



State of Wisconsin
2011 – 2012 LEGISLATURE



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**ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1,
TO 2011 SENATE BILL 116**

October 24, 2011 – Offered by Representative TAUCHEN.

1 **AN ACT** *to repeal* 6.22 (4) (g), 6.221 (1), 6.221 (3) (b), 6.25 (2), 6.25 (3), 6.865 (3),
2 6.865 (3m) (a), 6.865 (3m) (c) and 7.15 (1) (cs); *to renumber* 6.221 (4); *to*
3 *renumber and amend* 5.02 (18), 6.221 (title), 6.221 (2), 6.221 (3) (a), 6.221 (5),
4 6.221 (6), 6.25 (1) and 6.865 (3m) (b); *to consolidate, renumber and amend*
5 6.25 (4) (intro.), (a) and (b); *to amend* 5.05 (13) (title), 5.15 (4) (a), 5.15 (6) (b),
6 5.25 (3), 5.62 (title), 5.62 (1) (a), 5.62 (1) (b), 5.62 (2), 5.62 (3), 6.22 (4) (a), 6.22
7 (4) (c), 6.22 (4) (e), 6.22 (4) (f), 6.22 (5), 6.22 (6), 6.24 (1), 6.24 (2), 6.24 (4) (c), 6.36
8 (1) (a), 6.50 (8), 6.86 (1) (a) (intro.), 6.86 (1) (a) 3., 6.86 (1) (ac), 6.86 (1) (b), 6.865
9 (title), 6.869, 6.87 (3) (d), 6.87 (6), 6.875 (3), 6.88 (1), 6.88 (3) (b), 7.08 (2) (b), 7.10
10 (3) (a), 7.15 (1) (cm), 7.15 (1) (j), 7.51 (5) (b), 7.52 (3) (b), 7.60 (5) (a), 7.70 (3) (a),
11 8.10 (1), 8.15 (title), 8.15 (1), 8.16 (7), 8.17 (1) (b), 8.17 (4), 8.17 (5) (b), 8.19 (3),
12 8.20 (8) (a), 8.20 (8) (am), 8.37, 8.50 (intro.), 8.50 (1) (d), 8.50 (2), 8.50 (3) (a), 8.50
13 (3) (b), 8.50 (3) (c), 8.50 (4) (b), 8.50 (4) (fm), 9.01 (1) (a) 1., 9.01 (1) (ag) 1., 9.01

1 (1) (ag) 1m., 9.01 (1) (ag) 2., 9.01 (1) (b) (intro.), 10.01 (2) (d), 10.01 (2) (e), 10.06
2 (1) (f), 10.06 (1) (h), 10.06 (1) (i), 10.06 (2) (gm), 10.06 (2) (h), 10.06 (2) (j), 10.06
3 (3) (cm), 11.06 (12) (a) 1., 11.26 (17) (d), 11.31 (7) (a), 13.123 (3) (b) 1. a., 38.16
4 (3) (br) 1., 59.08 (7) (b), 59.10 (3) (cm) 2., 59.605 (3) (a) 1., 60.30 (1e) (b), 62.13
5 (6) (b), 66.0217 (7) (a) 3., 66.0219 (4) (b), 66.0227 (3), 66.0305 (6) (b), 66.0307 (4)
6 (e) 2., 66.0602 (4) (a), 66.0619 (2m) (b), 66.0921 (2), 66.1113 (2) (g), 66.1113 (2)
7 (h), 67.05 (6m) (b), 67.12 (12) (e) 5., 86.21 (2) (a), 92.11 (4) (c), 117.22 (2) (e),
8 120.02 (1), 120.02 (2) (a), 120.02 (4), 121.91 (3) (a), 125.05 (1) (b) 5., 197.04 (1)
9 (b), 229.824 (15), 343.50 (5m), 343.50 (7) and 995.20; and **to create** 5.05 (13) (c)
10 and (d), 6.22 (2) (e), 6.24 (4) (e), 6.25 (1) (b) and 6.25 (1) (c) of the statutes;
11 **relating to:** the dates of the September primary and certain other election
12 occurrences, absentee voting, and the fee for duplicate identification cards
13 issued by the Department of Transportation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This substitute amendment changes the date of the September primary from the 2nd Tuesday in September to the 2nd Tuesday in August and renames it to be the “Partisan Primary”. The substitute amendment also changes the dates of related election events to accommodate the change in the date of the primary. In elections for national office or special elections that are held concurrently with the general election, the substitute amendment provides for absentee ballots to be available to electors for at least a 47–day period before the election. Currently, the length of this period varies but it is generally a shorter period.

The substitute amendment also makes various changes in the laws pertaining to absentee voting. Most of the changes relate to absentee voting by military and overseas electors of this state. State law contains different definitions of the terms “military elector” and “overseas elector.” One set of definitions mirrors the definitions found in federal law. Under federal law, a “military elector” includes: 1) a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of that duty, is absent from the residence where the member is otherwise qualified to vote; 2) a member of the merchant marine who, by reason of service in the merchant marine, is absent from the residence where the member is otherwise qualified to vote; and 3) the spouse or dependent of any such member who, by reason of the duty or service of the member, is absent from the residence where the person is otherwise qualified to vote. The

federal definition of “overseas elector” includes an elector who resides outside the United States and who is qualified under federal law to vote in elections for national office in this state because the elector last resided in this state immediately prior to the elector’s departure from the United States. The other set of definitions applies for certain state purposes and includes all the persons who are included in the federal definitions but also includes other persons. The state definition of the term “military elector” includes: 1) members of a uniformed service who are not on active duty or who are not absent from their residences by reason of their service or both; 2) members of the merchant marine who are not absent from their residences; 3) civilian employees of the United States and civilians officially attached to a uniformed service who are serving outside the United States; 4) Peace Corps volunteers; and 5) spouses and dependents of these persons who are residing with or accompanying them. The state definition of “overseas elector” includes children of persons who qualify as overseas electors under federal law who are U.S. citizens at least 18 years of age, who are not disqualified from voting in this state, and who are not residents of this state. Significant provisions of the substitute amendment include:

1. Current law permits a military or overseas elector, as defined in state law, to cast a vote in any general election in which a federal office is to be filled by writing in the name of a candidate on a blank absentee ballot form prescribed by the U.S. government and returning the ballot to the appropriate municipal clerk or board of election commissioners. This substitute amendment permits a military elector, as defined by state law, to cast such a ballot at any election, including any primary election, at which a federal, state, or local office is to be filled and permits an overseas elector, as defined by state law, to cast such a ballot at any election, including any primary election, at which a federal office is to be filled. The substitute amendment also provides that a completed and signed federal write-in absentee ballot serves as an application for an absentee ballot and need not be accompanied by a separate application, as required currently.

2. The substitute amendment directs the Government Accountability Board (GAB), with the assistance of county and municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners, to designate at least one freely accessible means of electronic communication which shall be used to: 1) permit a military or overseas elector, as defined by federal law, to request a voter registration or absentee ballot application and to indicate whether he or she wishes to receive the application electronically or by mail; and 2) permit a municipal clerk or board of election commissioners to transmit an application to a military or overseas elector, as defined by federal law, electronically or by mail, as requested by the elector, together with related voting, balloting and election information. The substitute amendment also directs GAB, with the assistance of county and municipal clerks and boards of elections commissioners, to maintain a freely accessible system whereby a military or overseas elector, as defined by federal law, who casts an absentee ballot may ascertain whether the ballot has been received by the appropriate municipal clerk or board. No similar provisions exist currently.

3. Currently, an absentee ballot cast by an elector is void unless it is received at the polling place for the elector's residence by 8 p.m. on election night. However, state law provides that if an elector is a military elector, as defined by federal law, the elector has an additional ten days after the general election and seven days after the September primary for the elector's ballot to be received by his or her municipality if the ballot is postmarked by election day. This substitute amendment provides instead that all absentee electors except those voting in person have until 4 p.m. on the Friday after an election for their ballots to be received if the ballots are postmarked by election day.

4. Currently, the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of each municipality must, upon request of any absentee elector, transmit an absentee ballot to the elector by electronic mail or facsimile transmission. This bill authorizes and requires a municipal clerk or board to transmit an absentee ballot electronically only to a military or overseas elector, as defined in federal law, upon request of such an elector.

5. Currently, an elector who is a military elector, as defined by state law, or an overseas elector, as defined by state law, and who applies for an absentee ballot no later than 30 days before an election may cast a blank write-in ballot at that election in lieu of the official printed ballot, for any candidates for federal office whose offices are contested at that election. The ballot is valid only if it is submitted from a location outside the United States. This substitute amendment permits such an elector to cast a blank write-in absentee ballot after official printed ballots become available if he or she applies for an absentee ballot no later than the latest time permitted for application for an absentee ballot under state law. The substitute amendment also permits a military elector to cast such a ballot even if the ballot is submitted from a location inside the United States, including the elector's permanent residence.

6. Currently, a military or overseas elector, as defined in state law, may cast a blank write-in absentee ballot under state law. In the case of military electors, the ballot may be used to vote for any candidate for state or local office. In the case of overseas electors, the ballot may only be used to vote for candidates for national office. This substitute amendment discontinues the state write-in absentee ballot for both groups of electors.

7. Currently, with certain exceptions, a military elector who requests an absentee ballot receives absentee ballots automatically for all elections unless the elector fails to return any absentee ballot during the entire period encompassed by two successive general elections. Under this substitute amendment, with certain exceptions, a military elector who requests an absentee ballot receives absentee ballots automatically for all elections held in the same calendar year in which the request is made.

8. Currently, GAB must prescribe uniform instructions for absentee voters. This substitute amendment provides that the instructions must include the specific means of electronic communication that absentee voters may use to file an application for an absentee ballot, to request a voter registration form, or to change their registrations.

Under current law, as created in 2011 Wisconsin Act 23, the Department of Transportation (DOT) may not charge a fee to an applicant for the initial issuance, renewal, or reinstatement of an identification card if the applicant is a U.S. citizen who will be at least 18 years of age on the date of the next election and the applicant requests that the identification card be provided without charge for purposes of voting.

This substitute amendment includes the issuance of a duplicate identification card by DOT in this fee exception.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1 **SECTION 1.** 5.02 (18) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
2 renumbered 5.02 (12s) and amended to read:

3 5.02 **(12s)** “September Partisan primary” means the primary held the 2nd
4 Tuesday in September August to nominate candidates to be voted for at the general
5 election.

6 **SECTION 2.** 5.05 (13) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 5.05 **(13)** (title) TOLL-FREE ELECTION INFORMATION EXCHANGE AND REQUESTS.

8 **SECTION 3.** 5.05 (13) (c) and (d) of the statutes are created to read:

9 5.05 **(13)** (c) The board shall maintain a freely accessible system under which
10 a military elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a), or an overseas elector, as defined in s.
11 6.34 (1) (b), who casts an absentee ballot may ascertain whether the ballot has been
12 received by the appropriate municipal clerk.

13 (d) The board shall designate and maintain at least one freely accessible means
14 of electronic communication which shall be used for the following purposes:

15 1. To permit a military elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a), or an overseas elector,
16 as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (b), to request a voter registration application or an
17 application for an absentee ballot at any election at which the elector is qualified to
18 vote in this state.

1 2. To permit a military elector or an overseas elector under subd. 1. to designate
2 whether the elector wishes to receive the applications under subd. 1. electronically
3 or by mail.

4 3. To permit a municipal clerk to transmit to a military elector or an overseas
5 elector under subd. 1. a registration application or absentee ballot application
6 electronically or by mail, as directed by the elector under subd. 2., together with
7 related voting, balloting, and election information.

8 **SECTION 4.** 5.15 (4) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 39, is
9 amended to read:

10 5.15 **(4)** (a) Except as provided in par. (c), the division ordinance or resolution
11 shall number all wards in the municipality with unique whole numbers in
12 consecutive order, beginning with the number one, shall designate the polling place
13 for each ward, and shall describe the boundaries of each ward consistent with the
14 conventions set forth in s. 4.003. The ordinance or resolution shall be accompanied
15 by a list of the block numbers used by the U.S. bureau of the census that are wholly
16 or partly contained within each ward, with any block numbers partly contained
17 within a ward identified, and a map of the municipality which illustrates the revised
18 ward boundaries. If the legislature, in an act redistricting legislative districts under
19 article IV, section 3, of the constitution, or in redistricting congressional districts,
20 establishes a district boundary within a municipality that does not coincide with the
21 boundary of a ward established under the ordinance or resolution of the
22 municipality, the municipal governing body shall, no later than ~~May 15~~ April 10 of
23 the 2nd year following the year of the federal decennial census on which the act is
24 based, amend the ordinance or resolution to the extent required to effect the act. The
25 amended ordinance or resolution shall designate the polling place for any ward that

1 is created to effect the legislative act. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed
2 to compel a county or city to alter or redraw supervisory or aldermanic districts.

3 **SECTION 5.** 5.15 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 5.15 **(6)** (b) No later than ~~60 days before each September primary and general~~
5 ~~election, and no later than~~ 30 days before each other election, the governing body of
6 any municipality may by resolution combine 2 or more wards for voting purposes to
7 facilitate using a common polling place. Whenever wards are so combined, the
8 original ward numbers shall continue to be utilized for all official purposes. Except
9 as otherwise authorized under this paragraph, every municipality having a
10 population of 35,000 or more shall maintain separate returns for each ward so
11 combined. In municipalities having a population of less than 35,000, the governing
12 body may provide in the resolution that returns shall be maintained only for each
13 group of combined wards at any election. Whenever a governing body provides for
14 common ballot boxes and ballots or voting machines, separate returns shall be
15 maintained for each separate ballot required under ss. 5.62 and 5.64 at the
16 ~~September~~ partisan primary and general election. The municipal clerk shall
17 transmit a copy of the resolution to the county clerk of each county in which the
18 municipality is contained. In municipalities having a population of less than 35,000,
19 the resolution shall remain in effect for each election until modified or rescinded, or
20 until a new division is made under this section.

21 **SECTION 6.** 5.25 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 5.25 **(3)** Polling places shall be established for each ~~September primary and~~
23 ~~general election at least 60 days before the election, and for each other election at~~
24 least 30 days before the election.

25 **SECTION 7.** 5.62 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 **5.62 (title) September Partisan primary ballots.**

2 **SECTION 8.** 5.62 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
3 amended to read:

4 **5.62 (1) (a)** At ~~September primaries~~ the partisan primary, the following ballot
5 shall be provided for the nomination of candidates of recognized political parties for
6 national, state and county offices and independent candidates for state office in each
7 ward, in the same form as prescribed by the board under s. 7.08 (1) (a), except as
8 authorized in s. 5.655. The ballots shall be made up of the several party tickets with
9 each party entitled to participate in the primary under par. (b) or sub. (2) having its
10 own ballot, except as authorized in s. 5.655. The ballots shall be secured together at
11 the bottom. The party ballot of the party receiving the most votes for president or
12 governor at the last general election shall be on top with the other parties arranged
13 in descending order based on their vote for president or governor at the last general
14 election. The ballots of parties qualifying under sub. (2) shall be placed after the
15 parties qualifying under par. (b), in the same order in which the parties filed petitions
16 with the board. Any ballot required under par. (b) 2. shall be placed next in order.
17 At polling places where voting machines are used, each party shall be represented
18 in one or more separate columns or rows on the ballot. At polling places where an
19 electronic voting system is used other than an electronic voting machine, each party
20 may be represented in separate columns or rows on the ballot.

21 **SECTION 9.** 5.62 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 **5.62 (1) (b) 1.** Except as provided in subd. 2. and s. 5.64 (1) (e) 2., every
23 recognized political party listed on the official ballot at the last gubernatorial election
24 whose candidate for any statewide office received at least 1% of the total votes cast
25 for that office and, if the last general election was also a presidential election, every

1 recognized political party listed on the ballot at that election whose candidate for
2 president received at least 1% of the total vote cast for that office shall have a
3 separate primary ballot or one or more separate columns or rows on the primary
4 ballot as prescribed in par. (a) and a separate column on the general election ballot
5 in every ward and election district. An organization which was listed as
6 “independent” at the last general election and whose candidate meets the same
7 qualification shall receive the same ballot status upon petition of the chairperson
8 and secretary of the organization to the board requesting such status and specifying
9 their party name, which may not duplicate the name of an existing party. A petition
10 under this subdivision may be filed no later than 5 p.m. on ~~June~~ April 1 in the year
11 of each general election.

12 2. Subdivision 1. applies to a party within any assembly district or county at
13 any ~~September~~ partisan primary election only if at least one candidate of the party
14 for any national, state or county office qualifies to have his or her name appear on
15 the ballot under the name of that party within that assembly district or county. The
16 county clerk or county board of election commissioners shall provide a combined
17 separate ballot or one or more separate columns or rows on the ballot that will permit
18 an elector to cast a vote for a write-in candidate for the nomination of any such party
19 for each national, state and county office whenever that party qualifies to be
20 represented on a separate primary ballot or in one or more separate columns or rows
21 under subd. 1. but does not qualify under this subdivision. The ballot shall include
22 the name of each party qualifying for a separate ballot or one or more separate
23 columns or rows on the ballot under each office, with the names of the candidates for
24 each such party appearing in the same order in which the ballots of the parties would
25 appear under par. (a).

1 **SECTION 10.** 5.62 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 5.62 **(2)** (a) Except as provided in par. (b) and s. 5.64 (1) (e) 2., any political
3 organization may be represented on a separate primary ballot or in one or more
4 separate columns or rows on the primary ballot as prescribed in sub. (1) (a) and in
5 a separate column on the general election ballot in every ward and election district.
6 To qualify for a separate ballot under this paragraph, the political organization shall,
7 not later than 5 p.m. on ~~June~~ April 1 in the year of the ~~September~~ partisan primary,
8 file with the board a petition requesting separate ballot status. The petition shall
9 be signed by at least 10,000 electors, including at least 1,000 electors residing in each
10 of at least 3 separate congressional districts. The petition shall conform to the
11 requirements of s. 8.40. No signature obtained before January 1 in the year of filing
12 is valid. When the candidates of a political organization filing a valid petition fulfill
13 the requirements prescribed by law, they shall appear on a separate ballot or one or
14 more separate columns or rows on the ballot for the period ending with the following
15 general election.

16 (b) Paragraph (a) applies to a party within any assembly district or county at
17 any ~~September~~ partisan primary election only if at least one candidate of the party
18 for any national, state or county office qualifies to have his or her name appear on
19 the ballot under the name of that party within that assembly district or county. The
20 county clerk or county board of election commissioners shall provide a combined
21 separate ballot or one or more separate columns or rows on the ballot that will permit
22 an elector to cast a vote for a write-in candidate for the nomination of any such party
23 for each national, state and county office whenever that party qualifies to be
24 represented on a separate primary ballot or in one or more separate columns or rows
25 under par. (a) but does not qualify under this paragraph. The ballot shall include the

1 name of each party qualifying for a separate ballot or one or more separate columns
2 or rows on the ballot under each office, with the names of the candidates for each such
3 party appearing in the same order in which the ballots of the parties would appear
4 under sub. (1) (a).

5 **SECTION 11.** 5.62 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
6 amended to read:

7 5.62 (3) The board shall designate the official primary ballot arrangement for
8 statewide offices and district attorney within each prosecutorial district by using the
9 same procedure as provided in s. 5.60 (1) (b). On each ballot and on each separate
10 column or row on the ballot, the candidates for office shall be listed together with the
11 offices which they seek in the following order whenever these offices appear on the
12 September partisan primary ballot: governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general,
13 secretary of state, state treasurer, U.S. senator, U.S. representative in congress,
14 state senator, representative to the assembly, district attorney and the county offices.

15 **SECTION 12.** 6.22 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

16 6.22 (2) (e) A military elector may file an application for an absentee ballot by
17 means of electronic mail or facsimile transmission in the manner prescribed in s. 6.86
18 (1) (ac). Upon receipt of a valid application, the municipal clerk shall send the elector
19 an absentee ballot or, if the elector is a military elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a),
20 and the elector so requests, shall transmit an absentee ballot to the elector by means
21 of electronic mail or facsimile transmission in the manner prescribed in s. 6.87 (3)
22 (d).

23 **SECTION 13.** 6.22 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

24 6.22 (4) (a) ~~A request for an absentee ballot by an individual who qualifies as~~
25 ~~a military elector shall be treated as a request for an absentee ballot for all elections.~~

1 Upon receiving a timely request for an absentee ballot under par. (b) by an individual
2 who qualifies as a military elector, the municipal clerk shall send or, if the individual
3 is a military elector as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a), shall transmit to the elector upon the
4 elector's request an absentee ballot for all elections that occur in the municipality or
5 portion thereof where the elector resides ~~beginning on the date that the clerk receives~~
6 ~~the request~~ in the same calendar year in which the request is received, unless the
7 individual otherwise requests.

8 **SECTION 14.** 6.22 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 6.22 (4) (c) A military elector may indicate an alternate address on his or her
10 absentee ballot application. If the elector's ballot is returned as undeliverable prior
11 to the deadline for return of absentee ballots under s. 6.87 (6), and the elector remains
12 eligible to receive absentee ballots under this section, the municipal clerk shall
13 immediately send or, if the elector is a military elector as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a),
14 transmit an absentee ballot to the elector at the alternate address.

15 **SECTION 15.** 6.22 (4) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 6.22 (4) (e) Whenever the material is mailed, the material shall be prepared
17 and mailed to make use of the federal free postage laws. If the material does not
18 qualify for mailing without postage under federal free postage laws, the municipal
19 clerk shall pay the postage required for mailing to the military elector. If the return
20 envelope qualifies for mailing free of postage under federal free postage laws, the
21 clerk shall affix the appropriate legend required by U.S. postal regulations.
22 Otherwise the municipal clerk shall pay the postage required for return when the
23 ballot is mailed from within the United States. If the ballot is not mailed by the
24 military elector from within the United States the military elector shall provide

1 return postage. ~~The mailing list established under this subsection shall be kept~~
2 ~~current in the same manner as provided in s. 6.86 (2) (b).~~

3 **SECTION 16.** 6.22 (4) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 6.22 (4) (f) ~~If there occur 2 successive general elections at which a military~~
5 ~~elector fails to return an absentee ballot sent or transmitted to the elector under par.~~
6 ~~(a) and the elector has not cast an absentee ballot at any intervening election, if the~~
7 ~~municipal clerk is reliably informed that the elector~~ an individual who requests an
8 absentee ballot under this section ~~is no longer a military elector or no longer resides~~
9 ~~in the municipality, or if the elector so requests, the clerk shall discontinue sending~~
10 ~~or transmitting absentee ballots to the elector under this subsection. If a military~~
11 ~~elector who has requested an absentee ballot changes his or her residence from the~~
12 ~~municipality where a request is filed to another municipality in this state, the~~
13 ~~municipal clerk of the municipality who received the request shall notify the clerk~~
14 ~~of the municipality to which the elector's residence is changed of the date of the~~
15 ~~request or the latest renewal under par. (g) and the date of the most recent absentee~~
16 ~~ballot received by the clerk. The municipal clerk who is so notified shall treat the~~
17 ~~request as having been made to him or her.~~

18 **SECTION 17.** 6.22 (4) (g) of the statutes is repealed.

19 **SECTION 18.** 6.22 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 6.22 (5) VOTING PROCEDURE. Except as provided in s. ~~6.221~~ 7.515 and as
21 authorized in s. 6.25, the ballot shall be marked and returned, deposited and
22 recorded in the same manner as other absentee ballots. In addition, the certification
23 under s. 6.87 (2) shall have a statement of the elector's birth date. Failure to return
24 any unused ballots in a primary election does not invalidate the ballot on which the
25 elector casts his or her votes.

1 **SECTION 19.** 6.22 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 **6.22 (6) MILITARY ELECTOR LIST.** Each municipal clerk shall keep an up-to-date
3 list of all eligible military electors who reside in the municipality; ~~city clerks shall~~
4 ~~keep the lists by wards~~ in the format prescribed by the board. The list shall contain
5 the name, latest-known military residence and military mailing address of each
6 military elector. The list shall indicate whether each elector whose name appears on
7 the list is a military elector, as defined in s. ~~6.36 (2) (e)~~ 6.34 (1), and has so certified
8 under s. 6.865 (3m). All persons over 18 years of age or who will be 18 years old prior
9 to an election shall be listed and remain on the list for the duration of their tour of
10 duty. The list shall be kept current through all possible means. Each clerk shall
11 exercise reasonable care to avoid duplication of names or listing anyone who is not
12 eligible to vote. Each clerk shall distribute ~~2 copies of~~ one copy of the list to the
13 ~~appropriate ward~~ each polling place in the municipality for use on election day.

14 **SECTION 20.** 6.221 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 7.515 (title) and
15 amended to read:

16 **7.515 (title) Counting of certain absentee ballots for ~~certain military~~**
17 **~~electors; September primary and general election~~ received after election**
18 **day.**

19 **SECTION 21.** 6.221 (1) of the statutes is repealed.

20 **SECTION 22.** 6.221 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 7.515 (2) and amended to
21 read:

22 **7.515 (2)** Each certificate envelope that is mailed ~~or transmitted to a military~~
23 an absentee elector and each certificate envelope that is transmitted to a military or
24 overseas elector under s. 6.87 (3) (d) under this section shall be clearly labeled as

1 “Cast by ~~a military~~ an absentee elector under s. ~~6.221~~ 7.515, Wis. Stats., and may
2 be eligible to be counted after election day.”

3 **SECTION 23.** 6.221 (3) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 7.515 (3) and amended
4 to read:

5 7.515 (3) ~~At the September primary, a~~ A ballot that is cast under s. ~~6.22~~ by an
6 absentee elector ~~who is a military elector~~, that is received by mail from the U. S.
7 postal service, and that is postmarked no later than election day shall be counted as
8 provided in this section if it is received by a municipal clerk no later than ~~5~~ 4 p.m.
9 on the ~~7th day~~ Friday after the election.

10 **SECTION 24.** 6.221 (3) (b) of the statutes is repealed.

11 **SECTION 25.** 6.221 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 7.515 (4).

12 **SECTION 26.** 6.221 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 7.515 (5) and amended to
13 read:

14 7.515 (5) No later than the closing hour of the polls on the day of ~~the September~~
15 ~~primary and the day of the general~~ each election, the municipal clerk of each
16 municipality shall post at his or her office and on the Internet at a site announced
17 by the clerk before the polls open, and shall make available to any person upon
18 request, a statement of the number of absentee ballots that the clerk has mailed or
19 transmitted to ~~military~~ absentee electors under this section and that have not been
20 returned to the polling places where the electors reside by the closing hour on election
21 day. The posting shall not include the names or addresses of any ~~military~~ absentee
22 electors.

23 **SECTION 27.** 6.221 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 7.515 (6) and amended to
24 read:

1 7.515 **(6)** (a) Whenever the municipal clerk of any municipality receives an
2 absentee ballot cast by an absentee elector ~~who is a military elector~~ under this section
3 and the ballot is not received in sufficient time for delivery to the polling place serving
4 the residence of the elector on election day but is received within the time specified
5 in sub. (3), the clerk shall promptly provide written notice to the board of canvassers
6 of each municipality, special purpose district, and county that is responsible for
7 canvassing the election of the number of such ballots that have been east received
8 by the clerk in each ward or election district.

9 (b) Whenever a board of canvassers receives notification from a municipal clerk
10 under par. (a), the board of canvassers shall reconvene no later than 9 a.m. on the
11 day after the last day permitted for acceptance of absentee ballots under sub. (3) and
12 shall proceed to open and record the names of the ~~military~~ absentee electors whose
13 ballots have been received. If the ballot cast by ~~a military~~ an absentee elector is
14 otherwise valid, the board of canvassers shall count the ballot and adjust the
15 statements, certifications, and determinations accordingly. If the municipal clerk
16 transmits returns of the election to the county clerk, the municipal clerk shall
17 transmit to the county clerk a copy of the amended returns together with all
18 additional ballots and envelopes reviewed by the board of canvassers and with
19 amended tally sheets.

20 **SECTION 28.** 6.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

21 6.24 **(1)** DEFINITION. In this section, except as otherwise provided, “overseas
22 elector” means a U.S. citizen who is not disqualified from voting under s. 6.03, who
23 has attained or will attain the age of 18 by the date of an election at which the citizen
24 proposes to vote and who does not qualify as a resident of this state under s. 6.10, but
25 who was last domiciled in this state or whose parent was last domiciled in this state

1 immediately prior to the parent's departure from the United States, and who is not
2 registered to vote or voting in any other state, territory or possession.

3 **SECTION 29.** 6.24 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 6.24 (2) ELIGIBILITY. An overseas elector under sub. (1) may vote in any election
5 for national office, including the ~~September~~ partisan primary and presidential
6 preference primary and any special primary or election. Such elector may not vote
7 in an election for state or local office. An overseas elector shall vote in the ward or
8 election district in which the elector was last domiciled or in which the elector's
9 parent was last domiciled prior to departure from the United States.

10 **SECTION 30.** 6.24 (4) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23,
11 is amended to read:

12 6.24 (4) (c) Upon receipt of a timely application from an individual who
13 qualifies as an overseas elector and who has registered to vote in a municipality
14 under sub. (3), the municipal clerk of the municipality shall send ~~or transmit, or if~~
15 the individual is an overseas elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (b), shall transmit an
16 absentee ballot to the individual upon the individual's request for all subsequent
17 elections for national office to be held during the year in which the ballot is requested,
18 except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, unless the individual otherwise
19 requests or until the individual no longer qualifies as an overseas elector. ~~of the~~
20 municipality. The clerk shall not send an absentee ballot for an election if the
21 overseas elector's name appeared on the registration list in eligible status for a
22 previous election following the date of the application but no longer appears on the
23 list in eligible status. The municipal clerk shall ensure that the envelope containing
24 the absentee ballot is clearly marked as not forwardable. If an overseas elector who

1 files an application under this subsection no longer resides at the same address that
2 is indicated on the application form, the elector shall so notify the municipal clerk.

3 **SECTION 31.** 6.24 (4) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

4 6.24 **(4)** (e) An overseas elector may file an application for an absentee ballot
5 by means of electronic mail or facsimile transmission in the manner prescribed in s.
6 6.86 (1) (ac). Upon receipt of a valid application, the municipal clerk shall send the
7 elector an absentee ballot or, if the elector is an overseas elector, as defined in s. 6.34
8 (1) (b) and the elector so requests, shall transmit an absentee ballot to the elector by
9 means of electronic mail or facsimile transmission in the manner prescribed in s. 6.87
10 (3) (d).

11 **SECTION 32.** 6.25 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 6.25 (1) (a) and amended to
12 read:

13 6.25 **(1)** (a) Any individual who qualifies as a military elector under s. 6.22 (1)
14 (b) ~~or an overseas elector under s. 6.24 (1)~~ and who transmits an application for an
15 official absentee ballot for ~~a general election~~ any election, including a primary
16 election, no later than ~~30 days before election day~~ the latest time specified for the
17 elector in s. 6.86 (1) (b) may, in lieu of the official ballot, cast a federal write-in
18 absentee ballot prescribed under 42 USC 1973ff-2 for any candidate for an office
19 listed on the official ballot or for all of the candidates of any recognized political party
20 for ~~national office~~ the offices listed on the official ballot at the ~~general~~ that election
21 if the federal write-in absentee ballot is received by the appropriate municipal clerk
22 no later than the applicable time prescribed in s. 6.221 (3) or 6.87 (6).

23 **SECTION 33.** 6.25 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

24 6.25 **(1)** (b) Any individual who qualifies as an overseas elector under s. 6.24
25 (1) and who transmits an application for an official absentee ballot for an election for

1 national office, including a primary election, no later than the latest time specified
2 for an elector in s. 6.86 (1) (b) may, in lieu of the official ballot, cast a federal write-in
3 absentee ballot prescribed under 42 USC 1973ff-2 for any candidate or for all
4 candidates of any recognized political party for national office listed on the official
5 ballot at that election, if the federal write-in absentee ballot is received by the
6 appropriate municipal clerk no later than the applicable time prescribed in s. 6.221
7 (3) or 6.87 (6).

8 **SECTION 34.** 6.25 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

9 6.25 (1) (c) A completed and signed federal write-in absentee ballot submitted
10 by a qualified elector under par. (a) serves as an application for an absentee ballot
11 and need not be accompanied by a separate application.

12 **SECTION 35.** 6.25 (2) of the statutes is repealed.

13 **SECTION 36.** 6.25 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

14 **SECTION 37.** 6.25 (4) (intro.), (a) and (b) of the statutes are consolidated,
15 renumbered 6.25 (4) and amended to read:

16 6.25 (4) A write-in absentee ballot issued under sub. (1), ~~(2) or (3)~~ is valid only
17 if all of the following apply: ~~(a) The ballot is submitted from a location outside the~~
18 ~~United States. (b) The the elector submitting the ballot does not submit an official~~
19 ~~ballot within the time prescribed in s. 6.87 (6) and, if the elector is an overseas elector,~~
20 ~~the elector resides outside the United States.~~

21 **SECTION 38.** 6.36 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 6.36 (1) (a) The board shall compile and maintain electronically an official
23 registration list. The list shall contain the name and address of each registered
24 elector in the state, the date of birth of the elector, the ward and aldermanic district
25 of the elector, if any, and, for each elector, a unique registration identification number

1 assigned by the board, the number of a valid operator's license issued to the elector
2 under ch. 343, if any, or the last 4 digits of the elector's social security account
3 number, if any, any identification serial number issued to the elector under s. 6.47
4 (3), the date of any election in which the elector votes, ~~an indication of whether the~~
5 ~~elector is a military elector, as defined in sub. (2) (c) who has so certified under s.~~
6 ~~6.865 (3m)~~, an indication of whether the elector is an overseas elector, as defined in
7 s. 6.24 (1), any information relating to the elector that appears on the current list
8 transmitted to the board by the department of corrections under s. 301.03 (20m), an
9 indication of any accommodation required under s. 5.25 (4) (a) to permit voting by
10 the elector, an indication of the method by which the elector's registration form was
11 received, and such other information as may be determined by the board to facilitate
12 administration of elector registration requirements.

13 **SECTION 39.** 6.50 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 6.50 (8) Any municipal governing body may direct the municipal clerk or board
15 of election commissioners to arrange with the U.S. postal service pursuant to
16 applicable federal regulations, to receive change of address information with respect
17 to individuals residing within the municipality for revision of the elector registration
18 list. If required by the U.S. postal service, the governing body may create a
19 registration commission consisting of the municipal clerk or executive director of the
20 board of election commissioners and 2 other electors of the municipality appointed
21 by the clerk or executive director for the purpose of making application for address
22 changes and processing the information received. The municipal clerk or executive
23 director shall act as chairperson of the commission. Any authorization under this
24 subsection shall be for a definite period or until the municipal governing body
25 otherwise determines. The procedure shall apply uniformly to the entire

1 municipality whenever used. The procedure shall provide for receipt of complete
2 change of address information on an automatic basis, or not less often than once
3 every 2 years during the 60 days preceding the close of registration for the ~~September~~
4 partisan primary. If a municipality adopts the procedure for obtaining address
5 corrections under this subsection, it need not comply with the procedure for mailing
6 address verification cards under subs. (1) and (2).

7 **SECTION 40.** 6.86 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 6.86 (1) (a) (intro.) Any elector of a municipality who is registered to vote
9 whenever required and who qualifies under ss. 6.20 and 6.85 as an absent elector
10 may make written application to the municipal clerk of that municipality for an
11 official ballot by one of the following methods:

12 **SECTION 41.** 6.86 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

13 6.86 (1) (a) 3. By signing a statement and filing a request to receive absentee
14 ballots under sub. (2) or (2m) (a) or s. 6.22 (4), 6.24 (4), or 6.25 (1) (c).

15 **SECTION 42.** 6.86 (1) (ac) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 6.86 (1) (ac) Any elector qualifying under par. (a) may make written application
17 to the municipal clerk for an official ballot by means of facsimile transmission or
18 electronic mail. Any application under this paragraph shall need not contain a copy
19 of the applicant's original signature. An elector requesting a ballot under this
20 paragraph shall return with the voted ballot a copy of the request bearing an original
21 signature of the elector as provided in s. 6.87 (4).

22 **SECTION 43.** 6.86 (1) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23,
23 is amended to read:

24 6.86 (1) (b) Except as provided in this section, if application is made by mail,
25 the application shall be received no later than 5 p.m. on the 5th day immediately

1 preceding the election. If application is made in person, the application shall be
2 made no earlier than the opening of business on the 3rd Monday preceding the
3 election and no later than 5 p.m. or the close of business, whichever is later, on the
4 Friday preceding the election. Except as provided in par. (c), if the elector is making
5 written application for an absentee ballot at the September partisan primary or the
6 general election, the presidential preference primary, or a special election for
7 national office, and the application indicates that the elector is a military elector, as
8 defined in s. 6.34 (1), the application shall be received by the municipal clerk no later
9 than 5 p.m. on election day. If the application indicates that the reason for requesting
10 an absentee ballot is that the elector is a sequestered juror, the application shall be
11 received no later than 5 p.m. on election day. If the application is received after 5 p.m.
12 on the Friday immediately preceding the election, the municipal clerk or the clerk's
13 agent shall immediately take the ballot to the court in which the elector is serving
14 as a juror and deposit it with the judge. The judge shall recess court, as soon as
15 convenient, and give the elector the ballot. The judge shall then witness the voting
16 procedure as provided in s. 6.87 and shall deliver the ballot to the clerk or agent of
17 the clerk who shall deliver it to the polling place or, in municipalities where absentee
18 ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, to the municipal clerk as required in s. 6.88. If
19 application is made under sub. (2) or (2m), the application may be received no later
20 than 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately preceding the election.

21 **SECTION 44.** 6.865 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 **6.865** (title) **Federal absentee ballot requests ballots.**

23 **SECTION 45.** 6.865 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

24 **SECTION 46.** 6.865 (3m) (a) of the statutes is repealed.

1 **SECTION 47.** 6.865 (3m) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 6.865 (3m) and
2 amended to read:

3 **6.865 (3m)** A military elector may indicate an alternate address on his or her
4 absentee ballot application. If the elector's ballot is returned as undeliverable prior
5 to the deadline for receipt and return of absentee ballots under ~~sub. (3)~~ s. 6.87 (6) and
6 the elector remains eligible to receive absentee ballots under this subsection, the
7 municipal clerk shall immediately send or transmit an absentee ballot to the elector
8 at the alternate address.

9 **SECTION 48.** 6.865 (3m) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

10 **SECTION 49.** 6.869 of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23, is
11 amended to read:

12 **6.869 Uniform instructions.** The board shall prescribe uniform instructions
13 for municipalities to provide to absentee electors. The instructions shall include the
14 specific means of electronic communication that an absentee elector may use to file
15 an application for an absentee ballot and, if the absentee elector is required to
16 register, to request a registration form or change his or her registration. The
17 instructions shall include information concerning whether proof of identification is
18 required to be presented or enclosed under s. 6.86 (1) (ar) or 6.87 (4) (b) 1. The
19 instructions shall also include information concerning the procedure for correcting
20 errors in marking a ballot and obtaining a replacement for a spoiled ballot. The
21 procedure shall, to the extent possible, respect the privacy of each elector and
22 preserve the confidentiality of each elector's vote.

23 **SECTION 50.** 6.87 (3) (d) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23,
24 is amended to read:

1 6.87 (3) (d) A municipal clerk shall, if the clerk is reliably informed by ~~an absent~~
2 ~~elector~~ a military elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a), or an overseas elector, as defined
3 in s. 6.34 (1) (b), of a facsimile transmission number or electronic mail address where
4 the elector can receive an absentee ballot, transmit a facsimile or electronic copy of
5 the ~~absent~~ elector's ballot to that elector in lieu of mailing under this subsection. An
6 elector may receive an absentee ballot only if the elector is a military elector or an
7 overseas elector under s. 6.34 (1) and has filed a valid application for the ballot under
8 as provided in s. 6.86 (1). If the clerk transmits an absentee ballot to ~~an absentee a~~
9 military or overseas elector electronically, the clerk shall also transmit a facsimile
10 or electronic copy of the text of the material that appears on the certificate envelope
11 prescribed in sub. (2), together with instructions prescribed by the board. The
12 instructions shall require the ~~absent~~ military or overseas elector to make and
13 subscribe to the certification as required under sub. (4) (b) and to enclose the
14 absentee ballot in a separate envelope contained within a larger envelope, that shall
15 include the completed certificate. The elector shall then affix sufficient postage
16 unless the absentee ballot qualifies for mailing free of postage under federal free
17 postage laws and shall mail the absentee ballot to the municipal clerk. Except as
18 authorized in s. 6.97 (2), an absentee ballot received from ~~an a~~ a military or overseas
19 elector who receives the ballot electronically shall not be counted unless it is cast in
20 the manner prescribed in this paragraph and in accordance with the instructions
21 provided by the board.

22 **SECTION 51.** 6.87 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23, is
23 amended to read:

24 6.87 (6) Except as provided in s. ~~6.224~~ 7.515 (3), the ballot shall be returned
25 so it is received by the municipal clerk no later than 8 p.m. on election day. Except

1 in municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, if the
2 municipal clerk receives an absentee ballot on election day, the clerk shall secure the
3 ballot and cause the ballot to be delivered to the polling place serving the elector's
4 residence before the closing hour. Except as provided in s. ~~6.221~~ 7.515 (3), any ballot
5 not mailed or delivered as provided in this subsection may not be counted.

6 **SECTION 52.** 6.875 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23, is
7 amended to read:

8 6.875 (3) An occupant of a nursing home or qualified retirement home,
9 qualified community-based residential facility, qualified residential care apartment
10 complex, or qualified adult family home who qualifies as an absent elector and
11 desires to receive an absentee ballot shall make application under s. 6.86 (1), (2), or
12 (2m) with the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of the municipality
13 in which the elector is a resident. The clerk or board of election commissioners of a
14 municipality receiving an application from an elector who is an occupant of a nursing
15 home or qualified retirement home, qualified community-based residential facility,
16 qualified residential care apartment complex, or qualified adult family home located
17 in a different municipality shall, as soon as possible, notify and ~~transmit~~ send an
18 absentee ballot for the elector to the clerk or board of election commissioners of the
19 municipality in which the home, facility, or complex is located. The clerk or board
20 of election commissioners of a municipality receiving an application from an elector
21 who is an occupant of a nursing home or qualified retirement home, qualified
22 community-based residential facility, qualified residential care apartment complex,
23 or qualified adult family home located in the municipality but who is a resident of
24 a different municipality shall, as soon as possible, notify and request ~~transmission~~
25 of an absentee ballot from the clerk or board of election commissioners of the

1 municipality in which the elector is a resident. The clerk or board of election
2 commissioners shall make a record of all absentee ballots to be transmitted sent,
3 delivered, and voted under this section.

4 **SECTION 53.** 6.88 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 **6.88 (1)** When an absentee ballot arrives at the office of the municipal clerk,
6 or at an alternate site under s. 6.855, if applicable, the clerk shall enclose it,
7 unopened, in a carrier envelope which shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the
8 name and official title of the clerk, and the words “This envelope contains the ballot
9 of an absent elector and must be opened in the same room where votes are being cast
10 at the polls during polling hours on election day or, in municipalities where absentee
11 ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, stats., at a meeting of the municipal board of
12 absentee ballot canvassers under s. 7.52, stats.”. If the elector is a military elector,
13 as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a), or an overseas elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (b), and the
14 ballot was received by the elector by facsimile transmission or electronic mail and is
15 accompanied by a separate certificate, the clerk shall enclose the ballot in a
16 certificate envelope and securely append the completed certificate to the outside of
17 the envelope before enclosing the ballot in the carrier envelope. The clerk shall keep
18 the ballot in the clerk’s office or at the alternate site, if applicable until delivered, as
19 required in sub. (2).

20 **SECTION 54.** 6.88 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

21 **6.88 (3) (b)** When the inspectors find that a certification is insufficient, that the
22 applicant is not a qualified elector in the ward or election district, that the ballot
23 envelope is open or has been opened and resealed, that the ballot envelope contains
24 more than one ballot of any one kind or, except in municipalities where absentee
25 ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, that the certificate of ~~an~~ a military or overseas

1 elector who received an absentee ballot by facsimile transmission or electronic mail
2 is missing, or if proof is submitted to the inspectors that an elector voting an absentee
3 ballot has since died, the inspectors shall not count the ballot. The inspectors shall
4 endorse every ballot not counted on the back, “rejected (giving the reason)”. The
5 inspectors shall reinsert each rejected ballot into the certificate envelope in which
6 it was delivered and enclose the certificate envelopes and ballots, and securely seal
7 the ballots and envelopes in an envelope marked for rejected absentee ballots. The
8 inspectors shall endorse the envelope, “rejected ballots” with a statement of the ward
9 or election district and date of the election, signed by the chief inspector and one of
10 the inspectors representing each of the 2 major political parties and returned to the
11 municipal clerk in the same manner as official ballots voted at the election.

12 **SECTION 55.** 7.08 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 7.08 (2) (b) The certified list of candidates for president and vice president
14 nominated at a national convention by a party entitled to a September partisan
15 primary ballot or for whom electors have been nominated under s. 8.20 shall be sent
16 as soon as possible after the closing date for filing nomination papers, but no later
17 than the deadlines established in s. 10.06.

18 **SECTION 56.** 7.10 (3) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 45,
19 is amended to read:

20 7.10 (3) (a) The county clerk shall distribute the ballots to the municipal clerks
21 no later than 31 48 days before each September partisan primary and general
22 election and no later than 22 days before each other primary and election. Election
23 forms prepared by the board shall be distributed at the same time. If the board
24 transmits an amended certification under s. 7.08 (2) (a) or if the board or a court
25 orders a ballot error to be corrected under s. 5.06 (6) or 5.72 (3) after ballots have been

1 distributed, the county clerk shall distribute corrected ballots to the municipal clerks
2 as soon as possible.

3 **SECTION 57.** 7.15 (1) (cm) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Acts
4 23 and 45, is amended to read:

5 7.15 (1) (cm) Prepare official absentee ballots for delivery to electors requesting
6 them, and except as provided in this paragraph, send ~~or transmit~~ an official absentee
7 ballot to each elector who has requested a ballot by mail, and to each military elector,
8 as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a), and overseas elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (b), who has
9 requested a ballot by mail, electronic mail, or facsimile transmission no later than
10 the ~~30th~~ 47th day before each ~~September~~ partisan primary and general election and
11 no later than the 21st day before each other primary and election if the request is
12 made before that day; otherwise, the municipal clerk shall send or transmit an
13 official absentee ballot within one day of the time the elector's request for such a
14 ballot is received. The clerk shall send or transmit an absentee ballot for the
15 presidential preference primary to each elector who has requested that ballot no
16 later than the 47th day before the presidential preference primary if the request is
17 made before that day, or, if the request is not made before that day, within one day
18 of the time the request is received.

19 **SECTION 58.** 7.15 (1) (cs) of the statutes is repealed.

20 **SECTION 59.** 7.15 (1) (j) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23,
21 is amended to read:

22 7.15 (1) (j) Send ~~or transmit~~ an absentee ballot automatically to each person
23 elector and send or transmit an absentee ballot to each military elector, as defined
24 in s. 6.34 (1) (a), and each overseas elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (b), making an

1 authorized request therefor in accordance with s. 6.22 (4), 6.24 (4) (c), or 6.86 (2) or
2 (2m).

3 **SECTION 60.** 7.51 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 7.51 (5) (b) The municipal clerk shall deliver all ballots, statements, tally
5 sheets, lists, and envelopes relating to a school district election to the school district
6 clerk by 4 p.m. on the day following each such election. The municipal clerk shall
7 deliver the ballots, statements, tally sheets, lists, and envelopes for his or her
8 municipality relating to any county, technical college district, state, or national
9 election to the county clerk no later than 4 p.m. on the day following each such
10 election or, in municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, by
11 4 p.m. on the 2nd day following each such election, and no later than 4 p.m. on the
12 day after receiving any corrected returns under s. ~~6.224~~ 7.515 (6) (b). The person
13 delivering the returns shall be paid out of the municipal treasury. Each clerk shall
14 retain ballots, statements, tally sheets, or envelopes received by the clerk until
15 destruction is authorized under s. 7.23 (1).

16 **SECTION 61.** 7.52 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 7.52 (3) (b) When the board of absentee ballot canvassers finds that a
18 certification is insufficient, that the applicant is not a qualified elector in the ward
19 or election district, that the ballot envelope is open or has been opened and resealed,
20 that the ballot envelope contains more than one ballot of any one kind, or that the
21 certificate of an a military or overseas elector who received an absentee ballot by
22 facsimile transmission or electronic mail is missing, or if proof is submitted to the
23 board of absentee ballot canvassers that an elector voting an absentee ballot has
24 since died, the board of absentee ballot canvassers shall not count the ballot. Each
25 member of the board of absentee ballot canvassers shall endorse every ballot not

1 counted on the back as “rejected (giving the reason).” The board of absentee ballot
2 canvassers shall reinsert each rejected ballot into the certificate envelope in which
3 it was delivered and enclose the certificate envelopes and ballots, and securely seal
4 the ballots and envelopes in an envelope marked for rejected absentee ballots. The
5 board of absentee ballot canvassers shall endorse the envelope as “rejected ballots,”
6 with a statement of the ward or election district and date of the election, and each
7 member of the board of absentee ballot canvassers shall sign the statement. The
8 board of absentee ballot canvassers shall then return the envelope containing the
9 ballots to the municipal clerk.

10 **SECTION 62.** 7.60 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 7.60 (5) (a) Immediately following the canvass, the county clerk shall deliver
12 or send to the government accountability board, by 1st class mail, a certified copy of
13 each statement of the county board of canvassers for president and vice president,
14 state officials, senators and representatives in congress, state legislators, justice,
15 court of appeals judge, circuit judge, district attorney, and metropolitan sewerage
16 commissioners, if the commissioners are elected under s. 200.09 (11) (am). The
17 statement shall record the returns for each office or referendum by ward, unless
18 combined returns are authorized under s. 5.15 (6) (b) in which case the statement
19 shall record the returns for each group of combined wards. Following primaries the
20 county clerk shall enclose on forms prescribed by the government accountability
21 board the names, party or principle designation, if any, and number of votes received
22 by each candidate recorded in the same manner. The county clerk shall deliver or
23 transmit the certified statement to the government accountability board no later
24 than 7 days after each primary except the September partisan primary, no later than
25 10 days after the September partisan primary and any other election except the

1 general election, and no later than 14 days after the general election. The board of
2 canvassers shall deliver or transmit a certified copy of each statement for any
3 technical college district referendum to the secretary of the technical college district
4 board.

5 **SECTION 63.** 7.70 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 7.70 (3) (a) The chairperson of the board or a designee of the chairperson
7 appointed by the chairperson to canvass a specific election shall publicly canvass the
8 returns and make his or her certifications and determinations on or before the 2nd
9 Tuesday following a spring primary, the 15th day of May following a spring election,
10 the 3rd Wednesday following a September partisan primary, the first day of
11 December following a general election, the 2nd Thursday following a special primary,
12 or within 18 days after any special election.

13 **SECTION 64.** 8.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 8.10 (1) Candidates for office to be filled at the spring election shall be
15 nominated by nomination papers, or by nomination papers and selection at the
16 primary if a primary is held, except as provided for towns and villages under s. 8.05.
17 Unless designated in this section or s. 8.05, the general provisions pertaining to
18 nomination at the September partisan primary apply.

19 **SECTION 65.** 8.15 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 **8.15 (title) Nominations for September partisan primary.**

21 **SECTION 66.** 8.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 8.15 (1) Nomination papers may be circulated no sooner than ~~June 1~~ April 15
23 preceding the general election and may be filed no later than 5 p.m. on ~~the 2nd~~
24 ~~Tuesday of July~~ June 1 preceding the September partisan primary, except as
25 authorized in this subsection. If an incumbent fails to file nomination papers and

1 a declaration of candidacy by 5 p.m. on the ~~2nd Tuesday of July~~ June 1 preceding the
2 ~~September~~ partisan primary, all candidates for the office held by the incumbent,
3 other than the incumbent, may file nomination papers no later than 72 hours after
4 the latest time prescribed in this subsection. No extension of the time for filing
5 nomination papers applies if the incumbent files written notification with the filing
6 officer or agency with whom nomination papers are filed for the office which the
7 incumbent holds, no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd Friday preceding the latest time
8 prescribed in this subsection for filing nomination papers, that the incumbent is not
9 a candidate for reelection to his or her office, and the incumbent does not file
10 nomination papers for that office within the time prescribed in this subsection. Only
11 those candidates for whom nomination papers containing the necessary signatures
12 acquired within the allotted time and filed before the deadline may have their names
13 appear on the official ~~September~~ partisan primary ballot.

14 **SECTION 67.** 8.16 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 8.16 (7) Nominees chosen at a national convention and under s. 8.18 (2) by each
16 party entitled to a ~~September~~ partisan primary ballot shall be the party's candidates
17 for president, vice president and presidential electors. The state or national
18 chairperson of each such party shall certify the names of the party's nominees for
19 president and vice president to the board no later than 5 p.m. on the first Tuesday
20 in September preceding a presidential election. Each name shall be in one of the
21 formats authorized in s. 7.08 (2) (a).

22 **SECTION 68.** 8.17 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 8.17 (1) (b) Each political party shall elect one committeeman or
24 committeewoman from each election district. In this section, each village, each town
25 and each city is an "election district"; except that in cities having a population of more

1 than 7,500 which are divided into aldermanic districts, each aldermanic district is
2 an “election district”; and in cities having a population of more than 7,500 which are
3 not divided into aldermanic districts and villages or towns having a population of
4 more than 7,500, each ward or group of combined wards under s. 5.15 (6) (b)
5 constituting a polling place on ~~June 1~~ April 15 of the year in which committeemen
6 or committeewomen are elected is an “election district”. To be eligible to serve as its
7 committeeman or committeewoman, an individual shall be, at the time of filing
8 nomination papers or at the time of appointment under this section, a resident of the
9 election district which he or she is chosen to represent and shall be at least 18 years
10 of age.

11 **SECTION 69.** 8.17 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 8.17 (4) The term of office of each committeeman or committeewoman shall end
13 on the date of the meeting held under sub. (5) (b) following each ~~September~~ partisan
14 primary.

15 **SECTION 70.** 8.17 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 8.17 (5) (b) A combined meeting of the county committee and members in good
17 standing of the party in the county shall be held no sooner than 15 days after the
18 ~~September~~ partisan primary and no later than April 1 of the following year. At this
19 meeting, the party committeemen or committeewomen and the county committee
20 offices of chairperson, vice chairperson, secretary and treasurer shall be filled by
21 election by the incumbent committeemen, committeewomen and other party
22 members present and voting, each of whom is entitled to one vote. At this meeting,
23 the county committee shall elect the members of the congressional district committee
24 as provided in sub. (6) (b), (c) and (d). The secretary of the county committee shall
25 give at least 7 days’ written notice of the meeting to party and committee members.

1 Individuals elected as county committee officers or as congressional district
2 committee members may be, but are not required to be, committeemen or
3 committeewomen. They are required to be party members in good standing. The
4 terms of committeemen and committeewomen, county committee officers and
5 congressional district committee members begin during the meeting immediately
6 upon completion and verification of the voting for each office.

7 **SECTION 71.** 8.19 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 8.19 (3) Every political party entitled, under s. 5.62, to have its candidates on
9 the ~~September~~ partisan primary and general election ballots has exclusive right to
10 the use of the name designating it at any election involving political parties. The
11 board shall not certify nor the county clerk print the name of any person whose
12 nomination papers indicate a party name comprising a combination of existing party
13 names, qualifying words, phrases, prefixes or suffixes in connection with any
14 existing party name.

15 **SECTION 72.** 8.20 (8) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
16 is amended to read:

17 8.20 (8) (a) Nomination papers for independent candidates for any office to be
18 voted upon at a general election, except president, vice president and presidential
19 elector, may be circulated no sooner than ~~June 1~~ April 15 preceding the election and
20 may be filed no later than 5 p.m. on the ~~2nd Tuesday of July~~ June 1 preceding the
21 ~~September~~ partisan primary, except as authorized in this paragraph. If an
22 incumbent fails to file nomination papers and a declaration of candidacy by 5 p.m.
23 on the ~~2nd Tuesday of July~~ June 1 preceding the ~~September~~ partisan primary, all
24 candidates for the office held by the incumbent, other than the incumbent, may file
25 nomination papers no later than 72 hours after the latest time prescribed in this

1 paragraph. No extension of the time for filing nomination papers applies if the
2 incumbent files written notification with the filing officer or agency with whom
3 nomination papers are filed for the office which the incumbent holds, no later than
4 5 p.m. on the 2nd Friday preceding the latest time prescribed in this paragraph for
5 filing nomination papers, that the incumbent is not a candidate for reelection to his
6 or her office, and the incumbent does not file nomination papers for that office within
7 the time prescribed in this paragraph.

8 **SECTION 73.** 8.20 (8) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 8.20 **(8)** (am) Nomination papers for independent candidates for president and
10 vice president, and the presidential electors designated to represent them, may be
11 circulated no sooner than ~~August~~ July 1 and may be filed not later than 5 p.m. on the
12 first Tuesday in ~~September~~ August preceding a presidential election.

13 **SECTION 74.** 8.37 of the statutes is amended to read:

14 **8.37 Filing of referenda petitions or questions.** Unless otherwise required
15 by law, all proposed constitutional amendments and any other measure or question
16 that is to be submitted to a vote of the people, or any petitions requesting that a
17 measure or question be submitted to a vote of the people, if applicable, shall be filed
18 with the official or agency responsible for preparing the ballots for the election no
19 later than ~~42~~ 70 days prior to the election at which the amendment, measure or
20 question will appear on the ballot. No later than the end of the next business day
21 after a proposed measure is filed with a school district clerk under this section, the
22 clerk shall file a copy of the measure or question with the clerk of each county having
23 territory within the school district.

24 **SECTION 75.** 8.50 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 **8.50 Special elections.** (intro.) Unless otherwise provided, this section
2 applies to filling vacancies in the U.S. senate and house of representatives, executive
3 state offices except the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, and district attorney,
4 judicial and legislative state offices, county, city, village, and town offices, and the
5 offices of municipal judge and member of the board of school directors in school
6 districts organized under ch. 119. State legislative offices may be filled in
7 anticipation of the occurrence of a vacancy whenever authorized in sub. (4) (e). No
8 special election may be held after February 1 preceding the spring election unless it
9 is held on the same day as the spring election, nor after ~~September 1~~ August 1
10 preceding the general election unless it is held on the same day as the general
11 election, until the day after that election. If the special election is held on the day
12 of the general election, the primary for the special election, if any, shall be held on
13 the day of the ~~September~~ partisan primary. If the special election is held on the day
14 of the spring election, the primary for the special election, if any, shall be held on the
15 day of the spring primary.

16 **SECTION 76.** 8.50 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 **8.50 (1) (d)** When the election concerns a national ~~or state office~~ office or a
18 special election for state office is held concurrently with the general election, the
19 board shall transmit to each county clerk a certified list of all persons for whom
20 nomination papers have been filed in its office at least 62 days before the special
21 primary, and in other cases the board shall transmit the list to each county clerk at
22 least 22 days before the special primary, ~~a certified list of all persons for whom~~
23 ~~nomination papers have been filed in its office.~~ If no primary is required, the list shall
24 be transmitted at least 42 days prior to the day of the special election unless the
25 special election concerns a national office or is held concurrently with the general

1 election, in which case the list shall be transmitted at least 62 days prior to the day
2 of the special election. Immediately upon receipt of the certified list, the county clerk
3 shall prepare his or her ballots. For a county special election, the county clerk shall
4 certify the candidates and prepare the ballots. If there is a primary, the county clerk
5 shall publish one type B notice in a newspaper under ch. 10. When a primary is held,
6 as soon as possible after the primary, the county clerk shall certify the candidates and
7 prepare the ballots for the following special election. The clerk shall publish one type
8 B notice in a newspaper under ch. 10 for the election.

9 **SECTION 77.** 8.50 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

10 **8.50 (2) DATE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.** (a) The date for the special election shall
11 be not less than 62 nor more than 77 days from the date of the order except when the
12 special election is held to fill a vacancy in a national office or the special election is
13 held on the day of the general election or spring election. If a special election is held
14 concurrently with the spring ~~or general~~ election, the special election may be ordered
15 not earlier than 92 days prior to the spring primary ~~or September primary,~~
16 ~~respectively,~~ and not later than 49 days prior to that primary. If a special election
17 is held concurrently with the general election or a special election is held to fill a
18 national office, the special election may be ordered not earlier than 122 days prior
19 to the partisan primary or special primary, respectively, and not later than 92 days
20 prior to that primary.

21 (b) If a primary is required, the primary shall be on the day 4 weeks before the
22 day of the special election except when the special election is held on the same day
23 as the general election the special primary shall be held on the same day as the
24 ~~September~~ partisan primary or if the special election is held concurrently with the
25 spring election, the primary shall be held concurrently with the spring primary, and

1 except when the special election is held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in
2 November of an odd-numbered year, the primary shall be held on the 2nd Tuesday
3 of ~~September~~ August in that year.

4 **SECTION 78.** 8.50 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 8.50 (3) (a) Nomination papers may be circulated no sooner than the day the
6 order for the special election is filed and shall be filed not later than 5 p.m. 28 days
7 before the day that the special primary will or would be held, if required, except when
8 a special election is held concurrently with the spring election or general election, the
9 deadline for filing nomination papers shall be specified in the order and the date shall
10 be no earlier than the date provided in s. 8.10 (2) (a) or 8.15 (1), respectively, and no
11 later than 35 days prior to the date of the spring primary or ~~September~~ no later than
12 June 1 preceding the partisan primary. Nomination papers may be filed in the
13 manner specified in s. 8.10, 8.15, or 8.20. Each candidate shall file a declaration of
14 candidacy in the manner provided in s. 8.21 no later than the latest time provided
15 in the order for filing nomination papers. If a candidate for state or local office has
16 not filed a registration statement under s. 11.05 at the time he or she files nomination
17 papers, the candidate shall file the statement with the papers. A candidate for state
18 office shall also file a statement of economic interests with the board no later than
19 the end of the 3rd day following the last day for filing nomination papers specified
20 in the order.

21 **SECTION 79.** 8.50 (3) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
22 is amended to read:

23 8.50 (3) (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions for
24 ~~September primaries~~ the partisan primary under s. 8.15 are applicable to all
25 partisan primaries held under this section, and the provisions for spring primaries

1 under s. 8.10 are applicable to all nonpartisan primaries held under this section. In
2 a special partisan primary or election, the order of the parties on the ballot shall be
3 the same as provided under s. 5.62 (1) or 5.64 (1) (b). No primary is required for a
4 nonpartisan election in which not more than 2 candidates for an office appear on the
5 ballot or for a partisan election in which not more than one candidate for an office
6 appears on the ballot of each recognized political party. In every special election
7 except a special election for nonpartisan state office where no candidate is certified
8 to appear on the ballot, a space for write-in votes shall be provided on the ballot,
9 regardless of whether a special primary is held.

10 **SECTION 80.** 8.50 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 8.50 (3) (c) Notwithstanding ss. 5.37 (4), 5.91 (6) and 6.80 (2) (f), whenever a
12 special partisan primary is held concurrently with the presidential preference
13 primary, an elector may choose the party column or ballot in which the elector will
14 cast his or her vote separately for each of the 2 primaries. Whenever 2 or more special
15 partisan primaries or one or more special partisan primaries and a September
16 partisan primary are held concurrently, the procedure prescribed in ss. 5.37 (4), 5.91
17 (6) and 6.80 (2) (f) applies.

18 **SECTION 81.** 8.50 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 8.50 (4) (b) A vacancy in the office of U.S. senator or representative in congress
20 occurring prior to the 2nd Tuesday in ~~May~~ April in the year of the general election
21 shall be filled at a special primary and election. A vacancy in that office occurring
22 between the 2nd Tuesday in ~~May~~ April and the 2nd Tuesday in ~~July~~ May in the year
23 of the general election shall be filled at the ~~September~~ partisan primary and general
24 election.

25 **SECTION 82.** 8.50 (4) (fm) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 **8.50 (4) (fm)** A permanent vacancy in the office of municipal judge may be filled
2 by temporary appointment of the municipal governing body, or, if the judge is elected
3 under s. 755.01 (4), jointly by the governing bodies of all municipalities served by the
4 judge. The office shall then be permanently filled by special election, which shall be
5 held concurrently with the next spring election following the occurrence of the
6 vacancy, except that a vacancy occurring during the period after December 1 and on
7 or before the date of the spring election shall be filled at the 2nd succeeding spring
8 election, and except that the governing body of a city or village or, if the judge is
9 elected under s. 755.01 (4), the governing bodies of the participating cities or villages
10 may, if the vacancy occurs before ~~June 1~~ April 15 in the year preceding expiration of
11 the term of office, order a special election to be held on the Tuesday after the first
12 Monday in November following the date of the order. A person so elected shall serve
13 for the residue of the unexpired term.

14 **SECTION 83.** 9.01 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

15 **9.01 (1) (a) 1.** Any candidate voted for at any election or any elector who voted
16 upon any referendum question at any election may petition for a recount. The
17 petitioner shall file a verified petition or petitions with the proper clerk or body under
18 par. (ar) not earlier than the time of completion of the canvass and not later than 5
19 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the last meeting day of the municipal or
20 county board of canvassers determining the election for that office or on that
21 referendum question prior to issuance of any amended return under s. ~~6.221~~ 7.515
22 (6) (b) or, if more than one board of canvassers makes the determination, not later
23 than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the last meeting day of the last board
24 of canvassers which makes a determination prior to issuance of any amended return
25 under s. ~~6.221~~ 7.515 (6) (b). If the chairperson of the board or chairperson's designee

1 makes the determination for the office or the referendum question, the petitioner
2 shall file the petition not earlier than the last meeting day of the last county board
3 of canvassers to make a statement in the election or referendum and not later than
4 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the day on which the government
5 accountability board receives the last statement from a county board of canvassers
6 for the election or referendum.

7 **SECTION 84.** 9.01 (1) (ag) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

8 9.01 (1) (ag) 1. If the difference between the votes cast for the leading candidate
9 and those cast for the petitioner or the difference between the affirmative and
10 negative votes cast upon any referendum question is less than 10 if 1,000 or less votes
11 are cast or not more than 0.5% of the total votes cast for the office or on the question
12 if more than 1,000 votes are cast prior to issuance of any amended return under s.
13 ~~6.221~~ 7.515 (6) (b), the petitioner is not required to pay a fee.

14 **SECTION 85.** 9.01 (1) (ag) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read:

15 9.01 (1) (ag) 1m. If the difference between the votes cast for the leading
16 candidate and those cast for the petitioner or the difference between the affirmative
17 and negative votes cast upon any referendum question is at least 10 if 1,000 or less
18 votes are cast or is more than 0.5% but not more than 2% if more than 1,000 votes
19 are cast prior to issuance of any amended return under s. ~~6.221~~ 7.515 (6) (b), the
20 petitioner shall pay a fee of \$5 for each ward for which the petition requests a ballot
21 recount, or \$5 for each municipality for which the petition requests a recount where
22 no wards exist.

23 **SECTION 86.** 9.01 (1) (ag) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

24 9.01 (1) (ag) 2. If the difference between the votes cast for the leading candidate
25 and those cast for the petitioner or the difference between the affirmative and

1 negative votes cast upon any referendum question is more than 2% if more than
2 1,000 votes are cast prior to issuance of any amended return under s. ~~6.224~~ 7.515 (6)
3 (b), the petitioner shall pay a fee equal to the actual cost of performing the recount
4 in each ward for which the petition requests a recount, or in each municipality for
5 which the petition request a recount where no wards exist.

6 **SECTION 87.** 9.01 (1) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 9.01 (1) (b) (intro.) The proper board of canvassers shall reconvene no earlier
8 than 9 a.m. on the day following delivery of notice to all candidates under sub. (2) and
9 no later than 9 a.m. on the day following the last day for filing of a petition, or if the
10 original canvass is subject to correction under s. ~~6.224~~ 7.515 (6) (b), immediately after
11 issuance of the amended statement and determination in the original canvass,
12 whichever is later. The board of canvassers shall then proceed to recount the ballots
13 in the wards or municipalities specified and to review the allegations of fact
14 contained in the petition or petitions. The recount shall proceed for each ward or
15 municipality as follows:

16 **SECTION 88.** 10.01 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 10.01 (2) (d) Type D—The type D notice shall state the hours the polls will be
18 open and the polling places to be utilized at the election or shall include a concise
19 statement of how polling place information may be obtained. In cities over 500,000
20 population, the board of election commissioners shall determine the form of the
21 notice. In other municipalities and special purpose districts, the clerk of the
22 municipality or special purpose district shall give the polling place information in the
23 manner the governing body of the municipality or special purpose district decides
24 will most effectively inform the electors. The type D notice shall be published by the
25 municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of each municipality once on the

1 day before each spring primary and election, each special national, state, county or
2 municipal election at which the electors of that municipality are entitled to vote and
3 each September partisan primary and general election. The clerk of each special
4 purpose district which calls a special election shall publish a type D notice on the day
5 before the election, and the day before the special primary, if any, except as
6 authorized in s. 8.55 (3).

7 **SECTION 89.** 10.01 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 10.01 (2) (e) Type E—The type E notice shall state the qualifications for
9 absentee voting, the procedures for obtaining an absentee ballot in the case of
10 registered and unregistered voters, the places and the deadlines for application and
11 return of application, including any alternate site under s. 6.855, and the office hours
12 during which an elector may cast an absentee ballot in the municipal clerk’s office
13 or at an alternate site under s. 6.855. The municipal clerk shall publish a type E
14 notice on the 4th Tuesday preceding each spring primary and election, on the 4th
15 Tuesday preceding each September partisan primary and general election, on the
16 4th Tuesday preceding the primary for each special national, state, county or
17 municipal election if any, on the 4th Tuesday preceding a special county or municipal
18 referendum, and on the 3rd Tuesday preceding each special national, state, county
19 or municipal election to fill an office which is not held concurrently with the spring
20 or general election. The clerk of each special purpose district which calls a special
21 election shall publish a type E notice on the 4th Tuesday preceding the primary for
22 the special election, if any, on the 4th Tuesday preceding a special referendum, and
23 on the 3rd Tuesday preceding a special election for an office which is not held
24 concurrently with the spring or general election except as authorized in s. 8.55 (3).

25 **SECTION 90.** 10.06 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 10.06 (1) (f) On or before the ~~2nd~~ 3rd Tuesday in ~~May~~ March preceding a
2 ~~September~~ partisan primary and general election the board shall send a type A
3 notice to each county clerk.

4 **SECTION 91.** 10.06 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 10.06 (1) (h) As soon as possible after the deadline for determining ballot
6 arrangement for the ~~September~~ partisan primary on the ~~3rd Tuesday in July~~ June
7 10, the board shall send a type B notice to each county clerk certifying the list of
8 candidates for the ~~September~~ partisan primary.

9 **SECTION 92.** 10.06 (1) (i) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
10 is amended to read:

11 10.06 (1) (i) As soon as possible after the state canvass, but no later than the
12 4th Tuesday in ~~September~~ August, the board shall send a type B notice certifying the
13 list of candidates and type A and C notices certifying each question for any
14 referendum to each county clerk for the general election.

15 **SECTION 93.** 10.06 (2) (gm) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 10.06 (2) (gm) On the ~~last~~ first Tuesday in ~~May~~ April the county clerk shall send
17 notice of the coming ~~September~~ partisan primary and general election to each
18 municipal clerk.

19 **SECTION 94.** 10.06 (2) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 10.06 (2) (h) On the ~~last~~ 2nd Tuesday in ~~May~~ April preceding a ~~September~~
21 partisan primary and general election, the county clerk shall publish a type A notice
22 based on the notice received from the board for all national and state offices to be
23 filled at the election by any electors voting in the county and incorporating county
24 offices.

25 **SECTION 95.** 10.06 (2) (j) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 10.06 (2) (j) On the Monday preceding the September partisan primary the
2 county clerk shall publish a type B notice.

3 **SECTION 96.** 10.06 (3) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 10.06 (3) (cm) On the 4th Tuesday preceding the September partisan primary
5 and general election, when held, the municipal clerk shall publish a type E notice.
6 If there are municipal referenda, the municipal clerk shall publish a type A notice
7 of the referenda at the same time.

8 **SECTION 97.** 11.06 (12) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

9 11.06 (12) (a) 1. “Election period” means the period between December 1 and
10 the date of the spring election, the period between ~~June~~ May 1 and the day of the
11 general election in any even–numbered year or the period between the first day for
12 circulation of nomination papers and the day of a special election for any state office.

13 **SECTION 98.** 11.26 (17) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 11.26 (17) (d) In the case of any candidate at the spring primary or election or
15 the September partisan primary or general election, the “campaign” of the candidate
16 ends on June 30 or December 31 following the date on which the election or primary
17 is held in which the candidate is elected or defeated, or the date on which the
18 candidate receives sufficient contributions to retire any obligations incurred in
19 connection with that contest, whichever is later. In the case of any candidate at a
20 special primary or election, the “campaign” of the candidate ends on the last day of
21 the month following the month in which the primary or election is held in which the
22 candidate is elected or defeated, or the date on which the candidate receives
23 sufficient contributions to retire any obligations incurred in connection with that
24 contest, whichever is later.

25 **SECTION 99.** 11.31 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 11.31 (7) (a) For purposes of this section, the “campaign” of a candidate extends
2 from July 1 preceding the date on which the spring primary or election occurs or
3 January 1 preceding the date on which the ~~September~~ partisan primary or general
4 election occurs for the office which the candidate seeks, or from the date of the
5 candidate’s public announcement, whichever is earlier, through the last day of the
6 month following the month in which the election or primary is held.

7 **SECTION 100.** 13.123 (3) (b) 1. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

8 13.123 (3) (b) 1. a. After the day of the ~~September~~ partisan primary, that the
9 member either has not filed nomination papers for reelection or election to another
10 legislative seat or has sought a party nomination for a legislative seat but it is
11 generally acknowledged that the member has not won nomination.

12 **SECTION 101.** 38.16 (3) (br) 1. of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act
13 32, is amended to read:

14 38.16 (3) (br) 1. If a district board wishes to exceed the limit under par. (b)
15 otherwise applicable to the district in 2011 or 2012, it shall adopt a resolution
16 supporting inclusion in the final district budget of an amount equal to the proposed
17 excess levy. The resolution shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37. Within 10 days after
18 adopting the resolution, the district board shall notify the board of the scheduled date
19 of the referendum and submit a copy of the resolution to the board. The district board
20 shall call a special referendum for the purpose of submitting the resolution to the
21 electors of the district for approval or rejection. In lieu of a special referendum, the
22 district board may specify that the referendum be held at the next succeeding spring
23 primary or election or ~~September~~ partisan primary or general election, if such
24 election is to be held not sooner than 42 days after the filing of the resolution of the

1 district board. The district board shall certify the results of the referendum to the
2 board within 10 days after the referendum is held.

3 **SECTION 102.** 59.08 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 59.08 (7) (b) The question of the consolidation of the counties shall be submitted
5 to the voters at the next election to be held on the first Tuesday in April, or the next
6 regular election, or at a special election to be held on the day fixed in the order issued
7 under par. (a), which day shall be the same in each of the counties proposing to
8 consolidate. A copy of the order shall be filed with the county clerk of each of the
9 counties as provided in s. 8.37. If the question of consolidation is submitted at a
10 special election, it shall be held not less than ~~42~~ 70 days nor more than ~~60~~ 88 days
11 from the completion of the consolidation agreement, but not within 60 days of any
12 spring or general election.

13 **SECTION 103.** 59.10 (3) (cm) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

14 59.10 (3) (cm) 2. ‘Petition and referendum.’ Except as provided in subd. 3., the
15 electors of a county may, by petition and referendum, decrease the number of
16 supervisors at any time after the first election is held following enactment of a
17 decennial supervisory district plan under par. (b). A petition for a change in the
18 number of supervisors may be filed with the county clerk. Prior to circulating a
19 petition to decrease the number of supervisors in any county, a petitioner shall
20 register with the county clerk, giving the petitioner’s name and address and
21 indicating the petitioner’s intent to file such a petition. No signature on a petition
22 is valid unless the signature is obtained within the 60–day period following such
23 registration. The petition shall specify the proposed number of supervisors to be
24 elected. Within 14 days after the last day for filing an original petition, any other
25 petitioner may file an alternative petition with the county clerk proposing a different

1 number of supervisors to be elected, and, if the petition is valid, the alternative
2 proposed in the petition shall be submitted for approval at the same referendum. An
3 alternative petition is subject to the same registration and signature requirements
4 as an original petition. Each petition shall be in the form specified in s. 8.40 and shall
5 contain a number of signatures of electors of the county equal to at least 25 percent
6 of the total votes cast in the county for the office of supervisor at the most recent
7 spring election preceding the date of filing. The county clerk shall promptly
8 determine the sufficiency of a petition filed under this subdivision. Upon
9 determination that a petition is sufficient, or if one or more valid alternative
10 petitions are filed, upon determination that the petitions are sufficient, the county
11 clerk shall call a referendum concurrently with the next spring or general election
12 in the county that is held not earlier than ~~42~~ 70 days after the determination is made.
13 The question proposed at the referendum shall be: “Shall the board of supervisors
14 of County be decreased from members to members?”. If one or more
15 alternative valid petitions are filed within 14 days after the last day that an original
16 petition may be filed, the question relating to the number of supervisors shall appear
17 separately. The first question shall be: “Shall the size of the county board of
18 supervisors of County be decreased from its current membership of members?”.
19 Any subsequent question shall be: “If so, shall the size of the board be decreased to
20 members?”. Each elector may vote in the affirmative or negative on the first
21 question and may then vote in the affirmative on one of the remaining questions. If
22 the first question is not approved by a majority of the electors voting on the question,
23 any subsequent question is of no effect. If the question is approved by a majority of
24 the electors voting on the question, or, if more than one question is submitted, if the
25 first question is approved by a majority of the electors voting on the question, the

1 board shall enact an ordinance prescribing revised boundaries for the supervisory
2 districts in the county. The ordinance shall be enacted in accordance with the
3 approved question or, if more than one question is submitted, in accordance with the
4 choice receiving a plurality of the votes cast. The districts are subject to the same
5 requirements that apply to districts in any plan enacted by the board under subd. 1.
6 If the board has determined under sub. (1) (b) to adopt staggered terms for the office
7 of supervisor, the board may change the expiration date of the term of any supervisor
8 to an earlier date than the date provided under current ordinance if required to
9 implement the redistricting or to maintain classes of members. The county clerk
10 shall file a certified copy of any redistricting plan enacted under this subdivision with
11 the secretary of state.

12 **SECTION 104.** 59.605 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

13 59.605 (3) (a) 1. If the governing body of a county wishes to exceed the operating
14 levy rate limit otherwise applicable to the county under this section, it shall adopt
15 a resolution to that effect. The resolution shall specify either the operating levy rate
16 or the operating levy that the governing body wishes to impose for either a specified
17 number of years or an indefinite period. The governing body shall call a special
18 referendum for the purpose of submitting the resolution to the electors of the county
19 for approval or rejection. In lieu of a special referendum, the governing body may
20 specify that the referendum be held at the next succeeding spring primary or election
21 or ~~September~~ partisan primary or general election to be held not earlier than ~~42~~ 70
22 days after the adoption of the resolution of the governing body. The governing body
23 shall file the resolution to be submitted to the electors as provided in s. 8.37.

24 **SECTION 105.** 60.30 (1e) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 60.30 **(1e)** (b) An ordinance enacted under par. (a) may not take effect until it
2 is approved in a referendum called by the town board for that purpose at the next
3 spring or general election, to be held not sooner than ~~45~~70 days after the referendum
4 is called by the town board. The referendum question shall be: “Shall the person
5 holding the office of ... [town clerk or town treasurer, or both; or the combined office
6 of town clerk and town treasurer] in the town of ... be appointed by the town board?”.

7 **SECTION 106.** 62.13 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 62.13 **(6)** (b) The provisions of this subsection shall apply only if adopted by the
9 electors. Whenever not less than ~~42~~70 days prior to a regular city election a petition
10 therefor, conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 and signed by electors equal in
11 number to not less than 20% of the total vote cast in the city for governor at the last
12 general election, shall be filed with the clerk as provided in s. 8.37, the clerk shall give
13 notice in the manner of notice of the regular city election of a referendum on the
14 adoption of this subsection. Such referendum election shall be held with the regular
15 city election, and the ballots shall conform with the provisions of ss. 5.64 (2) and
16 10.02, and the question shall be “Shall s. 62.13 (6) of the statutes be adopted?”

17 **SECTION 107.** 66.0217 (7) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

18 66.0217 **(7)** (a) 3. If the notice indicates that the petition is for a referendum
19 on the question of annexation, the clerk of the city or village shall file the notice as
20 provided in s. 8.37. If the notice indicates that the petition is for a referendum on the
21 question of annexation, the town clerk shall give notice as provided in par. (c) of a
22 referendum of the electors residing in the area proposed for annexation to be held not
23 less than ~~42~~70 days nor more than ~~72~~100 days after the date of personal service or
24 mailing of the notice required under this paragraph. If the notice indicates that the
25 petition is for direct annexation, no referendum shall be held unless within 30 days

1 after the date of personal service or mailing of the notice required under this
2 paragraph, a petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 requesting a
3 referendum is filed with the town clerk as provided in s. 8.37, signed by at least 20%
4 of the electors residing in the area proposed to be annexed. If a petition requesting
5 a referendum is filed, the clerk shall give notice as provided in par. (c) of a referendum
6 of the electors residing in the area proposed for annexation to be held not less than
7 ~~42~~ 70 days nor more than ~~72~~ 100 days after the receipt of the petition and shall mail
8 a copy of the notice to the clerk of the city or village to which the annexation is
9 proposed. The referendum shall be held at a convenient place within the town to be
10 specified in the notice.

11 **SECTION 108.** 66.0219 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 66.0219 (4) (b) The referendum election shall be held not less than ~~42~~ 70 days
13 nor more than ~~72~~ 100 days after the filing of the order as provided in s. 8.37, in the
14 territory proposed for annexation, by the electors of that territory as provided in s.
15 66.0217 (7), so far as applicable. The ballots shall contain the words “For
16 Annexation” and “Against Annexation”. The certification of the election inspectors
17 shall be filed with the clerk of the court, and the clerk of any municipality involved,
18 but need not be filed or recorded with the register of deeds.

19 **SECTION 109.** 66.0227 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 66.0227 (3) The governing body of a city, village or town involved may, or if a
21 petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 signed by a number of qualified
22 electors equal to at least 5% of the votes cast for governor in the city, village or town
23 at the last gubernatorial election, demanding a referendum, is presented to it within
24 30 days after the passage of either of the ordinances under sub. (2) shall, submit the
25 question to the electors of the city, village or town whose electors petitioned for

1 detachment, at a referendum election called for that purpose not less than ~~42~~ 70 days
2 nor more than ~~72~~ 100 days after the filing of the petition, or after the enactment of
3 either ordinance. The petition shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37. If a number of
4 electors cannot be determined on the basis of reported election statistics, the number
5 shall be determined in accordance with s. 60.74 (6). The governing body of the
6 municipality shall appoint 3 election inspectors who are resident electors to
7 supervise the referendum. The ballots shall contain the words “For Detachment”
8 and “Against Detachment”. The inspectors shall certify the results of the election by
9 their attached affidavits and file a copy with the clerk of each town, village or city
10 involved, and none of the ordinances may take effect nor be in force unless a majority
11 of the electors approve the question. The referendum election shall be conducted in
12 accordance with chs. 6 and 7 to the extent applicable.

13 **SECTION 110.** 66.0305 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 66.0305 **(6)** (b) The advisory referendum shall be held not less than ~~42~~ 70 days
15 nor more than ~~72~~ 100 days after adoption of the resolution under par. (a) calling for
16 the referendum or not less than ~~42~~ 70 days nor more than ~~72~~ 100 days after receipt
17 of the petition under par. (a) by the municipal or county clerk. The municipal or
18 county clerk shall give notice of the referendum by publishing a notice in a
19 newspaper of general circulation in the political subdivision, both on the publication
20 day next preceding the advisory referendum election and one week prior to that
21 publication date.

22 **SECTION 111.** 66.0307 (4) (e) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

23 66.0307 **(4)** (e) 2. The advisory referendum shall be held not less than ~~42~~ 70
24 days nor more than ~~72~~ 100 days after adoption of the resolution under subd. 1. calling
25 for the referendum or not less than ~~42~~ 70 days nor more than ~~72~~ 100 days after receipt

1 of the petition by the municipal clerk. The municipal clerk shall give notice of the
2 referendum by publishing a notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the
3 municipality, both on the publication day next preceding the advisory referendum
4 election and one week prior to that publication date.

5 **SECTION 112.** 66.0602 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 66.0602 (4) (a) A political subdivision may exceed the levy increase limit under
7 sub. (2) if its governing body adopts a resolution to that effect and if the resolution
8 is approved in a referendum. The resolution shall specify the proposed amount of
9 increase in the levy beyond the amount that is allowed under sub. (2), and shall
10 specify whether the proposed amount of increase is for the next fiscal year only or if
11 it will apply on an ongoing basis. With regard to a referendum relating to the 2005
12 levy, or any levy in an odd-numbered year thereafter, the political subdivision may
13 call a special referendum for the purpose of submitting the resolution to the electors
14 of the political subdivision for approval or rejection. With regard to a referendum
15 relating to the 2006 levy, or any levy in an even-numbered year thereafter, the
16 referendum shall be held at the next succeeding spring primary or election or
17 September partisan primary or general election.

18 **SECTION 113.** 66.0619 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 66.0619 (2m) (b) If a referendum is to be held on a resolution, the municipal
20 governing body shall file the resolution as provided in s. 8.37 and shall direct the
21 municipal clerk to call a special election for the purpose of submitting the resolution
22 to the electors for a referendum on approval or rejection. In lieu of a special election,
23 the municipal governing body may specify that the election be held at the next
24 succeeding spring primary or election or September partisan primary or general
25 election.

1 **SECTION 114.** 66.0921 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 66.0921 **(2)** FACILITIES AUTHORIZED. A municipality may enter into a joint
3 contract with a nonprofit corporation organized for civic purposes and located in the
4 municipality to construct or otherwise acquire, equip, furnish, operate and maintain
5 a facility to be used for municipal and civic activities if a majority of the voters voting
6 in a referendum at a special election or at a spring primary or election or ~~September~~
7 partisan primary or general election approve the question of entering into the joint
8 contract.

9 **SECTION 115.** 66.1113 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

10 66.1113 **(2)** (g) The village of Sister Bay may enact an ordinance or adopt a
11 resolution declaring itself to be a premier resort area under par. (a) even if less than
12 40 percent of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property within Sister Bay
13 is used by tourism–related retailers. The village may not impose the tax authorized
14 under par. (b) unless the village board adopts a resolution proclaiming its intent to
15 impose the tax and the resolution is approved by a majority of the electors in the
16 village voting on the resolution at a referendum, to be held at the first spring primary
17 or election or ~~September~~ partisan primary or general election following by at least
18 45 days the date of adoption of the resolution.

19 **SECTION 116.** 66.1113 (2) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 66.1113 **(2)** (h) The village of Ephraim may enact an ordinance or adopt a
21 resolution declaring itself to be a premier resort area under par. (a) even if less than
22 40 percent of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property within Ephraim
23 is used by tourism–related retailers. The village may not impose the tax authorized
24 under par. (b) unless the village board adopts a resolution proclaiming its intent to
25 impose the tax and the resolution is approved by a majority of the electors in the

1 village voting on the resolution at a referendum, to be held at the first spring primary
2 or election or ~~September~~ partisan primary or general election following by at least
3 45 days the date of adoption of the resolution.

4 **SECTION 117.** 67.05 (6m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 67.05 **(6m)** (b) If a referendum is to be held on an initial resolution, the district
6 board shall direct the technical college district secretary to call a special election for
7 the purpose of submitting the initial resolution to the electors for a referendum on
8 approval or rejection. In lieu of a special election, the district board may specify that
9 the election be held at the next succeeding spring primary or election or ~~September~~
10 partisan primary or general election.

11 **SECTION 118.** 67.12 (12) (e) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

12 67.12 **(12)** (e) 5. Within 10 days of the adoption by a technical college district
13 board of a resolution under subd. 1. to issue a promissory note for a purpose under
14 s. 38.16 (2), the secretary of the district board shall publish a notice of such adoption
15 as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985. The notice need not set forth the full contents of
16 the resolution, but shall state the amount proposed to be borrowed, the method of
17 borrowing, the purpose thereof, that the resolution was adopted under this
18 subsection and the place where and the hours during which the resolution is
19 available for public inspection. If the amount proposed to be borrowed is for building
20 remodeling or improvement and does not exceed \$1,500,000 or is for movable
21 equipment, the district board need not submit the resolution to the electors for
22 approval unless, within 30 days after the publication or posting, a petition
23 conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 is filed with the secretary of the district
24 board requesting a referendum at a special election to be called for that purpose.
25 Such petition shall be signed by electors from each county lying wholly or partially

1 within the district. The number of electors from each county shall equal at least 1.5%
2 of the population of the county as determined under s. 16.96 (2) (c). If a county lies
3 in more than one district, the technical college system board shall apportion the
4 county's population as determined under s. 16.96 (2) (c) to the districts involved and
5 the petition shall be signed by electors equal to the appropriate percentage of the
6 apportioned population. In lieu of a special election, the district board may specify
7 that the referendum shall be held at the next succeeding spring primary or election
8 or September partisan primary or general election. Any resolution to borrow
9 amounts of money in excess of \$1,500,000 for building remodeling or improvement
10 shall be submitted to the electors of the district for approval. If a referendum is held
11 or required under this subdivision, no promissory note may be issued until the
12 issuance is approved by a majority of the district electors voting at such referendum.
13 The referendum shall be noticed, called and conducted under s. 67.05 (6a) insofar as
14 applicable, except that the notice of special election and ballot need not embody a
15 copy of the resolution and the question which shall appear on the ballot shall be
16 "Shall (name of district) be authorized to borrow the sum of \$.... for (state purpose)
17 by issuing its general obligation promissory note (or notes) under section 67.12 (12)
18 of the Wisconsin Statutes?"

19 **SECTION 119.** 86.21 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 86.21 (2) (a) Before any such toll bridge is constructed or acquired under this
21 section, a resolution authorizing the construction or acquisition thereof, and
22 specifying the method of payment therefor, shall be adopted by a majority of the
23 members of the governing body of such county, town, village or city at a regular
24 meeting, after publication of said resolution, as a class 2 notice, under ch. 985. The
25 resolution shall include a general description of the property it is proposed to acquire

1 or construct. Any county, town, village or city constructing or acquiring a toll bridge
2 under this section may provide for the payment of the same or any part thereof from
3 the general fund, from taxation, or from the proceeds of either municipal bonds,
4 revenue bonds or as otherwise provided by law. Such resolution shall not be effective
5 until 15 days after its passage and publication. If within said 15 days a petition
6 conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 is filed with the clerk of such municipality,
7 and filed as provided in s. 8.37, signed by at least 20% of the electors thereof
8 requesting that the question of acquiring such toll bridge be submitted to the said
9 electors, such question shall be submitted at the next general or regular municipal
10 election that is held not sooner than ~~42~~ 70 days from the date of filing such petition.
11 The question submitted to the electors shall specify the method of payment for such
12 toll bridge as provided in the resolution for the acquisition thereof. If no such petition
13 is filed, or if the majority of votes cast at such referendum election are in favor of the
14 acquisition of such toll bridge, then the resolution of the governing body for the
15 acquisition of such toll bridge shall be in effect.

16 **SECTION 120.** 92.11 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 92.11 (4) (c) *Wording of ballot question; procedure.* The county board shall
18 include the wording of the question to be placed before the electors in the referendum
19 as a part of the ordinance adopted under this section or the revision to an ordinance
20 adopted under this section. Upon the adoption of the ordinance or revision the county
21 board shall forward a copy of the ordinance or revision to the county clerk who shall
22 cause the question to be placed before the voters of the affected area in the next
23 spring or general election occurring not less than ~~45~~ 70 days after the adoption of the
24 ordinance or revision. The form of the ballot shall correspond substantially to the
25 form prescribed under s. 5.64 (2).

1 **SECTION 121.** 117.22 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 117.22 **(2)** (e) If a primary election for the school board positions is required
3 under s. 120.06 (7) (b), it shall be held on the day which is 4 weeks before the election,
4 except that if the school board election is held on the day of the general election, the
5 primary shall be held on the day of the September partisan primary, and if the school
6 board election is held on the day of the spring election, the primary shall be held on
7 the day of the spring primary. The school district clerk shall notify the clerk of each
8 city, village or town, any part of which is contained within an affected school district,
9 of the primary election. The school district clerk shall give the notices under s. 120.06
10 (8) (c) on the Monday before the primary election, if one is held, and on the Monday
11 before the school board election.

12 **SECTION 122.** 120.02 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 120.02 **(1)** CHANGE IN NUMBER OF SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS. If, at least 30 days
14 prior to the day of the annual school district meeting, in a common or union high
15 school district, or at least 45 70 days prior to the day of the election of school board
16 members in a unified school district, a petition conforming to the requirements of s.
17 8.40 requesting a change in the number of school board members is filed with the
18 school district clerk the clerk shall incorporate in the notice of the annual meeting
19 or election a statement that at the meeting or election the question of changing the
20 number of school board members to the number requested in the petition will be
21 voted upon. The petition shall be signed by not less than 100 electors residing in the
22 school district, except that in school districts which contain, in whole or in part, a city
23 of the 2nd or 3rd class in which one or more electors of the school district reside, the
24 petition shall be signed by not less than 500 electors residing in the school district.
25 If, at the meeting or election of school board members, a resolution based on a petition

1 requesting a change in the number of school board members is adopted by a majority
2 vote, school board members shall be elected at the next school board election and
3 thereafter in accordance with sub. (3).

4 **SECTION 123.** 120.02 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 120.02 **(2)** (a) If, at least 30 days prior to the day of the annual meeting, in a
6 common or union high school district, or at least ~~45~~ 70 days prior to the day of the
7 election of school board members in a unified school district, a petition conforming
8 to the requirements of s. 8.40 requesting the establishment of a plan of
9 apportionment of school board members is filed with the school district clerk the
10 clerk shall incorporate notice of receipt of such petition in the notice of the annual
11 meeting or election. The petition shall specify the proposed plan of apportionment
12 of school board members among the cities, towns and villages or parts thereof within
13 the school district and set the total number of school board members at not more than
14 11. The petition shall be signed by not less than 100 electors residing in the school
15 district, except that in school districts which contain, in whole or in part, a city of the
16 2nd or 3rd class in which one or more electors of the school district reside, the petition
17 shall be signed by not less than 500 electors residing in the school district. If a
18 majority vote of the annual meeting or election approves the plan set forth in the
19 petition, the plan shall remain in operation until revised by the same procedure.
20 School board members elected under this subsection shall be elected by a vote of the
21 electors of the entire school district in accordance with the plan prepared under sub.
22 (3).

23 **SECTION 124.** 120.02 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

24 120.02 **(4)** ELECTION TO NUMBERED SEATS. If, at least 30 days prior to the day of
25 the annual meeting, in a common or union high school district, or at least ~~45~~ 70 days

1 prior to the day of the election of school board members in a unified school district,
2 a petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 which sets forth a plan for the
3 assignment of a number to each seat on the school board is filed with the school
4 district clerk, the school district clerk shall incorporate notice of receipt of such
5 petition in the notice of the annual meeting or election required under s. 120.06 (8)
6 (c). The petition shall be signed by not less than 100 electors residing in the school
7 district, except that in school districts which contain, in whole or in part, a city of the
8 2nd or 3rd class in which one or more electors of the school district reside, the petition
9 shall be signed by not less than 500 electors residing in the school district. If a
10 majority vote of the annual meeting or election approves the plan set forth in the
11 petition, the plan shall remain in operation until revised by the same procedure.

12 **SECTION 125.** 121.91 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 121.91 **(3)** (a) If a school board wishes to exceed the limit under sub. (2m)
14 otherwise applicable to the school district in any school year, it shall promptly adopt
15 a resolution supporting inclusion in the final school district budget of an amount
16 equal to the proposed excess revenue. The resolution shall specify whether the
17 proposed excess revenue is for a recurring or nonrecurring purpose, or, if the
18 proposed excess revenue is for both recurring and nonrecurring purposes, the
19 amount of the proposed excess revenue for each purpose. The resolution shall be filed
20 as provided in s. 8.37. Within 10 days after adopting the resolution, the school board
21 shall notify the department of the scheduled date of the referendum and submit a
22 copy of the resolution to the department. The school board shall call a special
23 referendum for the purpose of submitting the resolution to the electors of the school
24 district for approval or rejection. In lieu of a special referendum, the school board
25 may specify that the referendum be held at the next succeeding spring primary or

1 election or ~~September~~ partisan primary or general election, if such election is to be
2 held not sooner than ~~42~~ 70 days after the filing of the resolution of the school board.
3 The school district clerk shall certify the results of the referendum to the department
4 within 10 days after the referendum is held.

5 **SECTION 126.** 125.05 (1) (b) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

6 125.05 (1) (b) 5. The petition shall be filed with the clerk of the municipality
7 at least ~~42~~ 70 days prior to the first Tuesday of April.

8 **SECTION 127.** 197.04 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 197.04 (1) (b) If within either of the 90–day periods described in par. (a) a
10 petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 is filed with the clerk of the
11 municipality as provided in s. 8.37 and the petition has been signed by 5% of the
12 electors of a 1st class city or by 10% of the electors of all other municipalities
13 requesting that the question of discontinuing the proceeding to acquire the plant or
14 equipment of the public utility be submitted to the electors of the municipality, the
15 applicable question under par. (c) shall be submitted to the electors at any general
16 or regular municipal election that is held not less than ~~42~~ 70 and not more than ~~47~~
17 75 days from the date of the filing of the petition. If no general election or regular
18 municipal election is to be held within the stated periods, the governing body of the
19 municipality shall order the holding of a special election, to be held not less than ~~42~~
20 70 days from the date of filing of the petition, for the purpose of submitting the
21 question to the electors.

22 **SECTION 128.** 229.824 (15) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 229.824 (15) Impose, by the adoption of a resolution, the taxes under subch. V
24 of ch. 77, except that the taxes imposed by the resolution may not take effect until
25 the resolution is approved by a majority of the electors in the district's jurisdiction

1 voting on the resolution at a referendum, to be held at the first spring primary or
2 September partisan primary following by at least 45 days the date of adoption of the
3 resolution. Two questions shall appear on the ballot. The first question shall be:
4 “Shall a sales tax and a use tax be imposed at the rate of 0.5% in County for
5 purposes related to football stadium facilities in the Professional Football
6 Stadium District?” The 2nd question shall be: “Shall excess revenues from the 0.5%
7 sales tax and use tax be permitted to be used for property tax relief purposes in
8 County?” Approval of the first question constitutes approval of the resolution of the
9 district board. Approval of the 2nd question is not effective unless the first question
10 is approved. The clerk of the district shall publish the notices required under s. 10.06
11 (4) (c), (f) and (i) for any referendum held under this subsection. Notwithstanding
12 s. 10.06 (4) (c), the type A notice under s. 10.01 (2) (a) relating to the referendum is
13 valid even if given and published late as long as it is given and published prior to the
14 election as early as practicable. A district may not levy any taxes that are not
15 expressly authorized under subch. V of ch. 77. The district may not levy any taxes
16 until the professional football team and the governing body of the municipality in
17 which the football stadium facilities are located agree on how to fund the
18 maintenance of the football stadium facilities. The district may not levy any taxes
19 until the professional football team and the governing body of the municipality in
20 which the football stadium facilities are located agree on how to distribute the
21 proceeds, if any, from the sale of naming rights related to the football stadium
22 facilities. If a district board adopts a resolution that imposes taxes and the resolution
23 is approved by the electors, the district shall deliver a certified copy of the resolution
24 to the secretary of revenue at least 120 days before its effective date. If a district

1 board adopts a resolution that imposes taxes and the resolution is not approved by
2 the electors, the district is dissolved.

3 **SECTION 129.** 343.50 (5m) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23,
4 is amended to read:

5 343.50 **(5m)** CARD ISSUANCE FEE. In addition to any other fee under this section,
6 for the issuance of an original identification card or duplicate identification card or
7 for the renewal or reinstatement of an identification card after cancellation under
8 sub. (10), a card issuance fee of \$10 shall be paid to the department. The fee under
9 this subsection does not apply to an applicant if the department may not charge the
10 applicant a fee under sub. (5) (a) 2. or 3. or (7).

11 **SECTION 130.** 343.50 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 343.50 **(7)** DUPLICATE. The fee for a duplicate card is \$6 except that, if the card
13 holder satisfies the requirements for an applicant specified in sub. (5) (a) 3., there is
14 no fee for a duplicate card.

15 **SECTION 131.** 995.20 of the statutes is amended to read:

16 **995.20 Legal holidays.** January 1, January 15, the 3rd Monday in February
17 (which shall be the day of celebration for February 12 and 22), the last Monday in
18 May (which shall be the day of celebration for May 30), June 19, which shall be the
19 day of observation for Juneteenth Day, July 4, the 1st Monday in September which
20 shall be known as Labor day, the 2nd Monday in October, November 11, the 4th
21 Thursday in November (which shall be the day of celebration for Thanksgiving),
22 December 25, the day of holding the September partisan primary election, and the
23 day of holding the general election in November are legal holidays. On Good Friday
24 the period from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. shall uniformly be observed for the purpose of
25 worship. In every 1st class city the day of holding any municipal election is a legal

1 holiday, and in every such city the afternoon of each day upon which a primary
2 election is held for the nomination of candidates for city offices is a half holiday and
3 in counties having a population of 500,000 or more the county board may by
4 ordinance provide that all county employees shall have a half holiday on the day of
5 such primary election and a holiday on the day of such municipal election, and that
6 employees whose duties require that they work on such days be given equivalent
7 time off on other days. Whenever any legal holiday falls on Sunday, the succeeding
8 Monday shall be the legal holiday.

9 **SECTION 132. Initial applicability.**

10 (1) The treatment of sections 6.24 (4) (c), 6.86 (1) (a) 3., 6.865 (title), (3), and
11 (3m) (a), (b), and (c), and 7.15 (1) (j) of the statutes first applies with respect to
12 requests for absentee ballots made for voting at elections held on or after the effective
13 date of this subsection.

14 (2) The treatment of section 343.50 (5m) and (7) of the statutes first applies to
15 applications for duplicate identification cards received by the department of
16 transportation on the effective date of this subsection.

17 **SECTION 133. Effective dates.** This act takes effect on the day after
18 publication, except as follows:

19 (1) The treatment of sections 6.24 (4) (c), 6.86 (1) (a) 3., 6.865 (title), (3), and
20 (3m) (a), (b), and (c), and 7.15 (1) (j) of the statutes and SECTION 132 (1) of this act take
21 effect on the 90th day beginning after publication.

22 (2) The treatment of section 343.50 (5m) and (7) of the statutes and SECTION 132
23 (2) of this act take effect on the 30th day after the day of publication.

24 **(END)**