AN ACT to repeal 118.51 (3) (a) 5.; to renumber and amend 118.51 (5) (d) and
118.51 (15) (c); to amend 118.51 (3) (a) 1., 118.51 (3) (a) 2., 3. and 4., 118.51 (3)
(a) 6., 118.51 (3) (a) 7., 118.51 (3) (b), 118.51 (5) (a) (intro.), 118.51 (5) (a) 1.
(intro.), 118.51 (5) (a) 1. b., 118.51 (5) (a) 1. c., 118.51 (8), 118.51 (9), 118.51 (12)
(b) 1. and 118.51 (15) (a); and to create 118.51 (3) (intro.), 118.51 (3) (a) 1m.,
118.51 (3m), 118.51 (5) (d) 2., 118.51 (12) (am), 118.51 (15) (c) 2. and 121.91 (4)
(p) of the statutes; relating to: changing timing of application process under
the open enrollment program and permitting certain pupils to submit open
enrollment applications outside of the regular application period.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau
Engrossment information:
The text of Engrossed 2011 Senate Bill 2, as passed by the senate on February
2, 2011, consists of the following documents adopted in the senate on February 2,
2011: the bill as affected by Senate Amendment 1 (as affected by the February 16,
2011, chief clerk’s correction thereto); Senate Amendment 2 (as affected by Senate
Amendment 2 thereto and as affected by the February 16, 2011, chief clerk’s
correction thereto); and Senate Amendment 3.
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 2

Content of Engrossed 2011 Senate Bill 2:

Under the Open Enrollment Program (OEP), a pupil may apply to attend a public school in a school district other than the pupil’s resident school district (nonresident school district) if certain conditions are met. Current law establishes a time line for filing and processing applications under the OEP. An application to attend a school in a nonresident school district is due between the first Monday in February and the third Friday following the first Monday in February. A school board that receives an application must forward a copy of the application to the pupil’s resident school board by the fourth Monday in February, and may not act on the application until after the third Friday following the first Monday in February. The resident school board may, under certain conditions, deny the pupil's enrollment in the nonresident school district; the resident school board must notify the applicant that its application has been rejected by the first Friday following the first Monday in April.

The nonresident school board must notify the pupil whether it has accepted the application by the first Friday following the first Monday in April and must provide the pupil with information about the specific program or school the pupil would attend by the second Friday following the first Monday in May. The pupil must inform the nonresident school board whether he or she will attend a school in the nonresident school district by the first Friday following the first Monday in June. By June 30, the nonresident school board must report the name of each pupil accepted under the OEP to the pupil’s resident school board. Current law permits a nonresident school district to deny enrollment to a pupil who has been expelled from school for certain reasons, including for engaging in conduct while at school that endangered the health safety or property of others. A resident school district must provide copies of the disciplinary records of a pupil who has applied under the OEP to a nonresident school district that makes a request for such records.

This bill changes the time line for filing and processing applications under the OEP. Under the new time line, the nonresident school district must determine the number of regular education and special education spaces available within the school district at the January meeting of the nonresident school board (and, for the 2011–12 school year, at the February meeting of the nonresident school board). An application to attend a school in a nonresident school district is due between the first Monday in February and the last weekday in April. A nonresident school board that receives an application must forward a copy of the application to the pupil’s resident school district by the end of the first weekday following the last weekday in April. The nonresident school board may not act on the application before May 1. The bill requires a resident school district to provide to a nonresident school district records pertaining to disciplinary proceedings involving a pupil who has applied to the nonresident school district under the OEP by the first Friday following the first Monday in May.

The bill also requires the resident school district to forward a copy of the individualized education program (IEP) prepared for a child with a disability who applies to the nonresident district under the OEP. If the resident school district fails to comply with this requirement, the nonresident school district may charge the
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 2

resident school district for any actual, additional costs incurred by the school district to provide the special education and related services to the child. This bill requires the nonresident school district to prepare an estimate of the costs to implement an IEP prepared for a child with a disability who has applied to attend a school or program in the nonresident school district, and to provide the resident school district with a copy of the estimate by the third Friday following the first Monday in May. If the nonresident school district fails to provide the information by the required date, the nonresident school district may not charge the resident school district for the costs to provide the special education and related services to the child with a disability. If the resident school board will deny the pupil's enrollment in the nonresident school district, the resident school board must notify the applicant that its application has been rejected on or before the second Friday following the first Monday in June.

The nonresident school board must notify the pupil whether it has accepted the application on or before the first Friday following the first Monday in June, and if the school board has accepted the application, it must provide the pupil with information about the specific program or school the pupil would attend at that time. The pupil must inform the nonresident school board whether he or she will attend a school in the nonresident school district by the last Friday in June. By July 7, the nonresident school board must report the name of each pupil accepted under the OEP to the pupil's resident school board.

The bill also creates an alternative application process, with a separate time line, under the OEP. Under the alternative process, the pupil must satisfy one of the following criteria: 1) the resident school district determines that the pupil has been the victim of a violent criminal offense, as defined by the Department of Public Instruction (DPI) by rule; 2) the pupil is or has been a homeless pupil in the current or immediately preceding school year; 3) the pupil has been the victim of repeated bullying or harassment, the parent has reported the bullying or harassment to the resident school board, and the repeated bullying or harassment continues; 4) the place of residence of the pupil's parent or guardian and of the pupil has changed as a result of military orders; 5) the pupil has moved into this state; 6) the place of residence of the pupil has changed as a result of a court order or custody agreement or because the pupil was placed in a foster home or with a person other than the pupil's parent, or removed from a foster home or from the home of a person other than the pupil's parent; or 7) the parent of the pupil and the nonresident school board agree that attending school in the nonresident school district is in the best interests of the pupil.

A nonresident school district that receives an application under the alternative time line must immediately forward a copy to the resident school board and must notify the applicant, in writing, whether it has accepted the application no later than 20 days after receiving it. The resident school district may notify an applicant that the pupil may not attend a school or program in the nonresident school district only if it determines that the criterion relied on by the applicant does not apply to the pupil or determines that the costs of special education or related services would impose an undue financial burden on the child's resident school district.
ENGROSGSED SENATE BILL 2

Current law limits the increase in the total amount of revenue per pupil that a school district may receive from general school aids and property taxes to the amount of revenue increase allowed per pupil in the previous school year increased by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index. Several adjustments to the revenue limits are permitted. This bill permits a school district to increase the revenue limit applicable to the school by the amount of any reduction to the school district's payment from DPI in the previous year for a pupil who was not included in the calculation of the number of pupils enrolled in that school district in the previous year.

Current law requires DPI to annually report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature on the number of pupils who applied to attend school in a nonresident school district under the OEP, the number of applications denied, and the bases for the denials, and the number of pupils attending public school in a nonresident school district under the OEP. This bill requires DPI to provide more detailed information about participation in the OEP, including information about whether pupils were accepted under the regular or alternative application process and, if the latter, which criterion the applicant applied under.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1d. 118.51 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:

118.51 (3) (intro.) Except as provided under sub. (3m), the following procedures govern pupil applications to attend a public school in a nonresident school district under this section:

SECTION 1e. 118.51 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (3) (a) 1. The parent of a pupil who wishes to attend a public school in a nonresident school district under this section shall submit an application, on a form provided by the department under sub. (15) (a), to the school board of the nonresident school district that the pupil wishes to attend, not earlier than the first Monday in February and not later than the 3rd Friday following the first Monday in February last weekday in April of the school year immediately preceding the school year in which the pupil wishes to attend. Applications may be submitted to no more than...
3 nonresident school boards in any school year. On the 4th Monday in February the
nonresident school board shall send a copy of the application to the pupil’s
resident school board and the department by the end of the first weekday following
the last weekday in April. The application may include a request to attend a specific
school or program offered by the nonresident school district.

**SECTION 1m.** 118.51 (3) (a) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

118.51 (3) (a) 1m. By the first Friday following the first Monday in May, the
resident school board shall send to the nonresident school district a copy of the
individualized education program developed under s. 115.787 (2) for a child with a
disability whose parent submitted an application under subd. 1.

**SECTION 1s.** 118.51 (3) (a) 2., 3. and 4. of the statutes are amended to read:

118.51 (3) (a) 2. A nonresident school board may not act on any application
received under subd. 1. until after the 3rd Friday following the first Monday in
February before May 1. If a nonresident school board receives more applications for
a particular grade or program than there are spaces available in the grade or
program, the nonresident school board shall determine which pupils to accept,
including pupils accepted from a waiting list under sub. (5) (d), on a random basis,
after giving preference to pupils and to siblings of pupils who are already attending
the nonresident school district and, if the nonresident school district is a union high
school district, to pupils who are attending an underlying elementary school district
of the nonresident school district under this section. If a nonresident school board
determines that space is not otherwise available for open enrollment pupils in the
grade or program to which an individual has applied, the school board may
nevertheless accept a pupil or the sibling of a pupil who is already attending the
nonresident school district and, if the nonresident school district is a union high
school district, a pupil who is attending an underlying elementary school district of the nonresident school district under this section.

3. On Except as provided under sub. (5) (d) 1., on or before the first Friday following the first Monday in April June following receipt of the application, the nonresident school board shall notify the applicant, in writing, whether it has accepted the application. If the nonresident school board has accepted the applicant, the school board shall identify the specific school or program that the applicant may attend in the following school year. If the nonresident school board rejects an application, it shall include in the notice the reason for the rejection.

4. On or before the first 2nd Friday following the first Monday in April June following receipt of a copy of the application, if a resident school board denies a pupil's enrollment in a nonresident school district under sub. (6), (7) or (12) (b) 1., the resident school board shall notify the applicant and the nonresident school board, in writing, that the application has been denied and include in the notice the reason for the denial.

SECTION 2. 118.51 (3) (a) 5. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 3. 118.51 (3) (a) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (3) (a) 6. If Except as provided in sub. (5) (d) 2., if an application is accepted, on or before the first last Friday following the first Monday in June following receipt of a notice of acceptance, or within 10 days of receiving a notice of acceptance if a pupil is selected from a waiting list under sub. (5) (d) or s. 118.40 (8) (h) 5., the pupil's parent shall notify the nonresident school board of the pupil's intent to attend school in that school district in the following school year.

SECTION 4. 118.51 (3) (a) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:
118.51 (3) (a) 7. If the department has not notified a virtual charter school of
the pupils who may attend the school under s. 118.40 (8) (h) by the deadline for
informing applicants under subd. 3. or 5., the nonresident school district shall specify
in its notices under subd. 3. or 5. that the school district’s acceptance is conditional.

SECTION 5. 118.51 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (3) (b) Notice to resident school district. Annually by June 30 July 7,
each nonresident school board that has accepted a pupil under this section for
attendance in the following school year shall report the name of the pupil to the
pupil’s resident school board. If a pupil is selected from a waiting list under s. 118.40
(8) (h) 5., the nonresident school board shall report the name of the pupil to the pupil’s
resident school board within 10 days of receiving notice of the pupil’s selection from
the department.

SECTION 5g. 118.51 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

118.51 (3m) ALTERNATIVE APPLICATION PROCEDURES UNDER CERTAIN
CIRCUMSTANCES. (a) Notwithstanding sub. (3), the parent of a pupil who wishes to
attend a public school in a nonresident school district under this section may, in lieu
of applying under sub. (3), submit an application under this subsection, on a form
provided by the department under sub. (15) (a), to the school board of the nonresident
school district that the pupil wants to attend if the pupil satisfies at least one of the
criteria under par. (b). Applications may be submitted to no more than 3 nonresident
school boards in any school year.

(b) The parent of a pupil may apply under this subsection only if the pupil meets
one of the following criteria, and shall describe the criteria that the pupil meets in
the application:
1. The resident school board determines that the pupil has been the victim of
a violent criminal offense, as defined by the department by rule. An application
made on the basis of this criteria is not valid unless the nonresident school board
receives the application within 30 days after the determination of the resident school
board.

2. The pupil is or has been a homeless pupil in the current or immediately
preceding school year. In this subdivision, “homeless pupil” means an individual who
is included in the category of homeless children and youths, as defined in 42 USC
11434a (2).

3. The pupil has been the victim of repeated bullying or harassment and all of
the following apply:
   a. The pupil’s parent has reported the bullying or harassment to the resident
      school board.
   b. Despite action taken under subd. 3. a., the repeated bullying and harassment
      continues.

4. The place of residence of the pupil’s parent or guardian and of the pupil has
changed as a result of military orders. An application made on the basis of this
criteria is not valid unless the nonresident school board receives the application no
later than 30 days after the date on which the military orders changing the place of
residence were issued.

5. The pupil moved into this state. An application made on the basis of this
criteria is not valid unless the nonresident school board receives the application no
later than 30 days after moving into this state.

6. The place of residence of the pupil has changed as a result of a court order
or custody agreement or because the pupil was placed in a foster home or with a
person other than the pupil’s parent, or removed from a foster home or from the home of a person other than the pupil’s parent. An application made on the basis of this criteria is not valid unless the nonresident school board receives the application no later than 30 days after the pupil’s change in residence.

7. The parent of the pupil and the nonresident school board agree that attending school in the nonresident school district is in the best interests of the pupil.

(c) If a nonresident school board receives an application under par. (a), the nonresident school board shall immediately forward a copy of the application to the resident school board, and shall notify the applicant, in writing, whether it has accepted the application no later than 20 days after receiving the application. If the nonresident school board has accepted the application, the nonresident school board shall identify the specific school or program that the pupil may attend.

(d) A resident school district may notify an applicant under par. (a) that the pupil may not attend a school or program in the nonresident school district only for the following reasons:

1. The resident school district determines that the criteria relied on by the applicant under par. (b) does not apply to the pupil.

2. a. Except as provided in subd. 2. b., the resident school district determines that the costs of the special education or related services required in the individualized education program under s. 115.787 (2) for a child with a disability whose parent has submitted an application under par. (a), as proposed to be implemented by the nonresident school district, would impose upon the child’s resident school district an undue financial burden in light of the resident school district’s total economic circumstances, including its revenue limit under subch. VII of ch. 121, its ability to pay tuition costs for the pupil, and the per pupil special
education or related services costs for children with disabilities continuing to be served by the resident school district.

b. Subdivision 2. a. does not apply to a pupil who submits an application under par. (a) if the pupil relied upon the criteria set forth in par. (b) 1.

e) If an application is accepted by the nonresident school board under par. (c), the pupil may immediately begin attending the school or program in the nonresident school district and shall begin attending the school or program no later than the 15th day following receipt by the parent of the pupil of the notice of acceptance under par. (c). If the pupil has not enrolled in or attended school in the nonresident school district by the day specified in this paragraph, the nonresident school district may notify the pupil’s parent, in writing, that the pupil is no longer authorized to attend the school or program in the nonresident school district.

**SECTION 5r.** 118.51 (5) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (5) (a) **Permissible criteria.** (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (3) (a) 2., the criteria for accepting and rejecting applications from nonresident pupils under sub. subs. (3) (a) and (3m) (a) may include only the following:

**SECTION 6.** 118.51 (5) (a) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (5) (a) 1. (intro.) The availability of space in the schools, programs, classes, or grades within the nonresident school district. The nonresident school board shall determine the number of regular education and special education spaces available within the school district in the January meeting of the school board, except that for the 2011–12 school year the board shall determine the number of regular education and special education spaces available within the school district in the **February meeting of the school board.** In determining the availability of space, the nonresident school board may consider criteria such as class size limits,
pupil–teacher ratios, or enrollment projections established by the nonresident school
doctor and may include in its count of occupied spaces all of the following:

SECTION 6g. 118.51 (5) (a) 1. b. of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (5) (a) 1. b. Pupils and siblings of pupils who have applied under sub.
(3) (a) or (3m) (a) and are already attending the nonresident school district.

SECTION 6r. 118.51 (5) (a) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (5) (a) 1. c. If the nonresident school district is a union high school
district, pupils who have applied under sub. (3) (a) or (3m) (a) and are currently
attending an underlying elementary school district of the nonresident school district
under this section.

SECTION 7. 118.51 (5) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 118.51 (5) (d) 1. and
amended to read:

118.51 (5) (d) 1. The school board of a nonresident school district may create
a waiting list of pupils whose applications were rejected under sub. (3) (a) 3. The
nonresident school board may accept pupils from a waiting list created under this
paragraph until the 3rd Thursday in September but only if the pupil will be in
attendance at the school or program in the nonresident school district on the 3rd
Friday in September. Notwithstanding sub. (3) (a) 6., if a pupil is accepted from a
waiting list created under this paragraph after the start of the school term, the
parent shall immediately notify the resident school district of the pupil’s intent to
attend school in the nonresident school district for the current school term.

3. The department shall promulgate rules to implement and administer this
paragraph.

SECTION 8. 118.51 (5) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
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SECTION 8

118.51 (5) (d) 2. A pupil accepted from a waiting list created under this paragraph may attend the school or program in the nonresident school district even if the pupil has attended a school or program in the pupil’s resident school district in the current school term, but not if the pupil has attended a school or program in a nonresident school district in the current school term.

SECTION 9. 118.51 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (8) DISCIPLINARY RECORDS. Notwithstanding s. 118.125, for an application submitted under sub. (3) (a), by the first Friday following the first Monday in May, and within 10 days of receiving a copy of an application under sub. (3m) (c), the resident school board shall provide to the nonresident school board to which a pupil has applied under this section, upon request by that school board, a copy of any expulsion findings and orders pertaining to the pupil, a copy of records of any pending disciplinary proceeding involving the pupil, a written explanation of the reasons for the expulsion or pending disciplinary proceeding and the length of the term of the expulsion or the possible outcomes of the pending disciplinary proceeding.

SECTION 9m. 118.51 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

118.51 (9) APPEAL OF REJECTION. If the nonresident school board rejects an application under sub. (3) (a) or (7), the resident school board prohibits a pupil from attending public school in a nonresident school district under sub. (3m) (d), (6), (7) or (12) (b) 1., or the nonresident school board prohibits a pupil from attending public school in the nonresident school district under sub. (11), the pupil’s parent may appeal the decision to the department within 30 days after the decision. If the nonresident school board provides notice that the special education or related service is not available under sub. (12) (a), the pupil’s parent may appeal the required
transfers to the department within 30 days after receipt of the notice. If the resident school board provides notice of transfer under sub. (12) (b) 2., the pupil’s parent may appeal the required transfer to the department within 30 days after receipt of the notice. The department shall affirm the school board’s decision unless the department finds that the decision was arbitrary or unreasonable.

**SECTION 10.** 118.51 (12) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

118.51 (12) (am) Estimate of costs. 1. The nonresident school district shall prepare an estimate of the costs to provide the special education or related services required in the individualized education program developed under s. 115.787 (2) for a child with a disability whose parent has submitted an application under this section. For an application submitted for a child with a disability under sub. (3) (a), the nonresident school district shall provide a copy of the estimate of costs to the resident school district by the 3rd Friday following the first Monday in May. For an application submitted for a child with a disability under sub. (3m) (a), the nonresident school district shall provide a copy of the estimate of costs to the resident school district within 10 days after receiving or developing the individualized education program for the applicant.

2. Except as provided in subd. 3., if the nonresident school district fails to comply with the requirement under this section by the date specified, the nonresident school district may not charge the resident school district for any actual, additional costs incurred by the nonresident school district to provide the special education and related services for the child with a disability.

3. Subdivision 2. does not apply if the resident school district fails to comply with the requirements under sub. (3) (a) 1m.

**SECTION 11.** 118.51 (12) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
118.51 (12) (b) 1. If the estimate of the costs of the special education or related
services required in the individualized education program under s. 115.787 (2) for a
child with a disability whose parent has submitted an application under sub. (3) (a),
as proposed to be implemented by the nonresident school district and as provided to
the resident school district as required under par. (am), would impose upon the
child’s resident school district an undue financial burden in light of the resident
school district’s total economic circumstances, including its revenue limit under
subch. VII of ch. 121, its ability to pay tuition costs for the pupil, and the per pupil
special education or related services costs for children with disabilities continuing
to be served by the resident school district, the child’s resident school board may
notify the child’s parent and the nonresident school board by the first 2nd Friday
following the first Monday in April June that the pupil may not attend the
nonresident school district to which the child has applied.

SECTION 11g. 118.51 (15) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
118.51 (15) (a) Application form. Prepare, distribute to school districts, and
make available to parents an application form to be used by parents under sub. (3)
(a) and an application form to be used by parents under sub. (3m) (a). The form shall
include provisions that permit a parent to apply for transportation reimbursement
under sub. (14) (b). The form shall require an applicant who is applying to attend
a virtual charter school to indicate that he or she is applying to attend a virtual
charter school, the number of virtual charter schools to which he or she is applying,
and whether he or she is a sibling of a pupil currently enrolled in a virtual charter
school through the open enrollment program.

SECTION 11k. 118.51 (15) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 118.51 (15) (c)
(intro.) and amended to read:
118.51 (15) (c) Annual report. (intro.) Annually submit a report to the governor, and to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature under s. 13.172 (3), on the. The report under this paragraph shall include all of the following information:

1. The number of pupils who applied to attend public school in a nonresident school district under this section, the.

2. The number of applications denied and the bases for the denials, and the.

3. The number of pupils attending public school in a nonresident school district under this section. The department shall specify, separately, the number of pupils attending public school in a nonresident school district whose applications were accepted under subs. (3) (a) and (3m) (c), and, for the applications accepted under sub. (3m) (c), the number of pupils attending under each of the criteria listed in sub. (3m) (b).

SECTION 11n. 118.51 (15) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

118.51 (15) (c) 2. The number of applications received under subs. (3) (a) and (3m) (a) and, for the applications received under sub. (3m) (a), the number of applications received under each of the criteria listed in sub. (3m) (b).

SECTION 11r. 121.91 (4) (p) of the statutes is created to read:

121.91 (4) (p) The limit otherwise applicable to a school district under sub. (2m) in any school year is increased by the amount of any reduction to that school district’s state aid payment made under s. 118.51 (16) (b) 2. and (c) in the previous school year for a pupil who was not included in the calculation of the number of pupils enrolled in that school district in the previous school year.