 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	106.20 (1) (e) "Minority business" has the meaning given in s. 560.036 $\underline{16.287}$
19	(1) (e).
20	SECTION 2395. 106.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	106.30 (2) Survey form. Each odd-numbered year, the department of
22	workforce development shall develop and submit to the department of regulation
23	and licensing safety and professional services a survey form to gather data under s.
24	$441.01\ (7)\ (a)\ 1.$ to assist the department of workforce development in evaluating the
25	supply of, demand for, and turnover among nurses in this state and in determining

whether there are any regional shortages of nurses, shortages of nurses in any speciality areas, or impediments to entering the nursing profession in this state.

SECTION 2396. 106.30 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

106.30 (5) (a) From the appropriation account under s. 20.445 (1) (km), the department of workforce development shall award grants equal to the amount appropriated under s. 20.445 (1) (km) minus the amount expended under sub. (4) to a nonprofit statewide nursing center that is comprised of and led by nurses and that has demonstrated coordination with constituent groups within the nursing community, including professional nursing organizations; organizations representing nurse educators, staff nurses, and nurse managers or executives; labor organizations representing nurses; the department of regulation and licensing safety and professional services; the department of health services; and legislators who are concerned with issues affecting the nursing profession.

SECTION 2397. 106.30 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

106.30 (5) (b) A statewide nursing center that receives a grant under par. (a) shall use the grant moneys to develop strategies to ensure that there is a nursing workforce that is adequate to meet the current and future health care needs of this state. The statewide nursing center may use those moneys to fund activities that are aimed at ensuring such a nursing workforce, including monitoring trends in the applicant pool for nursing education programs; evaluating the effectiveness of nursing education programs in increasing access to those programs and in enhancing career mobility for nurses, especially for populations that are underrepresented in the nursing profession; and facilitating partnerships between the nursing community and other health care providers, the department of regulation and licensing safety and professional services, the business community,

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the legislature, and educators to promote diversity within the nursing profession, enhance career mobility and leadership development for nurses, and achieve consensus regarding policies aimed at ensuring an adequate nursing workforce in this state.

Section 2398. 106.50 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

106.50 (6) (a) 3. The complaint may be filed by an aggrieved person, by an interested person, by the department of workforce development under par. (b) or, if the complaint charges a violation of sub. (2r) (c), by the department of commerce safety and professional services. The department of workforce development shall, upon request, provide appropriate assistance in completing and filing complaints.

SECTION 2399. 106.50 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

development and its duly authorized agents may hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, take testimony and make investigations as provided in this subsection. The department of workforce development may test and investigate for the purpose of establishing violations of sub. (2), (2m) or (2r) and may make, sign and file complaints alleging violations of sub. (2), (2m) or (2r). In addition, the department of commerce safety and professional services may make, sign and file complaints alleging violations of sub. (2r) (c). The department of workforce development shall employ examiners to hear and decide complaints of discrimination under this section, and to assist in the administration of this section. The examiners may make findings and issue orders under this subsection. The department of workforce development shall develop and implement an investigation manual for use in conducting investigations under par. (c).

Section 2400. 107.30 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	107.30 (4) "Department" means the department of commerce safety and
2	professional services.
3	SECTION 2401. 107.30 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	107.30 (10) "Mining damage appropriation" means the appropriation under s.
5	20.143 (3) <u>20.165 (2)</u> (a).
6	SECTION 2402. 107.31 (5) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	107.31 (5) (a) Calculation. (intro.) The mining damage reserve accumulation
8	is calculated by subtracting the total amount of all mining damages awards paid
9	from the appropriation under s. $20.445(4)(a), 2001stats.,$ beginning on May $22, 1980$
10	or paid from the appropriation under s. $\frac{20.143}{3}$ $\frac{20.165}{2}$ (a) from the sum of:
11	SECTION 2403. 108.02 (21e) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	108.02 (21e) Professional employer organization. (intro.) "Professional
13	employer organization" means any person who is currently registered as a
14	professional employer organization with the department of regulation and licensing
15	safety and professional services in accordance with ch. 461, who contracts to provide
16	the nontemporary, ongoing employee workforce of more than one client under a
17	written leasing contract, the majority of whose clients are not under the same
18	ownership, management, or control as the person other than through the terms of
19	the contract, and who under contract and in fact:
20	SECTION 2403e. 108.02 (26m) of the statutes is created to read:
21	108.02 (26m) WAITING PERIOD. "Waiting period" means any period of time under
22	s. $108.04(3)$ for which no benefits are payable to a claimant as a condition precedent
23	to receipt of benefits.
24	Section 2403s. 108.04 (3) of the statutes is created to read:



1	108.04 (3) Waiting Period. The first week of a claimant's benefit year for which
2	the claimant has timely applied and is otherwise eligible for regular benefits under
3	this chapter is the claimant's waiting period for that benefit year.
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5	SECTION 2403t. 108.04 (8) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
6	108.04 (8) (b) 1. An employee's failure to accept an offer of work under par. (a)
7	includes:
8	a. The employee's refusal without good cause to take a test for illegal drugs
9	given on behalf of the employer as a condition of employment; or
10	b. The employer's withdrawal of or failure to extend an offer of work due to a
11	positive test result.
12	2. For purposes of this paragraph, a drug test shall not be found to be positive
13	for illegal drugs unless the test was conducted and certified in a manner approved
14	by the department.
15	3. This paragraph applies only to the extent permitted by federal law.
16	SECTION 2403u. 108.04 (13) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:
17	108.04 (13) (cm) An employer shall report to the department an employee's
18	positive drug test or refusal to take such a test under sub. (8) (b), as the department
19	requires or approves.
20	SECTION 2403x. 108.09 (4r) of the statutes is created to read:
21	108.09 (4r) Departmental records relating to drug test information. The
22	department shall retain drug test information obtained under s. $108.04(13)(cm)$ for
23	the purpose of determining eligibility for benefits.
24	SECTION 2404. 109.07 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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109.07 (1m) (b) The department shall promptly provide a copy of the notice required under par. (a) to the department of commerce and to the office of the commissioner of insurance and shall cooperate with the department of commerce in the performance of its responsibilities under s. 560.15 and with the office of the commissioner of insurance in the performance of its responsibilities under s. 601.41 (7).

Section 2404c. 109.09 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

109.09 (1) The department shall investigate and attempt equitably to adjust controversies between employers and employees as to alleged wage claims. The department may receive and investigate any wage claim which is filed with the department, or received by the department under s. 109.10 (4), no later than 2 years after the date the wages are due. The department may, after receiving a wage claim, investigate any wages due from the employer against whom the claim is filed to any employee during the period commencing 2 years before the date the claim is filed. The department shall enforce this chapter and ss. 66.0903, 66.0904, 103.02, 103.49, 103.82, 104.12, and 229.8275. In pursuance of this duty, the department may sue the employer on behalf of the employee to collect any wage claim or wage deficiency and ss. 109.03 (6) and 109.11 (2) and (3) shall apply to such actions. Except for actions under s. 109.10, the department may refer such an action to the district attorney of the county in which the violation occurs for prosecution and collection and the district attorney shall commence an action in the circuit court having appropriate jurisdiction. Any number of wage claims or wage deficiencies against the same employer may be joined in a single proceeding, but the court may order separate trials or hearings. In actions that are referred to a district attorney under this subsection, any taxable costs recovered by the district attorney shall be paid into the

general fund of the county in which the violation occurs and used by that county to
meet its financial responsibility under s. $978.13(2)(b)$ for the operation of the office
of the district attorney who prosecuted the action.

Section 2404g. 110.08 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

110.08 (2) Except as provided under <u>sub. (5) (b) and</u> s. 343.16 (1) (b) to (c), all examinations for operator's licenses and permits shall be given by state examiners.

SECTION 2404. 110.08 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

- 110.08 (5) (a) The department shall provide in each county, directly or by contract as described in par. (b), at least 20 hours per week of services relating to operator's licenses and identification cards.
- (b) The department shall provide the services required under par. (a) by the most cost-effective means possible, which may include contracting with counties or other local governments to provide these services. Notwithstanding any provision of ss. 343.14 and 343.16, a contract between the department and a county or other local government under this paragraph may authorize an employee of the county or local government to conduct any examination for an operator's license except a driving skills test. The department may require any employee of a county or local government who provides services under a contract entered into under this paragraph to satisfy any requirement under s. 110.09 that would be required of an employee of the department.

SECTION 2404q. 111.322 (2m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

111.322 (2m) (c) The individual files a complaint or attempts to enforce a right under s. 66.0903, 66.0904, 103.49, or 229.8275 or testifies or assists in any action or proceeding under s. 66.0903, 66.0904, 103.49, or 229.8275.

Section 2404t. 111.335 (1) (cv) of the statutes is amended to read:

	111.335	(1)	(cv)	Notwithstanding	s.	111.322,	it	is	not	employmen	nt
disc	riminatio	n bec	ause of	conviction record	to re	efuse to er	npl	oy i	nap	osition in th	ıе
clas	sified serv	rice e	r in a p	osition described in	s. 2	30.08 (2) ((k) a	a pe	rson	who has bee	n
conv	ricted und	der 50	0 USC,	Appendix, section	46	2 for refu	sing	g to	regi	ster with th	ıе
sele	ctive serv	ice sy	stem a	and who has not be	en p	ardoned.					

SECTION 2405p. 111.70 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:

obligation of a municipal employer, through its officers and agents, and the representative of its municipal employees in a collective bargaining unit, to meet and confer at reasonable times, in good faith, with the intention of reaching an agreement, or to resolve questions arising under such an agreement, with respect to wages, hours, and conditions of employment for public safety employees or transit employees and with respect to wages for general municipal employees, and with respect to a requirement of the municipal employer for a municipal employee to perform law enforcement and fire fighting services under s. 60.553, 61.66, or 62.13 (2e), except as provided in sub. (4) (mb) and (mc) and s. 40.81 (3) and except that a municipal employer shall not meet and confer with respect to any proposal to diminish or abridge the rights guaranteed to any public safety employees under ch. 164. Collective bargaining includes the reduction of any agreement reached to a written and signed document.

SECTION 2406cg. 111.70 (1) (f) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:

111.70 (1) (f) "Fair-share agreement" means an agreement between a municipal employer and a labor organization that represents public safety

employees or transit employees under which all or any of the public safety employees
or transit employees in the collective bargaining unit are required to pay their
proportionate share of the cost of the collective bargaining process and contract
administration measured by the amount of dues uniformly required of all members.
Section 2406cr. 111.70 (1) (fm) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin
Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:
111.70 (1) (fm) "General municipal employee" means a municipal employee
who is not a public safety employee or a transit employee.
Section 2406d. $111.70~(1)~(mm)$ of the statutes, as created by $2011~Wisconsin$
Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:
111.70 (1) (mm) "Public safety employee" means any municipal employee who
is employed in a position that, on the effective date of this paragraph \dots [LRB inserts
date], is one of the following:
1. Classified as a protective occupation participant under any of the following:
a. Section 40.02 (48) (am) 9., 10., 13., 15., or 22.
b. A provision that is comparable to a provision under subd. 1. a. that is in a
county or city retirement system.
2. An emergency medical service provider for the emergency medical services
departments in Door and Waushara counties.
Section 2406fg. 111.70 (1) (n) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin
Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:
111.70 (1) (n) "Referendum" means a proceeding conducted by the commission
in which public safety employees or transit employees in a collective bargaining unit
may cast a secret ballot on the question of authorizing a labor organization and the
employer to continue a fair-share agreement.

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SECTION 2406gh.	111.70	(1) (p)	of the	statutes	is crea	ited to	read
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111.70 (1) (p) "Transit employee" means a municipal employee who is determined to be a transit employee under sub. (4) (bm).

SECTION 2406hg. 111.70 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act **1**0, is repealed and recreated to read:

111.70 (2) RIGHTS OF MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES. Municipal employees have the right of self-organization, and the right to form, join, or assist labor organizations, to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, and to engage in lawful, concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection. Municipal employees have the right to refrain from any and all such activities. A general municipal employee has the right to refrain from paying dues while remaining a member of a collective bargaining unit. A public safety employee or a transit employee, however, may be required to pay dues in the manner provided in a fair-share agreement; a fair-share agreement covering a public safety. employee or a transit employee must contain a provision requiring the municipal employer to deduct the amount of dues as certified by the labor organization from the earnings of the employee affected by the fair-share agreement and to pay the amount deducted to the labor organization. A fair-share agreement covering a public safety employee or transit employee is subject to the right of the municipal employer or a labor organization to petition the commission to conduct a referendum. Such petition must be supported by proof that at least 30% of the employees in the collective bargaining unit desire that the fair-share agreement be terminated. Upon so finding, the commission shall conduct a referendum. If the continuation of the agreement is not supported by at least the majority of the eligible employees, it shall terminate. The commission shall declare any fair-share agreement suspended upon

such conditions and for such time as the commission decides whenever it finds that the labor organization involved has refused on the basis of race, color, sexual orientation, creed, or sex to receive as a member any public safety employee or transit employee of the municipal employer in the bargaining unit involved, and such agreement is subject to this duty of the commission. Any of the parties to such agreement or any public safety employee or transit employee covered by the agreement may come before the commission, as provided in s. 111.07, and ask the performance of this duty.

Section 2406hr. 111.70 (3) (a) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:

111.70 (3) (a) 3. To encourage or discourage a membership in any labor organization by discrimination in regard to hiring, tenure, or other terms or conditions of employment; but the prohibition shall not apply to a fair-share agreement that covers public safety employees or transit employees.

SECTION 2406ir. 111.70 (3) (a) 5. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:

agreed upon by the parties with respect to wages, hours and conditions of employment affecting public safety employees or transit employees, including an agreement to arbitrate questions arising as to the meaning or application of the terms of a collective bargaining agreement or to accept the terms of such arbitration award, where previously the parties have agreed to accept such award as final and binding upon them or to violate any collective bargaining agreement affecting general municipal employees, that was previously agreed upon by the parties with respect to wages.

1	SECTION 2406pg. 111.70(3)(a) 6. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin
2	Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:
3	111.70 (3) (a) 6. To deduct labor organization dues from the earnings of a public
4	safety employee or a transit employee, unless the municipal employer has been
5	presented with an individual order therefor, signed by the employee personally, and
6	terminable by at least the end of any year of its life or earlier by the public safety
7	employee or transit employee giving at least 30 days' written notice of such
8	termination to the municipal employer and to the representative organization,
9	except when a fair-share agreement is in effect.
10	Section 2406prm. 111.70 (3) (a) 7m. of the statutes is created to read:
11	111.70 (3) (a) 7m. To refuse or otherwise fail to implement an arbitration
12	decision lawfully made under sub. (4) (cg).
13	Section 2406rg. 111.70(3)(a) 9. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin
14	Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:
15	111.70 (3) (a) 9. If the collective bargaining unit contains a public safety
16	employee or transit employee, after a collective bargaining agreement expires and
17	before another collective bargaining agreement takes effect, to fail to follow any
18	fair-share agreement in the expired collective bargaining agreement.
19	Section 2406rrm. 111.70 (3) (b) 6m. of the statutes is created to read:
20	111.70 (3) (b) 6m. To refuse or otherwise fail to implement an arbitration
21	decision lawfully made under sub. (4) (cg).
22	SECTION 2407bt. 111.70 (4) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
23	111.70 (4) (bm) Transit employee determination. The commission shall
24	determine that any municipal employee is a transit employee if the commission
25	determines that the municipal employer who employs the municipal employee would

lose federal funding under 49 USC 5333 (b) if the municipal employee is not a transit employee.

SECTION 2407dg. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:

111.70 (4) (c) 2. 'Arbitration.' Parties to a dispute pertaining to the meaning or application of the terms of a written collective bargaining agreement involving a collective bargaining unit containing a public safety employee may agree in writing to have the commission or any other appropriate agency serve as arbitrator or may designate any other competent, impartial and disinterested person to so serve.

Section 2407ep. 111.70 (4) (cg) of the statutes is created to read:

- 111.70 (4) (cg) Methods for peaceful settlement of disputes; transit employees.

 1. 'Notice of commencement of contract negotiations.' To advise the commission of the commencement of contract negotiations involving a collective bargaining unit containing transit employees, whenever either party requests the other to reopen negotiations under a binding collective bargaining agreement, or the parties otherwise commence negotiations if no collective bargaining agreement exists, the party requesting negotiations shall immediately notify the commission in writing. Upon failure of the requesting party to provide notice, the other party may provide notice to the commission. The notice shall specify the expiration date of the existing collective bargaining agreement, if any, and shall provide any additional information the commission may require on a form provided by the commission.
- 2. 'Presentation of initial proposals; open meetings.' The meetings between parties to a collective bargaining agreement or proposed collective bargaining agreement under this subchapter that involve a collective bargaining unit containing a transit employee and that are held to present initial bargaining

- proposals, along with supporting rationale, are open to the public. Each party shall submit its initial bargaining proposals to the other party in writing. Failure to comply with this subdivision does not invalidate a collective bargaining agreement under this subchapter.
- 3. 'Mediation.' The commission or its designee shall function as mediator in labor disputes involving transit employees upon request of one or both of the parties, or upon initiation of the commission. The function of the mediator is to encourage voluntary settlement by the parties. No mediator has the power of compulsion.
- 4. 'Grievance arbitration.' Parties to a dispute pertaining to the meaning or application of the terms of a written collective bargaining agreement involving a collective bargaining unit containing a transit employee may agree in writing to have the commission or any other appropriate agency serve as arbitrator or may designate any other competent, impartial, and disinterested person to serve as an arbitrator.
- 5. 'Voluntary impasse resolution procedures.' In addition to the other impasse resolution procedures provided in this paragraph, a municipal employer that employs a transit employee and labor organization may at any time, as a permissive subject of bargaining, agree in writing to a dispute settlement procedure, including binding interest arbitration, which is acceptable to the parties for resolving an impasse over terms of any collective bargaining agreement under this subchapter. The parties shall file a copy of the agreement with the commission. If the parties agree to any form of binding interest arbitration, the arbitrator shall give weight to the factors enumerated under subds. 7. and 7g.
- 6. 'Interest arbitration.' a. If in any collective bargaining unit containing transit employees a dispute has not been settled after a reasonable period of negotiation and after mediation by the commission under subd. 3. and other

settlement procedures, if any, established by the parties have been exhausted, and the parties are deadlocked with respect to any dispute between them over wages, hours, or conditions of employment to be included in a new collective bargaining agreement, either party, or the parties jointly, may petition the commission, in writing, to initiate compulsory, final, and binding arbitration, as provided in this paragraph. At the time the petition is filed, the petitioning party shall submit in writing to the other party and the commission its preliminary final offer containing its latest proposals on all issues in dispute. Within 14 calendar days after the date of that submission, the other party shall submit in writing its preliminary final offer on all disputed issues to the petitioning party and the commission. If a petition is filed jointly, both parties shall exchange their preliminary final offers in writing and submit copies to the commission when the petition is filed.

am. Upon receipt of a petition under subd. 6. a. to initiate arbitration, the commission shall determine, with or without a formal hearing, whether arbitration should be commenced. If in determining whether an impasse exists the commission finds that the procedures under this paragraph have not been complied with and compliance would tend to result in a settlement, it may order compliance before ordering arbitration. The validity of any arbitration award or collective bargaining agreement is not affected by failure to comply with the procedures. Prior to the close of the investigation each party shall submit in writing to the commission its single final offer containing its final proposals on all issues in dispute that are subject to interest arbitration under this subdivision. If a party fails to submit a single, ultimate final offer, the commission shall use the last written position of the party. Such final offers may include only mandatory subjects of bargaining, except that a permissive subject of bargaining may be included by a party if the other party does

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not object and is then treated as a mandatory subject. At that time, the parties shall submit to the commission a stipulation, in writing, with respect to all matters that they agree to include in the new or amended collective bargaining agreement. The commission, after determining that arbitration should be commenced, shall issue an order requiring arbitration and immediately submit to the parties a list of 7 arbitrators. The parties shall alternately strike names from the list until one name is left that person shall be appointed arbitrator. The petitioning party shall notify the commission in writing of the identity of the arbitrator. The commission shall then formally appoint the arbitrator and submit to him or her the final offers of the parties. The final offers are public documents and the commission shall make them available. In lieu of a single arbitrator and upon request of both parties, the commission shall appoint a tripartite arbitration panel consisting of one member selected by each of the parties and a neutral person designated by the commission who shall serve as a chairperson. An arbitration panel has the same powers and duties provided in this section as any other appointed arbitrator, and all arbitration decisions by a panel shall be determined by majority vote. In lieu of selection of the arbitrator by the parties and upon request of both parties, the commission shall establish a procedure for randomly selecting names of arbitrators. Under the procedure, the commission shall submit a list of 7 arbitrators to the parties. Each party shall strike one name from the list. From the remaining 5 names, the commission shall randomly appoint an arbitrator. Unless both parties to an arbitration proceeding otherwise agree in writing, every individual whose name is submitted by the commission for appointment as an arbitrator must be a resident of this state at the time of submission and every individual who is designated as an

arbitration panel chairperson must be a resident of this state at the time of designation.

b. The arbitrator shall, within 10 days of his or her appointment under subd.
6. am., establish a date and place for the arbitration hearing. Upon petition of at least 5 citizens of the jurisdiction served by the municipal employer, filed within 10 days after the date on which the arbitrator is appointed, the arbitrator shall hold a public hearing in the jurisdiction to provide both parties the opportunity to present supporting arguments for their positions and to provide to members of the public the opportunity to offer their comments. The final offers of the parties, as transmitted by the commission to the arbitrator, are the basis for continued negotiations, if any, between the parties with respect to the issues in dispute. At any time prior to the arbitration hearing, either party, with the consent of the other party, may modify its final offer in writing.

c. Before issuing his or her arbitration decision, the arbitrator shall, on his or her own motion or at the request of either party, conduct a meeting open to the public to provide the opportunity to both parties to present supporting arguments for their complete offer on all matters to be covered by the proposed agreement. The arbitrator shall adopt without further modification the final offer of one of the parties on all disputed issues submitted under subd. 6. am., except those items that the commission determines not to be mandatory subjects of bargaining and those items that have not been treated as mandatory subjects by the parties, and including any prior modifications of the offer mutually agreed upon by the parties under subd. 6. b. The decision shall be final and binding on both parties and shall be incorporated into a written collective bargaining agreement. The arbitrator shall serve a copy of his or her decision on both parties and the commission.

- e. Arbitration proceedings may not be interrupted or terminated by reason of any prohibited practice complaint filed by either party at any time.
- f. The parties shall divide the costs of arbitration equally. The arbitrator shall submit a statement of his or her costs to both parties and to the commission.
- g. If a question arises as to whether any proposal made in negotiations by either party is a mandatory, permissive, or prohibited subject of bargaining, the commission shall determine the issue under par. (b). If either party to the dispute petitions the commission for a declaratory ruling under par. (b), the proceedings under subd. 6. c. shall be delayed until the commission renders a decision in the matter, but not during any appeal of the commission order. The arbitrator's award shall be made in accordance with the commission's ruling, subject to automatic amendment by any subsequent court reversal.
- 7. 'Factor given greatest weight.' In making any decision under the arbitration procedures under this paragraph, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider and shall give the greatest weight to the economic conditions in the jurisdiction of the municipal employer. The arbitrator or arbitration panel shall give an accounting of the consideration of this factor in the arbitrator's or panel's decision.
- 7g. 'Factor given greater weight.' In making any decision under the arbitration procedures under this paragraph, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider and shall give greater weight to any state law or directive lawfully issued by a state legislative or administrative officer, body, or agency that places limitations on expenditures that may be made or revenues that may be collected by a municipal employer than to any of the factors specified in subd. 7r.

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1	7r. 'Other factors considered.' In making any decision under the arbitration
2	procedures under by this paragraph, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall give
3	weight to the following factors:
4	a. The lawful authority of the municipal employer.
5	b. Stipulations of the parties.
6	c. The interests and welfare of the public and the financial ability of the unit
7	of government to meet the costs of any proposed settlement.
8	d. Comparison of wages, hours and conditions of employment of the transit
9	employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with the wages, hours, and
10	conditions of employment of other employees performing similar services.
11	e. Comparison of the wages, hours and conditions of employment of the transit
12	employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with the wages, hours, and
13	conditions of employment of other employees generally in public employment in the
14	same community and in comparable communities.
15	f. Comparison of the wages, hours and conditions of employment of the transit
16	employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with the wages, hours, and
17	conditions of employment of other employees in private employment in the same
18	community and in comparable communities.
19	g. The average consumer prices for goods and services, commonly known as the
20	cost of living.✓
21	h. The overall compensation presently received by the transit employees,
22	including direct wage compensation, vacation, holidays, and excused time,
23	insurance and pensions, medical and hospitalization benefits, the continuity and
24	stability of employment, and all other benefits received.

i. Changes in any of	he foregoing circumstances during the pendency of the
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arbitration proceedings.	

- j. Such other factors, not confined to the foregoing, which are normally or traditionally taken into consideration in the determination of wages, hours and conditions of employment through voluntary collective bargaining, mediation, fact-finding, arbitration or otherwise between the parties, in the public service or in private employment.
- 8. 'Rule making.' The commission shall adopt rules for the conduct of all arbitration proceedings under subd. 6., including, but not limited to, rules for:
- a. The appointment of tripartite arbitration panels when requested by the parties.
- b. The expeditious rendering of arbitration decisions, such as waivers of briefs and transcripts.
- c. The removal of individuals who have repeatedly failed to issue timely decisions from the commission's list of qualified arbitrators.
 - d. Proceedings for the enforcement of arbitration decisions.

8m. 'Term of agreement; reopening of negotiations.' Except for the initial collective bargaining agreement between the parties and except as the parties otherwise agree, every collective bargaining agreement covering transit employees shall be for a term of 2 years, but in no case may a collective bargaining agreement for any collective bargaining unit consisting of transit employees subject to this paragraph be for a term exceeding 3 years. No arbitration award involving transit employees may contain a provision for reopening of negotiations during the term of a collective bargaining agreement, unless both parties agree to such a provision. The requirement for agreement by both parties does not apply to a provision for

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reopening of negotiations with respect to any portion of an agreement that is declared invalid by a court or administrative agency or rendered invalid by the enactment of a law or promulgation of a federal regulation.

9. 'Application.' Chapter 788 does not apply to arbitration proceedings under this paragraph.

SECTION 2408b. 111.70 (4) (d) 2. a. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:

111.70 (4) (d) 2. a. The commission shall determine the appropriate collective bargaining unit for the purpose of collective bargaining and shall whenever possible avoid fragmentation by maintaining as few collective bargaining units as practicable in keeping with the size of the total municipal workforce. The commission may decide whether, in a particular case, the municipal employees in the same or several departments, divisions, institutions, crafts, professions, or other occupational groupings constitute a collective bargaining unit. Before making its determination, the commission may provide an opportunity for the municipal employees concerned to determine, by secret ballot, whether they desire to be established as a separate collective bargaining unit. The commission may not decide, however, that any group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining unit if the group includes both professional employees and nonprofessional employees, unless a majority of the professional employees vote for inclusion in the unit. commission may not decide that any group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining unit if the group includes both school district employees and general municipal employees who are not school district employees. The commission may not decide that any group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining unit if the group includes both public safety

employees and general municipal employees, if the group include includes both transit employees and general municipal employees, or if the group includes both transit employees and public safety employees. The commission may not decide that any group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining unit if the group includes both craft employees and noncraft employees unless a majority of the craft employees vote for inclusion in the unit. The commission shall place the professional employees who are assigned to perform any services at a charter school, as defined in s. 115.001 (1), in a separate collective bargaining unit from a unit that includes any other professional employees whenever at least 30% of those professional employees request an election to be held to determine that issue and a majority of the professional employees at the charter school who cast votes in the election decide to be represented in a separate collective bargaining unit.

SECTION 2408ch. 111.70 (4) (d) 3. b. of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:

111.70 (4) (d) 3. b. Annually, the commission shall conduct an election to certify the representative of the collective bargaining unit that contains a general municipal employee. The election shall occur no later than December 1 for a collective bargaining unit containing school district employees and no later than May 1 for a collective bargaining unit containing general municipal employees who are not school district employees. The commission shall certify any representative that receives at least 51 percent of the votes of all of the general municipal employees in the collective bargaining unit. If no representative receives at least 51 percent of the votes of all of the general municipal employees in the collective bargaining unit, at the expiration of the collective bargaining agreement, the commission shall decertify the current representative and the general municipal employees shall be

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nonrepresented. Notwithstanding sub. (2), if a representative is decertified under this subd. 3. b., the affected general municipal employees may not be included in a substantially similar collective bargaining unit for 12 months from the date of decertification. The commission shall assess and collect a certification fee for each election conducted under this subd. 3. b. Fees collected under this subd. 3. b. shall be credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.425 (1) (i).

SECTION 2408cv. 111.70 (4) (jm) 4w. of the statutes is created to read:

111.70 (4) (jm) 4w. In determining the proper compensation to be received by members of the police department under subd. 4., the arbitrator shall give greater weight to the economic conditions in the 1st class city than the arbitrator gives to the factors under subd. 5. The arbitrator shall give an accounting of the consideration of this factor in the arbitrator's decision.

SECTION 2408cx. 111.70 (4) (jm) 5. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

111.70 (4) (jm) 5. (intro.) In determining the proper compensation to be received by members of the police department under subd. 4., in addition to the factor under subd. 4w., the arbitrator shall utilize:

SECTION 2409bg. 111.70 (4) (mb) 2. b. of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed and recreated to read:

111.70 (4) (mb) 2. b. If there is a decrease or no change in the consumer price index change, provides for any change in total base wages for authorized positions in the proposed collective bargaining agreement from the total base wages for authorized positions 180 days before the expiration of the previous collective bargaining agreement.

SECTION 2409br. 111.70 (4) (mbb) of the statutes is created to read: