(15m) EMPLOYER RESTRICTIONS. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), an employer	r
may prohibit a licensee or an out-of-state licensee that it employs from carrying a	ì
concealed weapon or a particular type of concealed weapon in the course of the	Э
licensee's or out-of-state licensee's employment or during any part of the licensee's	S
or out-of-state licensee's course of employment.	
(b) An employer may not prohibit a licensee or an out-of-state licensee, as a	a
condition of employment, from carrying a concealed weapon, a particular type of	f
concealed weapon, or ammunition or from storing a weapon, a particular type or	f
weapon, or ammunition in the licensee's or out-of-state licensee's own motor vehicle	,
regardless of whether the motor vehicle is used in the course of employment or	r
whether the motor vehicle is driven or parked on property used by the employer. (16) PROHIBITED ACTIVITY. (am) (c.) Except as provided in subdrate neither a) a
licensee nor an out-of-state licensee may knowingly carry a concealed weapon, a	
weapon that is not concealed, or a firearm that is not a weapon in any of the following	y
places:	
Any portion of a building that is a police station, sheriff's office, state patrol	l
station, or the office of a division of criminal investigation special agent of the)
department.	
Any portion of a building that is a prison, jail, house of correction, or secured	ł
correctional facility.	
the facility established under s. 46.055.	
d. The center established under s. 46.056.	
Any secured unit or secured portion of a mental health institute under s.	
51.05, including a facility designated as the Maximum Security Facility at Mendota	ι
Mental Health Institute.	

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1	Any portion of a building that is a county, state, or federal courthouse.
2	g. Any portion of a building that is a municipal courtroom if court is in session.
3	h. A place beyond a security checkpoint in an airport.
4	The prohibitions under subd. If do not apply to any of the following:
5	A weapon in a vehicle driven or parked in a parking facility located in a
6	building that is used as, or any portion of which is used as, a location under stabil. A
7	b. A weapon in a courthouse or courtroom if a judge who is a licensee is carrying
8	the weapon or if another licensee or out-of-state licensee, whom a judge has
9	permitted in writing to carry a weapon, is carrying the weapon.
10	¢. A weapon in a courthouse or courtroom if a district attorney, or an assistant
11	district attorney, who is a licensee is carrying the weapon.
12	(17) Penalties. (a) Any person who violates sub. (2g) (b) or (c) may be required
13	to forfeit not more than \$25.
14	(ac) Except as provided in sub. (11) (b) $2.$, any person who violates sub. (11) (b)
15	1. may be required to forfeit \$50.
16	(ag) Any person who violates sub. (2m) (e), (12), or (12g) may be charged with
17	a violation of s. 946.12.
18	(b) Any person who violates sub. (16) (am) may be fined not more than \$500 or
19	imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both.
20	(c) An instructor of a training course under sub. (4) (a) who intentionally
21	submits false documentation indicating that an individual has met the training
22	requirements under sub. (4) (a) may be prosecuted for a violation of s. 946.32.
23	(e) Any person required under sub. (14) (b) 3. to relinquish or deliver a license
24	document to the department who intentionally violates the requirements of that

- subdivision shall be fined not more than \$500 and may be imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both.
- (18) RECIPROCITY AGREEMENTS. The department may enter into reciprocity agreements with other states as to matters relating to licenses or other authorization to carry concealed weapons.
- (19) Statistical report to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) and to the governor that indicates the number of licenses applied for, issued, denied, suspended, and revoked under this section during the previous calendar year. For the licenses denied, the report shall indicate the reasons for the denials and the part of the application process in which the reasons for denial were discovered. For the licenses suspended or revoked, the report shall indicate the reasons for the suspensions and revocations. The department may not include in the report any information that may be used to identify an applicant or a licensee, including, but not limited to, a name, address, birth date, or social security number.
- (21) IMMUNITY. (a) The department of justice, the department of transportation, and the employees of each department; clerks, as defined in sub. (11) (a) 1. a., and their staff; and court automated information systems, as defined under sub. (11) (a) 1. b., and their employees are immune from liability arising from any act or omission under this section, if done so in good faith.
- (b) A person that does not prohibit an individual from carrying a concealed weapon on property that the person owns or occupies is immune from any liability arising from its decision.

(c) An employer that does not prohibit one or more employees from carrying a
concealed weapon under sub. (15m) is immune from any liability arising from its
decision.
(d) A person providing a firearms training course in good faith is immune from
liability arising from any act or omission related to the course if the course is one
described in sub. (4) (a).
Section 42. $440.26 (3\text{m})$ of the statutes is renumbered $440.26 (3\text{m})$ (intro.) and
amended to read:
440.26 (3m) Rules concerning dangerous weapons. (intro.) The department
shall promulgate rules relating to the carrying of dangerous weapons by a person
who holds a license or permit issued under this section or who is employed by a
person licensed under this section. The rules shall meet the minimum requirements
specified in 15 USC 5902 (b)- and shall allow all of the following:
SECTION 43. 440.26 (3m) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
440.26 (3m) (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as
a law enforcement officer to carry a concealed firearm if s. $941.23(1)(g)2.$ to $5.$ and
(2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
SECTION 44. 440.26 (3m) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
440.26 (3m) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in
s. $941.23(1)(g)$, to carry a concealed firearm if s. $941.23(2)(b)1$. to 3. applies.
SECTION 45. 440.26 (3m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
440.26 (3m) (c) A former officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to carry a
concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
SECTION 46. 440.26 (3m) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

440.26 (3m) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), to carry a concealed weapon as permitted
under s. 175.60.

SECTION 47. 813.12 (6) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

813.12 (6) (am) 1. If an injunction is issued or extended under sub. (4) or if a tribal injunction is filed under s. 806.247 (3), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the injunction and shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period during which the injunction is in effect and information necessary to identify the respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.60 (9g) (a).

SECTION 48. 813.122 (9) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

813.122 (9) (am) 1. If an injunction is issued or extended under sub. (5), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the injunction and shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period during which the injunction is in effect and information necessary to identify the respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.60 (9g) (a).

Section 49. 813.125 (5r) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.125 (5r) (a) If an order prohibiting a respondent from possessing a firearm is issued under sub. (4m), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the existence of the order prohibiting a respondent from possessing a firearm and shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period during which the order is in effect and information necessary to identify the

amended to read:

1 respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) 2 (c) or a background check under s. 175.60 (9g) (a). 3 **Section 50.** 895.527 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 895.527 (5) (a) Section 167.30 (1), 941.20 (1) (d) or 948.605 or any rule 4 5 promulgated under those sections regulating or prohibiting the discharge of 6 firearms. 7 **SECTION 51.** 938.396 (2g) (n) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 938.396 (2g) (n) Firearms restriction record search or background check. If a 9 juvenile is adjudged delinquent for an act that would be a felony if committed by an 10 adult, the court clerk shall notify the department of justice of that fact. No other 11 information from the juvenile's court records may be disclosed to the department of 12justice except by order of the court. The department of justice may disclose any 13 information provided under this subsection only as part of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.60 (9g) (a). 14 15 **Section 52.** 939.22 (10) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 939.22 (10) "Dangerous weapon" means any firearm, whether loaded or 17 unloaded; any device designed as a weapon and capable of producing death or great 18 bodily harm; any ligature or other instrumentality used on the throat, neck, nose, or 19 mouth of another person to impede, partially or completely, breathing or circulation 20 of blood; any electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4) (1c) (a); or any other device 21 or instrumentality which, in the manner it is used or intended to be used, is 22 calculated or likely to produce death or great bodily harm. 23 Section 53. 941.23 of the statutes is renumbered 941.23 (2) (intro.) and

1	941.23 (2) (intro.) Any person except a peace officer, other than one of the
2	following, who goes armed with carries a concealed and dangerous weapon is guilty
3	of a Class A misdemeanor. Notwithstanding:
4	(a) A peace officer, but notwithstanding s. 939.22, for purposes of this section
5	paragraph, peace officer does not include a commission warden who is not a
6	state-certified commission warden.
7	SECTION 54. 941.23 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
8	941.23 (1) In this section:
9	(ag) "Carry" has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1) (ag).
10	(ar) "Destructive device" has the meaning given in 18 USC 921 (a) (4).
11	(b) "Firearm silencer" has the meaning given in s. 941.298 (1).
12	(c) "Former officer" means a person who served as a law enforcement officer
13	with a law enforcement agency before separating from law enforcement service.
14	(d) "Law enforcement agency" has the meaning given in s. 175.49 (1) (f).
15	(e) "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning given in s. 175.49 (1) (g).
16	(f) "Machine gun" has the meaning given in s. 941.27 (1).
17	(g) "Qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement
18	officer to whom all of the following apply:
19	1. The person is employed by a state or local government agency in another
20	state.
21	2. The agency has authorized the person to carry a firearm.
22	3. The person is not the subject of any disciplinary action by the agency that
23	could result in the suspension or loss of the person's law enforcement authority.
24	4. The person meets all standards established by the agency to qualify the
25	person on a regular basis to use a firearm.

5. The person is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm. 1 **Section 55.** 941.23 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read: 2 941.23 (2) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer. This paragraph 3 applies only if all of the following apply: 4 1. The weapon is a firearm but is not a machine gun or a destructive device. 5 2. The officer is not carrying a firearm silencer. 6 3. The officer is not under the influence of an intoxicant. 7 **Section 56.** 941.23 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read: 8 941.23 (2) (c) A former officer. This paragraph applies only if all of the following 9 apply: 10 1. The former officer has been issued a photographic identification document 11 described in sub. (3) (b) 1. or both of the following: 12 a. A photographic identification document described in sub. (3) (b) 2. (intro.). 13 b. An identification card described in sub. (3) (b) 2. a., if the former officer 14 resides in this state, or a certification described in sub. (3) (b) 2. b., if the former officer 15 resides in another state. 16 2. The weapon is a firearm that is of the type described in a photographic 17 identification document described in subd. 1. (intro.) or a card or certification 18 described in subd. 1. b. 19 3. Within the preceding 12 months, the former officer met the standards of the 20state in which he or she resides for training and qualification for active duty law 21 22 enforcement officers to carry firearms. 4. The weapon is not a machine gun or a destructive device. 23 5. The former officer is not carrying a firearm silencer. 24 6. The former officer is not under the influence of an intoxicant. 25

1	7. The former officer is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a
2	firearm.
3	SECTION 57. 941.23 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
4	941.23 (2) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
5	licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the dangerous weapon is a weapon, as
6	defined under s. $175.60(1)(j)$. An individual formerly licensed under s. $175.60whose$
7	license has been suspended or revoked under s. $175.60(14)$ may not assert his or her
8	refusal to accept a notice of revocation or suspension mailed under s. 175.60 (14) (b)
9	1. as a defense to prosecution under this subsection, regardless of whether the person
10	has complied with s. 175.60 (11) (b) 1.
11	SECTION 58. 941.23 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
12	941.23 (2) (e) An individual who carries a concealed and dangerous weapon,
13	as defined in s. $175.60(1)(j)$, in his or her own dwelling or place of business or on land
14	that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.
15	Section 59. 941.23 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
16	941.23 (3) (a) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer shall, while
17	carrying a concealed firearm, also have with him or her an identification card that
18	contains his or her photograph and that was issued by the law enforcement agency
19	by which he or she is employed.
20	(b) A former officer shall, while carrying a concealed firearm, also have with
21	him or her one of the following:
22	1. A photographic identification document issued by the law enforcement
23	agency from which the former officer separated that indicates that, within the 12
24	months preceding the date on which the former officer is carrying the concealed
25	firearm, he or she was tested or otherwise found by that law enforcement agency to

1	meet the standards for qualification in firearms training that that law enforcement
2	agency sets for active duty law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the same
3	type as the firearm that the former officer is carrying.
4	2. A photographic identification document issued by the law enforcement
5	agency from which the former officer separated and one of the following:
6	a. A certification card issued under s. 175.49 (2), if the former officer resides
7	in this state.
8	b. A certification issued by the state in which the former officer resides, if the
9	former officer resides in another state, that indicates that, within the 12 months
10	preceding the date on which the former officer is carrying the concealed firearm, he
11	or she has been found by the state in which he or she resides, or by a certified firearms
12	instructor if such an instructor is qualified to conduct a firearms qualification test
13	for law enforcement officers in that state, to meet the standards for qualification in
14	firearms training for law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the type he or she
15	is carrying, that are established by his or her state of residence or, if that state does
16	not establish standards, by any law enforcement agency in his or her state of
17	residence.
18	(c) A person who violates this subsection may be required to forfeit not more
19	than \$25.
20	(d) This subsection does not apply to a licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d),
21	or an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).
22	Section 60. 941.235 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 941.235 (2) (intro.) and
23	amended to read:
24	941.235 (2) (intro.) This section does not apply to peace any of the following:

(a) Peace officers or armed forces or military personnel who go armed in the line
of duty or to any person duly authorized by the chief of police of any city, village or
town, the chief of the capitol police, or the sheriff of any county to possess a firearm
in any building under sub. (1). Notwithstanding s. 939.22 (22), for purposes of this
subsection paragraph, peace officer does not include a commission warden who is not
a state-certified commission warden.
Section 61. 941.235 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
941.235 (2) (c) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in
s. 941.23 (1) (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
SECTION 62. 941.235 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
941.235 (2) (d) A former officer, as defined in s. $941.23(1)(c),$ to whom s. 941.23
(2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
SECTION 63. 941.235 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
941.235 (2) (e) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).
Section 64. 941.237 (3) (cr) of the statutes is created to read:
941.237 (3) (cr) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in
s. 941.23 (1) (g), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
Section 65. 941.237 (3) (ct) of the statutes is created to read:
941.237(3)(ct)A former officer, as defined in s. $941.23(1)(c),$ to whom s. 941.23
(2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
Section 66. 941.237 (3) (cx) of the statutes is created to read:
941.237 (3) (cx) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the licensee or out-of-state licensee is not
consuming alcohol on the premises.

1	SECTION 67. 941.237 (4) of the statutes is repealed.
2	Section 68. 941.295 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 941.295 (1m).
3	SECTION 69. 941.295 (1c) (b) and (c) of the statutes are created to read:
4	941.295 (1c) (b) "Licensee" has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1) (d).
5	(c) "Out-of-state licensee" has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1) (g).
6	SECTION 70. 941.295 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	941.295 (2) (intro.) Subsection (1) (1m) does not apply to any of the following:
8	$\textbf{Section 71.}\ \ 941.295(2)(d)ofthestatutesisrenumbered941.295(2)(d)(intro.)$
9	and amended to read:
10	941.295 (2) (d) (intro.) Any manufacturer or seller whose of electric weapons
11	are used in this state solely by persons, unless the manufacturer or seller engages
12	in the conduct described in sub. (1m) with the intent to provide an electric weapon
13	to someone other than one of the following:
14	1. A person specified in pars. (a) to (c), a licensee, or an out-of-state licensee.
15	SECTION 72. 941.295 (2) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
16	941.295 (2) (d) 2. A person for use in his or her dwelling or place of business
17	or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.
18	SECTION 73. 941.295 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:
19	941.295 (2g) The prohibition in sub. (1m) on possessing or going armed with
20	an electric weapon does not apply to any of the following:
21	(a) A licensee or an out-of-state licensee.
22	(b) An individual who goes armed with an electric weapon in his or her own
23	dwelling or place of business or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally
24	occupies.
25	SECTION 74. 941.295 (2r) of the statutes is created to read:

1	941.295 (2r) The prohibition in sub. (1m) on transporting an electric weapon
2	does not apply to any of the following:
3	(a) A licensee or an out-of-state licensee.
4	(b) An individual who is not a licensee or an out-of-state licensee who
5	transports an electric weapon if the electric weapon is enclosed within a carrying
6	case.
7	SECTION 75. 941.295 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 941.295 (1c) (intro.) and
8	amended to read:
9	941.295 (1c) (intro.) In this section, "electric:
10	(a) "Electric weapon" means any device which is designed, redesigned, used or
11	intended to be used, offensively or defensively, to immobilize or incapacitate persons
12	by the use of electric current.
13	Section 76. 943.13 (1e) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 943.13 (1e) (ar).
14	Section 77. 943.13 (1e) (aL) of the statutes is created to read:
15	943.13 (1e) (aL) "Carry" has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1) (ag).
16	Section 78. 943.13 (1e) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
17	$943.13~\mbox{(1e)}~\mbox{(bm)}$ "Licensee" means a licensee, as defined in s. $175.60~\mbox{(1)}~\mbox{(d)}, or$
18	an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).
19	SECTION 79. 943.13 (1e) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:
20	943.13 (1e) (cm) "Nonresidential building" includes a nursing home as defined
21	in s. 50.01 (3), a community-based residential facility as defined in s. 50.01 (1g), a
22	residential care apartment complex as defined in s. $50.01(1\mathrm{d})$, an adult family home
23	as defined in s. 50.01 (1), and a hospice as defined in s. 50.90 (1).
24	Section 80. 943.13 (1e) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

943.13 (1e) (g) "Out-of-state licensee" has the meaning given in s. 175.60 (1)

(g).

(g).

SECTION 81. 9 3.13 (1e) (h) of the statutes is created to read:

943.13 (1e) (h) "Special event" means an event that is open to the public, is for a limited duration, and either has designated entrances to and from the event that are locked when the event is closed or requires an admission.

SECTION 82. 943.13 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

943.13 (1m) (b) Enters or remains on any land of another after having been notified by the owner or occupant not to enter or remain on the premises. This paragraph does not apply to a licensee or out-of-state licensee if the owner's or occupant's intent is to prevent the licensee or out-of-state licensee from carrying a firearm on the owner's or occupant's land.

SECTION 83. 943.13 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

943.13 (1m) (c) 1. While carrying a firearm, enters or remains at a residence that the actor does not own or occupy after the owner of the residence, if he or she has not leased it to another person, or the occupant of the residence has notified the actor not to enter or remain at the residence while carrying a firearm or with that type of firearm. In this subdivision, "residence," with respect to a single-family residence, includes the residence building and the parcel of land upon which the residence building is located, and "residence," with respect to a residence that is not a single-family residence, does not include any common area of the building in which the residence is located or any common areas of the rest of the parcel of land upon which the residence building is located.

1m. While carrying a firearm, enters or remains in a common area in a building, that is a residence that is not a single-family residence if the actor does not own the

or on the grounds

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residence or does not occupy any part of the residence, if the owner of the residence has notified the actor not to enter or remain in the common area while carrying a firearm or with that type of firearm. (105)(2-3)

- 2. While carrying a firearm, enters or remains in any part of a nonresidential building, grounds of a nonresidential building, or land that the actor does not own or occupy after the owner of the building, grounds, or land, if that part of the building, grounds, or land has not been leased to another person, or the occupant of that part of the building, grounds, or land has notified the actor not to enter or remain in that part of the building, grounds, or land while carrying a firearm or with that type of firearm. This subdivision does not apply to a part of a building, grounds, or land occupied by the state or by a local governmental unit, to a privately or publicly owned building on the grounds of a university or college, or to the grounds of or land owned or occupied by a university of college, or, if the firearm is in a vehicle driven or parked in the parking facility, to any part of a building, grounds, or land used as a parking facility.
- 3. While carrying a firearm, enters or remains at a special event if the organizers of the special event have notified the actor not to enter or remain at the special event while carrying a firearm or with that type of firearm. This subdivision does not apply, if the firearm is in a vehicle driven or parked in the parking facility, to any part of the special event grounds or building used as a parking facility.
- 4. Enters or remains in any part of a building that is owned, occupied, or controlled by the state or any local governmental unit, excluding any building or portion of a building under s. 175.60 (16) (and k_{\perp}), if the state or local governmental unit has notified the actor not to enter or remain in the building while carrying a firearm or with that type of firearm. This subdivision does not apply to a person who

- leases residential or business premises in the building or, if the firearm is in a vehicle driven or parked in the parking facility, to any part of the building used as a parking facility.
- 5. Enters or remains in any privately or publicly owned building on the grounds of a university or college, if the university or college has notified the actor not to enter or remain in the building while carrying a firearm or with that type of firearm. This subdivision does not apply to a person who leases residential or business premises in the building or, if the firearm is in a vehicle driven or parked in the parking facility, to any part of the building used as a parking facility.
- **SECTION 84.** 943.13 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 943.13 (2) (am), and 943.13 (2) (am) (intro.) and 1., as renumbered, are amended to read:
- 943.13 (2) (am) (intro.) A person has received notice from the owner or occupant within the meaning of sub. (1m) (b), (e) or (f) if he or she has been notified personally, either orally or in writing, or if the land is posted. Land is considered to be posted under this subsection paragraph under either of the following procedures:
- 1. If a sign at least 11 inches square is placed in at least 2 conspicuous places for every 40 acres to be protected. The sign must earry provide an appropriate notice and the name of the person giving the notice followed by the word "owner" if the person giving the notice is the holder of legal title to the land and by the word "occupant" if the person giving the notice is not the holder of legal title but is a lawful occupant of the land. Proof that appropriate signs as provided in this paragraph subdivision were erected or in existence upon the premises to be protected prior to the event complained of shall be prima facie proof that the premises to be protected were posted as provided in this paragraph subdivision.

Section 85. 943.13 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

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943.13 (2) (bm) 1. In this paragraph, "sign" means a sign that states a restriction imposed under subd. 2. that is at least 8.5 inches by 11 inches and colored

3 orange as described in s. 29.301 (2)

expected to see the sign.

2. For the purposes of sub. (1m) (c) (1m., 2., 4., and 5., an owner of a residence that is not a single-family residence, an owner or occupant of a part of a nonresidential building, the state or a local governmental unit, or a university or a college has notified an individual not to enter or remain in that part of the building while carrying a firearm or with a particular type of firearm if the owner, occupant, state, local governmental unit, university, or college has posted a sign that is located in a prominent place near all of the entrances to the part of the building to which the restriction applies and any individual entering the building can be reasonably

b. For the purposes of sub. (1m) (c) 2., an owner or occupant of the grounds of a nonresidential building or of land has notified an individual not to enter or remain on the grounds or land while carrying a firearm or with a particular type of firearm if the owner or occupant has posted a sign that is located in a prominent place near all probable access points to the grounds or land to which the restriction applies and any individual entering the grounds or land can be reasonably expected to see the sign.

For the purposes of sub. (1m) (c) 3., the organizers of the special event have notified an individual not to enter or remain at the special event while carrying a firearm or with a particular type of firearm if the organizers have posted a sign that is located in a prominent place near all of the entrances to the special event and any individual attending the special event can be reasonably expected to see the sign.

SECTION 86. 943.13 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

943	3.13 (3) Whoever erects on the land of another signs which are the same as
or simila	er to those described in sub. (2) (am) without obtaining the express consent
of the la	wful occupant of or holder of legal title to such land is subject to a Class C
forfeitur	e.
SEC	CTION 87. 946.71 of the statutes is created to read:
946	3.71 Unlawful use of license for carrying concealed weapons. (1) In
this sect	ion, "license" means a license issued under s. 175.60 (2) or (9r).
(2)	Whoever does any of the following is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor:
(a)	Intentionally represents as valid any revoked, suspended, fictitious, or
fraudule	ntly altered license.
(b)	If the actor holds a license, intentionally sells or lends the license to any
other inc	lividual or knowingly permits another individual to use the license.
(c)	Intentionally represents as one's own any license not issued to him or her.
(d)	If the actor holds a license, intentionally permits any unlawful use of that
license.	
(e)	Intentionally reproduces by any means a copy of a license for a purpose that
is prohib	pited under this subsection.
(f)	Intentionally defaces or intentionally alters a license.
SEC	CTION 88. 947.01 of the statutes is renumbered 947.01 (1).
SEC	CTION 89. 947.01 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
947	7.01 (2) Unless other facts and circumstances apply, a person is not in
	of, and may not be charged with a violation of, this section for loading,
carrying	, or going armed with a firearm, without regard to whether the firearm is $\!$
loaded o	r is concealed or openly carried.
SEC	TION 90. 947.011 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

25

1	947.011 (2) (a) 1. Engage in conduct that is prohibited under s. 947.01 (1) within
2	500 feet of any entrance to a facility being used for the service with the intent to
3	disrupt the service.
4	SECTION 91. 947.011 (2) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	947.011 (2) (c) 1. Engage in conduct that is prohibited under s. 947.01 (1) within
6	500 feet of any entrance to a facility being used for the service.
7	SECTION 92. 947.011 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	947.011 (2) (d) No person may impede vehicles that are part of a funeral
9	procession if the person's conduct violates s. 947.01 (1).
10	SECTION 93. 948.60 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	948.60 (1) In this section, "dangerous weapon" means any firearm, loaded or
12	unloaded; any electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4) (1c) (a); metallic knuckles
13	or knuckles of any substance which could be put to the same use with the same or
14	similar effect as metallic knuckles; a nunchaku or any similar weapon consisting of
15	2 sticks of wood, plastic or metal connected at one end by a length of rope, chain, wire
16	or leather; a cestus or similar material weighted with metal or other substance and
17	worn on the hand; a shuriken or any similar pointed star-like object intended to
18	injure a person when thrown; or a manrikigusari or similar length of chain having
19	weighted ends.
20	SECTION 94. 948.605 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	948.605 (2) (a) Any individual who knowingly possesses a firearm at a place
22	that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, is a school zone in or
23	on the grounds of a school is guilty of a Class I felony. Any individual who knowingly

possesses a firearm at a place that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause to

believe, is within 1,000 feet of the grounds of a school is subject to a Class B forfeiture.

Section 95. 948.605 (2) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 1 2 948.605 (2) (b) (intro.) Paragraph (a) does not apply to the possession of a 3 firearm by any of the following: 4 **Section 96.** 948.605 (2) (b) 1., 2., 4., 5. and 7. of the statutes are repealed. 5 **Section 97.** 948.605 (2) (b) 1m. and 1r. of the statutes are created to read: 6 948.605 (2) (b) 1m. A person who possesses the firearm in accordance with 18 7 USC 922 (q) (2) (B) (i), (iv), (v), (vi), or (vii). 8 1r. Except if the person is in or on the grounds of a school, a licensee, as defined 9 in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g). 10 **SECTION 98.** 948.605 (2) (b) 6. of the statutes is renumbered 948.605 (2) (b) 2m. 11 and amended to read: 12 948.605 (2) (b) 2m. By a law enforcement officer or A state-certified 13 commission warden acting in his or her official capacity; or. 14 **Section 99.** 948.605 (2) (b) 8. of the statutes is renumbered 948.605 (2) (b) 3m. 15 and amended to read: 948.605 (2) (b) 3m. By a A person who is legally hunting in a school forest if 16 17 the school board has decided that hunting may be allowed in the school forest under 18 s. 120.13 (38). 19 **Section 100.** 968.255 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 20 968.255 (1) (a) 2. Arrested for any misdemeanor under s. 167.30 (1), 940.19, 21 941.20 (1), 941.23, 941.237, 941.24, 948.60, or 948.61. 22 **SECTION 101.** 971.37 (1m) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 23 971.37 (1m) (a) 2. An adult accused of or charged with a criminal violation of 24 s. 940.19, 940.20 (1m), 940.201, 940.225, 940.23, 940.285, 940.30, 940.42, 940.43, 940.44, 940.45, 940.48, 941.20, 941.30, 943.01, 943.011, 943.14, 943.15, 946.49, 25

947.01 (1), 947.012 or 947.0125 and the conduct constituting the violation involved an act by the adult person against his or her spouse or former spouse, against an adult with whom the adult person resides or formerly resided or against an adult with whom the adult person has created a child.

SECTION 102. 973.055 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

973.055 (1) (a) 1. The court convicts the person of a violation of a crime specified in s. 940.01, 940.02, 940.03, 940.05, 940.06, 940.19, 940.20 (1m), 940.201, 940.21, 940.225, 940.23, 940.235, 940.285, 940.30, 940.305, 940.31, 940.42, 940.43, 940.44, 940.45, 940.48, 941.20, 941.30, 943.01, 943.01, 943.14, 943.15, 946.49, 947.01 (1), 947.012 or 947.0125 or of a municipal ordinance conforming to s. 940.201, 941.20, 941.30, 943.01, 943.01, 943.14, 943.15, 946.49, 947.01 (1), 947.012 or 947.0125; and

SECTION 103. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) Using the procedure under section 227.24 of the statutes, the department of justice shall promulgate rules required under section 165.25 (12) of the statutes, as created by this act, for the period before the effective date of the permanent rules promulgated under those sections, but not to exceed the period authorized under section 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3) of the statutes, the department is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of an emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection.

SECTION 104. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication, except as follows:

W7 88.97

1	(1) The treatment of sections 66.0409 (6), 165.25 (12), 175.49 (4), 175.60 (2m)
2	and (5), and 947.01 (2) of the statutes and Section 103 (1) of this act take effect on
3	the day after publication.
4	(END) and a.('
	(i)

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2. The department shall conduct a criminal history record search and shall search its records and conduct a search in the national instant criminal background check system to determine whether the applicant is prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal law; whether the applicant is prohibited from possessing a firearm under s. 941.29;

Insert 52-3

This subdivision does not apply to a part of the grounds of the building if that part is used for parking and the firearm is in a vehicle driven or parked in that part.

Insert 54-4

a. For the purposes of sub. (1m) (c) 1m., an owner of a residence that is not a single-family residence has notified an individual not to enter or remain in a part of that building, or on the grounds of that building, while carrying a firearm or with a particular type of firearm if the owner has posted a sign that is located in a prominent place near all of the entrances to the part of the building to which the restriction applies or near all probable access points to the grounds to which the restrictions applies and any individual entering the building or the grounds can be reasonably expected to see the sign.

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Notwithstanding section 175.60 (9) (b) of the statutes, as created by this act, beginning on the effective date of this subsection and ending on the first day of the 5th month beginning after the effective date of this subsection, the department of justice shall, as soon as practicable and without delay, but no longer than 45 days, after receiving a complete application under section 175.60 (7) of the statutes, as created by this act, for a license to carry a concealed weapon, do one of the following:

- (a) Issue the license and promptly send the licensee his or her license document by 1st class mail.
- (b) Deny the application, but only if section 175.60 (3) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of the statutes, as created by this act, applies to the applicant. If the department denies the application, the department shall inform the applicant in writing, stating the reason and factual basis for the denial.

1	g. Any portion of a building that is a municipal courtroom if court is in session.	
2	h. A place beyond a security checkpoint in an airport.	
3	2. The prohibitions under subd. 1. do not apply to any of the following:	
4	a. A weapon in a vehicle driven or parked in a parking facility located in a	
5	building that is used as, or any portion of which is used as, a location under subd. 1.	
6	b. A weapon in a courthouse or courtroom if a judge who is a licensee is carrying	
7	the weapon or if another licensee or out-of-state licensee, whom a judge has	
8	permitted in writing to carry a weapon, is carrying the weapon.	
9	c. A weapon in a courthouse or courtroom if a district attorney, or an assistant	
10	district attorney, who is a licensee is carrying the weapon.	
11	(17) PENALTIES. (a) Any person who violates sub. (2g) (b) or (c) may be required	
12	to forfeit not more than \$25.	
13	(ac) Except as provided in sub. (11) (b) 2., any person who violates sub. (11) (b)	
14	1. may be required to forfeit \$50.	
15	(ag) Any person who violates sub. (2m) (e), (12), or (12g) may be fined not more	
16	than \$500 or sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days or both.	//
17	(ar) Any law enforcement officer who uses excessive force based solely on an	X
18	individual's status as a licensee may be fined not more than \$500 or sentenced to a	8
19	term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days or both. The application of the	
20	criminal penalty under this paragraph does not preclude the application of any other	
21	civil or criminal remedy.	,
22	(b) Any person who violates sub. (16) (am) may be fined not more than \$500 or	
23	imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both.	
24	(e) Any person required under sub. (14) (b) 3. to relinquish or deliver a license	
25	document to the department who intentionally violates the requirements of that	