## Fiscal Estimate - 2013 Session

☑ Original	Updated	Corrected		Supplemental	
LRB Number 13-1775/1		Introduction Num	ber SI	B-092	
<b>Description</b> Requiring the governor to prepare a sequester of federal spending under			eductions r	esulting from the	
Fiscal Effect					
State:  No State Fiscal Effect Indeterminate Increase Existing Appropriations Decrease Existing Appropriations Create New Appropriation	Increase Ex Revenues Decrease E Revenues	ixisting to ab		- May be possible agency's budget No	
No Local Government Costs  Indeterminate  Increase Costs  Increase Revenue Permissive Mandatory  Increase Revenue Permissive Mandatory					
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS					
Agency/Prepared By	Autho	orized Signature		Date	
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOA 4/4/2013

LRB Number 13-1775/1	Introduction Number SB-092	Estimate Type Original			
Description Requiring the governor to prepare a bill incorporating proposed expenditure reductions resulting from the					
sequester of federal spending under the federal Budget Control Act of 2011					

## **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

If enacted Senate Bill (SB) 92 would require the governor to prepare a bill that incorporates all proposed expenditure reductions resulting from the sequester of federal spending under the Budget Control Act of 2011. The governor would also be required to submit the bill to the legislature before October 1, and the bill would be introduced without change by the Joint Committee on Finance where it would be referred to that committee. No implementation of any expenditure reductions resulting from the sequester would be allowed unless authorized by law.

Under current law, the biennial budget contains a summary of the actual and estimated disbursement of expenditures of the state government, including those from federal funds. In addition, current law provides that before federal block grant funds may be accepted, the agency must obtain the approval of the Joint Committee on Finance through the passive review process. For heating assistance block grants, current law requires that if funds are less than 90% of the amount received in the previous federal fiscal year, the department of administration must submit to the Joint Finance Committee a plan for expenditure of the funds. Current state law contains a variety of reporting requirements for state agencies that have received or may receive federal funds either to the legislature or to the department of administration.

Therefore, it is indeterminate as to the fiscal effect this bill would have on state government.

**Long-Range Fiscal Implications** 

Unknown.