Received By: fknepp

2011 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received: 10/21/2011

Wanted: Today				Companion to LRB:			
For: Mary Lazich (608) 266-5400				By/Representing: Andrew Hanus			
May Cont		ala41			Drafter: tdodge		
Subject:	Health -	abortion			Addl. Drafters:	fknepp phurley	
					Extra Copies:		
Submit vi	a email: YES						
Requester	's email:	Sen.Lazich@	elegis.wisco	nsin.gov			
Carbon co	opy (CC:) to:	tamara.doda fern.knepp@ peggy.hurley	elegis.wisco	nsin.gov			
Pre Topio	2.						
No specifi	ic pre topic giv	ven					
Topic:							
Voluntary	and informed	consents for abo	ortions and p	orohibiting te	elemedicine for abor	tion inducing	drugs
Instruction	ons:						
See attach	ed						
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/?	tdodge 10/21/2011	kfollett 10/21/2011					State
/1			jfrantze 10/21/2011		sbasford 10/21/2011		State
/2	fknepp	kfollett	rschluet		sbasford	ggodwin	

LRB-3305 10/26/2011 03:22:18 PM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
	10/21/2011	10/21/2011	10/21/2011		10/21/2011	10/26/2011	

FE Sent For: at the

<**END>**

2011 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill				
Received: 10/21/2011		Received By: fknepp		
Wanted: Today		Companion to LR	RB:	
For: Mary Lazich (608)	266-5400	By/Representing:	Andrew Hanus	
May Contact:	•	Drafter: tdodge		
Subject: Health -	abortion	Addl. Drafters:	fknepp phurley	
		Extra Copies:		
Submit via email: YES				
Requester's email:	Sen.Lazich@legis.wisconsin.gov			
Carbon copy (CC:) to:	tamara.dodge@legis.wisconsin.go fern.knepp@legis.wisconsin.gov peggy.hurley@legis.wisconsin.gov			
Pre Topic:				
No specific pre topic giv	ren			
Topic:				
Voluntary and informed	consents for abortions and prohibiting	telemedicine for ab	ortion inducing drugs	
Instructions:		WHO THE STATE OF T		
See attached				
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Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
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/2	fknepp	kfollett	rschluet		sbasford		

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Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
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FE Sent For:

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Received By: fknepp

2011 DRAFTING REQUEST

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Received: 10/21/2011

Wanted: Today For: Mary Lazich (608) 266-5400					Companion to LRB: By/Representing: Andrew Hanus			
Subject:	oject: Health - abortion				Addl. Drafters:	fknepp phurley		
					Extra Copies:			
Submit v	via email: YES							
Requeste	er's email:	Sen.Lazich	@legis.wise	consin.gov				
Carbon o	copy (CC:) to:	fern.knepp	@legis.wise	visconsin.go consin.gov isconsin.gov				
Pre Top	ic:							
No speci	ific pre topic gi	ven						
Topic:								
Voluntar	y and informed	consents for ab	ortions and	prohibiting t	elemedicine for ab	ortion inducin	g drugs	
Instruct	tions:							
See attac	ched							
Draftin	g History:	441						
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required	
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		15/51	10/21/20	11	10/21/2011			

FE Sent For:

<END>

2011 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 10/21/2011

Received By: fknepp

Wanted: Today

Companion to LRB:

For: Mary Lazich (608) 266-5400

By/Representing: Andrew Hanus

May Contact:

Subject:

Health - abortion

Drafter: tdodge

Addl. Drafters:

fknepp phurley

•

Extra Copies:

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Sen.Lazich@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

tamara.dodge@legis.wisconsin.gov

fern.knepp@legis.wisconsin.gov

fern.knepp@legis.wisconsin.gov peggy.hurley@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Voluntary and informed consents for abortions and prohibiting telemedicine for abortion inducing drugs

Instructions:

See attached

Drafting History:

Vers.

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Submitted

Jacketed

Required

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tdodge

FE Sent For:

Knepp, Fern

From:

Hanus, Andrew

Sent:

Friday, October 21, 2011 9:34 AM

To:

Knepp, Fern

Subject:

Drafting instructions - abortion

Hi Fern.

Below is language for a bill that I am looking to get drafted ASAP. If some of the cites don't make sense, or if you think we need any adjustments, please just give me a call.

Thanks,

Andrew Hanus Sen. Lazich's Office 6-5400

DRAFT

253.10 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (2) (am) "Abortion-inducing drug" means a drug, medicine, oral hormonal compound, mixture, or preparation, when it is prescribed to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant.

253.10 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (3) (b) *Voluntary consent*. Consent under this section to an abortion is voluntary only if the consent is given freely and without coercion by any person. The physician who is to perform or induce the abortion shall determine whether the woman's consent is, in fact, voluntary. Notwithstanding par. (c) 3., the physician shall make the determination by speaking to the woman in person, out of the presence of anyone other than a person working for or with the physician. If the physician has reason to suspect that the woman is in danger of being physically harmed by anyone who is coercing the woman to consent to an abortion against her will, the physician shall inform the woman of services for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse and provide her with private access to a telephone if she states that she wishes to call for assistance.

253.10(3)(c) 1. hm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (3) (c) 1. hm. If the abortion is induced by an abortion—inducing drug, that the woman must return to the abortion facility for a follow—up visit 12 to 18 days after the use of an abortion—inducing drug to confirm the termination of the pregnancy and evaluate the woman's medical condition.

253.10 (3) (c) 1. jm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (3) (c) 1. jm. That the woman has a right to refuse to consent to an abortion, that her consent is not voluntary if anyone is coercing her to consent to an abortion against her will, and that it is unlawful for the physician to perform or induce the abortion without her voluntary consent.

253.10 (3) (c) 2. fm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (3) (c) 2. fm. That the printed materials described in par. (d) contain information on services available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse.

253.10 (3) (d) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (3) (d) 1. Geographically indexed materials that are designed to inform a woman about public and private agencies, including adoption agencies, and services that are available to provide information on family planning, as defined in s. 253.07 (1) (a), including natural family planning information, to provide ultrasound imaging services, to assist her if she has received a diagnosis that her unborn child has a disability or if her pregnancy is the result of sexual assault or incest and to assist her through pregnancy, upon childbirth and while the child is dependent. The materials shall include a comprehensive list of the agencies available, a description of the services that they offer and a description of the manner in which they may be contacted, including telephone numbers and addresses, or, at the option of the department, the materials shall include a toll-free, 24-hour telephone number that may be called to obtain an oral listing of available agencies and services in the locality of the caller and a description of the services that the agencies offer and the manner in which they may be contacted. The materials shall provide information on the availability of governmentally funded programs that serve pregnant women and children. Services identified for the woman shall include medical assistance for pregnant women and children under s. 49.47 (4) (am) and 49.471, the availability of family or medical leave under s. 103.10, the Wisconsin works program under ss. 49.141 to 49.161, child care services, child support laws and programs and the credit for expenses for household and dependent care and services necessary for gainful employment under section 21 of the internal revenue code Internal Revenue Code. The materials shall state that it is unlawful to perform an abortion for which consent has been coerced, that any physician who performs or induces an abortion without obtaining the woman's voluntary and informed consent is liable to her for damages in a civil action and is subject to a civil penalty, that the father of a child is liable for assistance in the support of the child, even in instances in which the father has offered to pay for an abortion, and that adoptive parents may pay the costs of prenatal care, childbirth and neonatal care. The materials shall include information, for a woman whose pregnancy is the result of sexual assault or incest, on legal protections available to the woman and her child if she wishes to oppose establishment of paternity or to terminate the father's parental rights. The materials shall state that fetal ultrasound imaging and auscultation of fetal heart tone services are obtainable by pregnant women who wish to use them and shall describe the services. The materials shall include information on services in the

253.10 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (5) PENALTY. Any person who violates sub. (3) or (3m) (a) 2. or (b) 2. shall

state that are available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse.

be required to forfeit not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000. No penalty may be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced.

253.10 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (7) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE. No person is liable under sub. (5) or (6) or under s. 441.07 (1) (f), 448.02 (3) (a), or 457.26 (2) (gm) for failure under sub. (3) (c) 2. d. to provide the printed materials described in sub. (3) (d) to a woman or for failure under sub. (3) (c) 2. d., e., f., fm., or g. to describe the contents of the printed materials if the person has made a reasonably diligent effort to obtain the printed materials under sub. (3) (e) and s. 46.245 and the department and the county department under s. 46.215, 46.22, or 46.23 have not made the printed materials available at the time that the person is required to give them to the woman.

253.10 (7m) of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (7m) Confidentiality in court proceedings. (a) In every proceeding brought under this section, the court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall rule whether the identity of any woman upon whom an abortion was performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced shall be kept confidential unless the woman waives confidentiality. If the court determines that a woman's identity should be kept confidential, the court shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent necessary to safeguard the woman's identity from public disclosure. If the court issues an order to keep a woman's identity confidential, the court shall provide written findings explaining why the woman's identity should be kept confidential, why the order is essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to its purpose, and why no reasonable less restrictive alternative exists.

- (b) Any person, except for a public official, who brings an action under this section shall do so under a pseudonym unless the person obtains the written consent of the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or induced, or attempted to be performed or induced, in violation of this section.
- (c) The section may not be construed to allow the identity of a plaintiff or a witness to be concealed from the defendant.

253.105 of the statutes is created to read:

253.105 Prescription and use of abortion—inducing drugs. (1) In this section:

- (a) "Abortion" has the meaning given in s. 253.10 (2) (a).
- (b) "Abortion-inducing drug" has the meaning given in s. 253.10 (2) (am).
- (c) "Physician" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (5).
- (2) No person may give an abortion—inducing drug to a woman unless the physician who prescribed, or otherwise provided, the abortion—inducing drug for the woman:
- (a) Performs a physical exam of the woman before the information is provided under s. 253.10 (3) (c) 1.
- (b) Is physically present in the room when the drug is given to the woman.
- (3) PENALTY. Any person who violates sub. (2) is guilty of a Class I felony. No

penalty may be assessed against a woman to whom an abortion-inducing drug is given.

- **(4)** Civil Remedies. (a) Any of the following persons has a claim against a person who intentionally or recklessly violates sub. (2):
- 1. A woman to whom an abortion—inducing drug was given in violation of sub. (2).
- 2. If the abortion—inducing drug was given to a minor in violation of sub. (2), a parent or guardian of the minor.
- 3. The father of the unborn child aborted as the result of an abortion—inducing drug given in violation of sub. (2), unless the pregnancy of the person to whom the abortion—inducing drug was given was the result of sexual assault in violation of s. 940.225, 944.06, 948.02, 948.025, 948.06, 948.085, or 948.09 and the violation was committed by the father.
- (b) A claim for relief under par. (a) may include:
- 1. Damages arising out of the inducement of the abortion, including damages for personal injury and emotional and psychological distress.
- 2. Punitive damages for a violation that satisfies the standard under s. 895.043 (3).
- (c) Notwithstanding s. 814.04 (1), a person who recovers damages under this subsection may also recover reasonable attorney fees incurred in connection with the action.
- (d) A conviction under sub. (3) is not a condition precedent to bringing an action, obtaining a judgment, or collecting a judgment under this subsection.
- (e) A contract is not a defense to an action under this subsection.
- (f) Nothing in this section limits the common law rights of a person that are not in conflict with sub. (2).
- (5) Confidentiality in court proceedings. (a) In every proceeding brought under this section, the court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall rule whether the identity of any woman upon whom an abortion was induced or attempted to be induced shall be kept confidential unless the woman waives confidentiality. If the court determines that a woman's identity should be kept confidential, the court shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent necessary to safeguard the woman's identity from public disclosure. If the court issues an order to keep a woman's identity confidential, the court shall provide written findings explaining why the woman's identity should be kept confidential, why the order is essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to its purpose, and why no reasonable less restrictive alternative exists.
- (b) Any person, except for a public official, who brings an action under this section shall do so under a pseudonym unless the person obtains the written consent of the woman upon whom an abortion was induced, or attempted to be induced, in violation of this section.
- (c) The section may not be construed to allow the identity of a plaintiff or a witness to be concealed from the defendant.
- **(6)** Construction. Nothing in this section may be construed as creating or recognizing a right to abortion or as making lawful an abortion that is otherwise unlawful.

Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows:

- (1) VOLUNTARY AND INFORMED CONSENT. The treatment of sections 253.10 (3) (b),
- (c) 1. jm. and 2. fm., (d) 1., and (7) of the statutes takes effect on the first day of the 3rd month beginning after publication.



State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE

In 10-21-11 Out 2011 BILL



LRB-3305/1 TOD, FFK & PJH, JOHN RMNR NWN&K

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AN ACT *to repeal* 940.04 (3) and (4); *to amend* 253.10 (3) (b), 253.10 (3) (d) 1.,

253.10 (5) and 253.10 (7); and *to create* 20.435 (1) (gf), 253.095, 253.10 (2) (am),

253.10 (3) (c) 1. hm., 253.10 (3) (c) 1. jm., 253.10 (3) (c) 2. fm., 253.10 (7m) and

253.105 of the statutes; **relating to:** voluntary and informed consent to an

abortion, information on domestic abuse services, abortion facility regulation,

giving a woman an abortion-inducing drug, repealing criminal sanctions

against women who perform or obtain certain abortion procedures, requiring

(the exercise of rule-making authority) and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

VOLUNTARY AND INFORMED CONSENT AND INFORMATION ON DOMESTIC ABUSE SERVICES

Under current law, a woman upon whom an abortion is to be performed or induced must give voluntary and informed written consent to the abortion. Consent is voluntary only if it is given freely and without coercion. This bill requires that the physician who is to perform or induce the abortion determine whether or not the woman's consent is, in fact, voluntary. The physician must determine if the woman's consent is voluntary by speaking to her in person, out of the presence of anyone other than a person working for or with the physician. If the physician has reason to



suspect that the woman is in danger of being physically harmed by anyone who is coercing the woman to consent to an abortion against her will, the physician must inform the woman of services for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse and provide her with private access to a telephone if she states that she wishes to call for assistance.

Currently, a woman's consent to an abortion is considered informed only if, at least 24 hours before the abortion is performed or induced, the physician or an assistant has, in person, orally provided the woman with certain information and given the woman written materials prepared by the Department of Health Services (DHS). If the pregnancy is the result of sexual assault or incest, the 24–hour period, but not the provision of information, may be waived or reduced under certain circumstances. Any person who violates the informed consent requirements is required to forfeit not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 and is liable to the woman upon whom the abortion is performed or induced.

The bill requires that, at least 24 hours before the abortion is performed or induced, the physician or another qualified physician inform the woman that she has a right to refuse or consent to an abortion, that her consent is not voluntary if anyone is coercing her to consent to an abortion against her will, and that it is unlawful for the physician to perform or induce the abortion without her voluntary consent. The physician or another qualified physician must also inform the woman, at least 24 hours before the abortion is induced that, if the abortion is induced by an abortion-inducing drug, the woman must return to the abortion facility for a follow-up visit 12 to 18 days after use of the drug to confirm the termination of the pregnancy and evaluate the woman's medical condition. The bill requires that the physician or assistant inform the woman that the materials prepared by DHS, which must be given to her, contain information on services available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse. Additionally, the bill requires DHS to include in the printed materials information on services in the state that are available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse. The bill specifies that none of the penalties for violating the informed consent requirements may be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is to be performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced.

LICENSING AND REGULATION OF ABORTION FACILITIES

This bill provides for the licensure and regulation of abortion facilities by DHS. Under this bill, no person may operate, conduct, or maintain an abortion facility without a license issued by DHS. For purposes of licensing, this bill defines an abortion facility as a place, other than a hospital, where any second trimester is performed or five or more first trimester abortions are performed per month.

To apply for license to operate an abortion facility, a person must submit an application, including a statement of ownership, and a \$500 licensing fee to DHS. Under this bill, DHS will issue an abortion facility license to an applicant who DHS determines is fit and qualified, as defined by DHS by rule, for an abortion facility that meets certain requirements, including:

1. At least one physician is responsible for medical supervision at the abortion facility.



2. Abortions at the abortion facility may only be performed by physicians who, at the time of performing an abortion, have privileges to do surgery in at least one hospital within a 15-mile radius of the abortion facility.

3. If the applicant is a corporation, the corporation's board of directors includes

at least one physician.

This bill requires DHS to promulgate rules related to operating a licensed abortion facility, including the following:

1. Minimum standards for the construction of abortion facilities.

2. Staffing requirements for abortion facilities.

3. Adequate equipment at an abortion facility to ensure the health of the patients.

4. Additional programs and services to be provided to patients at the abortion

facility.

Under this bill, DHS is required to make at least one unannounced inspection of each licensed abortion facility, each year, and may make additional inspections, as necessary. If DHS finds that the continued operation of an abortion facility poses a serious danger to the health or safety of the abortion facility's patients, this bill authorizes DHS to immediately close the abortion facility. If an abortion facility is closed under these circumstances, the person holding a license for the closed abortion facility may request a hearing and reinspection. If upon reinspection, DHS finds that the abortion facility no longer poses an imminent or serious danger, DHS must allow the abortion facility to reopen.

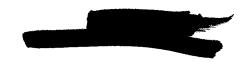
Under this bill, a person who operates an abortion facility in violation of state law, including a rule promulgated by DHS, is subject to a penalty based on the type of violation and the number of previous violations. Additionally, DHS may issue a conditional license to an abortion facility that it finds has violated the licensing regulations.

RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF ABORTION-INDUCING DRUGS

This bill prohibits a person from giving a woman an abortion–inducing drug unless the physician who provided the drug for the woman performs a physical exam on the woman and is physically present in the room when the drug is given to the woman. An abortion–inducing drug is a drug that is prescribed to terminate the pregnancy of a woman who is known to be pregnant. Under this bill, a person who gives a woman an abortion–inducing drug in a manner that violates the prohibition is guilty of a Class I felony and may be subject to a civil action. This bill specifies that a penalty may not be assessed against a woman who receives an abortion–inducing drug.

REPEAL OF CERTAIN ABORTION PROHIBITIONS

Under current law, a pregnant woman who intentionally destroys the life of her unborn child or who consents to such destruction by another may be fined not more than \$200, imprisoned not more than six months, or both. For the same action with respect to an unborn quick child the penalty is a fine not to exceed \$10,000, imprisonment for not more than three years and six month, or both. None of these penalties apply to a therapeutic abortion that is performed by a physician; is necessary, or advised by two other physicians as necessary, to save the life of the



mother; and is performed, except on an emergency basis, in a licensed maternity hospital. These provisions were cited, along with other provisions not affected by this bill that prohibit performing an abortion generally, in Roe v. Wade, 410 U.S. 113 (1973), as substantially similar to a Texas statute that was held to violate the due process clause of the 14th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

A separate provision in current law prohibits prosecution of and imposing or enforcing a fine or imprisonment against a woman who obtains an abortion or otherwise violates any abortion law with respect to her unborn child or fetus. Further, crimes of being a party to a crime, solicitation, and conspiracy do not apply to a woman who obtains an abortion or otherwise violates an abortion law with respect to her unborn child or fetus.

This bill repeals the provisions in current law under which a pregnant woman who intentionally destroys the life of her unborn child or who consents to such destruction by another may be fined, imprisoned, or both. The bill does not affect any other criminal prohibition or limitation on abortion in current law and does not affect the provision that prohibits the prosecution, fine, or imprisonment against a woman who obtains an abortion or otherwise violates any abortion law with regard to her unborn child or fetus.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 20.435 (1) (gf) of the statutes is created to read:

20.435 **(1)** (gf) *Abortion facility fees.* All moneys received by the department of health services from abortion facilities under s. 253.095 for creating, printing, and distributing the materials described in s. 253.10 (3) (d) 1.

SECTION 2. 253.095 of the statutes is created to read:

253.095 Licensing and regulation of abortion facilities. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "Abortion" has the meaning given in s. 253.10 (2) (a).
- (b) "Abortion facility" means a place other than a hospital, as defined in s. 50.33
- (2), where any 2nd trimester or b or more first trimester abortions per month are performed.

 (2), where any 2nd trimester or b or more first trimester abortions per month are performed.

 (2), where any 2nd trimester or b or more first trimester abortions per month are performed.

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injunction to restrain a violation or to prohibit the operation and maintenance of an abortion facility that violates this section or any rule promulgated under this section.

(13) Construction. Nothing in this section may be construed as creating or recognizing a right to abortion or as making lawful an abortion that is otherwise unlawful.

Section 3. 253.10 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (2) (am) "Abortion-inducing drug" means a drug, medicine, oral

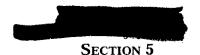
253.10 **(2)** (am) "Abortion-inducing drug" means a drug, medicine, oral hormonal compound, mixture, or preparation, when it is prescribed to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant.

SECTION 4. 253.10 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (3) (b) *Voluntary consent*. Consent under this section to an abortion is voluntary only if the consent is given freely and without coercion by any person. The physician who is to perform or induce the abortion shall determine whether the woman's consent is, in fact, voluntary. Notwithstanding par. (c) 3., the physician shall make the determination by speaking to the woman in person, out of the presence of anyone other than a person working for or with the physician. If the physician has reason to suspect that the woman is in danger of being physically harmed by anyone who is coercing the woman to consent to an abortion against her will, the physician shall inform the woman of services for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse and provide her with private access to a telephone if she states that she wishes to call for assistance.

Section 5. 253.10 (3) (c) 1. hm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (3) (c) 1. hm. If the abortion is induced by an abortion–inducing drug, that the woman must return to the abortion facility for a follow–up visit 12 to 18 days



after the use of an abortion-inducing drug to confirm the termination of the pregnancy and evaluate the woman's medical condition.

Section 6. 253.10 (3) (c) 1. jm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 **(3)** (c) 1. jm. That the woman has a right to refuse to consent to an abortion, that her consent is not voluntary if anyone is coercing her to consent to an abortion against her will, and that it is unlawful for the physician to perform or induce the abortion without her voluntary consent.

SECTION 7. 253.10 (3) (c) 2. fm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 **(3)** (c) 2. fm. That the printed materials described in par. (d) contain information on services available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse.

SECTION 8. 253.10 (3) (d) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (d) 1. Geographically indexed materials that are designed to inform a woman about public and private agencies, including adoption agencies, and services that are available to provide information on family planning, as defined in s. 253.07 (1) (a), including natural family planning information, to provide ultrasound imaging services, to assist her if she has received a diagnosis that her unborn child has a disability or if her pregnancy is the result of sexual assault or incest and to assist her through pregnancy, upon childbirth and while the child is dependent. The materials shall include a comprehensive list of the agencies available, a description of the services that they offer and a description of the manner in which they may be contacted, including telephone numbers and addresses, or, at the option of the department, the materials shall include a toll–free, 24–hour telephone number that may be called to obtain an oral listing of available agencies and services in the locality of the caller and a description of the services that the agencies offer and the manner in which they may be contacted. The materials shall



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provide information on the availability of governmentally funded programs that serve pregnant women and children. Services identified for the woman shall include medical assistance for pregnant women and children under s. 49.47 (4) (am) and 49.471, the availability of family or medical leave under s. 103.10, the Wisconsin works program under ss. 49.141 to 49.161, child care services, child support laws and programs and the credit for expenses for household and dependent care and services necessary for gainful employment under section 21 of the internal revenue code Internal Revenue Code. The materials shall state that it is unlawful to perform an abortion for which consent has been coerced, that any physician who performs or induces an abortion without obtaining the woman's voluntary and informed consent is liable to her for damages in a civil action and is subject to a civil penalty, that the father of a child is liable for assistance in the support of the child, even in instances in which the father has offered to pay for an abortion, and that adoptive parents may pay the costs of prenatal care, childbirth and neonatal care. The materials shall include information, for a woman whose pregnancy is the result of sexual assault or incest, on legal protections available to the woman and her child if she wishes to oppose establishment of paternity or to terminate the father's parental rights. The materials shall state that fetal ultrasound imaging and auscultation of fetal heart tone services are obtainable by pregnant women who wish to use them and shall describe the services. The materials shall include information on services in the state that are available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse.

Section 9. 253.10 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 **(5)** Penalty. Any person who violates sub. (3) or (3m) (a) 2. or (b) 2. shall be required to forfeit not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000. No penalty may



be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced.

SECTION 10. 253.10 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 **(7)** Affirmative defense. No person is liable under sub. (5) or (6) or under s. 441.07 (1) (f), 448.02 (3) (a), or 457.26 (2) (gm) for failure under sub. (3) (c) 2. d. to provide the printed materials described in sub. (3) (d) to a woman or for failure under sub. (3) (c) 2. d., e., f., fm., or g. to describe the contents of the printed materials if the person has made a reasonably diligent effort to obtain the printed materials under sub. (3) (e) and s. 46.245 and the department and the county department under s. 46.215, 46.22, or 46.23 have not made the printed materials available at the time that the person is required to give them to the woman.

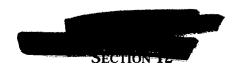
SECTION 11. 253.10 (7m) of the statutes is created to read:

brought under this section, the court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall rule whether the identity of any woman upon whom an abortion was performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced shall be kept confidential unless the woman waives confidentiality. If the court determines that a woman's identity should be kept confidential, the court shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent necessary to safeguard the woman's identity from public disclosure. If the court issues an order to keep a woman's identity confidential, the court shall provide written findings explaining why the woman's identity should be kept confidential, why the order is essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to its purpose, and why no reasonable less restrictive alternative exists.

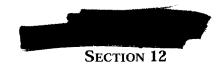
Section 11

BILL

1	(b) Any person, except for a public official, who brings an action under this
2	section shall do so under a pseudonym unless the person obtains the written consent
3	of the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or induced, or attempted to be
4	performed or induced, in violation of this section.
5	(c) The section may not be construed to allow the identity of a plaintiff or a
6	witness to be concealed from the defendant.
7	Section 12. 253.105 of the statutes is created to read:
8	253.105 Prescription and use of abortion-inducing drugs. (1) In this
9	section:
10	(a) "Abortion" has the meaning given in s. 253.10 (2) (a).
11	(b) "Abortion-inducing drug" has the meaning given in s. 253.10 (2) (am).
12	(c) "Physician" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (5).
13	(2) No person may give an abortion-inducing drug to a woman unless the
14	physician who prescribed, or otherwise provided, the abortion-inducing drug for the
15	woman:
16	(a) Performs a physical exam of the woman before the information is provided
17	under s. 253.10 (3) (c) 1.
18	(b) Is physically present in the room when the drug is given to the woman.
19	(3) PENALTY. Any person who violates sub. (2) is guilty of a Class I felony. No
20	penalty may be assessed against a woman to whom an abortion-inducing drug is
21	given.
22	(4) CIVIL REMEDIES. (a) Any of the following persons has a claim against a
23	person who intentionally or recklessly violates sub. (2):
24	1. A woman to whom an abortion-inducing drug was given in violation of sub.
25	(2).



- 2. If the abortion–inducing drug was given to a minor in violation of sub. (2), a parent or guardian of the minor.
- 3. The father of the unborn child aborted as the result of an abortion–inducing drug given in violation of sub. (2), unless the pregnancy of the person to whom the abortion–inducing drug was given was the result of sexual assault in violation of s. 940.225, 944.06, 948.02, 948.025, 948.06, 948.085, or 948.09 and the violation was committed by the father.
 - (b) A claim for relief under par. (a) may include:
- 1. Damages arising out of the inducement of the abortion, including damages for personal injury and emotional and psychological distress.
- 2. Punitive damages for a violation that satisfies the standard under s. 895.043 (3).
- (c) Notwithstanding s. 814.04 (1), a person who recovers damages under this subsection may also recover reasonable attorney fees incurred in connection with the action.
- (d) A conviction under sub. (3) is not a condition precedent to bringing an action, obtaining a judgment, or collecting a judgment under this subsection.
 - (e) A contract is not a defense to an action under this subsection.
- (f) Nothing in this section limits the common law rights of a person that are not in conflict with sub. (2).
- (5) CONFIDENTIALITY IN COURT PROCEEDINGS. (a) In every proceeding brought under this section, the court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall rule whether the identity of any woman upon whom an abortion was induced or attempted to be induced shall be kept confidential unless the woman waives confidentiality. If the court determines that a woman's identity should be kept confidential, the court shall



issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent necessary to safeguard the woman's identity from public disclosure. If the court issues an order to keep a woman's identity confidential, the court shall provide written findings explaining why the woman's identity should be kept confidential, why the order is essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to its purpose, and why no reasonable less restrictive alternative exists.

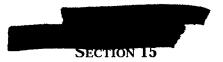
- (b) Any person, except for a public official, who brings an action under this section shall do so under a pseudonym unless the person obtains the written consent of the woman upon whom an abortion was induced, or attempted to be induced, in violation of this section.
- (c) The section may not be construed to allow the identity of a plaintiff or a witness to be concealed from the defendant.
- **(6)** Construction. Nothing in this section may be construed as creating or recognizing a right to abortion or as making lawful an abortion that is otherwise unlawful.

Section 13. 940.04 (3) and (4) of the statutes are repealed.

Section 14. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) PROPOSED RULES. No later than the first day of the 7th month beginning after publication, the department of health services shall submit in proposed form the rules required under section 253.095 of the statutes, as created by this act, to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 (1) of the statutes.

Section 15. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows:



6	(END)
5	takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after publication.
4	(2) Abortion facility Licensure. The creation of section 253.095 of the statutes
3	3rd month beginning after publication.
2	(c) 1. jm. and 2. fm., (d) 1., and (7) of the statutes takes effect on the first day of the
1	(1) Voluntary and informed consent. The treatment of sections 253.10 (3) (b),

STATE OF WISCONSIN - LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB

Research (608-266-0341)

Library (608-266-7040)

Legal (608-266-3561)

LRB

Andrew - Lazichs affice
Remove "if she state that she wishes to call for anistance" in p. 4, line 6-7 an corresponding language on P. 2 of The analysis.
The analysis. Jan Brepp.



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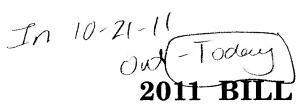
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State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3305/1 TJD/FFK/PJH:nwn&kjf:jf



Regen

AN ACT to repeal 940.04 (3) and (4); to amend 253.10 (3) (b), 253.10 (3) (d) 1., 253.10 (5) and 253.10 (7); and to create 253.10 (2) (am), 253.10 (3) (c) 1. hm., 253.10 (3) (c) 1. jm., 253.10 (3) (c) 2. fm., 253.10 (7m) and 253.105 of the statutes; relating to: voluntary and informed consent to an abortion, information on domestic abuse services, giving a woman an abortion-inducing drug, repealing criminal sanctions against women who perform or obtain certain abortion procedures, and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

VOLUNTARY AND INFORMED CONSENT AND INFORMATION ON DOMESTIC ABUSE SERVICES

Under current law, a woman upon whom an abortion is to be performed or induced must give voluntary and informed written consent to the abortion. Consent is voluntary only if it is given freely and without coercion. This bill requires that the physician who is to perform or induce the abortion determine whether or not the woman's consent is, in fact, voluntary. The physician must determine if the woman's consent is voluntary by speaking to her in person, out of the presence of anyone other than a person working for or with the physician. If the physician has reason to suspect that the woman is in danger of being physically harmed by anyone who is coercing the woman to consent to an abortion against her will, the physician must

inform the woman of services for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse and provide her with private access to a telephone if she states that she wishes to call for assistance.

Currently, a woman's consent to an abortion is considered informed only if, at least 24 hours before the abortion is performed or induced, the physician or an assistant has, in person, orally provided the woman with certain information and given the woman written materials prepared by the Department of Health Services (DHS). If the pregnancy is the result of sexual assault or incest, the 24-hour period, but not the provision of information, may be waived or reduced under certain circumstances. Any person who violates the informed consent requirements is required to forfeit not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 and is liable to the woman upon whom the abortion is performed or induced.

The bill requires that, at least 24 hours before the abortion is performed or induced, the physician or another qualified physician inform the woman that she has a right to refuse or consent to an abortion, that her consent is not voluntary if anyone is coercing her to consent to an abortion against her will, and that it is unlawful for the physician to perform or induce the abortion without her voluntary consent. The physician or another qualified physician must also inform the woman, at least 24 hours before the abortion is induced that, if the abortion is induced by an abortion-inducing drug, the woman must return to the abortion facility for a follow-up visit 12 to 18 days after use of the drug to confirm the termination of the pregnancy and evaluate the woman's medical condition. The bill requires that the physician or assistant inform the woman that the materials prepared by DHS, which must be given to her, contain information on services available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse. Additionally, the bill requires DHS to include in the printed materials information on services in the state that are available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse. The bill specifies that none of the penalties for violating the informed consent requirements may be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is to be performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced.

RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF ABORTION-INDUCING DRUGS

This bill prohibits a person from giving a woman an abortion-inducing drug unless the physician who provided the drug for the woman performs a physical exam on the woman and is physically present in the room when the drug is given to the woman. An abortion-inducing drug is a drug that is prescribed to terminate the pregnancy of a woman who is known to be pregnant. Under this bill, a person who gives a woman an abortion-inducing drug in a manner that violates the prohibition is guilty of a Class I felony and may be subject to a civil action. This bill specifies that a penalty may not be assessed against a woman who receives an abortion-inducing drug.

REPEAL OF CERTAIN ABORTION PROHIBITIONS

Under current law, a pregnant woman who intentionally destroys the life of her unborn child or who consents to such destruction by another may be fined not more than \$200, imprisoned not more than six months, or both. For the same action with respect to an unborn quick child the penalty is a fine not to exceed \$10,000,

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imprisonment for not more than three years and six month, or both. None of these penalties apply to a therapeutic abortion that is performed by a physician; is necessary, or advised by two other physicians as necessary, to save the life of the mother; and is performed, except on an emergency basis, in a licensed maternity hospital. These provisions were cited, along with other provisions not affected by this bill that prohibit performing an abortion generally, in Roe v. Wade, 410 U.S. 113 (1973), as substantially similar to a Texas statute that was held to violate the due process clause of the 14th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

A separate provision in current law prohibits prosecution of and imposing or enforcing a fine or imprisonment against a woman who obtains an abortion or otherwise violates any abortion law with respect to her unborn child or fetus. Further, crimes of being a party to a crime, solicitation, and conspiracy do not apply to a woman who obtains an abortion or otherwise violates an abortion law with respect to her unborn child or fetus.

This bill repeals the provisions in current law under which a pregnant woman who intentionally destroys the life of her unborn child or who consents to such destruction by another may be fined, imprisoned, or both. The bill does not affect any other criminal prohibition or limitation on abortion in current law and does not affect the provision that prohibits the prosecution, fine, or imprisonment against a woman who obtains an abortion or otherwise violates any abortion law with regard to her unborn child or fetus.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 253.10 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 **(2)** (am) "Abortion-inducing drug" means a drug, medicine, oral hormonal compound, mixture, or preparation, when it is prescribed to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant.

SECTION 2. 253.10 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (3) (b) Voluntary consent. Consent under this section to an abortion is voluntary only if the consent is given freely and without coercion by any person. The physician who is to perform or induce the abortion shall determine whether the woman's consent is, in fact, voluntary. Notwithstanding par. (c) 3., the physician

SECTION 3. 253.10 (3) (c) 1. hm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (3) (c) 1. hm. If the abortion is induced by an abortion-inducing drug, that the woman must return to the abortion facility for a follow-up visit 12 to 18 days after the use of an abortion-inducing drug to confirm the termination of the pregnancy and evaluate the woman's medical condition.

SECTION 4. 253.10 (3) (c) 1. jm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (3) (c) 1. jm. That the woman has a right to refuse to consent to an abortion, that her consent is not voluntary if anyone is coercing her to consent to an abortion against her will, and that it is unlawful for the physician to perform or induce the abortion without her voluntary consent.

SECTION 5. 253.10 (3) (c) 2. fm. of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (3) (c) 2. fm. That the printed materials described in par. (d) contain information on services available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse.

Section 6. 253.10 (3) (d) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (3) (d) 1. Geographically indexed materials that are designed to inform a woman about public and private agencies, including adoption agencies, and services that are available to provide information on family planning, as defined in s. 253.07 (1) (a), including natural family planning information, to provide

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ultrasound imaging services, to assist her if she has received a diagnosis that her unborn child has a disability or if her pregnancy is the result of sexual assault or incest and to assist her through pregnancy, upon childbirth and while the child is The materials shall include a comprehensive list of the agencies available, a description of the services that they offer and a description of the manner in which they may be contacted, including telephone numbers and addresses, or, at the option of the department, the materials shall include a toll-free, 24-hour telephone number that may be called to obtain an oral listing of available agencies and services in the locality of the caller and a description of the services that the agencies offer and the manner in which they may be contacted. The materials shall provide information on the availability of governmentally funded programs that serve pregnant women and children. Services identified for the woman shall include medical assistance for pregnant women and children under s. 49.47 (4) (am) and 49.471, the availability of family or medical leave under s. 103.10, the Wisconsin works program under ss. 49.141 to 49.161, child care services, child support laws and programs and the credit for expenses for household and dependent care and services necessary for gainful employment under section 21 of the internal revenue code Internal Revenue Code. The materials shall state that it is unlawful to perform an abortion for which consent has been coerced, that any physician who performs or induces an abortion without obtaining the woman's voluntary and informed consent is liable to her for damages in a civil action and is subject to a civil penalty, that the father of a child is liable for assistance in the support of the child, even in instances in which the father has offered to pay for an abortion, and that adoptive parents may pay the costs of prenatal care, childbirth and neonatal care. The materials shall include information, for a woman whose pregnancy is the result of sexual assault or

incest, on legal protections available to the woman and her child if she wishes to oppose establishment of paternity or to terminate the father's parental rights. The materials shall state that fetal ultrasound imaging and auscultation of fetal heart tone services are obtainable by pregnant women who wish to use them and shall describe the services. The materials shall include information on services in the state that are available for victims or individuals at risk of domestic abuse.

SECTION 7. 253.10 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (5) Penalty. Any person who violates sub. (3) or (3m) (a) 2. or (b) 2. shall be required to forfeit not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000. No penalty may be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced.

SECTION 8. 253.10 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

253.10 (7) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE. No person is liable under sub. (5) or (6) or under s. 441.07 (1) (f), 448.02 (3) (a), or 457.26 (2) (gm) for failure under sub. (3) (c) 2. d. to provide the printed materials described in sub. (3) (d) to a woman or for failure under sub. (3) (c) 2. d., e., f., fm., or g. to describe the contents of the printed materials if the person has made a reasonably diligent effort to obtain the printed materials under sub. (3) (e) and s. 46.245 and the department and the county department under s. 46.215, 46.22, or 46.23 have not made the printed materials available at the time that the person is required to give them to the woman.

Section 9. 253.10 (7m) of the statutes is created to read:

253.10 (7m) Confidentiality in court proceedings. (a) In every proceeding brought under this section, the court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall rule whether the identity of any woman upon whom an abortion was performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced shall be kept confidential unless the woman

woman:

waives confidentiality. If the court determines that a woman's identity should be
kept confidential, the court shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel
and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of individuals from
courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent necessary to safeguard the woman's
identity from public disclosure. If the court issues an order to keep a woman's
identity confidential, the court shall provide written findings explaining why the
woman's identity should be kept confidential, why the order is essential to that end,
how the order is narrowly tailored to its purpose, and why no reasonable less
restrictive alternative exists.
(b) Any person, except for a public official, who brings an action under this
section shall do so under a pseudonym unless the person obtains the written consent
of the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or induced, or attempted to be
performed or induced, in violation of this section.
(c) The section may not be construed to allow the identity of a plaintiff or a
witness to be concealed from the defendant.
Section 10. 253.105 of the statutes is created to read:
253.105 Prescription and use of abortion-inducing drugs. (1) In this
section:
(a) "Abortion" has the meaning given in s. 253.10 (2) (a).
(b) "Abortion-inducing drug" has the meaning given in s. 253.10 (2) (am).
(c) "Physician" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (5).
(2) No person may give an abortion-inducing drug to a woman unless the
physician who prescribed, or otherwise provided, the abortion-inducing drug for the

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- (a) Performs a physical exam of the woman before the information is provided under s. 253.10 (3) (c) 1.
 - (b) Is physically present in the room when the drug is given to the woman.
- (3) PENALTY. Any person who violates sub. (2) is guilty of a Class I felony. No penalty may be assessed against a woman to whom an abortion-inducing drug is given.
- (4) CIVIL REMEDIES. (a) Any of the following persons has a claim against a person who intentionally or recklessly violates sub. (2):
- 9 1. A woman to whom an abortion-inducing drug was given in violation of sub.

 10 (2).
 - 2. If the abortion-inducing drug was given to a minor in violation of sub. (2), a parent or guardian of the minor.
 - 3. The father of the unborn child aborted as the result of an abortion-inducing drug given in violation of sub. (2), unless the pregnancy of the person to whom the abortion-inducing drug was given was the result of sexual assault in violation of s. 940.225, 944.06, 948.02, 948.025, 948.06, 948.085, or 948.09 and the violation was committed by the father.
 - (b) A claim for relief under par. (a) may include:
 - 1. Damages arising out of the inducement of the abortion, including damages for personal injury and emotional and psychological distress.
- 2. Punitive damages for a violation that satisfies the standard under s. 895.043 22 (3).
 - (c) Notwithstanding s. 814.04 (1), a person who recovers damages under this subsection may also recover reasonable attorney fees incurred in connection with the action.

- (d) A conviction under sub. (3) is not a condition precedent to bringing an action, obtaining a judgment, or collecting a judgment under this subsection.
 - (e) A contract is not a defense to an action under this subsection.
- (f) Nothing in this section limits the common law rights of a person that are not in conflict with sub. (2).
- (5) Confidentiality in court proceedings. (a) In every proceeding brought under this section, the court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall rule whether the identity of any woman upon whom an abortion was induced or attempted to be induced shall be kept confidential unless the woman waives confidentiality. If the court determines that a woman's identity should be kept confidential, the court shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent necessary to safeguard the woman's identity from public disclosure. If the court issues an order to keep a woman's identity confidential, the court shall provide written findings explaining why the woman's identity should be kept confidential, why the order is essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to its purpose, and why no reasonable less restrictive alternative exists.
- (b) Any person, except for a public official, who brings an action under this section shall do so under a pseudonym unless the person obtains the written consent of the woman upon whom an abortion was induced, or attempted to be induced, in violation of this section.
- (c) The section may not be construed to allow the identity of a plaintiff or a witness to be concealed from the defendant.

|--|

1	(6) Construction. Nothing in this section may be construed as creating or
2	recognizing a right to abortion or as making lawful an abortion that is otherwise
3	unlawful.
4	SECTION 11. 940.04 (3) and (4) of the statutes are repealed.
5	SECTION 12. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication,
6	except as follows:
7	(1) Voluntary and informed consent. The treatment of sections 253.10 (3) (b),
8	(c) 1. jm. and 2. fm., (d) 1., and (7) of the statutes takes effect on the first day of the
9	3rd month beginning after publication.
10	(END)

Godwin, Gigi

From: Sen.Lazich

Sent: Wednesday, October 26, 2011 3:18 PM

To: LRB.Legal

Subject: Draft Review: LRB 11-3305/2 Topic: Voluntary and informed consents for abortions and prohibiting telemedicine for abortion inducing drugs

Please Jacket LRB 11-3305/2 for the SENATE.