
**AN ACT to repeal** 15.407 (2) (a), 101.07, 101.177, 101.563, 145.08 (1m), 145.135 (title), 145.135 (1) (title), 145.19 (1) (title), 145.19 (5), 157.12 (1) and 457.02 (5);

**to renumber and amend** 15.407 (10), 101.01 (11), 101.01 (12), 101.985 (2) (a)

(intro.), 101.985 (2) (a) 2., 101.985 (2) (a) 3., 145.135 (1), 145.135 (2) (intro.),

145.135 (2) (a) to (f), 145.19 (1), 443.015, 443.03 (1) (b) 1., 443.08 (1), 443.08 (2),

443.08 (3) (a), 443.08 (4) (a), 443.08 (4) (b), 443.08 (5), 443.13, 443.14 (1) and

443.14 (4); **to amend** 15.407 (1m), 15.407 (2) (b), 15.407 (2) (c), 20.165 (2) (de),

20.165 (2) (j), 20.165 (2) (L), 20.320 (3) (title), 20.320 (3) (q), 59.70 (1), 59.70 (5)

(title), 59.70 (5) (a), 59.70 (5) (b), 60.70 (5), 60.72 (4), 60.726 (title), 60.726 (2),

60.77 (5) (b), 60.77 (5) (bm), 60.77 (5) (bs), 60.77 (5) (j), 101.02 (20) (a), 101.02

(21) (a), 101.145 (2), 101.745 (2), 101.952 (3), 101.985 (2) (title), 101.985 (2) (am),

101.985 (2) (b), 101.985 (2) (c), 101.985 (2) (d), 101.985 (4), 101.985 (5) (b) 1.,

101.985 (7) (a) (intro.), 145.01 (4m), 145.01 (5), 145.01 (10) (a) 2., 145.01 (12),

145.045 (1), 145.045 (3), 145.07 (3) (a), 145.07 (5), 145.14 (2) (a), 145.19 (2),
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145.19 (3), 145.19 (4), 145.19 (6), 145.195 (1), 145.195 (2), 145.20 (title), 145.20
1 (a), 145.20 (1) (am), 145.20 (1) (b), 145.20 (2) (intro.), 145.20 (2) (a), 145.20
2 (d), 145.20 (2) (e), 145.20 (2) (f), 145.20 (2) (g), 145.20 (2) (h), 145.20 (3) (a)
3 1., 145.20 (3) (a) 2., 145.20 (3) (b), 145.20 (3) (c), 145.20 (3) (d), 145.20 (4), 145.20
4 (5) (a), 145.20 (5) (am), 145.20 (5) (b), 145.20 (6) (a) 2., 145.24 (1), 145.24 (2),
5 145.24 (3), 145.245 (title), 145.245 (1) (a) 1., 145.245 (1) (ae), 145.245 (4) (intro.),
6 145.245 (4) (b), 145.245 (4) (e), 145.245 (4m) (intro.), 145.245 (4m) (a), 145.245
7 (4m) (b), 145.245 (4m) (c), 145.245 (5) (a) 1., 145.245 (5) (a) 2., 145.245 (5) (a) 3.,
8 145.245 (5m) (a), 145.245 (6) (a), 145.245 (6) (b), 145.245 (7) (a), 145.245 (7) (b),
9 145.245 (7) (c), 145.245 (7) (d), 145.245 (7) (e), 145.245 (8) (a), 145.245 (9) (b),
10 145.245 (9) (c), 145.245 (9) (e), 145.245 (11) (e), 145.245 (11m) (b), 145.245 (11m)
11 (c), 145.245 (11m) (d), 145.245 (13), 145.245 (14) (d), 160.255 (title), 160.255 (1),
12 160.255 (2), 160.255 (3), 160.255 (4), 160.255 (5), 168.11 (1) (b) 1., 200.21 (11),
13 200.29 (1) (c) 3. a., 236.13 (2m), 281.41 (3) (a), 281.41 (3) (b) 3., 281.41 (3) (b) 4.,
14 281.48 (2) (bm), 281.48 (2) (d), 281.48 (2) (f), 281.48 (2) (g), 281.48 (2m), 281.48
15 (3) (e), 281.48 (4g), 281.59 (1m) (c), 281.68 (3) (a) 2. f., 440.21 (4) (a), 440.21 (4)
16 (b), 440.26 (4), 440.91 (2) (intro.), 440.91 (2) (a), 440.91 (8), 443.01 (2), 443.015
17 (title), 443.03 (1) (intro.), 443.03 (1) (a), 443.03 (1) (b) 2., 443.03 (2), 443.035
18 (intro.), 443.035 (1), 443.04, 443.05 (1) (intro.), (a) and (b) and (2), 443.06 (1) (a),
19 443.06 (2) (intro.), 443.06 (3), 443.07 (1) (intro.), 443.07 (1) (a), 443.07 (3), 443.07
20 (5), 443.09 (4m), 443.09 (5), 443.10 (1) (a) to (d), 443.10 (2) (c), 443.10 (2) (d),
21 443.10 (2) (f), 443.10 (2) (h), 443.10 (3), 443.10 (4) (a) and (b), 443.11 (1) (intro.),
22 443.11 (1) (e), 443.11 (2), 443.11 (3), 443.11 (4), 443.11 (5), 443.11 (6), 443.18 (1)
23 (a), 443.18 (2) (a) and (b), 445.06, 448.63 (1) (d) 2., 450.02 (3m) (a) (intro.),
24 450.071 (1), 454.01 (5) (b), 454.08 (2) (a), 459.12 (1), 961.23 (5) and 961.23 (7);
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to repeal and recreate 101.985 (2) (a) (title) and 145.19 (title); and to create

15.407 (2) (d), 101.01 (11) (c), 101.01 (12) (c), 101.05 (5), 101.985 (2) (ab) (intro.),
101.985 (2) (ad), 440.03 (13) (am), 440.19, 440.26 (2) (c) 5., 440.26 (5m) (am),
440.26 (6) (a) 5., 443.015 (2), 443.03 (1) (b) (intro.), 443.08 (1) (b), 443.08 (2) (b),
443.08 (2) (c), 443.08 (3) (a) 2., 443.08 (3) (a) 3., 443.08 (4) (a) 2., 443.08 (4) (a)
3., 443.08 (4) (a) 4., 443.08 (4) (b) 2., 443.08 (4) (b) 3., 443.08 (4) (b) 4., 443.08
(5) (b), 443.08 (5) (c), 443.14 (1) (b), 443.14 (4) (b) and 450.02 (3m) (a) 4. of the
statutes; relating to: the authority and responsibility of the Department of
Safety and Professional Services, requirements for obtaining certain licenses
or other credentials from the Department of Safety and Professional Services,
weighing a product that contains opium or another controlled substance, and
granting rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

This bill makes various changes to the authority and responsibilities of the Department of Safety and Professional Services (DSPS).

BUILDINGS AND SAFETY

Under current law, with certain exceptions, DSPS has authority to regulate places of employment and public buildings in this state in order to protect the life, health, safety, and welfare of the employees and the public who use those places and buildings. Under this authority, DSPS promulgates building codes that establish standards for the construction, repair, and maintenance of places of employment and public buildings.

This bill specifies that, when used with relation to building codes, the terms “place of employment” and “public building” do not include home-based businesses.

Current law provides that DSPS authority to regulate places of employment does not include the regulation of places where persons are employed in farming. This bill specifies, similarly, that DSPS authority to regulate public buildings does not include the authority to regulate buildings used for farming.

Under current law, the Dwelling Code Council (council) reviews the standards and rules for the construction of one-family and two-family dwellings (dwellings) and for modular homes and recommends a uniform dwelling code and a statewide modular home code for adoption by DSPS.
Current law requires that the council have 18 members and that each member serve a three-year term. Of those members, current law requires a specified number of members to represent certain interest groups, including building trade labor organizations, certified building inspectors, building contractors, and members of the public. This bill reduces the membership of the council from 18 to seven members. The bill provides that each member must represent at least one of the interest groups for which representation on the council is required under current law, but does not require that each interest group be represented on the council. The bill also reduces the terms of the members from three-year terms to two-year terms.

Under current law, DSPS regulates elevators, escalators, and similar conveyances that move people or things. Under current law, contractors and mechanics constructing, altering, replacing, repairing, or otherwise working with these conveyances, and inspectors of these conveyances, must be licensed by DSPS. With certain exceptions, to be licensed as an elevator mechanic, an individual must apply to DSPS and either must complete an apprenticeship program approved by the U.S. Department of Labor or by the Department of Workforce Development or must have sufficient work history during the three years preceding the application in working with these conveyances and have passed an elevator mechanic’s examination that is administered by DSPS or that is administered by a nationally recognized training program that is approved by DSPS.

This bill creates alternative requirements that may be met in order to be issued an elevator mechanic’s license. Under the bill, an individual is eligible for a license if he or she verifies to DSPS that he or she has successfully completed a four-year training program established by the National Elevator Industry Educational Program or an equivalent four-year training program that is approved by DSPS and that he or she has had a certain level of experience working with elevators and other conveyances. This experience requirement may be met by being employed during each of the five years immediately preceding the date of the license application for at least 1,000 hours as an elevator mechanic, or in another capacity that has allowed him or her to remain familiar with elevator equipment, technology, and industry practices. The experience requirement may alternatively be met by meeting the 1,000-hour requirement in any five years preceding the date of the license application if the applicant verifies that this alternative is due to the applicant’s work being disrupted by high unemployment in the elevator industry, military service, illness, disability, or another factor beyond the applicant’s control.

Current law requires every person who is licensed by DSPS to sell manufactured homes to consumers to carry his or her license when engaged in his or her business and to display the license upon request. Current law also requires the licensee’s employer to be named on the license. Current law specifies that if the licensee changes employers, then the licensee must immediately mail the license to DSPS so that DSPS can endorse the change on the license. This bill eliminates the requirement that the licensee mail his or her license to DSPS when the licensee changes employers and the requirement that DSPS endorse that change on the license.
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Under current law, DSPS makes payments to eligible cities, villages, and towns (political subdivisions) for local fire prevention and protection from payments collected from insurers who insure against fire damage in this state. These payments from insurers are often referred to as “fire department dues.” A political subdivision must meet certain eligibility criteria in order to receive these payments such as having a fire chief and being able to immediately dispatch fire fighters and equipment. The use of the payment to the political subdivision is limited to activities such as fire inspection, the purchase of equipment, and training of fire fighters.

Beginning with calendar year 2000 and ending with calendar year 2004, the state was required to make these payments to each political subdivision without regard to eligibility of the political subdivision for the payments. This bill repeals this requirement.

Current law imposes requirements for smoke detectors that must be installed in public residential buildings, one-family and two-family dwellings, and in manufactured homes. One of those requirements is that the smoke detectors be approved by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. This bill provides, instead, that the smoke detectors must bear an Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., listing mark or similar mark from an independent product safety certification organization.

Current law requires a device that dispenses a gasoline–ethanol fuel blend for sale at retail to be marked or labeled with the percentage of ethanol at all times when the product is offered for sale. Current law requires the marking or labeling to use one-half inch high letters with a stroke of not less than one-eighth inch in width.

This bill eliminates the requirements with regard to the lettering used on the marking or labeling.

Under current law, DSPS regulates persons who install or service a piece of refrigeration equipment (refrigeration equipment) that contains ozone-depleting refrigerant (refrigerant). Among other requirements, current law requires a person who installs or services a piece of refrigeration equipment that contains refrigerant to certify that the person does not use the refrigerant for cleaning purposes, transfers the refrigerant to storage containers using approved equipment, and does not knowingly or negligently release the refrigerant to the environment. DSPS also regulates persons who sell used, new, or reclaimed refrigerant. Refrigerants are also regulated under federal law.

This bill repeals current state law with regard to the regulation of persons who install or service most types of refrigeration equipment that contain refrigerant and with regard to the regulation of most sales of used, new, and reclaimed refrigerant. The bill does not repeal current state law that applies to the regulation of refrigerant in mobile air conditioners and in trailer refrigeration equipment.

Under current law, a sewage treatment and disposal system serving a single structure is defined as, or referred to, as a “private sewage system.” This bill changes the phrase “private sewage system” to “private on-site wastewater treatment system” throughout the statutes.

Under current law, no person may install a private sewage system on the person’s property without a valid sanitary permit issued by the applicable local governmental unit that issues sanitary permits. Current law requires the
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governmental unit to send a copy of each permit that it issues to DSPS. This bill eliminates this requirement and requires that the governmental unit submit to DSPS a period summary of the permits it issues at intervals to be determined by DSPS.

Current law specifies a minimum fee for the issuance of a sanitary permit for private sewage system. It also specifies the amount that a governmental unit must send with a permit when it forwards a copy of the permit to DSPS. However, under current law, DSPS may adjust these fees by rule. This bill eliminates the statutorily specified fees and maintains DSPS’ authority to promulgate these fees by rule.

Current law requires DSPS to prescribe the information to be included in the sanitary permit and to furnish sanitary permit forms to local governmental units. This bill eliminates the requirement that DSPS supply sanitary permit forms to local governmental units.

Under current law, to be eligible to take an examination for a master plumber license, the applicant for the license must have had no less than 1,000 hours per year experience in three or more consecutive years or must be an engineering graduate from a school or college approved by DSPS. This bill eliminates the requirement that the three or more years be consecutive.

DSPS may classify master and journeyman plumbers as being restricted as to the type of work they do. A state resident who has a restricted journeyman plumber license may take the examination for a restrictive master plumber license if he or she has been engaged in a restricted type of plumbing work for a period of not less than 1,000 hours per year for two or more consecutive years. This bill eliminates the requirement that the two or more years be consecutive.

Current law authorizes DSPS to administer license examinations to persons applying to DSPS for master and journeymen plumber licenses and licenses that relate to the design, installation, and maintenance or repair of automatic fire sprinkler systems. DSPS charges fees for these examinations and licenses. Under current law, if an applicant for a license fails to pay a license fee within 30 days after receiving notice that the applicant has passed the examination for the license, DSPS may not issue the license and the applicant again has to take the examination and pay the examination fee. This bill repeals this provision.

Under current law, DSPS may not promulgate any rule that prohibits the use of manual flushing devices for urinals. This bill repeals this provision.

**OCCUPATIONAL REGULATION**

Under current law, DSPS issues occupational and professional licenses, registrations, and similar approvals (licenses). Some of these licenses are referred to in specific statutes and others are issued pursuant to DSPS’s rule-making authority. Under current law, DSPS may not issue or renew certain licenses that are specifically referred to in the statutes to applicants who are delinquent in family or child support payments or in payment of state taxes. This bill expands the scope of the types of licenses for which issuance or renewal must be denied due to support or tax delinquency to include all of the occupational and professional licenses issued by DSPS.
Under current law, DSPS may conduct investigations, hold hearings, and make findings to determine whether a person has engaged in a practice or used a professional title without a required credential. If, after holding a hearing, DSPS determines that the person does not have the appropriate credential, DSPS may issue a special order prohibiting the person from continuing the practice or using the title. DSPS may issue a temporary restraining order in lieu of holding a hearing if DSPS has reason to believe that the person has engaged in a practice or used a title without a required credential. If a person against whom a special order has been issued violates that order, the person is subject to forfeitures. If a person against whom a temporary restraining order has been issued violates that order, the person is subject to fines or imprisonment or both.

Current law also authorizes certain boards, affiliated credentialing boards, and examining boards attached to DSPS, including the Board of Nursing, the Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board, and the Medical Examining Board, to fine or imprison, or both, persons who violate laws or regulations applicable to the professions regulated by those boards.

This bill clarifies that the authority granted to DSPS to impose fines or forfeitures against or imprison a person who has engaged in a practice or used a title without holding the appropriate credential is separate from and in addition to the authority granted to the various boards to enforce the laws and regulations applicable to the professions regulated by those boards.

Currently, DSPS requires by rule that a person who holds a credential issued by DSPS send a notice to DSPS within 48 hours of his or her conviction of a crime. This bill places that requirement in the statutes.

Under current law, the Medical Examining Board may refuse to accept a person’s voluntary surrender of his or her license if the board has received allegations of unprofessional conduct by the person. This bill allows a person to voluntarily surrender his or her occupational license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration, but allows the licensing agency to refuse to accept that surrender if the agency has received a complaint against the person or has commenced disciplinary proceedings against the person.

Under current law, the Pharmacy Examining Board may grant a variance from a law or rule applicable to pharmacists or the practice of pharmacy if each of the following conditions is satisfied: 1) the Pharmacy Examining Board determines that a natural or man-made disaster or emergency exists or has occurred; 2) a pharmacist has requested the variance; and 3) the Pharmacy Examining Board determines that the variance is necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. This bill adds as another condition that the law or rule either permits a variance or requires approval from the Pharmacy Examining Board prior to obtaining a variance.

Current law requires every wholesale distributor of a prescription drug to obtain a license from the Pharmacy Examining Board. This law applies to wholesale distributors of oxygen. This bill exempts wholesale distributors of oxygen from the requirement to obtain a license from the Pharmacy Examining Board.

Under current law, the Hearing and Speech Examining Board may promulgate rules governing hearing instrument specialists, but not speech-language
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pathologists or audiologists. This bill permits the Hearing and Speech Examining Board to promulgate rules governing speech-language pathologists and audiologists.

Current law, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act 334, requires an applicant to complete two years of postgraduate podiatrist training to be eligible for licensure as a podiatrist. Prior to that act, one year of postgraduate podiatrist training was required. The act first applied to persons submitting applications on June 1, 2010, but did not specify the treatment of those who had completed the one-year training requirement before that date.

This bill clarifies that an applicant who completed one year of postgraduate training in a program approved by the Podiatrist Affiliated Credentialing Board by June 1, 2010, is eligible for licensure as a podiatrist.

Under current law, members of the Respiratory Care Practitioners Examining Council, which serves the Medical Examining Board in an advisory capacity, may serve no more than two consecutive three-year terms. This bill eliminates the two-term limit.

Under current law, the membership of the Council on Physician Assistants (council) must include the vice chancellor for health sciences of the University of Wisconsin-Madison. Under this bill, the council position reserved for the vice chancellor is replaced with a position to be filled by the Medical Examining Board. The Medical Examining Board must select a person who teaches physician assistants, and that person serves a four-year term.

Under current law, members of the council serve two-year terms. This bill changes the terms of all members of the council to four years.

Current law prohibits an individual licensed as a marriage and family therapist, social worker, or professional counselor by the Marriage and Family Therapy, Professional Counseling, and Social Work Examining Board from using the titles “alcohol and drug counselor” or “chemical dependency counselor” unless the individual is also certified through a separate certification process established by DSPS. This bill eliminates that prohibition.

Under current law, the Barbering and Cosmetology Examining Board, which regulates the combined practice of barbering or cosmetology, issues a license called a “barbering or cosmetology establishment license” for establishments where barbering or cosmetology and other related practices may be performed. However, certain existing statutory language refers to a “barber or cosmetologist establishment license” that does not exist under current law. This bill corrects that language so that it references the barbering or cosmetology establishment license.

Also under current law, the Barbering and Cosmetology Examining Board regulates the practice of aesthetics. Current law defines “aesthetics” as, for compensation, caring for or beautifying the skin of the human body, including cleaning, applying cosmetics, oils, lotions, clay, creams, antiseptics, powders, or tonics to or massaging, stimulating, wrapping, or exercising the skin of the human body. The definition of “barbering or cosmetology” under current law includes references to work performed upon the skin of any person, but does not reference the definition of aesthetics.
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The bill clarifies that barbering or cosmetology includes aesthetics.

Under current law, a person who applies for a funeral director’s license and who is not doing business at a recognized funeral establishment at the time the person submits that application may receive a certificate from the Funeral Directors Examining Board to the effect that the applicant is in good standing as a funeral director. A person who receives a certificate of good standing is entitled to receive a renewal funeral director’s license if the person becomes located at a recognized funeral establishment.

This bill eliminates the certificate of good standing.

This bill removes some inconsistencies in current laws regarding the licensure of private detectives, investigators, and security personnel. Currently, persons applying for those licenses must execute and file an approved bond or liability policy with DSPS, but are not required to maintain that bond or policy during the period of the licensure. This bill requires the person to maintain that bond or policy during the period of the licensure.

Current law allows DSPS to revoke, suspend, or limit the license of a private detective, investigator, or security personnel for certain reasons, including the commission of a misdemeanor, but prohibits the issuance of the license only if the person has been convicted of a felony and has not been pardoned. This bill allows, but does not require, DSPS to refuse to issue a license to a person who has committed an act that would result in the revocation, suspension, or limitation of the license, including the conviction of a misdemeanor or violation of a state or local law that resulted in a forfeiture.

Under a provision of current law, certain statutory requirements regarding real estate practice are applied to cemetery salespersons. This bill clarifies that those statutory requirements also apply to cemetery authorities. In addition, some of those statutory requirements regarding real estate practice, such as the disciplinary procedures for real estate brokers and salespersons, are incorrectly applied to cemetery salespersons. This bill corrects those errors.

Current law refers to the requirements that a person must satisfy to be licensed by the Cemetery Board to sell cemetery lots. The use of the word “person” has created some confusion because the Cemetery Board issues licenses only to individuals, not to cemetery authorities. This bill replaces “person” with “individual” to comply with current practice.

Current law grants authority to the Examining Board of Architects, Landscape Architects, Professional Engineers, Designers, and Land Surveyors (examining board) to regulate the practice of architecture, the practice of landscape architecture, the practice of professional engineering, the practice of designing, and the practice of land surveying by individuals and corporate entities. This bill makes a number of changes to current law to clarify that separate architect, landscape architect, professional engineer, designer, and land surveyor sections of the examining board exercise exclusive authority over the separate professions.

Current law permits the examining board to reprimand an architect, landscape architect, or professional engineer or limit, suspend, or revoke the certificate of registration of any registrant, and the certificate of record of any
engineer–in–training, who is found guilty of any violation of the rules of professional conduct promulgated by the examining board. Current law also permits the examining board, subject to rules promulgated by the examining board, to issue a new certificate of registration, certificate of record, or certificate of authorization, to replace any certificate that is revoked, lost, destroyed, or mutilated. Current law does not, however, explicitly grant authority to the examining board or to any section of the examining board to promulgate rules. This bill grants explicit authority to each section of the examining board to promulgate rules governing the professional conduct of individuals, firms, partnerships, and corporations registered, permitted, certified, or granted a certificate of authorization by that section.

**MEASUREMENT OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES**

The bill also makes a change to the measurement of controlled substances. Current law imposes penalties on the sale, purchase, or possession of certain controlled substances. Current law measures controlled substances by grams and, generally, penalties increase with the amount of the controlled substance that is sold, purchased, or possessed.

Current law makes reference to possessing or purchasing more than a certain number of ounces of a product that contains opium or certain other controlled substances. This bill changes the reference from ounces to grams.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 15.407 (1m) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:

15.407 (1m) Respiratory care practitioners examining council. There is created a respiratory care practitioners examining council in the department of safety and professional services and serving the medical examining board in an advisory capacity in the formulating of rules to be promulgated by the medical examining board for the regulation of respiratory care practitioners. The respiratory care practitioners examining council shall consist of 3 certified respiratory care practitioners, each of whom shall have engaged in the practice of respiratory care for at least 3 years preceding appointment, one physician and one public member. The
respiratory care practitioner and physician members shall be appointed by the
medical examining board. The members of the examining council shall serve 3-year
terms. Section 15.08 (1) to (4) (a) and (6) to (10) shall apply to the respiratory care
practitioners examining council, except that members of the examining council may
serve more than 2 consecutive terms.

SECTION 2. 15.407 (2) (a) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 3. 15.407 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.407 (2) (b) One public member appointed by the governor for a 2−year
4−year term.

SECTION 4. 15.407 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.407 (2) (c) Three physician assistants selected by the medical examining
board for staggered 2−year 4−year terms.

SECTION 5. 15.407 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

15.407 (2) (d) One person who teaches physician assistants and is selected by
the medical examining board for a 4−year term.

SECTION 6. 15.407 (10) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
is renumbered 15.407 (10) (a) (intro.) and amended to read:

15.407 (10) (a) (intro.) There is created in the department of safety and
professional services, a dwelling code council, consisting of 18 7 members appointed
for staggered 3−year 2−year terms. Four members Each member shall be
representatives of building represent at least one of the following groups:

1. Building trade labor organizations; 4 members shall be certified.

2. Certified building inspectors employed by local units of government; 2
members shall be representatives of building.
3. Building contractors actively engaged in on-site construction of one- and 2-family housing; 2 members shall be representatives of manufacturers.

4. Manufacturers or installers of manufactured one- and 2-family housing; one member shall be an architect, engineer or designer.

5. Architects, engineers, or designers actively engaged in the design or evaluation of one- and 2-family housing; 2 members shall represent the.

6. The construction material supply industry; one member shall represent remodeling.

7. Remodeling contractors actively engaged in the remodeling of one-family and 2-family housing; and 2 members shall represent the public, one of whom shall represent persons.

8. Persons with disabilities, as defined in s. 106.50 (1m) (g).

(b) An employee of the department designated by the secretary of safety and professional services shall serve as nonvoting secretary of the council. The council shall meet at least twice a year. Eleven Five members of the council shall constitute a quorum. For the purpose of conducting business a majority vote of the council is required.

**SECTION 7.** 20.165 (2) (de) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:

20.165 (2) (de) Private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system replacement and rehabilitation. As a continuing appropriation, the amounts in the schedule for financial assistance under the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system replacement and rehabilitation program under s. 145.245.

**SECTION 8.** 20.165 (2) (j) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:
20.165 (2) (j) Safety and building operations. The amounts in the schedule for
the purposes of chs. 101, 145, and 168 and ss. 167.35, 236.12 (2) (a), 236.13 (1) (d) and
(2m), and 236.335, for the purpose of transferring the amounts in the schedule under
par. (kg) to the appropriation account under par. (kg), and for the purpose of
transferring the amounts in the schedule under par. (km) to the appropriation
account under par. (km). All moneys received under ch. 145, ss. 101.177 (4) (a) 4.,
(7), 167.35 (2) (f), and 236.12 (7) and all moneys transferred under 2005 Wisconsin
Act 45, section 76 (6), shall be credited to this appropriation.

SECTION 9. 20.165 (2) (L) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
is amended to read:

20.165 (2) (L) Fire dues distribution. All moneys received under ss. 101.573
(1) and 601.93, less the amounts transferred to par. (La) and s. 20.292 (1) (gm) and
(gr), for distribution under s. 101.563 or 101.573, as applicable. The amount
transferred to par. (La) shall be the amount in the schedule under par. (La). The
amount transferred to s. 20.292 (1) (gm) shall be the amount in the schedule under
s. 20.292 (1) (gm). The amount transferred to s. 20.292 (1) (gr) shall be the amount
in the schedule under s. 20.292 (1) (gr).

SECTION 10. 20.320 (3) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.320 (3) (title) Private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system
program.

SECTION 11. 20.320 (3) (q) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.320 (3) (q) Private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system loans. From
the environmental improvement fund, as a continuing appropriation, the amounts
in the schedule for private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system replacement or rehabilitation loans under s. 145.245 (12m).

**SECTION 12.** 59.70 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.70 (1) BUILDING AND SANITARY CODES. The board may enact building and sanitary codes, make necessary rules and regulations in relation thereto and provide for enforcement of the codes, rules and regulations by forfeiture or otherwise. The codes, rules and regulations do not apply within municipalities which have enacted ordinances or codes concerning the same subject matter. “Sanitary code” does not include a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system ordinance enacted under sub. (5). “Building and sanitary codes” does not include well code ordinances enacted under sub. (6).

**SECTION 13.** 59.70 (5) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.70 (5) (title) PRIVATE SEWAGE ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM ORDINANCE.

**SECTION 14.** 59.70 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.70 (5) (a) Every governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, as defined under s. 145.01 (5), shall enact an ordinance governing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, as defined in s. 145.01 (12), which conforms with the state plumbing code. The ordinance shall apply to the entire area of the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, as defined under s. 145.01 (5). After July 1, 1980, no municipality may enact or enforce a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system ordinance unless it is a governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, as defined under s. 145.01 (5).
SECTION 15. 59.70 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.70 (5) (b) The governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, as defined under s. 145.01 (5), shall administer the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system ordinance under s. 145.20 and the rules promulgated under s. 145.20.

SECTION 16. 60.70 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.70 (5) “Private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system” has the meaning given under s. 145.01 (12).

SECTION 17. 60.72 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.72 (4) FINDING. Following the public hearing, the department shall determine if private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems or private domestic water systems, or both, in the affected towns constitute a threat to public health, safety, convenience or welfare or of pollution of waters of the state, and that there is no local action to correct the situation. The department shall issue its determination as written findings.

SECTION 18. 60.726 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.726 (title) Property with private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system included.

SECTION 19. 60.726 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.726 (2) If a property owner installed on his or her property a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, as defined in s. 145.01 (12), that conforms with the state plumbing code, before a town sanitary district that encompasses that property came into existence, that property shall be included in the town sanitary district. If the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system was installed on or after 10 years before May 14, 1992, and if the property owner provides the town
Sanitary district with any information about the cost of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system required by the district, the town sanitary district, when the district issues any assessment or charges or imposes property taxes to construct a sewage service system, shall pay or credit the property owner an amount equal to 10% of the cost of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, less any grants or aids received by the property owner for construction of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, multiplied by the number of years of remaining life of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system. The number of years of remaining life of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system is equal to 10 minus the number of years that the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system has been in operation.

**Section 20.** 60.77 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.77 (5) (b) Require the installation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

**Section 21.** 60.77 (5) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.77 (5) (bm) Require the inspection of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems that have been already installed to determine compliance with the state plumbing code and may report violations of the state plumbing code to the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems for enforcement under s. 145.20.

**Section 22.** 60.77 (5) (bs) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.77 (5) (bs) Provide direct financial assistance for costs related to the replacement of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, as defined in s. 145.01 (12), that are failing.

**Section 23.** 60.77 (5) (j) of the statutes is amended to read:
60.77 (5) (j) Administer the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system program if authorized under s. 145.20 (1) (am).

**SECTION 24.** 101.01 (11) of the statutes is renumbered 101.01 (11) (intro.) and amended to read:

101.01 (11) (intro.) “Place of employment” includes every place, whether indoors or out or underground and the premises appurtenant thereto where either temporarily or permanently any industry, trade, or business is carried on, or where any process or operation, directly or indirectly related to any industry, trade, or business, is carried on, and where any person is, directly or indirectly, employed by another for direct or indirect gain or profit, but does not include any place where persons are employed in private domestic service which does not involve the use of mechanical power or in farming. “Farming” includes those activities specified in s. 102.04 (3), and also includes the transportation of farm products, supplies, or equipment directly to the farm by the operator of the farm or employees for use thereon, if such activities are directly or indirectly for the purpose of producing commodities for market, or as an accessory to such production. When used with relation to building codes, “place of employment” does not include an any of the following:

(a) An adult family home, as defined in s. 50.01 (1), or, except_

(b) Except for the purposes of s. 101.11, a previously constructed building used as a community-based residential facility, as defined in s. 50.01 (1g), which serves 20 or fewer residents who are not related to the operator or administrator.

**SECTION 25.** 101.01 (11) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

101.01 (11) (c) A home-based business, as defined by the department by rule.
SECTION 26. 101.01 (12) of the statutes is renumbered 101.01 (12) (intro.) and amended to read:

101.01 (12) (intro.) “Public building” means any structure, including exterior parts of such building, such as a porch, exterior platform, or steps providing means of ingress or egress, used in whole or in part as a place of resort, assemblage, lodging, trade, traffic, occupancy, or use by the public or by 3 or more tenants. When used in relation to building codes, “public building” does not include a any of the following:

(a) A previously constructed building used as a community-based residential facility as defined in s. 50.01 (1g) which serves 20 or fewer residents who are not related to the operator or administrator of an.

(b) An adult family home, as defined in s. 50.01 (1).

SECTION 27. 101.01 (12) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

101.01 (12) (c) A home-based business, as defined by the department by rule.

SECTION 28. 101.02 (20) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:

101.02 (20) (a) For purposes of this subsection, “license” means a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration issued by the department for an occupation or profession under ss. s. 101.09 (3) (c), 101.122 (2) (c), 101.143 (2) (g), 101.147, 101.15 (2) (e), 101.16 (3g), 101.17, 101.177 (4) (a), 101.178 (2) or (3) (a), 101.63 (2) or (2m), 101.653, 101.73 (5) or (6), 101.82 (1m), (1v), and (2), 101.935, 101.95, 101.951, 101.952, 101.96 (2), 101.985 (1) to (3), 145.02 (4), 145.035, 145.045, 145.15, 145.16, 145.165, 145.17, 145.175, 145.18, or 167.10 (6m) or under rules promulgated under ch. 101 or 145.

SECTION 29. 101.02 (21) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:
101.02 (21) (a) In this subsection, “license” means a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration issued by the department for an occupation or profession under s. 101.09 (3) (c), 101.122 (2) (c), 101.143 (2) (g), 101.147, 101.15 (2) (e), 101.16 (3g), 101.17, 101.177 (4) (a), 101.178 (2) or (3) (a), 101.63 (2) or (2m), 101.653, 101.73 (5) or (6), 101.82 (1m), (1v), and (2), 101.935, 101.95, 101.951, 101.952, 101.96 (2), 101.985 (1) to (3), 145.02 (4), 145.035, 145.045, 145.15, 145.16, 145.165, 145.17, 145.175, 145.18, or 167.10 (6m) or under rules promulgated under ch. 101 or 145.

SECTION 30. 101.05 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

101.05 (5) No standard, rule, order, code, or regulation adopted, promulgated, enforced, or administered by the department under this subchapter applies to a building used for farming, as defined by the department by rule.

SECTION 31. 101.07 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 32. 101.145 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.145 (2) APPROVAL. A smoke detector required under this section shall be approved by bear an Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., listing mark or similar mark from an independent product safety certification organization.

SECTION 33. 101.177 of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 10, is repealed.

SECTION 34. 101.563 of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is repealed.

SECTION 35. 101.745 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.745 (2) APPROVAL. A smoke detector required under this section shall be approved by underwriters laboratory bear an Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,
listing mark or similar mark from an independent product safety certification organization.

**SECTION 36.** 101.952 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.952 (3) Every licensee shall carry his or her license when engaged in his or her business and display the same upon request. The license shall name his or her employer, and, in case of a change of employer, the manufactured home salesperson shall immediately mail his or her license to the department, which shall endorse that change on the license without charge.

**SECTION 37.** 101.985 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.985 (2) (title) Elevator mechanic mechanic's licenses.

**SECTION 38.** 101.985 (2) (a) (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

101.985 (2) (a) (title) Issuance.

**SECTION 39.** 101.985 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 101.985 (2) (a) and amended to read:

101.985 (2) (a) Except as provided in pars. (am) to (d), the department shall issue an elevator mechanic's license to each individual who satisfactorily completes an elevator mechanic's apprenticeship program that is approved by the U.S. department of labor or by the department of workforce development or who satisfies all of the following: meets the requirements in either par. (ab) or (ad).

**SECTION 40.** 101.985 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes is renumbered 101.985 (2) (ab) 2. and amended to read:

101.985 (2) (ab) 2. During the 3 years preceding the date of application, he or she was continuously employed in a position requiring the individual to perform work that is at a journeyman level and that is relevant to the erection, construction,
alteration, replacement, maintenance, repair, removal, or dismantling or servicing of conveyances, as verified by the individual's employers.

SECTION 41. 101.985 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes is renumbered 101.985 (2) (ab) 3. and amended to read:

101.985 (2) (ab) 3. Satisfactorily He or she satisfactorily completes a written examination administered by the department covering the provisions of this subchapter, and rules promulgated under this subchapter, that are relevant to the license applied for or satisfactorily completes an elevator mechanic's examination approved by the department and administered by a nationally recognized training program established by the elevator industry.

SECTION 42. 101.985 (2) (ab) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:

101.985 (2) (ab) Requirements; apprenticeship and journeyman level. (intro.) An individual is eligible for an elevator mechanic's license if he or she satisfactorily completes an elevator mechanic's apprenticeship program that is approved by the U.S. department of labor or by the department of workforce development or if he or she satisfies all of the following requirements:

SECTION 43. 101.985 (2) (ad) of the statutes is created to read:

101.985 (2) (ad) Requirements; training program. 1. An individual is eligible for an elevator mechanic's license if he or she satisfies all of the following requirements:

a. He or she verifies to the department that he or she has been certified as having successfully completed a 4-year program established by the National Elevator Industry Educational Program or an equivalent nationally recognized 4-year training program that is approved by the department.

b. He or she meets one of the requirements specified in subd. 2.
2. In order to meet the requirement under subd. 1. b. for an elevator mechanic's license, an individual applying for a license shall satisfy one of the following requirements:

   a. He or she verifies to the department that, during the 5 years immediately preceding the date of the license application, he or she was employed for at least 1,000 hours in each of the 5 years performing work described under s. 101.984 (2) (a) or (b).

   b. He or she verifies to the department that he or she has continuous experience in the elevator industry for at least 5 years immediately preceding the date of the license application in a capacity, other than in the capacity of preforming work described under s. 101.984 (2) (a) or (b), that has allowed him or her to remain familiar with elevator equipment, technology, and industry practices. This experience may include performing management activities for a company that engages in the sale, installation, repair, or maintenance of conveyances, being involved in elevator industry labor relations, or supervising elevator mechanics.

   c. He or she verifies to the department that he or she, during any 5 years preceding the date of the license application, was employed for at least 1,000 hours in each of those 5 years performing work that is relevant to the erection, construction, alteration, replacement, maintenance, repair, or servicing of conveyances and that this work included work described under s. 101.984 (2) (a) or (b). If the 5 years were not the 5 years immediately preceding the date of application, the applicant shall verify that this is due to the applicant’s work being disrupted by high unemployment in the elevator industry, military service, illness, disability, or another factor beyond the applicant’s control in order to meet the requirement under this subd. 2. c.

Section 44. 101.985 (2) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:
101.985 (2) (am) Requirements for individuals with prior experience. The department shall promulgate rules that establish requirements for issuing an elevator mechanic’s license to an individual who has performed work described under s. 101.984 (2) (a) or (b) within the scope of his or her employment before June 1, 2007, but who does not satisfy the requirements under par. (a) (ab) or (ad) to be issued a license. The rules may contain a deadline before which an individual must apply for a license issued under this paragraph.

SECTION 45. 101.985 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.985 (2) (b) Licensing out-of-state mechanics. The requirements under par. (a) pars. (ab) and (ad) do not apply to an individual who is licensed as an elevator mechanic under the laws of another state, if, in the opinion of the department, that state’s regulation of elevator mechanics is substantially the same as this state’s. The department may summarily issue an elevator mechanic’s license to such an individual.

SECTION 46. 101.985 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.985 (2) (c) Emergency licensing. If the governor declares that a state of emergency exists in this state under s. 323.10 and the department determines that the number of individuals in the state who hold an elevator mechanic’s licenses license issued by the department under this section on the date of the declaration is insufficient to cope with the emergency, the department shall summarily issue an emergency elevator mechanic’s license to any individual who is certified by an elevator contractor licensed under this subchapter as adequately qualified and able to perform the work of an elevator mechanic without direct and immediate supervision, who the department determines is so qualified and able, and who applies for an emergency elevator mechanic’s license on a form prescribed by the
department. An individual certified by a contractor under this paragraph may perform work as an elevator mechanic for up to a total of 5 days preceding the date the individual is issued the license. An emergency elevator mechanic's license has a term of 30 days and may be renewed by the department in the case of a continuing emergency. The department shall specify on an emergency elevator mechanic's license the geographic area in which the licensee may provide services under the license. The requirements under par. (a) pars. (ab) and (ad) do not apply to an individual who applies for an emergency elevator mechanic's license.

**SECTION 47.** 101.985 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.985 (2) (d) *Temporary licensing.* If there are no elevator mechanics licensed under this subchapter available to provide services contracted for by an elevator contractor licensed under this subchapter, the elevator contractor may notify the department and request the issuance of a temporary elevator mechanic's license to any individual who is certified by the elevator contractor as adequately qualified and able to perform the work of an elevator mechanic without direct and immediate supervision and who applies for a temporary elevator mechanic's license on a form prescribed by the department. A temporary elevator mechanic’s license has a term of 30 days and may be renewed by the department in the case of a continuing shortage of licensed elevator mechanics. The department shall specify on a temporary elevator mechanic's license the elevator contractor in whose employ the licensee must remain to provide services under the temporary elevator mechanic’s license. The requirements under par. (a) pars. (ab) and (ad) do not apply to an individual who applies for a temporary elevator mechanic's license.

**SECTION 48.** 101.985 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
101.985 (4) CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK. Upon receipt of an application for a license under sub. (1), (2) (a), (ab) or (ad), or (3), the department, with the assistance of the department of justice, shall conduct a background investigation of the applicant to determine if the information provided by the applicant under sub. (7) (a) is true and if the applicant has any arrests or convictions tending to indicate that the applicant is not adequately qualified and able to provide services authorized under the license applied for.

SECTION 49. 101.985 (5) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

101.985 (5) (b) 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, an applicant for renewal of a license under sub. (1), (2) (a) (ab), (ad), or (b), or (3) shall provide to the department a certificate indicating that, during the one-year period before the date on which the applicant's license expires, the applicant has satisfactorily met with the education requirements established by rule under subd. 2. If the applicant is not an individual, the certificate shall indicate that the education requirements were satisfactorily met by an individual who, as of the date of the application, is an agent of the applicant.

SECTION 50. 101.985 (7) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.985 (7) (a) (intro.) Each application for a license under subs. (1), (2) (a) (ab) or (ad), or (3) shall be made on a form prescribed by the department, and each application shall contain at least the following information:

SECTION 51. 145.01 (4m) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.01 (4m) FAILING PRIVATE SEWAGE ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM. “Failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system” has the meaning specified under s. 145.245 (4).

SECTION 52. 145.01 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
1 145.01 (5) GOVERNMENTAL UNIT RESPONSIBLE FOR REGULATION OF PRIVATE SEWAGE
2 ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS. “Governmental unit responsible for the
3 regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems” or
4 “governmental unit”, unless otherwise qualified, means the county except that in a
5 county with a population of 500,000 or more these terms mean the city, village or
town where the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system is located.

SECTION 53. 145.01 (10) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

145.01 (10) (a) 2. The construction, connection, installation, service, or repair
of any drain or wastewater piping system that connects to the mains or other
terminal within the bounds of, or beneath an area subject to easement for highway
purposes, including private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems and
stormwater treatment and dispersal systems, and the alteration of any such
systems, drains or wastewater piping.

SECTION 54. 145.01 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.01 (12) PRIVATE SEWAGE ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM. “Private
sewage on-site wastewater treatment system” means a sewage treatment and
disposal system serving a single structure with a septic tank and soil absorption field
located on the same parcel as the structure. This term also means an alternative
sewage system approved by the department including a substitute for the septic tank
or soil absorption field, a holding tank, a system serving more than one structure or
a system located on a different parcel than the structure. A private sewage on-site
wastewater treatment system may be owned by the property owner or by a special
purpose district.

SECTION 55. 145.045 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
145.045 (1) POWERS AND DUTIES. The department shall by rule establish an
examining program for the certification of soil testers, setting such standards as the
department finds necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter. Such
standards shall include formal written examinations for all applicants. The
department shall charge applicants for the cost of examination and certification.
After July 1, 1974, no person may construct soil bore holes or conduct soil percolation
tests or other similar tests specified by the department that relate to private sewage
on-site wastewater treatment systems unless the person holds a valid certificate
issued under this section.

SECTION 56. 145.045 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.045 (3) PLUMBERS AND SEPTIC TANK INSTALLERS. A plumber or septic tank
installer may also be a soil tester and install any system after approval of the site or
project by the department or the governmental unit responsible for the regulation
of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

SECTION 57. 145.07 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.07 (3) (a) A specific record of not less than 1,000 hours per year experience
for 3 or more consecutive years as a licensed journeyman plumber in this state; or

SECTION 58. 145.07 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.07 (5) Any resident who has been actively engaged in this state in a limited
type of plumbing installation work for a period of not less than 1,000 hours per year
for 2 or more consecutive years as a licensed journeyman plumber (restricted) may
be examined for licensure as a master plumber (restricted).

SECTION 59. 145.08 (1m) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 60. 145.135 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 61. 145.135 (1) (title) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 62. 145.135 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 145.19 (1b) and amended to read:

145.19 (1b) DEFINITION. In this section, “sanitary permit” means a permit authorizing the installation of a private on-site wastewater treatment system that is issued by the department or any governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems for the installation of a private sewage system.

(1g) PERMIT REQUIRED. No person may purchase or install a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system unless the owner of the property on which the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system is to be installed holds a valid sanitary permit issued under this section. No person may sell at retail, as defined under s. 100.201 (1) (d), a septic tank for installation in this state unless the purchaser holds a valid sanitary permit issued under this section.

(7) PERIOD OF VALIDITY. A sanitary permit is valid for 2 years from the date of issue and renewable for similar periods thereafter. A governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage systems may not charge more than one fee for a sanitary permit or the renewal of a sanitary permit in any 12-month period. A sanitary permit shall remain valid to the end of the established period, notwithstanding any change in the state plumbing code or in any private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system ordinance during that period.

(8) TRANSFER OF PERMIT. A sanitary permit may be transferred from the holder to a subsequent owner of the land, except that the subsequent owner must obtain a new copy of the sanitary permit from the issuing agent.

(1r) TEST RESULTS. The results of any percolation test or other test relating to the disposal of liquid domestic wastes into the soil shall be retained by the
SECTION 62. The governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage systems where the property is located. The governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage systems shall make the test results available to an applicant for a sanitary permit and shall accept the test results as the basis for a sanitary permit application unless the soil at the test site is altered to the extent that a new soil test is necessary.

SECTION 63. 145.135 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 145.19 (3m) (intro.), and 145.19 (3m) (title), as renumbered, is amended to read:

145.19 (3m) (title) NOTICE IN PERMIT

SECTION 64. 145.135 (2) (a) to (f) of the statutes are renumbered 145.19 (3m) (a) to (f), and 145.19 (3m) (a), as renumbered, is amended to read:

145.19 (3m) (a) The purpose of the sanitary permit is to allow installation of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system described in the permit.

SECTION 65. 145.14 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.14 (2) (a) Systems or services. Persons classified under this paragraph may install septic tanks for private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, may install drain fields designed to serve such septic tanks, and may install sewer service from the septic tank or sewer extensions from mains to the immediate inside or proposed inside foundation wall of the building. Such persons may also install water services, stormwater use systems, and reclaimed water systems if the services or systems are to be located outside the foundation wall of the building.

SECTION 66. 145.19 (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

145.19 (title) Sanitary permits.

SECTION 67. 145.19 (1) (title) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 68. 145.19 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 145.19 (1m) and amended to read:

145.19 (1m) APPLICATION PROCESS. No septic tank may be purchased and no private sewage system may be installed unless the owner of the property on which the private sewage system is to be installed holds a valid sanitary permit from the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage systems in which the property is located. The department shall prescribe the information to be included in the application for a sanitary permit and furnish sanitary permit forms to the governmental unit. The applicant shall submit the completed application for a sanitary permit to the governmental unit. The governmental unit shall approve or disapprove the sanitary permit according to the rules promulgated by the department under this chapter. No person may sell at retail, as defined under s. 100.201 (1) (d), a septic tank for installation in this state unless the purchaser holds a valid sanitary permit issued under this section.

SECTION 69. 145.19 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.19 (2) Fee. No fee for a sanitary permit may be less than $61, or the amount determined under department rule. The governing body for the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems may establish a fee for a sanitary permit which is more than $61, or the amount determined under department rule. A governmental unit may not charge more than one fee for a sanitary permit or the renewal of a sanitary permit in any 12-month period.

SECTION 70. 145.19 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.19 (3) COPY OF PERMIT FEES AND RECORDS OF PERMITS FORWARDED TO THE DEPARTMENT. The governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage
on-site wastewater treatment systems shall forward a copy of each valid sanitary permit and $20, or the amount determined under department rule, of the fee to the department within 90 days after the each valid permit is issued a copy of the permit and a portion of the fee, as determined under department rule. The governmental unit shall also compile a periodic summary of the permits that it has issued. The summary shall contain the information required by the department by rule, and shall be submitted by the governmental unit to the department at intervals to be determined by the department by rule.

SECTION 71. 145.19 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.19 (4) USE OF FEE. The portion of this fee retained by the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems shall be used for the administration of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system programs.

SECTION 72. 145.19 (5) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 73. 145.19 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.19 (6) GROUNDWATER FEE. In addition to the fee under sub. (2), the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems shall collect a groundwater fee of $25 for each sanitary permit. The governmental unit shall forward this fee to the department together with the copy of the sanitary permit and the fee under sub. (3). The moneys collected under this subsection shall be credited to the environmental fund for environmental management.

SECTION 74. 145.195 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.195 (1) No county, city, town or village may issue a building permit for construction of any structure requiring connection to a private sewage on-site
wastewater treatment system unless a private sewage on-site wastewater
treatment system satisfying all applicable regulations already exists to serve the
proposed structure or all permits necessary to install a private sewage on-site
wastewater treatment system have been obtained.

SECTION 75. 145.195 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.195 (2) Before issuing a building permit for construction of any structure
on property not served by a municipal sewage treatment plant, the county, city, town
or village shall determine that the proposed construction does not interfere with a
functioning private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system. The county, city,
town or village may require building permit applicants to submit a detailed plan of
the owner’s existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

SECTION 76. 145.20 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (title) Private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

SECTION 77. 145.20 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (1) (a) The governing body of the governmental unit responsible for the
regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems may assign the
duties of administering the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system
program to any office, department, committee, board, commission, position or
employee of that governmental unit.

SECTION 78. 145.20 (1) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (1) (am) The governing body of the governmental unit responsible for
the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems may
delegate the duties of administering the private sewage on-site wastewater
treatment system program to a town sanitary district or public inland lake protection
and rehabilitation district with the powers of a town sanitary district within the town
sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district if the
town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district
agrees to assume those duties.

SECTION 79. 145.20 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (1) (b) The governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private
sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems shall obtain the services of a certified
soil tester, either as an employee or under contract, to review and verify certified soil
tester reports under sub. (2).

SECTION 80. 145.20 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (2) GOVERNMENTAL UNIT RESPONSIBILITIES. (intro.) The governmental
unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment
systems shall:

SECTION 81. 145.20 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (2) (a) Review certified soil tester reports for proposed private sewage
on-site wastewater treatment systems and verify the report at the proposed site, if
necessary.

SECTION 82. 145.20 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (2) (d) Inspect all private sewage on-site wastewater treatment
systems after construction but before backfilling no later than the end of the next
workday, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, after receiving notice from the
plumber in charge.

SECTION 83. 145.20 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (2) (e) File reports and conduct surveys and inspections as required by
the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site
wastewater treatment systems or the department.
SECTION 84. 145.20 (2) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (2) (f) Investigate violations of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system ordinance and s. 254.59 (2), issue orders to abate the violations and submit orders to the district attorney, corporation counsel or attorney general for enforcement.

SECTION 85. 145.20 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (2) (g) Perform other duties regarding private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems as considered appropriate by the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems or as required by the rules of the department.

SECTION 86. 145.20 (2) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (2) (h) Inspect existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems to determine compliance with s. 145.195 if a building or structure is being constructed which requires connection to an existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system. The county is not required to conduct an on-site inspection if a building or structure is being constructed which does not require connection to an existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

SECTION 87. 145.20 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (3) (a) 1. The department may specify categories of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems for which approval by the department is required prior to issuance of sanitary permits by the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

SECTION 88. 145.20 (3) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (3) (a) 2. The department may exempt a governmental unit from any category of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems for which
departmental approval is required prior to sanitary permit issuance under subd. 1., upon a determination, in accordance with rules promulgated by the department, that past performance of the governmental unit on reviews and audits under par. (b) has been satisfactory and that the governmental unit has the capacity to give the same level of application and plan review as that provided by the department. The department may revoke an exemption upon a finding that performance of the governmental unit on a review or audit conducted subsequent to the granting of the exemption is unsatisfactory or that the governmental unit is not giving the same level of application and plan review as that provided by the department. Findings in a revocation action may be made only after a public hearing upon 30 days’ advance notice to the clerk of the governmental unit. The department shall submit a report under s. 13.172 (2) to the chief clerk of each house of the legislature, at the beginning of each legislative session, describing the exemptions under this subdivision.

SECTION 89. 145.20 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (3) (b) The department shall review the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system program in each governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems to ascertain compliance with sub. (2) and with regulations issued by the department. This review shall include a random audit of sanitary permits, including verification by on-site inspection.

SECTION 90. 145.20 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (3) (c) If the governing body for a governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems does not adopt a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system ordinance meeting the requirements of s. 59.70 (5) or if the governmental unit does not appoint personnel
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meeting the requirements of sub. (1) or if the governmental unit does not comply with
the requirements of sub. (2) or s. 145.19 (3), the department may conduct hearings
in the county seat upon 30 days’ notice to the county clerk. As soon as practicable
after the public hearing, the department shall issue a written decision regarding
compliance with s. 59.70 (5) or 145.19 (3) or sub. (1) or (2). If the department
determines that there is a violation of these provisions, the governmental unit may
not issue a sanitary permit for the installation of a private sewage on-site
wastewater treatment system until the violation is corrected.

SECTION 91. 145.20 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (3) (d) The department shall conduct training and informational
programs for officials of the governmental unit responsible for the regulation of
private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems and employees and persons
licensed under this chapter and s. 281.48 and certified as operators of septage
servicing vehicles under s. 281.17 (3) to improve the delivery of service under the
private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system program. The department
shall obtain the assistance of the Wisconsin counties association in planning and
conducting the training and informational programs.

SECTION 92. 145.20 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (4) Special assessment for holding and septic tank pumping. A
governmental unit may assess the owner of a private sewage on-site wastewater
treatment system for costs related to the pumping of a septic or holding tank. The
governmental unit shall make any assessment in the same manner that a city, village
or town makes an assessment under s. 66.0703.

SECTION 93. 145.20 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
145.20 (5) (a) The department shall establish a maintenance program to be administered by governmental units responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems. The department shall determine the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems to which the maintenance program applies. At a minimum the maintenance program is applicable to all new or replacement private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems constructed in a governmental unit after the date on which the governmental unit adopts this program. The department may apply the maintenance program by rule to private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems constructed in a governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems on or before the date on which the governmental unit adopts the program. The department shall determine the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems to which the maintenance program applies in governmental units that do not meet the conditions for eligibility under s. 145.245 (9).

**SECTION 94.** 145.20 (5) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (5) (am) Each governmental unit responsible for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems shall adopt and begin the administration of the program established under par. (a) before October 1, 2015. As part of adopting and administering the program, the governmental unit shall conduct and maintain an inventory of all the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems located in the governmental unit and shall complete the initial inventory before October 1, 2013. In order to be eligible for grant funding under s. 145.245, a governmental unit must comply with these deadlines.

**SECTION 95.** 145.20 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
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145.20 (5) (b) The maintenance program shall include a requirement of inspection or pumping of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system at least once every 3 years if the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system does not have a maintenance plan as prescribed by rule by the department. Inspections may be conducted by a master plumber, journeyman plumber or restricted plumber licensed under this chapter, a person licensed under s. 281.48 or by an employee of the state or governmental unit designated by the department, and the department may determine by rule other persons who are qualified to undertake required inspection, maintenance, or repairs. The department shall specify the methods to establish the required frequency of inspection, maintenance, and pumping for each type of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system that does not have a maintenance plan and shall periodically update the methods.

SECTION 96. 145.20 (6) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

145.20 (6) (a) 2. Install, design, maintain, repair, or sell a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, component of a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, drain field designed to serve a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, or pipe from a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system to the immediate inside of the existing or proposed foundation wall of the building served by the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

SECTION 97. 145.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.24 (1) If an existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system either is not located in soil meeting the siting standards or is not constructed in accordance with design standards promulgated under s. 145.02 or 145.13, the owner of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system may petition the department for a variance to the siting or design standards.
SECTION 98. 145.24 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.24 (2) The department shall establish procedures for the review and evaluation of existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems which do not comply with siting or design standards.

SECTION 99. 145.24 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.24 (3) Upon receipt of a petition for a variance, the department shall require the owner of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system to submit information necessary to evaluate the request for a variance. If the department determines that the existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system is not a failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, and continued use of the existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system will not pose a threat of contamination of waters of the state, then the department may issue a variance to allow continued use of the existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system. The department shall rescind the variance if the existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system becomes a failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system or contaminates waters of the state.

SECTION 100. 145.245 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (title) Private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system replacement or rehabilitation.

SECTION 101. 145.245 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (1) (a) 1. A determination that a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system is failing, according to the criteria under sub. (4), based on an inspection of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system by an
employee of the state or a governmental unit who is certified to inspect private
sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems by the department.

SECTION 102. 145.245 (1) (ae) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (1) (ae) "Governmental unit" means a governmental unit responsible
for the regulation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.
"Governmental unit" also includes a federally recognized American Indian tribe or
band.

SECTION 103. 145.245 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (4) FAILING PRIVATE SEWAGE ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS.
(intro.) The department shall establish criteria for determining if a private sewage
on-site wastewater treatment system is a failing private sewage on-site wastewater
treatment system. A failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system
is one which causes or results in any of the following conditions:

SECTION 104. 145.245 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (4) (b) The introduction of sewage into zones of saturation which
adversely affects the operation of a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment
system.

SECTION 105. 145.245 (4) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (4) (e) The failure to accept sewage discharges and back up of sewage
into the structure served by the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment
system.

SECTION 106. 145.245 (4m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (4m) CATEGORIES OF FAILING PRIVATE SEWAGE ON-SITE WASTEWATER
TREATMENT SYSTEMS. (intro.) For the purposes of this section, the department shall
establish the category of each failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system for which a grant application is submitted, as follows:

**SECTION 107.** 145.245 (4m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (4m) (a) Category 1: failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems described in sub. (4) (a) to (c).

**SECTION 108.** 145.245 (4m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (4m) (b) Category 2: failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems described in sub. (4) (d).

**SECTION 109.** 145.245 (4m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (4m) (c) Category 3: failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems described in sub. (4) (e).

**SECTION 110.** 145.245 (5) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (5) (a) 1. A person is eligible for grant funds under this section if he or she owns a principal residence which is served by a category 1 or 2 failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, if the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system was installed before July 1, 1978, if the family income of the person does not exceed the income limitations under par. (c), if the amount of the grant determined under sub. (7) is at least $100, if the residence is not located in an area served by a sewer and if determination of failure is made prior to the rehabilitation or replacement of the failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

**SECTION 111.** 145.245 (5) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (5) (a) 2. A business is eligible for grant funds under this section if it owns a small commercial establishment which is served by a category 1 or 2 failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, if the private sewage on-site
wastewater treatment system was installed before July 1, 1978, if the gross revenue of the business does not exceed the limitation under par. (d), if the small commercial establishment is not located in an area served by a sewer and if a determination of failure is made prior to the rehabilitation or replacement of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

SECTION 112. 145.245 (5) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (5) (a) 3. A person who owns a principal residence or small commercial establishment which is served by a category 1 or 2 failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system may submit an application for grant funds during the 3-year period after the determination of failure is made. Grant funds may be awarded after work is completed if rehabilitation or replacement of the system meets all requirements of this section and rules promulgated under this section.

SECTION 113. 145.245 (5m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (5m) (a) The department or a governmental unit shall deny a grant application under this section if the applicant or a person who would be directly benefited by the grant intentionally caused the conditions which resulted in a category 1 or 2 failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system. The department or governmental unit shall notify the applicant in writing of a denial, including the reason for the denial.

SECTION 114. 145.245 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (6) (a) Except for grants under par. (b), funds available under a grant under this section shall be applied to the rehabilitation or replacement of the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system. An existing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system may be replaced by an alternative private sewage
on-site wastewater treatment system or by a system serving more than one principal residence.

SECTION 115. 145.245 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (6) (b) Funds available under a grant under this section for experimental private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems shall be applied to the installation and monitoring of the experimental private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

SECTION 116. 145.245 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (7) (a) Except as provided in par. (e), costs allowable in determining grant funding under this section may not exceed the costs of rehabilitating or replacing a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system which would be necessary to allow the rehabilitated system or new system to meet the minimum requirements of the state plumbing code promulgated under s. 145.13.

SECTION 117. 145.245 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (7) (b) Except as provided in par. (e), costs allowable in determining grant funding under this section may not exceed the costs of rehabilitating or replacing a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system by the least costly methods, except that a holding tank may not be used as the measure of the least costly method for rehabilitating or replacing a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system other than a holding tank.

SECTION 118. 145.245 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (7) (c) Except as provided in pars. (d) and (e), the state grant share under this section is limited to $7,000 for each principal residence or small commercial establishment to be served by the private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system or to the amount determined by the department based upon
private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system grant funding tables, whichever is less. The department shall prepare and publish private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system grant funding tables which specify the maximum state share limitation for various components and costs involved in the rehabilitation or replacement of a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system based upon minimum size and other requirements specified in the state plumbing code promulgated under s. 145.02. The maximum state share limitations shall be designed to pay approximately 60% of the average allowable cost of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system rehabilitation or replacement based upon estimated or actual costs of that rehabilitation or replacement. The department shall revise the grant funding tables when it determines that 60% of current costs of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system rehabilitation or replacement exceed the amounts in the grant funding tables by more than 10%, except that the department may not revise the grant funding tables more often than once every 2 years.

SECTION 119. 145.245 (7) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (7) (d) Except as provided in par. (e), if the income of a person who owns a principal residence that is served by a category 1 or 2 failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system is greater than $32,000, the amount of the grant under this section is limited to the amount determined under par. (c) less 30% of the amount by which the person’s income exceeds $32,000.

SECTION 120. 145.245 (7) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (7) (e) Costs allowable for experimental private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems shall include the costs of installing and monitoring experimental private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems installed under
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s. 145.02 (3) (b) and this section. The department shall promulgate rules that specify how the department will select, monitor and allocate the state share for experimental private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems that the department funds under this section.

SECTION 121. 145.245 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (8) (a) In order to be eligible for a grant under this section, a governmental unit shall make an application for replacement or rehabilitation of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems of principal residences or small commercial establishments and shall submit an application for participation to the department. The application shall be in the form and include the information the department prescribes. In order to be eligible for funds available in a fiscal year, an application is required to be received by the department prior to February 1 of the previous fiscal year.

SECTION 122. 145.245 (9) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (9) (b) Certify that grants will be used for private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system replacement or rehabilitation for a principal residence or small commercial establishment owned by a person who meets the eligibility requirements under sub. (5), that the funds will be used as provided under sub. (6) and that allowable costs will not exceed the amount permitted under sub. (7);

SECTION 123. 145.245 (9) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (9) (c) Certify that grants will be used for private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems which will be properly installed and maintained;

SECTION 124. 145.245 (9) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (9) (e) Establish a process for regulation and inspection of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems;
SECTION 125. 145.245 (11) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (11) (e) Limitation; experimental private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems. The department may not allocate more than 10% of the funds available under this subsection each fiscal year for grants for the installation and monitoring of experimental private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

SECTION 126. 145.245 (11m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (11m) (b) Except as provided in par. (d), if funds are sufficient to fully fund all category 1 but not all category 2 failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, the department shall fully fund all category 1 systems and prorate the funds for category 2 systems on a proportional basis.

SECTION 127. 145.245 (11m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (11m) (c) Except as provided in par. (d), if funds are not sufficient to fully fund all category 1 failing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, the department shall fund the category 1 systems on a proportional basis and deny the grant applications for all category 2 systems.

SECTION 128. 145.245 (11m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (11m) (d) The department is not required to prorate available funds for grants for the installation and monitoring of experimental private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

SECTION 129. 145.245 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (13) INSPECTION. Agents of the department or the governmental unit may enter premises where private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems are located pursuant to a special inspection warrant as required under s. 66.0119, to collect samples, records and information and to ascertain compliance with the rules and orders of the department or the governmental unit.
SECTION 130. 145.245 (14) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

145.245 (14) (d) Additional grants under this section to a governmental unit previously awarded a grant under this section may be suspended or terminated if the department finds that a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system previously funded in the governmental unit is not being or has not been properly rehabilitated, constructed, installed or maintained.

SECTION 131. 157.12 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is repealed.

SECTION 132. 160.255 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

160.255 (title) Exceptions for private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

SECTION 133. 160.255 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

160.255 (1) In this section, “private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system” has the meaning given in s. 145.01 (12).

SECTION 134. 160.255 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

160.255 (2) Notwithstanding s. 160.19 (1), (2) and (4) (b), a regulatory agency is not required to promulgate or amend rules that define design or management criteria for private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems to minimize the amount of nitrate in groundwater or to maintain compliance with the preventive action limit for nitrate.

SECTION 135. 160.255 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

160.255 (3) Notwithstanding s. 160.19 (3), a regulatory agency may promulgate rules that define design or management criteria for private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems that permit the enforcement standard for nitrate to be attained or exceeded at the point of standards application.
SECTION 136. 160.255 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

160.255 (4) Notwithstanding s. 160.21, a regulatory agency is not required to promulgate rules that set forth responses that the agency may take, or require to be taken, when the preventive action limit or enforcement standard for nitrate is attained or exceeded at the point of standards application if the source of the nitrate is a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

SECTION 137. 160.255 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

160.255 (5) Notwithstanding ss. 160.23 and 160.25, a regulatory agency is not required to take any responses for a specific site at which the preventive action limit or enforcement standard for nitrate is attained or exceeded at the point of standards application if the source of the nitrate is a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

SECTION 138. 168.11 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

168.11 (1) (b) 1. A device that dispenses a gasoline-ethanol fuel blend for sale at retail shall be marked or labeled with the percentage of ethanol, using one-half inch high letters with a stroke of not less than one-eighth inch in width, at all times when the product is offered for sale.

SECTION 139. 200.21 (11) of the statutes is amended to read:

200.21 (11) “Sewerage system” means all facilities of the district for collection, transportation, storage, pumping, treatment and final disposition of sewage. “Sewerage system” does not include any private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system, as defined in s. 145.01 (12), or any local sewer.

SECTION 140. 200.29 (1) (c) 3. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

200.29 (1) (c) 3. a. The weight to be given to the need for private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, as defined in s. 145.01 (12), to maintain the public
health and welfare in any area located within the district prior to a redefinition of
the boundary but located outside the district after any redefinition of the boundary.

Section 141. 236.13 (2m) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
is amended to read:

236.13 (2m) As a further condition of approval when lands included in the plat
lie within 500 feet of the ordinary high-water mark of any navigable stream, lake
or other body of navigable water or if land in the proposed plat involves lake or stream
shorelands referred to in s. 236.16, the department of natural resources, to prevent
pollution of navigable waters, or the department of safety and professional services,
to protect the public health and safety, may require assurance of adequate drainage
areas for private sewage disposal on-site wastewater treatment systems and
building setback restrictions, or provisions by the owner for public sewage disposal
facilities for waters of the state, as defined in s. 281.01 (18), industrial wastes, as
defined in s. 281.01 (5), and other wastes, as defined in s. 281.01 (7). The public
sewage disposal facilities may consist of one or more systems as the department of
natural resources or the department of safety and professional services determines
on the basis of need for prevention of pollution of the waters of the state or protection
of public health and safety.

Section 142. 281.41 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.41 (3) (a) In this subsection, “septage service area” means the area
containing private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems served or
anticipated to be served by a sewage disposal plant during the planning period.

Section 143. 281.41 (3) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
281.41 (3) (b) 3. The location of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems within the septage service area, and the distances required to haul septage for disposal either on land or in the sewage disposal plant.

SECTION 144. 281.41 (3) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

281.41 (3) (b) 4. The potential for contracts with private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system owners, licensed disposers, as defined in s. 281.49 (1) (b), or municipalities to assure delivery of septage to the sewage disposal plant.

SECTION 145. 281.48 (2) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.48 (2) (bm) “Private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system” has the meaning given in s. 145.01 (12).

SECTION 146. 281.48 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.48 (2) (d) “Septage” means the scum, liquid, sludge or other waste in a septic tank, soil absorption field, holding tank, grease interceptor, privy, or other component of a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

SECTION 147. 281.48 (2) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.48 (2) (f) “Servicing” means removing septage from a septic tank, soil absorption field, holding tank, grease interceptor, privy, or other component of a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system and disposing of the septage.

SECTION 148. 281.48 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.48 (2) (g) “Soil absorption field” means an area or cavity in the ground which receives the liquid discharge of a septic tank or similar component of a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system.

SECTION 149. 281.48 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.48 (2m) POWERS OF THE DEPARTMENT. The department has general supervision and control of servicing septic tanks, soil absorption fields, holding
tanks, grease interceptors, privies, and other components of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems.

**SECTION 150.** 281.48 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.48 (3) (e) *Operator certification.* No person, except for a farmer exempted from licensing under par. (d), may service a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system or operate a septage servicing vehicle unless the person is certified as an operator of a septage servicing vehicle under s. 281.17 (3).

**SECTION 151.** 281.48 (4g) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.48 (4g) *Rules on Servicing.* The department shall promulgate rules relating to servicing septic tanks, soil absorption fields, holding tanks, grease interceptors, privies, and other components of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems in order to protect the public health against unsanitary and unhealthful practices and conditions, and to protect the surface waters and groundwaters of the state from contamination by septage. The rules shall comply with ch. 160. The rules shall apply to all septage disposal, whether undertaken pursuant to a license or a license exemption under sub. (3). The rules shall require each person with a license under sub. (3) to maintain records of the location of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems serviced and the volume of septage disposed of and location of that disposal.

**SECTION 152.** 281.59 (1m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.59 (1m) (c) There is established a private sewage on-site wastewater treatment system replacement and rehabilitation loan program, administered under s. 145.245 (12m).

**SECTION 153.** 281.68 (3) (a) 2. f. of the statutes is amended to read:
281.68 (3) (a) 2. f. Providing programs and materials that promote the monitoring of private sewage on-site wastewater treatment systems, the reduction in the use of environmentally harmful chemicals, water safety, and the protection of natural lake ecosystems.

SECTION 154. 440.03 (13) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

440.03 (13) (am) A person holding a credential under chs. 440 to 480 who is convicted of a felony or misdemeanor anywhere shall send a notice of the conviction by 1st class mail to the department within 48 hours after the entry of the judgment of conviction. The department shall by rule determine what information and documentation the person holding the credential shall include with the written notice.

SECTION 155. 440.19 of the statutes is created to read:

440.19 Voluntary surrender of license, permit, or certificate. A person who holds a license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration issued under chs. 440 to 480 may voluntarily surrender that license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration. The department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board, or board of the department that issued the license, permit, or certificate of certification or registration may refuse to accept that surrender if a complaint has been filed or disciplinary proceeding has been commenced against the person under s. 440.20.

SECTION 156. 440.21 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.21 (4) (a) Any Notwithstanding any other provision of chs. 440 to 480 relating to fines, forfeitures, or imprisonment, any person who violates a special order issued under sub. (2) may be required to forfeit not more than $10,000 for each offense. Each day of continued violation constitutes a separate offense. The attorney
general or any district attorney may commence an action in the name of the state to recover a forfeiture under this paragraph.

SECTION 157. 440.21 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.21 (4) (b) Any Notwithstanding any other provision of chs. 440 to 480 relating to fines, forfeitures, or imprisonment, any person who violates a temporary restraining order or an injunction issued by a court upon a petition under sub. (3) may be fined not less than $25 nor more than $5,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year in the county jail or both.

SECTION 158. 440.26 (2) (c) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

440.26 (2) (c) 5. The department may, based on rules adopted by the department, refuse to issue a license under this section to an individual who has committed any of the acts described in sub. (6) (a) 1. to 5.

SECTION 159. 440.26 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.26 (4) BONDS OR LIABILITY POLICIES REQUIRED. No license may be issued under this section until a bond or liability policy, approved by the department, in the amount of $100,000 if the applicant for the license is a private detective agency and includes all principals, partners, members or corporate officers, or in the amount of $2,000 if the applicant is a private detective, has been executed and filed with the department. Such bonds or liability policies shall be furnished by an insurer authorized to do a surety business in this state in a form approved by the department. The person shall maintain the bond or liability policy during the period that the license is in effect.

SECTION 160. 440.26 (5m) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

440.26 (5m) (am) The department may refuse to issue a private security permit to a person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor or found to have violated any
state or local law that is punishable by a forfeiture, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335.

**SECTION 161.** 440.26 (6) (a) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

440.26 (6) (a) 5. Failed to maintain a bond or liability policy as required under sub. (4).

**SECTION 162.** 440.91 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.91 (2) (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (10), every person that individual who sells or solicits the sale of, or that expects to sell or solicit the sale of, 20 or more cemetery lots or mausoleum spaces per year during 2 consecutive calendar years shall be licensed by the board. A person individual may not be licensed as a cemetery salesperson except upon the written request of a cemetery authority and the payment of the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). The cemetery authority shall certify in writing to the board that the person individual is competent to act as a cemetery salesperson. An applicant for licensure as a cemetery salesperson shall furnish to the board, in such form as the board prescribes, all of the following information:

**SECTION 163.** 440.91 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.91 (2) (a) The name and address of the applicant and, if the applicant is a business entity, the name and address of each business representative.

**SECTION 164.** 440.91 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.91 (8) Sections 452.13, 452.14, 452.15, 452.18, 452.21 and 452.22, as they apply to real estate brokers or salespersons, apply with equal effect to cemetery authorities and salespersons.

**SECTION 165.** 443.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
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443.01 (2) “Engineer–in–training” means a person who is a graduate in an engineering curriculum of 4 years or more from a school or college approved by the professional engineer section of the examining board as of satisfactory standing, or a person who has had 4 years or more of experience in engineering work of a character satisfactory to the examining board professional engineer section; and who, in addition, has successfully passed the examination in the fundamental engineering subjects prior to the completion of the requisite years in engineering work, as provided in s. 443.05, and who has been granted a certificate of record by the examining board professional engineer section stating that the person has successfully passed this portion of the professional examinations.

SECTION 166. 443.015 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.015 (title) Examing board to establish continuing education requirements; promulgate rules.

SECTION 167. 443.015 of the statutes is renumbered 443.015 (1) and amended to read:

443.015 (1) Each section of the examining board may establish continuing education requirements for renewal of a credential issued by that section under this chapter.

SECTION 168. 443.015 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

443.015 (2) Each section of the examining board may promulgate rules governing the professional conduct of individuals, firms, partnerships, and corporations registered, permitted, certified, or granted a certificate of authorization by that section.

SECTION 169. 443.03 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
443.03 (1) (intro.) An applicant for registration as an architect shall submit as satisfactory evidence to the architect section of the examining board all of the following:

**SECTION 170.** 443.03 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.03 (1) (a) That he or she has acquired a thorough knowledge of sound construction, building hygiene, architectural design and mathematics; and.

**SECTION 171.** 443.03 (1) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:

443.03 (1) (b) (intro.) One of the following:

**SECTION 172.** 443.03 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 443.03 (1) (b) 1m. and amended to read:

443.03 (1) (b) 1m. A diploma of graduation, or a certificate, from an architectural school or college approved by the examining board architect section as of satisfactory standing, together with at least 2 years’ practical experience of a character satisfactory to the examining board architect section in the design and construction of buildings; or.

**SECTION 173.** 443.03 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

443.03 (1) (b) 2. A specific record of 7 or more years of experience in architectural work of a character satisfactory to the examining board architect section in the design and construction of buildings.

**SECTION 174.** 443.03 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.03 (2) Graduation in architecture from a school or college approved by the examining board architect section as of satisfactory standing shall be considered as equivalent to 5 years of experience, and the completion satisfactory to the examining board architect section of each year of work in architecture in such school or college without graduation shall be considered equivalent to one year of experience.
Graduation in a course other than architecture from a school or college approved by the examining board as of satisfactory standing shall be considered as equivalent to not more than 4 years of experience.

**SECTION 175.** 443.035 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.035 **Registration requirements for landscape architects.** (intro.)

The landscape architect section of the examining board shall register as a landscape architect an individual who does all of the following:

**SECTION 176.** 443.035 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.035 (1) Submits to the department evidence satisfactory to the examining board landscape architect section of any of the following:

(a) That he or she has a bachelor’s degree in landscape architecture, or a master's degree in landscape architecture, from a curriculum approved by the examining board landscape architect section and has at least 2 years of practical experience in landscape architecture of a character satisfactory to the examining board landscape architect section.

(b) That he or she has a specific record of at least 7 years of training and experience in the practice of landscape architecture including at least 2 years of courses in landscape architecture approved by the examining board landscape architect section, and 4 years of practical experience in landscape architecture of a character satisfactory to the examining board landscape architect section.

**SECTION 177.** 443.04 of the statutes is amended to read:

443.04 **Registration requirements for professional engineers.** An applicant for registration as a professional engineer shall submit satisfactory evidence to the professional engineer section of the examining board of all of the following:
(1m) A diploma of graduation, or a certificate, from an engineering school or college approved by the examining board professional engineer section as of satisfactory standing in an engineering course of not less than 4 years or a diploma of graduation or degree from a technical college approved by the examining board professional engineer section as of satisfactory standing in an engineering-related course of study of not less than 2 years.

(2m) (a) For an applicant possessing a diploma or certificate from a course of study of not less than 4 years as specified in sub. (1m), a specific record of 4 or more years of experience in engineering work of a character satisfactory to the examining board professional engineer section and indicating that the applicant is competent to be placed in responsible charge of engineering work.

(b) For an applicant possessing a diploma or degree from a course of study of not less than 2 years as specified in sub. (1m), a specific record of 6 or more years of experience in engineering work of a character satisfactory to the examining board professional engineer section and indicating that the applicant is competent to be placed in responsible charge of engineering work.

SECTION 178. 443.05 (1) (intro.), (a) and (b) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read:

443.05 (1) An applicant for certification as an engineer-in-training shall submit as satisfactory evidence to the professional engineer section of the examining board as follows one of the following:

(a) A diploma of graduation in engineering or a certificate in engineering from a school or college approved by the examining board professional engineer section as of satisfactory standing, or
(b) A specific record of 4 years or more of experience in engineering work of a character satisfactory to the examining board professional engineer section.

(2) Graduation in engineering from a school or college approved by the examining board professional engineer section as of satisfactory standing shall be considered as equivalent to 4 years of experience and the completion satisfactory to the examining board professional engineer section of each year of work in engineering in such school or college without graduation shall be considered as equivalent to one year of experience. Graduation in a course other than engineering from a school or college approved by the examining board professional engineer section as of satisfactory standing shall be considered as equivalent to 2 years of experience. No applicant may receive credit for more than 4 years of experience under this subsection.

**SECTION 179.** 443.06 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (1) (a) Application for registration as a land surveyor or a permit to practice shall be made to the section under oath, on forms provided by the department, which shall require the applicant to submit such information as the land surveyor section of the examining board deems necessary. The land surveyor section may require applicants to pass written or oral examinations or both. Applicants who do not have an arrest or conviction record, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, shall be entitled to be registered or issued a permit to practice as land surveyors when satisfactory evidence is submitted that the applicant has met one or more of the requirements of sub. (2).

**SECTION 180.** 443.06 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (2) REQUIREMENTS; CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION. (intro.) The land surveyor section may grant a certificate of registration as a land surveyor to any
person who has submitted to it an application, the required fees, and one or more of
the following:

SECTION 181. 443.06 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (3) Permit to practice. The examining board land surveyor section may
grant a permit to practice land surveying during the time an application is pending
to a person who is not registered in this state, if the person has submitted an
application for registration as a land surveyor and paid the required fee and holds
an unexpired certificate which in the opinion of the examining board land surveyor
section meets the requirements of sub. (2). The permit shall be revocable by the land
surveyor section at its pleasure.

SECTION 182. 443.07 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.07 (1) (intro.) An applicant for a permit as a designer shall submit as
evidence satisfactory to the designer section of the examining board indicating one
of the following to indicate that he or she is competent to be in charge of such work
as follows:

SECTION 183. 443.07 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.07 (1) (a) A specific record of 8 years or more of experience in specialized
engineering design work and the satisfactory completion of a written examination
in the field or branch, as determined by the board designer section, in which
certification is sought; or

SECTION 184. 443.07 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.07 (3) Permits shall be granted, designated, and limited to the fields and
subfields of technology as are determined by the examining board designer section
and recognized in engineering design practice. Any person holding a permit may
prepare plans and specifications and perform consultation, investigation, and
evaluation in connection with the making of plans and specifications, within the
scope of the permit, notwithstanding that such activity constitutes the practice of
architecture or professional engineering under this chapter.

**SECTION 185.** 443.07 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.07 (5) The permit shall, on its face, restrict the holder thereof to the specific
field and subfields of designing in which the permittee acquired his or her experience
in designing. If qualified in more than one type of designing, persons may receive
permits for more than one field or subfield of designing as may be determined by the
examining board designer section.

**SECTION 186.** 443.08 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 443.08 (1) (a) and
amended to read:

443.08 (1) (a) The practice of architecture or professional engineering
pertaining to the internal operations of a firm, partnership, or corporation may be
performed by employees if the architectural or professional engineering services are
performed by or under the direct supervision of architects or professional engineers
registered under this chapter, or persons exempt from registration under s. 443.14.
Registered or exempt architectural or professional engineering employees may
provide architectural or professional engineering data with respect to the
manufacture, sale, and utilization of the products of the firm, partnership, or
corporation to other registered or exempt architects or professional engineers.

**SECTION 187.** 443.08 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (1) (b) The practice of professional engineering pertaining to the
internal operations of a firm, partnership, or corporation may be performed by
employees if the professional engineering services are performed by or under the
direct supervision of professional engineers registered under this chapter, or persons
exempt from registration under s. 443.14. Registered or exempt professional engineering employees may provide professional engineering data with respect to the manufacture, sale, and utilization of the products of the firm, partnership, or corporation to other registered or exempt professional engineers.

SECTION 188. 443.08 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 443.08 (2) (a) (intro.) and amended to read:

443.08 (2) (a) (intro.) The No individual architect registered under this chapter may practice or the offer to practice architecture, professional engineering or designing by individual architects, professional engineers or designers registered or granted a permit under this chapter, through a firm, partnership or corporation as principals, officers, employees or agents, is permitted subject to this chapter, if a principal, officer, employee, or agent of a firm, partnership, or corporation unless all of the following are satisfied:

1. All personnel who practice or offer to practice in its behalf as architects, professional engineers or designers are registered or granted a permit under this chapter and if the.

2. The firm, partnership, or corporation has been issued a certificate of authorization under sub. (3) (a) 1.

SECTION 189. 443.08 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (2) (b) No individual professional engineer registered under this chapter may practice or offer to practice professional engineering as a principal, officer, employee, or agent of a firm, partnership, or corporation unless all of the following are satisfied:

1. All personnel who practice or offer to practice in its behalf as professional engineers are registered under this chapter.
2. The firm, partnership, or corporation has been issued a certificate of authorization under sub. (3) (a) 2.

**SECTION 190.** 443.08 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (2) (c) No individual designer granted a permit under this chapter may practice or offer to practice designing as a principal, officer, employee, or agent of a firm, partnership, or corporation unless all of the following are satisfied:

1. All personnel who practice or offer to practice in its behalf as designers are granted a permit under this chapter.

2. The firm, partnership, or corporation has been issued a certificate of authorization under sub. (3) (a) 3.

**SECTION 191.** 443.08 (3) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 443.08 (3) (a) 1. and amended to read:

443.08 (3) (a) 1. A firm, partnership, or corporation desiring a certificate of authorization shall submit an application to the department on forms provided by the department, listing the names and addresses of all officers and directors, and all individuals in its employment registered or granted a permit to practice architecture, professional engineering or designing in this state who will be in responsible charge of architecture, professional engineering or designing being practiced in this state through the firm, partnership, or corporation and other relevant information required by the architect section of the examining board. A similar type of form shall also accompany the renewal fee. If there is a change in any of these persons, the change shall be reported on the same type of form, and filed with the department within 30 days after the effective date of the change. The examining board architect section shall grant a certificate of authorization to a firm, partnership, or corporation complying with this subsection upon payment of the
initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). This subsection does not apply to firms, partnerships, or corporations exempt under s. 443.14 (3) or (5).

**SECTION 192.** 443.08 (3) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (3) (a) 2. A firm, partnership, or corporation desiring a certificate of authorization shall submit an application to the department on forms provided by the department, listing the names and addresses of all officers and directors, and all individuals in its employment registered to practice professional engineering in this state who will be in responsible charge of professional engineering being practiced in this state through the firm, partnership, or corporation and other relevant information required by the professional engineer section of the examining board. A similar type of form shall also accompany the renewal fee. If there is a change in any of these persons, the change shall be reported on the same type of form, and filed with the department within 30 days after the effective date of the change. The professional engineer section shall grant a certificate of authorization to a firm, partnership, or corporation complying with this subsection upon payment of the initial credential fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). This subsection does not apply to firms, partnerships, or corporations exempt under s. 443.14 (3) or (5).

**SECTION 193.** 443.08 (3) (a) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (3) (a) 3. A firm, partnership, or corporation desiring a certificate of authorization shall submit an application to the department on forms provided by the department, listing the names and addresses of all officers and directors, and all individuals in its employment granted a permit to practice designing in this state who will be in responsible charge of designing being practiced in this state through
the firm, partnership, or corporation and other relevant information required by the
designer section of the examining board. A similar type of form shall also accompany
the renewal fee. If there is a change in any of these persons, the change shall be
reported on the same type of form, and filed with the department within 30 days after
the effective date of the change. The designer section shall grant a certificate of
authorization to a firm, partnership, or corporation complying with this subsection
upon payment of the initial credential fee determined by the department under s.
440.03 (9) (a). This subsection does not apply to firms, partnerships, or corporations
exempt under s. 443.14 (3) or (5).

SECTION 194. 443.08 (4) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 443.08 (4) (a) 1. and
amended to read:

443.08 (4) (a) 1. No firm, partnership, or corporation may be relieved of
responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees, or officers by reason
of its compliance with this chapter, nor may any individual practicing architecture,
landscape architecture, professional engineering or designing be relieved of
responsibility for architectural, landscape architectural, professional engineering or
designing services performed by reason of his or her employment or relationship with
the firm, partnership, or corporation.

SECTION 195. 443.08 (4) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (4) (a) 2. No firm, partnership, or corporation may be relieved of
responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees, or officers by reason
of its compliance with this chapter, nor may any individual practicing landscape
architecture be relieved of responsibility for landscape architectural services
performed by reason of his or her employment or relationship with the firm,
partnership, or corporation.
SECTION 196. 443.08 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (4) (a) 3. No firm, partnership, or corporation may be relieved of responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees, or officers by reason of its compliance with this chapter, nor may any individual practicing professional engineering be relieved of responsibility for professional engineering services performed by reason of his or her employment or relationship with the firm, partnership, or corporation.

SECTION 197. 443.08 (4) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (4) (a) 4. No firm, partnership, or corporation may be relieved of responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees, or officers by reason of its compliance with this chapter, nor may any individual practicing designing be relieved of responsibility for designing services performed by reason of his or her employment or relationship with the firm, partnership, or corporation.

SECTION 198. 443.08 (4) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 443.08 (4) (b) 1. and amended to read:

443.08 (4) (b) 1. All final drawings, specifications, plans, reports, or other architectural, engineering or designing papers or documents involving the practice of architecture, professional engineering or designing, or landscape architectural papers or documents prepared by a landscape architect registered under this chapter, prepared for the use of a firm, partnership, or corporation, for delivery by it to any person, or for public record within the state shall be dated and bear the signature and seal of the architect, landscape architect, professional engineer or designer who was in responsible charge of their preparation. This paragraph does not apply to persons exempt under s. 443.14 (3), (4), or (5).

SECTION 199. 443.08 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
443.08 (4) (b) 2. All final drawings, specifications, plans, reports, or other landscape architectural papers or documents prepared by a landscape architect registered under this chapter, prepared for the use of a firm, partnership, or corporation, for delivery by it to any person, or for public record within the state shall be dated and bear the signature and seal of the landscape architect who was in responsible charge of their preparation. This paragraph does not apply to persons exempt under s. 443.14 (3), (4), or (5).

SECTION 200. 443.08 (4) (b) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (4) (b) 3. All final drawings, specifications, plans, reports, or other engineering papers or documents involving the practice of professional engineering, prepared for the use of a firm, partnership, or corporation, for delivery by it to any person, or for public record within the state shall be dated and bear the signature and seal of the professional engineer who was in responsible charge of their preparation. This paragraph does not apply to persons exempt under s. 443.14 (3), (4), or (5).

SECTION 201. 443.08 (4) (b) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (4) (b) 4. All final drawings, specifications, plans, reports, or other designing papers or documents involving the practice of designing, prepared for the use of a firm, partnership, or corporation, for delivery by it to any person, or for public record within the state shall be dated and bear the signature and seal of the designer who was in responsible charge of their preparation. This paragraph does not apply to persons exempt under s. 443.14 (3), (4), or (5).

SECTION 202. 443.08 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 443.08 (5) (a) and amended to read:

443.08 (5) (a) No firm, partnership, or corporation may engage in the practice of or offer to practice architecture, professional engineering or designing in this state,
or use in connection with its name, or otherwise assume, use or advertise any title
or description tending to convey the impression that it is engaged in the practice of
architecture, professional engineering or designing, nor may it advertise or offer to
furnish an architectural, professional engineering or designing service, unless the
firm, partnership, or corporation has complied with this chapter.

**SECTION 203.** 443.08 (5) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (5) (b) No firm, partnership, or corporation may engage in the practice
of or offer to practice professional engineering in this state, or use in connection with
its name, or otherwise assume, use or advertise any title or description tending to
convey the impression that it is engaged in the practice of professional engineering,
nor may it advertise or offer to furnish a professional engineering service, unless the
firm, partnership, or corporation has complied with this chapter.

**SECTION 204.** 443.08 (5) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

443.08 (5) (c) No firm, partnership, or corporation may engage in the practice
of or offer to practice designing in this state, or use in connection with its name, or
otherwise assume, use or advertise any title or description tending to convey the
impression that it is engaged in the practice of designing, nor may it advertise or offer
to furnish a designing service, unless the firm, partnership, or corporation has
complied with this chapter.

**SECTION 205.** 443.09 (4m) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.09 (4m) No person may be registered as a landscape architect under this
chapter unless he or she passes a written examination or written and oral
examinations conducted or approved by the landscape architect section of the
examining board under sub. (5).

**SECTION 206.** 443.09 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
443.09 (5) Written or written and oral examinations shall be held at such time and place as the landscape architect section of the examining board determines. The scope of the examinations and the methods of procedure shall be prescribed by the examining board landscape architect section with special reference to the applicant’s ability to design and supervise architectural, landscape architectural, or engineering work, which shall promote the public welfare and ensure the safety of life, health, and property. A candidate failing an examination may, upon application and payment of the required reexamination fee, be examined again by the examining board landscape architect section. No restrictions may be placed on the number of times an unsuccessful candidate may be reexamined, except that after failure of 3 reexaminations, the examining board landscape architect section may require a one-year waiting period before further reexamination.

SECTION 207. 443.10 (1) (a) to (d) of the statutes are amended to read:

443.10 (1) (a) The appropriate section of the examining board may, upon application and the payment of the required fee, grant a certificate of registration as an architect, as a landscape architect, or as a professional engineer to any person who holds an unexpired certificate of similar registration issued to the person by the proper authority in any state or territory or possession of the United States or in any country in which the requirements for the registration of architects, landscape architects, or professional engineers are of a standard not lower than specified in this chapter.

(b) The appropriate section of the examining board may, upon application and payment of the required fee, grant a certificate of registration as an architect, as a landscape architect, or as a professional engineer to any person who holds an unrevoked card or certificate of national reciprocal registration, issued by any state,
territory, or possession of the United States or by any country, which is in conformity with the regulations of the national council of state board of architectural, or engineering examiners, or council of landscape architectural registration boards, and who complies with the regulations of the examining board appropriate section, except as to qualifications and registration fee.

(c) The professional engineer section of the examining board may, upon application therefor, and the payment of the required fee, grant a certificate-of-record as engineer-in-training to any person who holds an unexpired certificate of similar certification issued to the person by the proper authority in any state or territory or possession of the United States or in any country in which the requirements for the certification of engineers-in-training are of a standard not lower than specified in this chapter.

(d) The appropriate section of the examining board may, upon application and payment of the required fee, grant a permit to practice or to offer to practice architecture, landscape architecture, or professional engineering to a person who is not a resident of and has no established place of business in this state, or who has recently become a resident of this state, if the person holds an unexpired certificate of similar registration issued to the person by the proper authority in any state or territory or possession of the United States or in any country in which the requirements for the registration of architects, landscape architects, or professional engineers are of a standard not lower than specified in this chapter.

SECTION 208. 443.10 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.10 (2) (c) The appropriate section of the examining board shall grant a certificate of registration upon payment of the registration fee to any applicant who, in the opinion of the examining board appropriate section, has satisfactorily met all
the applicable requirements of this chapter. The certificate shall authorize the
practice of architecture, landscape architecture, or professional engineering, as
appropriate.

SECTION 209. 443.10 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.10 (2) (d) The granting of a certificate of registration by the appropriate
section of the examining board shall be evidence that the person named in the
certificate is entitled to all the rights and privileges of a registered architect, a
registered landscape architect, or a registered professional engineer under the
classification stated on the certificate, while the certificate remains unrevoked or
unexpired.

SECTION 210. 443.10 (2) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.10 (2) (f) The professional engineer section of the examining board shall
grant a certificate of record as engineer-in-training to any applicant who, in the
opinion of the examining board professional engineer section, has satisfactorily met
all the requirements of this section pertaining to engineers-in-training.

SECTION 211. 443.10 (2) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.10 (2) (h) Certificates of record as engineers-in-training shall expire on
July 31st of the 10th year after their issuance unless extended by the professional
engineer section of the examining board. An application for extension shall contain
evidence satisfactory to the examining board professional engineer section that the
applicant’s professional experience has been delayed.

SECTION 212. 443.10 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.10 (3) EMERGENCY RULES; LIMITATION. The No section of the examining board
may not adopt or change, by emergency rule, any requirement for the registration
of or issuance of a permit to any applicant under this chapter.
SECTION 213. 443.10 (4) (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended to read:

443.10 (4) (a) A list, showing the names and addresses of all engineers-in-training certified by the professional engineer section of the examining board during the period from July 1 to June 30, shall be prepared each year by the examining board professional engineer section. The list shall be obtainable by purchase at cost.

(b) The Each section of the examining board shall keep a record of its proceedings together with a record of all other information pertaining to its proceedings as may be deemed necessary by that section of the examining board. The records of the each section of the examining board shall be prima facie evidence of the proceedings of that section of the examining board set forth in the records, and a transcript thereof, duly certified by the secretary of that section of the examining board under seal, shall be admissible in evidence with the same effect as if the original were produced.

SECTION 214. 443.11 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.11 (1) (intro.) The appropriate section of the examining board may reprimand an architect, landscape architect, or professional engineer or limit, suspend, or revoke the certificate of registration of any registrant, and the certificate of record of any engineer-in-training, who is found guilty of:

SECTION 215. 443.11 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.11 (1) (e) Any violation of the rules of professional conduct adopted and promulgated by that section of the examining board.

SECTION 216. 443.11 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.11 (2) The appropriate section of the examining board may reprimand a firm, partnership, or corporation holding a certificate of authorization issued under
this chapter or may limit, suspend, or revoke such a certificate if any of the agents, employees, or officers of the firm, partnership, or corporation has committed any act or has been guilty of any conduct which would authorize a reprimand or a limitation, suspension, or revocation of the certificate of registration of a registrant or the certificate of record of an engineer-in-training under this chapter, unless the firm, partnership, or corporation submits evidence satisfactory to the appropriate section of the examining board that the agent, employee, or officer is not now practicing or offering to practice architecture, landscape architecture, or professional engineering in its behalf.

SECTION 217. 443.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.11 (3) Any person may make charges that any registrant, holder of a certificate of record as engineer-in-training or corporate holder of a certificate of authorization has committed an act for which a reprimand or limitation, suspension, or revocation of registration is authorized under sub. (1). Such charges shall be in writing, shall be sworn to by the person making them and shall be submitted to the appropriate section of the examining board. The appropriate section of the examining board may, on its own motion, make such charges. All charges, unless dismissed by the appropriate section of the examining board as unfounded or trivial, shall be heard by the appropriate section of the examining board, subject to the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1).

SECTION 218. 443.11 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.11 (4) If after a hearing under sub. (3), 3 members of a section of the examining board vote in favor of sustaining charges specified in sub. (3), the appropriate section of the examining board shall reprimand or limit, suspend, or revoke the certificate of registration of the registered architect, registered landscape
architect, or registered professional engineer, the certificate of record of the holder
of a certificate as engineer-in-training, or the certificate of authorization of a firm,
partnership, or corporation.

**SECTION 219.** 443.11 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.11 (5) The actions of each section of the examining board under this
section shall be subject to review in the manner provided in ch. 227.

**SECTION 220.** 443.11 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.11 (6) The appropriate section of the examining board, for reasons the
appropriate section of the examining board it considers sufficient, may reissue a
certificate of registration or a certificate of record to any person, or a certificate of
authorization to any firm, partnership, or corporation, whose certificate has been
revoked, except for a certificate revoked under s. 440.12, this section if 3 members
of the section of the examining board vote in favor of such reissuance. Subject to the
rules of the examining board, the appropriate section of the examining board may,
upon payment of the required fee, issue a new certificate of registration, certificate
of record or certificate of authorization, to replace any certificate that is revoked, lost,
destroyed or mutilated.

**SECTION 221.** 443.13 of the statutes is renumbered 443.13 (1) (intro.) and
amended to read:

443.13 (1) (intro.) The designers’ section of the examining board may limit,
suspend, or revoke a permit or reprimand the permittee if the permittee is guilty of
fraud any of the following:

(a) Fraud or deceit in obtaining the permit, gross.

(b) Gross negligence, incompetency, or misconduct in practice, signing.
(c) Signing documents not prepared by the permittee or under the permittee’s control, knowingly.

(d) Knowingly aiding or abetting unauthorized designing of engineering systems as stated in s. 443.07 (3) by persons not granted permits under this chapter or conviction.

(e) Conviction of a felony, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, or adjudication of mental incompetency by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(2) If, after a hearing conducted under the rules promulgated under s. 440.03 (1) before the designers’ section of the examining board, two-thirds of the members of the section vote in favor of sustaining the charges, the designers’ section of the examining board shall reprimand the permittee or limit, suspend, or revoke the permit. The action of the designers’ section of the examining board under this section is subject to review under ch. 227.

SECTION 222. 443.14 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 443.14 (1) (a) and amended to read:

443.14 (1) (a) An employee of a person holding a certificate of registration in this state in architecture under s. 443.10 who is engaged in the practice of architecture or professional engineering and an employee of a person temporarily exempted from registration in architecture under this section, if the practice of the employee does not include responsible charge of architecture or professional engineering practice.

SECTION 223. 443.14 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

443.14 (1) (b) An employee of a person holding a certificate of registration in professional engineering under s. 443.10 who is engaged in the practice of professional engineering and an employee of a person temporarily exempted from
registration in professional engineering under this section, if the practice of the employee does not include responsible charge of professional engineering practice.

SECTION 224. 443.14 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 443.14 (4) (a) and amended to read:

443.14 (4) (a) Any person who practices architecture or professional engineering, exclusively as a regular employee of a private company or corporation, by rendering to the company or corporation architectural or professional engineering services in connection with its operations, so long as the person is thus actually and exclusively employed and no longer, if the company or corporation has at least one architect or professional engineer who is registered under this chapter in responsible charge of the company's or corporation's architectural or professional engineering work in this state.

SECTION 225. 443.14 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

443.14 (4) (b) Any person who practices professional engineering, exclusively as a regular employee of a private company or corporation, by rendering to the company or corporation professional engineering services in connection with its operations, so long as the person is thus actually and exclusively employed and no longer, if the company or corporation has at least one professional engineer who is registered under this chapter in responsible charge of the company's or corporation's professional engineering work in this state.

SECTION 226. 443.18 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.18 (1) (a) Any person who practices or offers to practice architecture, landscape architecture, or professional engineering in this state, or who uses the term “architect,” “landscape architect,” or “professional engineer” as part of the person’s business name or title, except as provided in s. 443.08 (6), or in any way
represents himself or herself as an architect, landscape architect, or a professional
engineer unless the person is registered or exempted in accordance with this chapter,
or unless the person is the holder of an unexpired permit issued under s. 443.10 (1)
d, or any person presenting or attempting to use as his or her own the certificate
of registration of another, or any person who gives any false or forged evidence of any
kind to the examining board or to any section of the examining board or to any
member of the examining board or to any member of any section of the examining
board in obtaining a certificate of registration, or any person who falsely
impersonates any other registrant of like or different name, or any person who
attempts to use an expired or revoked certificate of registration, or violates any of the
provisions of this section, may be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500 or
imprisoned for not more than 3 months or both.

SECTION 227. 443.18 (2) (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended to read:

443.18 (2) (a) If it appears upon complaint to the examining board or to any
section of the examining board by any person, or is known to the examining board
or to any section of the examining board that any person who is neither registered
nor exempt under this chapter nor the holder of an unexpired permit under s. 443.10
(1) (d) is practicing or offering to practice, or is about to practice or to offer to practice,
architecture, landscape architecture, or professional engineering in this state, the
appropriate section of the examining board or the attorney general or the district
attorney of the proper county may investigate and may, in addition to any other
remedies, bring action in the name and on behalf of this state against any such
person to enjoin the person from practicing or offering to practice architecture,
landscape architecture, or professional engineering.
(b) If it appears upon complaint or is known to the land surveyor section of the examining board that any person who is not authorized is practicing or offering to practice land surveying in this state, the land surveyor section, the department of justice, or the district attorney of the proper county may, in addition to other remedies, bring action in the name and on behalf of the state to enjoin the person from practicing or offering to practice land surveying.

SECTION 228. 445.06 of the statutes is amended to read:

445.06 Renewal of licenses. The renewal date for a funeral director's license is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the renewal fee for such license is determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). Before any renewal license is delivered to any licensed funeral director, proof must be furnished by the applicant, to the satisfaction of the examining board, that the applicant is doing business at a recognized funeral establishment, except that if such applicant is not doing business at a recognized funeral establishment at the time of application for a license, the applicant shall be given a certificate, without additional cost, to the effect that the applicant is in good standing as a funeral director, and shall be entitled to a renewal license at any time during that license period, when located at a recognized funeral establishment, without payment of any additional renewal fee. The applicant must also furnish proof of completion of at least 15 hours of continuing education during the previous 2-year licensure period, except that new licensees are exempt from this requirement during the time between initial licensure and commencement of a full 2-year licensure period.

SECTION 229. 448.63 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

448.63 (1) (d) 2. That the applicant has completed 2 years of postgraduate training in a program approved by the affiliated credentialing board or one year of
postgraduate training in a program approved by the affiliated credentialing board
if the one-year postgraduate training was completed by June 1, 2010.

SECTION 230. 450.02 (3m) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
450.02 (3m) (a) (intro.) The board or its designee may grant a variance to from
a requirement of this chapter or to from a rule promulgated by the board if all of the
following are true:

SECTION 231. 450.02 (3m) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
450.02 (3m) (a) 4. The requirement under this chapter or the rule specifically
permits a variance or requires review and approval from the board prior to obtaining
a variance.

SECTION 232. 450.071 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
450.071 (1) No person may engage in the wholesale distribution of a
prescription drug in this state without obtaining a license from the board for each
facility from which the person distributes prescription drugs. This section does not
apply to a wholesale distributor if the only prescription drug the person distributes
is oxygen. The board shall exempt a manufacturer that distributes prescription
drugs or devices manufactured by the manufacturer from licensing and other
requirements under this section to the extent the license or requirement is not
required under federal law or regulation, unless the board determines that it is
necessary to apply a requirement to a manufacturer.

SECTION 233. 454.01 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
454.01 (5) (b) Massaging, cleansing, stimulating, manipulating, wrapping,
exercising, beautifying or applying cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, powders, oils,
tonics, clay or lotion to or performing other similar work upon the skin of any person
Aesthetics.
SECTION 234. 454.08 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

454.08 (2) (a) A barber bartering or cosmetologist cosmetology establishment license which authorizes the practice of barbering or cosmetology, aesthetics, electrology and manicuring in the licensed establishment.

SECTION 235. 457.02 (5) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 236. 459.12 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

459.12 (1) The examining board may make rules not inconsistent with the laws of this state which are necessary to carry out the intent of this subchapter chapter.

SECTION 237. 961.23 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.23 (5) No person may purchase more than 8 ounces 227 grams of a product containing opium or more than 4 ounces 113 grams of a product containing any other schedule V substance within a 48-hour period without the authorization of a physician, dentist, or veterinarian. This subsection does not apply to a pseudoephedrine product unless it contains another schedule V substance.

SECTION 238. 961.23 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.23 (7) No person other than a physician, dentist, veterinarian, or pharmacist may possess more than 8 ounces 227 grams of a product containing opium or more than 4 ounces 113 grams of a product containing any other schedule V substance at any time without the authorization of a physician, dentist, or veterinarian. This subsection does not apply to a pseudoephedrine product unless it contains another schedule V substance.

SECTION 239. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) Appointments of members of the dwelling code council upon expiration of terms.

(a) In this subsection, “council” means the dwelling code council.
(b) Notwithstanding the number of members specified for the council under section 15.407 (10) (a) of the statutes, as affected by this act, any member who is serving on the council on the day before the effective date of this paragraph may continue to serve as a member of the council under section 15.407 (10) (a) of the statutes, as affected by this act, for the term for which the member was appointed.

During any period of time when the membership of the council exceeds 7 members, a majority of the members of the council shall constitute a quorum.

SECTION 240. Initial applicability.

(1) LICENSURE AS FUNERAL DIRECTOR. The treatment of section 445.06 of the statutes first applies to applications for initial licensure as a licensed funeral director that are received by the funeral directors examining board on the effective date of this subsection.

SECTION 241. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the 30th day after the day of publication, except as follows:

(1) SECTION 239 of this act takes effect on the day after publication.

(END)