

**2013 DRAFTING REQUEST**

**Bill**

Received: **1/23/2014** Received By: **gmalaise**  
Wanted: **1/24/2014 4:00:00 PM** Same as LRB:  
For: **Workforce Development 7-6704** By/Representing: **Jim O'Malley**  
May Contact: Drafter: **gmalaise**  
Subject: **Employ Priv - worker's comp** Addl. Drafters:  
Extra Copies:

Submit via email: **YES**  
Requester's email: **jim.omalley@dwd.wisconsin.gov**  
Carbon copy (CC) to:

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**Pre Topic:**

No specific pre topic given

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**Topic:**

Various changes to the worker's compensation law

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**Instructions:**

Draft companion to -3729

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**Drafting History:**

<u>Vers.</u>	<u>Drafted</u>	<u>Reviewed</u>	<u>Typed</u>	<u>Proofed</u>	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>
/?	gmalaise 1/23/2014	kfollett 1/24/2014	jfrantze 1/24/2014	_____			
/1	gmalaise 1/25/2014			_____	sbasford 1/24/2014		State S&L
/2		kfollett 1/27/2014	rschluet 1/27/2014	_____	sbasford 1/27/2014	mbarman 1/27/2014	State S&L

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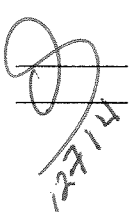
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/?	gmalaise	1/15/14 1/24/14	JG	1/24/14			

FE Sent For:

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State of Wisconsin  
2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE

In 1123  
Fri 1124  
Companion  
**2013 BILL**



LRB-8720/1  
GMM:kjf:jf

40971

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1 **AN ACT to renumber and amend** 102.07 (12m), 102.125, 102.18 (1) (b), 102.23  
2 (1) (a), 102.28 (2) (c), 102.28 (7) (b), 102.44 (1) (c) and 102.44 (4); **to amend**  
3 20.445 (1) (ra), 101.654 (2) (b), 102.01 (2) (d), 102.03 (4), 102.04 (1) (a), 102.04  
4 (2m), 102.07 (1) (a), 102.07 (1) (b), 102.07 (3), 102.07 (7) (a), 102.07 (10), 102.077  
5 (1), 102.077 (2), 102.11 (1) (intro.), 102.125 (title), 102.13 (2) (b), 102.13 (2) (c),  
6 102.16 (1m) (a), 102.16 (2) (d), 102.17 (1) (a) 3., 102.17 (4), 102.18 (1) (bg) 1.,  
7 102.18 (3), 102.18 (4) (b), 102.21, 102.23 (1) (c), 102.23 (1) (cm), 102.28 (2) (a),  
8 102.28 (2) (b) (title), 102.28 (2) (c) (title), 102.28 (2) (d), 102.28 (7) (a), 102.29 (1)  
9 (b) 2., 102.29 (8), 102.31 (2) (b) 2., 102.315 (2), 102.425 (3) (b), 102.425 (4) (a),  
10 102.425 (4) (b), 102.425 (4m) (b), 102.43 (5) (c), 102.44 (1) (ag), 102.44 (1) (ag),  
11 102.44 (1) (am), 102.44 (1) (b), 102.44 (3), 102.65 (4) (intro.), 102.75 (1), 102.75  
12 (1m), 102.75 (2), 102.75 (4), 102.81 (1) (a), 108.10 (4) and 165.60; and **to create**  
13 102.07 (12m) (a), 102.125 (2), 102.16 (2) (i), 102.28 (2) (bm), 102.28 (2) (c) 2.,  
14 102.28 (7) (bm), 102.423, 102.425 (3) (am), 102.44 (1) (c) 2., 102.44 (1) (c) 3.,

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1           102.44 (1m), 102.44 (4) (b), 102.44 (4m), 102.445, 102.75 (1g), 102.80 (1) (f) and  
2           102.81 (1) (c) of the statutes; **relating to:** various changes to the worker’s  
3           compensation law, granting rule-making authority, and making an  
4           appropriation.

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***Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau***

This bill makes various changes to the worker’s compensation law, as administered by the Department of Workforce Development (DWD).

**GENERAL COVERAGE**

***Local governmental units***

Under current law, each county, city, town, village, school district, sewer district, drainage district, long-term care district, and other public or quasi-public corporation (municipality) is liable for worker’s compensation when an employee in the service of the municipality, whether elected, appointed, or under a contract of hire, is injured while performing services growing out of and incidental to his or her employment.

This bill changes the term “municipality” to “local governmental unit” for purposes of the worker’s compensation law and redefines that term to mean a political subdivision of this state; a special purpose district or taxing jurisdiction in this state; an instrumentality, corporation, combination, or subunit of any of the foregoing; or any other public or quasi-public corporation. Under current law, cities, villages, towns, and counties are political subdivisions of this state; special purpose districts include school districts, sewer districts, drainage districts, long-term care districts, and other districts created for special purposes; and taxing jurisdictions are entities, not including the state, that are authorized by law to levy property taxes.

***Postsecondary students participating in work study programs***

Currently, a student of a public school or a private school, while he or she is engaged in performing services as part of a school work training, work experience, or work study program, who is not on the payroll of an employer that is providing the work training or work experience or who is not otherwise receiving compensation on which a worker’s compensation carrier could assess premiums on that employer, is an employee of a school district or private school that elects to name the student as an employee for purposes of worker’s compensation coverage. Also, under current law, a student who is named as an employee of a school district or private school for purposes of worker’s compensation coverage and who makes a claim for worker’s compensation against his or her school district or private school may not also make a claim for worker’s compensation or maintain an action in tort against the employer that provided the work training or work experience from which the claim arose.

This bill extends those provisions to a student of an institution within the University of Wisconsin System, a technical college, a tribally controlled college controlled by an Indian tribe that has elected to become subject to the worker’s

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compensation law, a school approved by the Educational Approval Board, or a private, nonprofit institution of higher education located in this state (institution of higher education). Specifically, under the bill, a student of an institution of higher education, while he or she is engaged in performing services as part of a school work training, work experience, or work study program, who is not on the payroll of an employer that is providing the work training or work experience or who is not otherwise receiving compensation on which a worker's compensation carrier could assess premiums on that employer, is an employee of an institution of higher education that elects to name the student as an employee for purposes of worker's compensation coverage. The bill also provides that a student who is named as an employee of an institution of higher education for purposes of worker's compensation coverage and who makes a claim for worker's compensation against that institution may not also make a claim for worker's compensation or maintain an action in tort against the employer that provided the work training or work experience from which the claim arose.

**PAYMENT OF BENEFITS*****Maximum weekly compensation for permanent partial disability***

Under current law, permanent partial disability benefits are subject to maximum weekly compensation rates specified by statute. Currently, the maximum weekly compensation rate for permanent partial disability is \$322. This bill increases that maximum weekly compensation rate to \$337 for injuries occurring before January 1, 2015, and to \$352 for injuries occurring on or after that date.

***Supplemental benefits***

Under current law, an injured employee who is receiving the maximum weekly benefit in effect at the time of the injury for permanent total disability or continuous temporary total disability resulting from an injury that occurred before January 1, 2001, is entitled to receive supplemental benefits in an amount that, when added to the employee's regular benefits, equals \$582. Those supplemental benefits are payable in the first instance by the employer or insurer, but the employer or insurer then is entitled to reimbursement for those supplemental benefits paid from the work injury supplemental benefit (WISB) fund, which is a fund that, among other things, is used to pay supplemental worker's compensation to injured employees with permanent total disability.

This bill makes an employee who is injured prior to January 1, 2003, eligible for those supplemental benefits beginning on the effective date of the bill and increases the maximum supplemental benefit amount for a week of disability occurring after the effective date of the bill to an amount that, when added to the employee's regular benefits, equals \$669.

The bill also terminates reimbursement from the WISB fund for supplemental benefits paid by employers or insurers beginning on the effective date of the bill. For supplemental benefits paid by an insurer for an injury that occurs before July 1, 2015, the bill provides that reimbursement of those benefits is from the worker's compensation operations fund and not from the WISB fund. To fund that reimbursement, the bill requires DWD to collect from each licensed worker's compensation carrier the proportion of reimbursement approved by DWD for

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supplemental benefits paid in the year before the previous year that the total indemnity paid or payable by the carrier in worker's compensation cases initially closed during the preceding calendar year bore to the total indemnity paid in cases closed the previous calendar year by all carriers.

***Traumatic injuries***

Under current law, an application for worker's compensation that is not filed within 12 years from the date of the injury or from the date that worker's compensation, other than for treatment or burial expenses, was last paid, whichever is later, is barred by the statute of limitations, except that in certain cases of traumatic injury there is no statute of limitations. In cases in which there is no statute of limitations, benefits or treatment expenses for traumatic injury becoming due 12 years after the date of injury or the date that compensation was last paid, whichever is later, are paid by DWD from the WISB fund if that date is before April 1, 2006.

This bill provides that an application for worker's compensation for a traumatic injury that is not filed within *nine* years from the date of injury or the date that worker's compensation, other than for treatment or burial expenses, was last paid, whichever is later, is barred by the statute of limitations. The bill also provides that for traumatic injuries for which there is no statute of limitations benefits or treatment expenses for traumatic injury becoming due *nine* years after the date of injury or the date that compensation was last paid, whichever is later, are paid by DWD from the WISB fund, if that date is before April 1, 2006.

***Indexing of benefits***

Under current law, subject to certain exceptions, the amount of an injured employee's worker's compensation benefits is determined in accordance with the law that is in effect as of the date of injury, regardless of the length of time that has elapsed since that date.

This bill provides for the indexing of the weekly benefit for permanent total disability or continuous temporary total disability resulting from an injury that occurs on or after July 1, 2015. Specifically, under the bill, an injured employee who is receiving worker's compensation for permanent total disability or continuous temporary total disability more than 24 months after the date of injury resulting from an injury that occurs on or after July 1, 2015, is entitled to receive the maximum rate that is in effect at the time the benefit accrues and becomes payable for periods of disability occurring more than six years after the date of injury.

The bill similarly provides for the indexing of the weekly benefit for permanent partial disability. Specifically, under the bill, an injured employee who is receiving worker's compensation for permanent partial disability more than 200 weeks after the first week of permanent partial disability is entitled to receive the maximum rate that is in effect at the time the benefit accrues and becomes payable for periods of disability occurring more than 200 weeks after the first week of permanent partial disability.

***Vocational rehabilitation***

Under current law, an injured employee is entitled to receive compensation for temporary disability while the employee is receiving vocational rehabilitation



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services under the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973. If, however, the injury causes only partial disability, the employee's weekly indemnity is the proportion of the weekly indemnity rate for total disability that the actual wage loss of the injured employee bears to the injured employee's average weekly wage at the time of injury, *except* that compensation for temporary disability on account of receiving vocational rehabilitation services shall not be reduced on account of any wages earned for the first 24 hours worked by an employee during a week in which the employee is receiving those services and only hours worked in excess of 24 during that week shall be offset against the employee's average weekly wage in calculating compensation for temporary disability. That exception, however, does not apply after April 30, 2014. This bill extends that exception to April 30, 2016.

***Continuation of health care coverage***

Currently, the family and medical leave law requires an employer to maintain group health insurance coverage during a period an employee takes family or medical leave under the conditions that applied immediately before the family or medical leave began. If the employee continues making any contribution required for participation in the group health insurance plan, the employer must continue making group health insurance premium contributions as if the employee has not taken the family or medical leave.

This bill similarly requires an employer that at the time of an injured employee's injury is providing the injured employee with group health care coverage to maintain that coverage during the injured employee's period of temporary disability at the level and under the conditions that the employer would have provided coverage if the injured employee had continued in employment continuously during that period of temporary disability, without regard to the injured employee's employment status during that period. Under the bill, if during an injured employee's period of temporary disability the injured employee continues making any contributions required of the injured employee for participation in the plan providing the employee's group health care coverage, the employer must continue making any contributions required of the employer for the injured employee's participation in that plan as if the injured employee were not in a period of temporary disability.

The bill provides that any employer that fails to maintain group health care coverage for an injured employee or the employer's worker's compensation insurer is liable to the injured employee for an amount that is equal to 100 percent of the contributions required of the employer that the employer failed to pay, in addition to any temporary disability benefits payable under the worker's compensation law. That liability also applies to an employer that fails to maintain group health care coverage provided at the time of injury for an injured employee or to the employer's worker's compensation insurer in a case in which the employer's liability for worker's compensation for the employee's injury or the period of the employee's temporary disability is in dispute, if the injured employee submits the dispute to DWD and the injury or period of disability is found to be compensable under the worker's compensation law. Under the bill, if an employer fails to maintain group health care coverage for an injured employee as required under the bill, the injured employee

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may request DWD to conduct a hearing on the violation. If, after hearing, the hearing examiner finds that the employer has failed to maintain group health care coverage as required under the bill, the hearing examiner may order the employer to pay the injured employee the contributions for group health care coverage that the employer failed to pay.

***Prescription drug treatment***

Under current law, an employer or insurer is liable for providing medicines as may be reasonably required to cure and relieve an injured employee from the effects of an injury sustained while performing services growing out of and incidental to employment. Current law, however, limits the liability of an employer or insurer for the cost of a prescription drug dispensed for outpatient use by an injured employee to the average wholesale price of the prescription drug as quoted in the Drug Topics Red Book (average wholesale price).

This bill provides that if a prescription drug dispensed for outpatient use by an injured employee is a repackaged prescription drug, the liability of the employer or insurer for the cost of the repackaged prescription drug is limited to the average wholesale price of the prescription drug set by the original manufacturer of the prescription drug, except that if the National Drug Code number of the prescription drug as packaged by the original manufacturer cannot be determined from the billing statement submitted to the employer or insurer, that liability is limited to the average wholesale price of the lowest-priced drug product equivalent. That limitation of liability, however, does not apply to a repackaged prescription drug dispensed from a retail, mail-order, or institutional pharmacy.

**HEARINGS AND PROCEDURES*****Health care records in electronic format***

Under current law, a physician, chiropractor, psychologist, podiatrist, dentist, physician assistant, advance practice nurse prescriber, hospital, or health service provider, upon request by an injured employee, employer, insurer, or DWD, must provide that person with any written material that is reasonably related to an injury for which the employee claims worker's compensation, upon payment of the actual cost of providing those materials, not to exceed the greater of 45 cents per page or \$7.50 per request, plus the actual costs of postage.

This bill permits that material to be provided in electronic format upon payment of \$26 per request.

***Final practitioner's report***

Under current law, if an injured employee has a period of temporary disability of more than three weeks or a permanent disability, has undergone surgery to treat an injury, other than surgery to correct a hernia, or sustains an eye injury requiring medical treatment on three or more occasions off the employer's premises, the employer or insurer must submit to DWD a final treating practitioner's report. Current law, however, prohibits DWD from requiring submission of that report when the employer or insurer denies the employee's claim for compensation and the employee does not contest that denial. This bill limits that prohibition to cases in

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which the employer or insurer denies the employee's claim for compensation *in its entirety*.

***Prospective vocational rehabilitation training orders***

Under current law, any party in interest may submit to DWD any controversy concerning worker's compensation and DWD, after hearing, must issue an order determining the rights of the parties regarding the controversy. Current law also permits DWD to issue interlocutory, *i.e.*, nonfinal, findings, orders, and awards, which may be enforced in the same manner as final awards. Current law specifically permits DWD to include in an interlocutory or final award or order an order directing the employer or insurer to pay for any future treatment that may be necessary to cure and relieve an injured employee from the effects of the employee's injury.

This bill permits DWD to include in an interlocutory or final award or order an order directing the employer or insurer to pay for a future course of instruction or other rehabilitation training services provided under a rehabilitation training program.

***Administrative review of a worker's compensation decision***

Under current law, a party to a worker's compensation proceeding may petition the Labor and Industry Review Commission (LIRC) for review of a DWD hearing examiner's decision awarding or denying worker's compensation (petition for review) if DWD or LIRC receives the petition for review within 21 days after DWD mailed a copy of the examiner's findings and order to the petitioner's last-known address. Currently, LIRC must dismiss a petition for review that is not timely filed unless the petitioner shows probable good cause that the reason for failure to timely file the petition was beyond the petitioner's control. This bill requires a party to file a petition for review with LIRC, not DWD. The bill also requires LIRC to dismiss a petition for review that is not filed within those 21 days unless the petitioner shows that the petition was filed late for a reason that was beyond the petitioner's control.

Under current law, within 28 days after a decision of LIRC is mailed to the last-known address of each party to a worker's compensation proceeding, LIRC may, on its own motion, set aside the decision for further consideration. This bill permits LIRC to set aside a decision within 28 days after the date of the decision, not the date of its mailing.

***Judicial review of a worker's compensation decision***

Under current law, a party that is aggrieved by an order or award made by LIRC may commence an action against LIRC in circuit court for judicial review of the order or award (action for judicial review). Current law requires the adverse party to also be made a defendant in an action for judicial review. Recently, a concurring opinion in *Xcel Energy Services, Inc. v. LIRC*, 2013 WI 64, "unequivocally and firmly" recommended that the Council on Worker's Compensation propose legislative revisions to clarify who must be included as a party in an action for judicial review. *Id.* at p. 71. That concurring opinion further proposed that LIRC consider adopting the practice of providing information with its order or award instructing the parties as to who is to be named as an adverse party in an action for judicial review. *Id.* at p. 73.

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This bill requires LIRC to identify in an order or award the persons that must be made parties to an action for judicial review. The bill also requires the summons and complaint in the action to name those persons as defendants. In addition, the bill permits the circuit court to join as a party to the action any other person determined necessary for the proper resolution of the action, unless joinder of the person would unduly delay the resolution of the action.

**PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION*****Health service fee disputes***

Under current law, if a health service provider, injured employee, insurer, or employer submits to DWD a dispute over the reasonableness of a health service fee charged by the health service provider for services provided to the injured employee, DWD must determine the reasonableness of the disputed fee by comparing the disputed fee to the mean fee for the procedure for which the disputed fee was charged, as shown by data from a database certified by DWD. If the disputed fee is at or below the mean fee, plus 1.2 standard deviations from that mean, DWD must determine that the disputed fee is reasonable and order the fee to be paid. If the disputed fee is above the mean fee, plus 1.2 standard deviations from that mean, DWD must determine that the disputed fee is unreasonable and order that a reasonable fee be paid, unless the health service provider proves that a higher fee is justified. This bill lowers the standard deviations used to determine the reasonableness of a disputed health service fee to 0.7 standard deviations from the mean.

***Health service fee schedule***

This bill requires DWD to establish a schedule of the maximum fees that a health care provider may charge an employer or insurer for health services provided to an injured employee who claims worker's compensation benefits. Under the bill, DWD must, when that schedule is established, notify the Legislative Reference Bureau (LRB), and the LRB must publish that notice in the Wisconsin Administrative Register. On publication of that notice, the health service fee dispute resolution process under current law no longer applies and instead the liability of an employer or insurer for a health service included in the fee schedule is limited to the maximum fee allowed under the schedule for that health service as of the date on which the health service was provided, any fee agreed to by the contract between the employer or insurer and health care provider for the health service as of that date, or the health care provider's actual fee for the health service as of that date, whichever is less.

The bill requires DWD, in determining those maximum fees, to divide the state into five regions based on geographical and economical similarity, including similarity in the cost of health services, and, for each region, to: 1) determine the average payment made by insured and self-insured group health plans, and the average copayment, coinsurance, and deductible payment made by persons covered under those plans, for each health service included in the schedule; and 2) set the maximum fee for each health service included in the schedule at 110 percent of the sum of that average payment and that average copayment, coinsurance, and deductible payment.

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The bill also requires DWD to adjust those maximum fees annually by the change in the consumer price index for medical care services and, no less often than every two years, to redetermine the average payment made by group health plans for the services included in the schedule and revise those maximum fees based on that redetermined average.

***Investigation and prosecution of fraudulent activity***

Under current law, if an insurer or self-insured employer has evidence that a worker's compensation claim is false or fraudulent and if the insurer or self-insurer is satisfied that reporting the claim will not impede its ability to defend the claim, the insurer or self-insured employer must report the claim to DWD. DWD may then require the insurer or self-insured employer to investigate the claim and report the results of the investigation to DWD. If, based on the investigation, DWD has a reasonable basis to believe that criminal insurance fraud has occurred, DWD must refer the matter to the district attorney for prosecution.

This bill permits DWD to request the Department of Justice (DOJ) to assist DWD in an investigation of a false or fraudulent worker's compensation claim of any other suspected fraudulent activity on the part of an employer, employee, insurer, health care provider, or other person related to worker's compensation. If, based on the investigation, DWD has a reasonable basis to believe that theft, forgery, fraud, or any other criminal violation has occurred, DWD must refer the matter to the district attorney or DOJ for prosecution.

***Uninsured employers fund***

Under current law, if an employee of an uninsured employer suffers an injury for which the uninsured employer is liable, DWD, from the uninsured employers fund, or, if DWD obtains excess or stop-loss reinsurance from a reinsurer, the reinsurer pays benefits to the injured employee that are equal to the worker's compensation owed by the uninsured employer.

This bill requires DWD to pay a claim of an employee of an uninsured employer in excess of \$1,000,000 from the uninsured employers fund in the first instance, but provides that if the claim is not covered by excess or stop-loss reinsurance, the secretary of administration annually must transfer from the worker's compensation operations fund to the uninsured employers fund an amount equal to the amount by which payments from the uninsured employers fund on all such claims in the prior year are in excess of \$1,000,000 per claim, subject to a \$500,000 annual limit on the amount that the secretary of administration may transfer. If the amount to be transferred exceeds that \$500,000 annual limit, the secretary of administration must transfer the amount in excess of \$500,000 in the next calendar year or in subsequent calendar years until the amount in excess of \$500,000 is transferred in full.

***Self-insured employers***

***Election by governmental employer to self-insure.*** Under current law, every employer that is subject to the worker's compensation law must carry worker's compensation insurance from an insurer that is authorized to do business in this state (duty to insure), except that DWD may exempt an employer from the duty to insure if the employer shows that it can self-insure its worker's compensation

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liability and if the employer agrees to report all compensable injuries and to comply with the worker's compensation law and the rules of DWD. DWD rules, however, permit the state or a local governmental unit to self-insure without further order of DWD.

This bill codifies those DWD rules into the statutes. Specifically, the bill permits the state or a local governmental unit that has independent taxing authority (governmental employer) to elect to self-insure its worker's compensation liability without further order of DWD if the governmental employer agrees to report all compensable injuries and to comply with the worker's compensation law and the rules of DWD. Under the bill, a local governmental unit that elects to self-insure its liability for the payment of worker's compensation must notify DWD of that election in writing before commencing to self-insure that liability, must notify DWD of its intent to continue to self-insure that liability every three years after that initial notice, and must notify DWD of its intent to withdraw that election not less than 30 days before the effective date of that withdrawal.

***Revocation of governmental employer election to self-insure.*** Current law permits DWD, after seeking the advice of the Self-Insurer's Council, to revoke an exemption from the duty to insure if DWD finds that the employer's financial condition is inadequate to pay its employees' claims for compensation, that the employer has received an excessive number of claims for compensation, or that the employer has failed to discharge faithfully its obligations according to the agreement contained in the application for exemption.

This bill permits DWD to revoke an election by a governmental employer to self-insure its liability for worker's compensation, without seeking the advice of the Self-Insurer's Council, if DWD finds that the governmental employer's financial condition is inadequate to pay its employees' claims for compensation, that the governmental employer has received an excessive number of claims for compensation, or that the governmental employer has failed to discharge faithfully its obligations under the worker's compensation law and the rules of DWD. Under the bill, once such an election is revoked, the governmental employer whose election is revoked may not elect to self-insure its liability for the payment of worker's compensation unless at least three calendar years have elapsed since the revocation and DWD finds that the governmental employer's financial condition is adequate to pay its employees' claims for compensation, that the governmental employer has not received an excessive number of claims for compensation, and that the governmental employer has faithfully discharged its obligations under the worker's compensation law and the rules of DWD.

***Self-insured employer assessments.*** Current law establishes a self-insured employers liability fund, consisting of assessments paid into the fund by self-insured employers, that is used to pay the worker's compensation liability of current or former self-insured employers that cannot pay that liability. Under current law, on issuance of an order exempting an employer from the duty to insure, the exempt employer must pay into the fund an amount that is equal to the amount assessed upon each other exempt employer (initial assessment). Subsequent assessments, however, are prorated on the basis of the gross payroll for this state of the exempt

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employer, as reported to DWD for the previous calendar year for purposes of unemployment insurance.

This bill requires an initial assessment, as well as subsequent assessments, for the self-insurer's fund to be prorated on the basis of the gross payroll for this state of the exempt employer, as reported to DWD for the previous calendar year for purposes of unemployment insurance.

The bill also removes governmental employers from the coverage of the self-insurer's fund. Specifically, the bill prohibits DWD from: 1) requiring a governmental employer that elects to self-insure its liability for the payment of worker's compensation to pay into the self-insurer's fund; and 2) making payments from that fund for the liability under the worker's compensation law of such an employer, whether currently or formerly exempt from the duty to insure.

***Study of treatment outcomes***

Finally, the bill requires the secretary of workforce development to create a committee to review and evaluate the outcomes of treatment provided to injured employees by health care providers under the worker's compensation program. The committee must include representatives of employers, employees, health care providers, worker's compensation insurers authorized to do business in this state, and DWD. Upon completion of the study, the committee must report its findings, conclusions, and recommendations to DWD and the Council on Worker's Compensation, after which the committee ceases to exist.

For further information see the ***state and local*** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

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***The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:***

1           **SECTION 1.** 20.445 (1) (ra) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20,  
2 is amended to read:

3           20.445 (1) (ra) *Worker's compensation operations fund; administration.* From  
4 the worker's compensation operations fund, the amounts in the schedule for the  
5 administration of the worker's compensation program by the department, for  
6 assistance to the department of justice in investigating and prosecuting fraudulent  
7 activity related to worker's compensation, for transfer to the uninsured employers  
8 fund under s. 102.81 (1) (c), and for transfer to the appropriation accounts under par.  
9 (rp) and sub. (2) (ra). All moneys received under ss. 102.28 (2) (b) and 102.75 shall

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1 be credited to this appropriation account. From this appropriation, an amount not  
2 to exceed \$5,000 may be expended each fiscal year for payment of expenses for travel  
3 and research by the council on worker's compensation, an amount not to exceed  
4 \$500,000 may be transferred in each fiscal year to the uninsured employers fund  
5 under s. 102.81 (1) (c), the amount in the schedule under par. (rp) shall be transferred  
6 to the appropriation account under par. (rp), and the amount in the schedule under  
7 sub. (2) (ra) shall be transferred to the appropriation account under sub. (2) (ra).

8 **SECTION 2.** 101.654 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 101.654 (2) (b) If the applicant is required under s. 102.28 (2) (a) to have in force  
10 a policy of worker's compensation insurance or if the applicant is self-insured in  
11 accordance with s. 102.28 (2) (b) or (bm), that the applicant has in force a policy of  
12 worker's compensation insurance issued by an insurer authorized to do business in  
13 this state or is self-insured in accordance with s. 102.28 (2) (b) or (bm).

14 **SECTION 3.** 102.01 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 102.01 (2) (d) ~~"Municipality" includes a county, city, town, village, school~~  
16 ~~district, sewer district, drainage district and long-term care district and "Local~~  
17 governmental unit" means a political subdivision of this state; a special purpose  
18 district or taxing jurisdiction, as defined in s. 70.114 (1) (f), in this state; an  
19 instrumentality, corporation, combination, or subunit of any of the foregoing; or any  
20 other public or quasi-public corporations corporation.

21 **SECTION 4.** 102.03 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 102.03 (4) The right to compensation and the amount of the compensation shall  
23 in all cases be determined in accordance with the provisions of law in effect as of the  
24 date of the injury except as to employees whose rate of compensation is changed as  
25 provided in ss. 102.43 (7) or 102.44 (1), (1m), (4m), or (5) or, before May 1, 2014 2016,



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1 as provided in s. 102.43 (5) (c) and employees who are eligible to receive private  
2 rehabilitative counseling and rehabilitative training under s. 102.61 (1m) and except  
3 as provided in s. 102.555 (12) (b).

4 **SECTION 5.** 102.04 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 102.04 (1) (a) The state, and each county, city, town, village, school district,  
6 sewer district, drainage district, long-term care district and other public or  
7 quasi-public corporations therein local governmental unit in this state.

8 **SECTION 6.** 102.04 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 102.04 (2m) A temporary help agency is the employer of an employee whom  
10 the temporary help agency has placed with or leased to another employer that  
11 compensates the temporary help agency for the employee's services. A temporary  
12 help agency is liable under s. 102.03 for all compensation and other payments  
13 payable under this chapter to or with respect to that employee, including any  
14 payments required under s. 102.16 (3), 102.18 (1) (b) 3. or (bp), 102.22 (1), 102.35 (3),  
15 102.57, or 102.60. Except as permitted under s. 102.29, a temporary help agency may  
16 not seek or receive reimbursement from another employer for any payments made  
17 as a result of that liability.

18 **SECTION 7.** 102.07 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 102.07 (1) (a) Every person, including all officials, in the service of the state,  
20 or of any municipality therein local governmental unit in this state, whether elected  
21 or under any appointment, or contract of hire, express or implied, and whether a  
22 resident of the state or employed or injured within or without the state. The state  
23 and or any municipality local governmental unit may require a bond from a  
24 contractor to protect the state or municipality local governmental unit against  
25 compensation to employees of such the contractor or to employees of a subcontractor

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1 under the contractor. This paragraph does not apply beginning on the first day of the  
2 first July beginning after the day that the secretary files the certificate under s.  
3 102.80 (3) (a), except that if the secretary files the certificate under s. 102.80 (3) (ag)  
4 this paragraph does apply to claims for compensation filed on or after the date  
5 specified in that certificate.

6 **SECTION 8.** 102.07 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 102.07 (1) (b) Every person, including all officials, in the service of the state,  
8 or of any ~~municipality therein~~ local governmental unit in this state, whether elected  
9 or under any appointment, or contract of hire, express or implied, and whether a  
10 resident of the state or employed or injured within or without the state. This  
11 paragraph first applies on the first day of the first July beginning after the day that  
12 the secretary files the certificate under s. 102.80 (3) (a), except that if the secretary  
13 files the certificate under s. 102.80 (3) (ag) this paragraph does apply to claims for  
14 compensation filed on or after the date specified in that certificate.

15 **SECTION 9.** 102.07 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 102.07 (3) Nothing ~~herein contained shall prevent municipalities in this~~  
17 chapter prevents a local governmental unit from paying teachers, police officers, fire  
18 fighters and other employees a teacher, police officer, fire fighter, or any other  
19 employee his or her full salaries salary during a period of disability, nor interfere  
20 interferes with any pension funds fund, nor prevent prevents payment to teachers,  
21 police officers or fire fighters therefrom a teacher, police officer, fire fighter, or any  
22 other employee from a pension fund.

23 **SECTION 10.** 102.07 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

24 102.07 (7) (a) Every member of a volunteer fire company or fire department  
25 organized under ch. 213, a legally organized rescue squad, or a legally organized

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1 diving team is considered to be an employee of that company, department, squad, or  
2 team. Every member of a company, department, squad, or team described in this  
3 paragraph, while serving as an auxiliary police officer at an emergency, is also  
4 considered to be an employee of that company, department, squad, or team. If a  
5 company, department, squad, or team described in this paragraph has not insured  
6 its liability for compensation to its employees, the ~~municipality or county~~ political  
7 subdivision within which that company, department, squad, or team was organized  
8 shall be liable for that compensation.

9 **SECTION 11.** 102.07 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

10 102.07 (10) Further to effectuate the policy of the state that the benefits of this  
11 chapter shall extend and be granted to employees in the service of the state, or of any  
12 ~~municipality therein~~ local governmental unit in this state, on the same basis, in the  
13 same manner, under the same conditions, and with like right of recovery as in the  
14 case of employees of persons, firms, or private corporations, any question whether  
15 any person is an employee under this chapter shall be governed by and determined  
16 under the same standards, considerations, and rules of decision in all cases under  
17 subs. (1) to (9). Any ~~statutes, ordinances, or administrative regulations which~~  
18 statute, ordinance, or rule that may be otherwise applicable to the classes of  
19 employees enumerated in sub. (1) shall not be controlling in deciding whether any  
20 person is an employee for the purposes of this chapter.

21 **SECTION 12.** 102.07 (12m) of the statutes is renumbered 102.07 (12m) (b) and  
22 amended to read:

23 102.07 (12m) (b) A student of a public school, ~~as described in s. 115.01 (1), or~~  
24 ~~a private school, as defined in s. 115.001 (3r),~~ or an institution of higher education,  
25 while he or she is engaged in performing services as part of a school work training,

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1 work experience, or work study program, and who is not on the payroll of an employer  
2 that is providing the work training or work experience or who is not otherwise  
3 receiving compensation on which a worker's compensation carrier could assess  
4 premiums on that employer, is an employee of a school district ~~or~~, private school, or  
5 institution of higher education that elects under s. 102.077 to name the student as  
6 its employee.

7 **SECTION 13.** 102.07 (12m) (a) of the statutes is created to read:

8 102.07 (12m) (a) In this subsection:

9 1. "Institution of higher education" means an institution within the University  
10 of Wisconsin System, a technical college, a tribally controlled college controlled by  
11 an Indian tribe that has elected under s. 102.05 (2) to become subject to this chapter,  
12 a school approved under s. 38.50, or a private, nonprofit institution of higher  
13 education located in this state.

14 2. "Private school" has the meaning given in s. 115.001 (3r).

15 3. "Public school" means a school described in s. 115.01 (1).

16 **SECTION 14.** 102.077 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 102.077 (1) A school district ~~or a~~, private school, ~~as defined in s. 115.001 (3r),~~  
18 or institution of higher education may elect to name as its employee for purposes of  
19 this chapter a student described in s. 102.07 (12m) (b) by an endorsement on its policy  
20 of worker's compensation insurance or, if the school district ~~or~~, private school, or  
21 institution of higher education is exempt from the duty to insure under s. 102.28 (2)  
22 (a), by filing a declaration with the department in the manner provided in s. 102.31  
23 (2) (a) naming the student as an employee of the school district ~~or~~, private school, or  
24 institution of higher education for purposes of this chapter. A declaration under this  
25 subsection shall list the name of the student to be covered under this chapter, the

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1 name and address of the employer that is providing the work training or work  
2 experience for that student, and the title, if any, of the work training, work  
3 experience, or work study program in which the student is participating.

4 **SECTION 15.** 102.077 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 102.077 (2) A school district ~~or~~, private school, or institution of higher  
6 education may revoke a declaration under sub. (1) by providing written notice to the  
7 department in the manner provided in s. 102.31 (2) (a), the student, and the employer  
8 who is providing the work training or work experience for that student. A revocation  
9 under this subsection is effective 30 days after the department receives notice of that  
10 revocation.

11 **SECTION 16.** 102.11 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 102.11 (1) (intro.) The average weekly earnings for temporary disability,  
13 permanent total disability, or death benefits for injury in each calendar year on or  
14 after January 1, 1982, shall be not less than \$30 nor more than the wage rate that  
15 results in a maximum compensation rate of 110 percent of the state's average weekly  
16 earnings as determined under s. 108.05 as of June 30 of the previous year. The  
17 average weekly earnings for permanent partial disability shall be not less than \$30  
18 and, for permanent partial disability for injuries occurring on or after April 17, 2012,  
19 ~~and before January 1, 2013, not more than \$468, resulting in a maximum~~  
20 ~~compensation rate of \$312, and, for permanent partial disability for injuries~~  
21 ~~occurring on or after January 1, 2013, not more than \$483, resulting in a maximum~~  
22 ~~compensation rate of \$322, except as provided in 2011 Wisconsin Act 183, section 30~~  
23 (2) (a) 1 the effective date of this subsection ... [LRB inserts date], and before January  
24 1, 2015, not more than \$506, resulting in a maximum compensation rate of \$337, and,  
25 for permanent partial disability for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2015,

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1 not more than \$528, resulting in a maximum compensation rate of \$352. Between  
2 such limits the average weekly earnings shall be determined as follows:

3 **SECTION 17.** 102.125 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 **102.125 (title) ~~Fraudulent claims~~ Fraud reporting and, investigation,**  
5 **and prosecution.**

6 **SECTION 18.** 102.125 of the statutes is renumbered 102.125 (1) and amended  
7 to read:

8 102.125 (1) FRAUDULENT CLAIMS REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION. If an insurer or  
9 self-insured employer has evidence that a claim is false or fraudulent in violation of  
10 s. 943.395 and if the insurer or self-insured employer is satisfied that reporting the  
11 claim to the department will not impede its ability to defend the claim, the insurer  
12 or self-insured employer shall report the claim to the department. The department  
13 may require an insurer or self-insured employer to investigate an allegedly false or  
14 fraudulent claim and may provide the insurer or self-insured employer with any  
15 records of the department relating to that claim. An insurer or self-insured  
16 employer that investigates a claim under this ~~section~~ subsection shall report on the  
17 results of that investigation to the department.

18 **(3) PROSECUTION.** If based on ~~the~~ an investigation under sub. (1) or (2) the  
19 department has a reasonable basis to believe that a violation of s. 943.20, 943.38,  
20 943.39, 943.392, 943.395, 943.40, or any other criminal law has occurred, the  
21 department shall refer the results of the investigation to the department of justice  
22 or to the district attorney of the county in which the alleged violation occurred for  
23 prosecution.

24 **SECTION 19.** 102.125 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

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1           102.125 (2) ASSISTANCE BY DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. The department of workforce  
2 development may request the department of justice to assist the department of  
3 workforce development in an investigation under sub. (1) or in the investigation of  
4 any other suspected fraudulent activity on the part of an employer, employee,  
5 insurer, health care provider, or other person related to worker's compensation.

6           **SECTION 20.** 102.13 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

7           102.13 (2) (b) A physician, chiropractor, podiatrist, psychologist, dentist,  
8 physician assistant, advanced practice nurse prescriber, hospital, or health service  
9 provider shall furnish a legible, certified duplicate of the written material requested  
10 under par. (a) in paper format upon payment of the actual costs of preparing the  
11 certified duplicate, not to exceed the greater of 45 cents per page or \$7.50 per request,  
12 plus the actual costs of postage, or shall furnish a legible, certified duplicate of that  
13 material in electronic format upon payment of \$26 per request. Any person who  
14 refuses to provide certified duplicates of written material in the person's custody that  
15 is requested under par. (a) shall be liable for reasonable and necessary costs and,  
16 notwithstanding s. 814.04 (1), reasonable attorney fees incurred in enforcing the  
17 requester's right to the duplicates under par. (a).

18           **SECTION 21.** 102.13 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

19           102.13 (2) (c) Except as provided in this paragraph, if an injured employee has  
20 a period of temporary disability that exceeds 3 weeks or a permanent disability, if the  
21 injured employee has undergone surgery to treat his or her injury, other than surgery  
22 to correct a hernia, or if the injured employee sustained an eye injury requiring  
23 medical treatment on 3 or more occasions off the employer's premises, the  
24 department may by rule require the insurer or self-insured employer to submit to  
25 the department a final report of the employee's treating practitioner. The

**BILL****SECTION 21**

1 department may not require an insurer or self-insured employer to submit to the  
2 department a final report of an employee's treating practitioner when the insurer or  
3 self-insured employer denies the employee's claim for compensation in its entirety  
4 and the employee does not contest that denial. A treating practitioner may charge  
5 a reasonable fee for the completion of the final report, but may not require  
6 prepayment of that fee. An Subject to s. 102.16 (2) (i), an insurer or self-insured  
7 employer that disputes the reasonableness of a fee charged for the completion of a  
8 treatment practitioner's final report may submit that dispute to the department for  
9 resolution under s. 102.16 (2).

10 **SECTION 22.** 102.16 (1m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 102.16 (1m) (a) If an insurer or self-insured employer concedes by compromise  
12 under sub. (1) or stipulation under s. 102.18 (1) (a) that the insurer or self-insured  
13 employer is liable under this chapter for any health services provided to an injured  
14 employee by a health service provider, but disputes the reasonableness of the fee  
15 charged by the health service provider, the department may include in its order  
16 confirming the compromise or stipulation a determination as to the reasonableness  
17 of the fee or the department may notify, or direct the insurer or self-insured employer  
18 to notify, the health service provider under sub. (2) (b) that the reasonableness of the  
19 fee is in dispute. The department shall deny payment of a health service fee that the  
20 department determines under this paragraph to be unreasonable. A health service  
21 provider and an insurer or self-insured employer that are parties to a fee dispute  
22 under this paragraph are bound by the department's determination under this  
23 paragraph on the reasonableness of the disputed fee, unless that determination is  
24 set aside, reversed, or modified by the department under sub. (2) (f) or is set aside  
25 on judicial review as provided in sub. (2) (f). This paragraph does not apply to a



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1 health service provided to an injured employee beginning on the date on which the  
2 notice under s. 102.423 (1) (a) is published in the Wisconsin Administrative Register.

3 **SECTION 23.** 102.16 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 102.16 (2) (d) The department shall analyze the information provided to the  
5 department under par. (c) according to the criteria provided in this paragraph to  
6 determine the reasonableness of the disputed fee. ~~Except as provided in 2011~~  
7 ~~Wisconsin Act 183, section 30 (2) (b), the~~ The department shall determine that a  
8 disputed fee is reasonable and order that the disputed fee be paid if that fee is at or  
9 below the mean fee for the health service procedure for which the disputed fee was  
10 charged, plus ~~1.2~~ 0.7 standard deviations from that mean, as shown by data from a  
11 database that is certified by the department under par. (h). ~~Except as provided in~~  
12 ~~2011 Wisconsin Act 183, section 30 (2) (b), the~~ The department shall determine that  
13 a disputed fee is unreasonable and order that a reasonable fee be paid if the disputed  
14 fee is above the mean fee for the health service procedure for which the disputed fee  
15 was charged, plus ~~1.2~~ 0.7 standard deviations from that mean, as shown by data from  
16 a database that is certified by the department under par. (h), unless the health  
17 service provider proves to the satisfaction of the department that a higher fee is  
18 justified because the service provided in the disputed case was more difficult or more  
19 complicated to provide than in the usual case.

20 **SECTION 24.** 102.16 (2) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

21 102.16 (2) (i) This subsection does not apply to a health service provided to an  
22 injured employee beginning on the date on which the notice under s. 102.423 (1) (a)  
23 is published in the Wisconsin Administrative Register.

24 **SECTION 25.** 102.17 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

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1           102.17 (1) (a) 3. If a party in interest claims that the employer or insurer has  
2 acted with malice or bad faith as described in s. 102.18 (1) (b) 3. or (bp), that party  
3 shall provide written notice stating with reasonable specificity the basis for the claim  
4 to the employer, the insurer, and the department before the department schedules  
5 a hearing on the claim of malice or bad faith.

6           **SECTION 26.** 102.17 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

7           102.17 (4) Except as provided in this subsection and s. 102.555 (12) (b), in the  
8 case of occupational disease, the right of an employee, the employee's legal  
9 representative, or a dependent to proceed under this section shall not extend beyond  
10 12 years after the date of the injury or death or after the date that compensation,  
11 other than for treatment or burial expenses, was last paid, or would have been last  
12 payable if no advancement were made, whichever date is latest, and in the case of  
13 traumatic injury, that right shall not extend beyond 9 years after that date. In the  
14 case of occupational disease; a traumatic injury resulting in the loss or total  
15 impairment of a hand or any part of the rest of the arm proximal to the hand or of  
16 a foot or any part of the rest of the leg proximal to the foot, any loss of vision, or any  
17 permanent brain injury; or a traumatic injury causing the need for an artificial  
18 spinal disc or a total or partial knee or hip replacement, there shall be no statute of  
19 limitations, except that benefits or treatment expense for an occupational disease  
20 becoming due 12 years after the date of injury or death or last payment of  
21 compensation, other than for treatment or burial expenses, shall be paid from the  
22 work injury supplemental benefit fund under s. 102.65 and in the manner provided  
23 in s. 102.66 and benefits or treatment expense for such a traumatic injury becoming  
24 due ~~12~~ 9 years after that date shall be paid from that fund and in that manner if the  
25 date of injury or death or last payment of compensation, other than for treatment or

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1 burial expenses, is before April 1, 2006. Payment of wages by the employer during  
2 disability or absence from work to obtain treatment shall be considered payment of  
3 compensation for the purpose of this section if the employer knew of the employee's  
4 condition and its alleged relation to the employment.

5 **SECTION 27.** 102.18 (1) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 102.18 (1) (b) 1. and  
6 amended to read:

7 102.18 (1) (b) 1. Within 90 days after the final hearing and close of the record,  
8 the department shall make and file its findings upon the ultimate facts involved in  
9 the controversy, and its order, which shall state its determination as to the rights of  
10 the parties. Pending the final determination of any controversy before it, the  
11 department may in its discretion after any hearing make interlocutory findings,  
12 orders, and awards, which may be enforced in the same manner as final awards.

13 2. The department may include in any interlocutory or final award or order an  
14 order directing the employer or insurer to pay for any future treatment that may be  
15 necessary to cure and relieve the employee from the effects of the injury or to pay for  
16 a future course of instruction or other rehabilitation training services provided  
17 under a rehabilitation training program developed under s. 102.61 (1) or (1m).

18 3. If the department finds that the employer or insurer has not paid any amount  
19 that the employer or insurer was directed to pay in any interlocutory order or award  
20 and that the nonpayment was not in good faith, the department may include in its  
21 final award a penalty not exceeding 25% 25 percent of each amount that was not paid  
22 as directed.

23 4. When there is a finding that the employee is in fact suffering from an  
24 occupational disease caused by the employment of the employer against whom the  
25 application is filed, a final award dismissing the application upon the ground that

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1 the applicant has suffered no disability from the disease shall not bar any claim the  
2 employee may ~~thereafter~~ have after the date of the award for disability sustained  
3 after the that date of the award.

4 **SECTION 28.** 102.18 (1) (bg) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

5 102.18 (1) (bg) 1. If the department finds under par. (b) that an insurer or  
6 self-insured employer is liable under this chapter for any health services provided  
7 to an injured employee by a health service provider, but that the reasonableness of  
8 the fee charged by the health service provider is in dispute, the department may  
9 include in its order under par. (b) a determination as to the reasonableness of the fee  
10 or the department may notify, or direct the insurer or self-insured employer to notify,  
11 the health service provider under s. 102.16 (2) (b) that the reasonableness of the fee  
12 is in dispute. The department shall deny payment of a health service fee that the  
13 department determines under this subdivision to be unreasonable. An insurer or  
14 self-insured employer and a health service provider that are parties to a fee dispute  
15 under this subdivision are bound by the department's determination under this  
16 subdivision on the reasonableness of the disputed fee, unless that determination is  
17 set aside, reversed, or modified by the department under sub. (3) or by the  
18 commission under sub. (3) or (4) or is set aside on judicial review under s. 102.23.  
19 This subdivision does not apply to a health service provided to an injured employee  
20 beginning on the date on which the notice under s. 102.423 (1) (a) is published in the  
21 Wisconsin Administrative Register.

22 **SECTION 29.** 102.18 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 102.18 (3) A party in interest may petition the commission for review of an  
24 examiner's decision awarding or denying compensation if the ~~department or~~  
25 commission receives the petition within 21 days after the department mailed a copy

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1 of the examiner's findings and order to the party's last-known address. The  
2 commission shall dismiss a petition ~~which~~ that is not ~~timely~~ filed within those 21  
3 days unless the petitioner shows ~~probable good cause~~ that the petition was filed late  
4 for a reason for failure to timely file that was beyond the petitioner's control. If no  
5 petition is filed within those 21 days ~~from the date that a copy of the findings or order~~  
6 ~~of the examiner is mailed to the last-known address of the parties in interest, the~~  
7 findings or order shall be considered final unless set aside, reversed, or modified by  
8 the examiner within that time. If the findings or order are set aside by the examiner,  
9 the status shall be the same as prior to the setting aside of the findings or order ~~set~~  
10 ~~aside~~. If the findings or order are reversed or modified by the examiner, the time for  
11 filing a petition commences ~~with~~ on the date that notice of the reversal or  
12 modification is mailed to the last-known address of the parties in interest. The  
13 commission shall either affirm, reverse, set aside, or modify the findings or order in  
14 whole or in part, or direct the taking of additional evidence. ~~This~~ The commission's  
15 action shall be based on a review of the evidence submitted.

16 **SECTION 30.** 102.18 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 102.18 (4) (b) Within 28 days after the date of a decision of the commission is  
18 ~~mailed to the last-known address of each party in interest, the commission may, on~~  
19 its own motion, set aside the decision for further consideration.

20 **SECTION 31.** 102.21 of the statutes is amended to read:

21 **102.21 Payment of awards by municipalities.** ~~Whenever~~ When an award  
22 is made by the department under this chapter or s. 66.191, 1981 stats., against any  
23 ~~municipality~~ local governmental unit, the person in whose favor it the award is made  
24 shall file a certified copy ~~thereof~~ of the award with the ~~municipal~~ local clerk of the local  
25 governmental unit. Within 20 days ~~thereafter, unless an appeal is taken, such~~ after

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1 the filing of the award, the clerk shall draw an order on the municipal treasurer of  
2 the local governmental unit for the payment of the award, unless an appeal is taken.

3 If upon appeal ~~such~~ the award is affirmed in whole or in part, the order for payment  
4 shall be drawn within 10 days after a certified copy of ~~such~~ the judgment on appeal  
5 is filed with the proper clerk. If more than one payment is provided for in the award  
6 or judgment, orders shall be drawn as the payments become due. No statute relating  
7 to the filing of claims against, ~~and or~~ the auditing, allowing ~~and, or~~ payment of claims  
8 by ~~municipalities, local governmental units~~ shall apply to the payment of an award  
9 or judgment under this section.

10 **SECTION 32.** 102.23 (1) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 102.23 (1) (a) 1. and  
11 amended to read:

12 102.23 (1) (a) 1. The findings of fact made by the commission acting within its  
13 powers shall, in the absence of fraud, be conclusive. The order or award granting or  
14 denying compensation, either interlocutory or final, whether judgment has been  
15 rendered on it or not, is subject to review only as provided in this section and not  
16 under ch. 227 or s. 801.02. The commission shall identify in the order or award the  
17 persons that must be made parties to an action for the review of the order or award.

18 2. Within 30 days after the date of an order or award made by the commission  
19 ~~either originally or after the filing of a petition for review with the department under~~  
20 ~~s. 102.18,~~ any party aggrieved thereby by the order or award may commence an  
21 action in circuit court for the review of the order or award by serving a complaint as  
22 provided in par. (b) and filing the summons and complaint with the clerk of the circuit  
23 court ~~commence, in circuit court, an action against the commission for the review of~~  
24 ~~the order or award, in which action the adverse party shall also be made a defendant.~~  
25 The summons and complaint shall name the party commencing the action as the

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1 plaintiff and shall name as defendants the commission and all persons identified by  
2 the commission under subd. 1. If the circuit court determines that any other person  
3 is necessary for the proper resolution of the action, the circuit court may join that  
4 person as a party to the action, unless joinder of the person would unduly delay the  
5 resolution of the action. If the circuit court is satisfied that a party in interest has  
6 been prejudiced because of an exceptional delay in the receipt of a copy of any finding  
7 or order, ~~it~~ the circuit court may extend the time ~~in~~ within which an action may be  
8 commenced by an additional 30 days.

9 3. The proceedings shall be in the circuit court of the county where the plaintiff  
10 resides, except that if the plaintiff is a state agency, the proceedings shall be in the  
11 circuit court of the county where the defendant resides. The proceedings may be  
12 brought in any circuit court if all parties stipulate and that court agrees.

13 **SECTION 33.** 102.23 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 102.23 (1) (c) ~~Except as provided in par. (cm), the~~ The commission shall serve  
15 its answer within 20 days after the service of the complaint, ~~and, within the like time,~~  
16 ~~the adverse party.~~ Except as provided in par. (cm), any other defendant may serve  
17 an answer to the complaint within 20 days after the service of the complaint, which  
18 answer may, by way of counterclaim or cross complaint, ask for the review of the  
19 order or award referred to in the complaint, with the same effect as if the ~~party~~  
20 defendant had commenced a separate action for the review ~~thereof of the order or~~  
21 award.

22 **SECTION 34.** 102.23 (1) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 102.23 (1) (cm) ~~If an adverse party to the proceeding~~ a defendant in an action  
24 brought under par. (a) is an insurance company, the insurance company may serve  
25 an answer to the complaint within 45 days after the service of the complaint.

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1           **SECTION 35.** 102.28 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

2           102.28 (2) (a) *Duty to insure payment for compensation.* Unless exempted by  
3 ~~the department~~ under par. (b) or (bm) or sub. (3), every employer, as described in s.  
4 102.04 (1), shall insure payment for ~~that~~ compensation under this chapter in an  
5 insurer authorized to do business in this state. A joint venture may elect to be an  
6 employer under this chapter and obtain insurance for payment of compensation. If  
7 a joint venture that is subject to this chapter only because the joint venture elected  
8 to be an employer under this chapter is dissolved and cancels or terminates its  
9 contract for the insurance of compensation under this chapter, that joint venture is  
10 deemed to have effected withdrawal, which shall be effective on the day after the  
11 contract is canceled or terminated.

12           **SECTION 36.** 102.28 (2) (b) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

13           102.28 (2) (b) (title) *Exemption from duty to insure; employers generally.*

14           **SECTION 37.** 102.28 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

15           102.28 (2) (bm) *Exemption from duty to insure; governmental employers.* 1.  
16 Subject to subds. 2. to 4., if the state or a local governmental unit that has  
17 independent taxing authority is not partially insured or fully insured for its liability  
18 for the payment of compensation under this chapter, or to the extent that the state  
19 or a local governmental unit that has independent taxing authority is not partially  
20 insured for that liability under one or more contracts issued with the consent of the  
21 department under s. 102.31 (1) (b), and if the state or local governmental unit agrees  
22 to report faithfully all compensable injuries and to comply with this chapter and all  
23 rules of the department, the state or local governmental unit may elect to self-insure  
24 that liability without further order of the department.



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1           2. Notwithstanding the absence of an order of exemption from the duty to  
2 insure under par. (a), the state or a local governmental unit that elects to self-insure  
3 as provided in subd. 1. is exempt from that duty. Notwithstanding that exemption,  
4 if the state or a local governmental unit that elects to self-insure as provided in subd.  
5 1. desires partial insurance or divided insurance, the state or local governmental  
6 unit shall obtain the consent of the department under s. 102.31 (1) (b) to the issuance  
7 of a contract providing such insurance.

8           3. a. A local governmental unit that elects to self-insure its liability for the  
9 payment of compensation under this chapter shall notify the department of that  
10 election in writing before commencing to self-insure that liability and shall notify  
11 the department of its intent to continue to self-insure that liability every 3 years  
12 after that initial notice. A local government unit that wishes to withdraw that  
13 election shall notify the department of that withdrawal not less than 30 days before  
14 the effective date of that withdrawal.

15           b. A notice under subd. 3. a. shall be accompanied by a resolution adopted by  
16 the governing body of the local governmental unit and signed by the elected or  
17 appointed chief executive of the local governmental unit stating that the governing  
18 body intends and agrees to self-insure the liability of the local governmental unit for  
19 the payment of compensation under this chapter and that the local government unit  
20 agrees to report faithfully all compensable injuries and to comply with this chapter  
21 and all rules of the department.

22           4. An election to self-insure under subd. 1. is subject to revocation under par.  
23 (c) 2. Once such an election is revoked, the employer whose election is revoked may  
24 not elect to self-insure its liability for the payment of compensation under this  
25 chapter unless at least 3 calendar years have elapsed since the revocation and the

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1 department finds that the employer's financial condition is adequate to pay its  
2 employees' claims for compensation, that the employer has not received an excessive  
3 number of claims for compensation, and that the employer has faithfully discharged  
4 its obligations under this chapter and the rules of the department.

5 **SECTION 38.** 102.28 (2) (c) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 102.28 (2) (c) (title) *Revocation of exemption or election.*

7 **SECTION 39.** 102.28 (2) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 102.28 (2) (c) 1. and  
8 amended to read:

9 102.28 (2) (c) 1. The department, after seeking the advice of the self-insurers  
10 council, may revoke an exemption granted to an employer under par. (b), upon giving  
11 the employer 10 days' written notice, if the department finds that the employer's  
12 financial condition is inadequate to pay its employees' claims for compensation, that  
13 the employer has received an excessive number of claims for compensation, or that  
14 the employer has failed to discharge faithfully its obligations according to the  
15 agreement contained in the application for exemption. ~~The employer may, within~~

16 3. Within 10 days after receipt of the a notice of revocation, under subd. 1. or  
17 2., the employer may request in writing a review of the revocation by the secretary  
18 or the secretary's designee and the secretary or the secretary's designee shall review  
19 the revocation within 30 days after receipt of the request for review. If the employer  
20 is aggrieved by the determination of the secretary or the secretary's designee, the  
21 employer may, within 10 days after receipt of notice of that determination, request  
22 a hearing under s. 102.17. If the secretary or the secretary's designee determines  
23 that the employer's exemption or election should be revoked, the employer shall  
24 obtain insurance coverage as required under par. (a) immediately upon receipt of  
25 notice of that determination and, notwithstanding the pendency of proceedings

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1 under ss. 102.17 to 102.25, shall keep that coverage in force until another exemption  
2 under par. (b) is granted or another election under par. (bm) is made.

3 **SECTION 40.** 102.28 (2) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

4 102.28 (2) (c) 2. The department may revoke an election made by an employer  
5 under par. (bm), upon giving the employer 10 days' written notice, if the department  
6 finds that the employer's financial condition is inadequate to pay its employees'  
7 claims for compensation, that the employer has received an excessive number of  
8 claims for compensation, or that the employer has failed to discharge faithfully its  
9 obligations under this chapter and the rules of the department.

10 **SECTION 41.** 102.28 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 102.28 (2) (d) *Effect of insuring with unauthorized insurer.* ~~An employer who~~  
12 ~~procures an exemption under par. (b) and thereafter~~ If an employer that is exempted  
13 under par. (b) or (bm) from the duty to insure under par. (a) enters into any agreement  
14 for excess insurance coverage with an insurer not authorized to do business in this  
15 state, the employer shall report that agreement to the department immediately. The  
16 placing of such coverage shall not by itself be grounds for revocation of the exemption.

17 **SECTION 42.** 102.28 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

18 102.28 (7) (a) If an employer who is currently or was formerly exempted by  
19 written order of the department under sub. (2) (b) is unable to pay an award,  
20 judgment is rendered in accordance with s. 102.20 against that employer, and  
21 execution is levied and returned unsatisfied in whole or in part, payments for the  
22 employer's liability shall be made from the fund established under sub. (8). If a  
23 currently or formerly exempted employer files for bankruptcy and not less than 60  
24 days after that filing the department has reason to believe that compensation  
25 payments due are not being paid, the department in its discretion may make

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1 payment for the employer's liability from the fund established under sub. (8). The  
2 secretary of administration shall proceed to recover ~~such~~ those payments from the  
3 employer or the employer's receiver or trustee in bankruptcy, and may commence an  
4 action or proceeding or file a claim ~~therefor~~ for those payments. The attorney general  
5 shall appear on behalf of the secretary of administration in any such action or  
6 proceeding. All moneys recovered in any such action or proceeding shall be paid into  
7 the fund established under sub. (8).

8 **SECTION 43.** 102.28 (7) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 102.28 (7) (b) 1. and  
9 amended to read:

10 102.28 (7) (b) 1. Each employer exempted by written order of the department  
11 under sub. (2) (b) shall pay into the fund established by sub. (8) ~~a sum equal to that~~  
12 ~~assessed against each of the other such exempt employers upon the issuance of an~~  
13 ~~initial order. The order~~ an initial assessment based on orders of the department as  
14 provided in subd. 2. An order of the department requiring exempt employers to pay  
15 into that fund shall provide for ~~a sum~~ an amount that is sufficient to secure  
16 estimated payments of ~~the~~ an insolvent exempt employer due for the period up to the  
17 date of the order and for one year following the date of the order and to pay the  
18 estimated cost of insurance carrier or insurance service organization services under  
19 par. (c). Payments ordered to be made to the fund shall be paid to the department  
20 within 30 days after the date of the order. If additional moneys are required, further  
21 assessments shall be made based on orders of the department ~~with~~ as provided under  
22 subd. 2.

23 2. An initial or further assessment under subd. 1. shall be prorated on the basis  
24 of the gross payroll for this state of the exempt employer, as reported to the  
25 department for the previous calendar year for unemployment insurance purposes

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1 under ch. 108. ~~If the~~ or, if an exempt employer is not covered under ch. 108, then the  
2 department shall determine on the basis of the comparable gross payroll for the  
3 exempt employer as determined by the department. If payment of any assessment  
4 made under ~~this subsection~~ subd. 1. is not made within 30 days of after the date of  
5 the order of the department, the attorney general may appear on behalf of the state  
6 to collect the assessment.

7 **SECTION 44.** 102.28 (7) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

8 102.28 (7) (bm) The department may not do any of the following:

9 1. Require an employer that elects under sub. (2) (bm) to self-insure its liability  
10 for the payment of compensation under this chapter to pay into the fund established  
11 under sub. (8).

12 2. Make any payments from the fund established under sub. (8) for the liability  
13 under this chapter of an employer that elects under sub. (2) (bm) to self-insure its  
14 liability for the payment of compensation under this chapter, whether currently or  
15 formerly exempt from the duty to insure under sub. (2) (a).

16 **SECTION 45.** 102.29 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

17 102.29 (1) (b) 2. Out of the balance remaining after the deduction and payment  
18 specified in subd. 1., the employer, the insurance carrier, or, if applicable, the  
19 uninsured employers fund or the work injury supplemental benefit fund shall be  
20 reimbursed for all payments made by the employer, insurance carrier, or  
21 department, or which the employer, insurance carrier, or department may be  
22 obligated to make in the future, under this chapter, except that the employer,  
23 insurance carrier, or department shall not be reimbursed for any payments made or  
24 to be made under s. 102.18 (1) (b) 3. or (bp), 102.22, 102.35 (3), 102.57, or 102.60.

25 **SECTION 46.** 102.29 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1           102.29 (8) No student of a public school, ~~as described in s. 115.01 (1), or a private~~  
2 school, ~~as defined in s. 115.001 (3r), or an institution of higher education~~ who is  
3 named under s. 102.077 as an employee of the school district ~~or, private school, or~~  
4 institution of higher education for purposes of this chapter and who makes a claim  
5 for compensation under this chapter may make a claim or maintain an action in tort  
6 against the employer that provided the work training or work experience from which  
7 the claim arose.

8           **SECTION 47.** 102.31 (2) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

9           102.31 (2) (b) 2. Regardless of whether the notices required under par. (a) have  
10 been given, a cancellation or termination is effective upon the effective date of  
11 replacement insurance coverage obtained by the employer ~~or, of an order under s.~~  
12 102.28 (2) (b) exempting the employer from carrying the duty to carry insurance  
13 under s. 102.28 (2) (a), or of an election by an employer under s. 102.28 (2) (bm) to  
14 self-insure its liability for the payment of compensation under this chapter.

15           **SECTION 48.** 102.315 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

16           102.315 (2) **EMPLOYEE LEASING COMPANY LIABLE.** An employee leasing company  
17 is liable under s. 102.03 for all compensation payable under this chapter to a leased  
18 employee, including any payments required under s. 102.16 (3), 102.18 (1) (b) ~~3.~~ or  
19 (bp), 102.22 (1), 102.35 (3), 102.57, or 102.60. Except as permitted under s. 102.29,  
20 an employee leasing company may not seek or receive reimbursement from another  
21 employer for any payments made as a result of that liability. An employee leasing  
22 company is not liable under s. 102.03 for any compensation payable under this  
23 chapter to an employee of a client who is not a leased employee.

24           **SECTION 49.** 102.423 of the statutes is created to read:

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1           **102.423 Health service fee schedule. (1) ESTABLISHMENT OF SCHEDULE. (a)**  
2       By July 1, 2015, the department shall establish a schedule of the maximum fees that  
3       a health care provider may charge an employer or insurer for health services  
4       provided to an injured employee who claims benefits under this chapter. When that  
5       schedule is established, the department shall notify the legislative reference bureau  
6       and the legislative reference bureau shall publish that notice in the Wisconsin  
7       Administrative Register. In determining those maximum fees, the department  
8       shall divide the state into 5 regions based on geographical and economical similarity,  
9       including similarity in the cost of health services, and, for each region, shall do all  
10      of the following:

11           1. Determine the average payment made by group health benefit plans, as  
12      defined in s. 632.745 (9), group health plans, as defined in s. 632.745 (10), and  
13      self-insured health plans, as defined in s. 632.745 (24), and the average copayment,  
14      coinsurance, and deductible payment made by persons covered under those plans,  
15      for each health service included in the schedule based on health service payment  
16      data obtained from the Wisconsin Health Information Organization, the Workers  
17      Compensation Research Institute, health insurers and health plan sponsors, the  
18      group health insurance plan under subch. IV of ch. 40, and other sources determined  
19      by the department to be credible.

20           2. Set the maximum fee for each health service included in the schedule at 110  
21      percent of the sum of the average payment for that service and the average  
22      copayment, coinsurance, and deductible payment for that service, as determined  
23      under subd. 1.

24           (b) 1. In this paragraph, “consumer price index” means the average of the  
25      consumer price index for medical care services over each 12-month period for all

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1 urban consumers, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics  
2 of the federal department of labor.

3 2. On each July 1, beginning on July 1, 2016, the department shall adjust the  
4 maximum fees established under par. (a) by the percentage difference between the  
5 consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the  
6 preceding year and the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on  
7 December 31 of the year before the preceding year.

8 (c) No less often than every 2 years, the department shall obtain health service  
9 payment data from the sources specified in par. (a) 1., redetermine the average  
10 payments specified in par. (a) 1., and revise the maximum fees established under par.  
11 (a) 2. based on that redetermined average.

12 (d) The department may not implement the fee schedule established under par.  
13 (a) or revise that schedule under par. (c) unless the schedule or revised schedule is  
14 approved by the council on worker's compensation.

15 (e) The department shall post a link to the fee schedule established under par.  
16 (a) on the department's Internet site. Notwithstanding s. 227.10 (1), the fee schedule  
17 need not be promulgated as a rule.

18 **(2) LIABILITY OF EMPLOYER OR INSURER.** The liability of an employer or insurer  
19 for a health service included in the fee schedule established under sub. (1) (a) is  
20 limited to the maximum fee allowed under the schedule for that health service as of  
21 the date on which the health service was provided, any fee agreed to by contract  
22 between the employer or insurer and health care provider for that health service as  
23 of that date, or the health care provider's actual fee for the health service as of that  
24 date, whichever is less. A health care provider that provides health services to an  
25 injured employee under this chapter may not collect, or bring an action to collect,



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1 from the injured employee any charge that is in excess of the liability of the employer  
2 or insurer under this subsection. This subsection first applies to a health service  
3 provided to an injured employee on the date on which the notice under sub. (1) (a)  
4 is published in the Wisconsin Administrative Register.

5 (3) RULES. The department shall promulgate rules to implement this section.

6 **SECTION 50.** 102.425 (3) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

7 102.425 (3) (am) 1. Subject to subd. 2., if a prescription drug dispensed under  
8 sub. (2) (a) for outpatient use by an injured employee is a repackaged prescription  
9 drug, the liability of an employer or insurer for the cost of the repackaged  
10 prescription drug is limited to the average wholesale price, as determined under par.  
11 (a) 1., of the prescription drug set by the original manufacturer of the prescription  
12 drug, plus any dispensing fee that may be payable under par. (a) 2. and any taxes that  
13 may be applicable under par. (a) 3., except that if the national drug code number of  
14 the prescription drug as packaged by the original manufacturer of the prescription  
15 drug cannot be determined from the billing statement under par. (c), that liability  
16 is limited to the average wholesale price, as determined under par. (a) 1., of the  
17 lowest-priced drug product equivalent, plus any dispensing fee under par. (a) 2. and  
18 any taxes under par. (a) 3. that would be payable for the drug product equivalent.

19 2. Subdivision 1. does not apply to a repackaged prescription drug dispensed  
20 from a retail, mail-order, or institutional pharmacy.

21 **SECTION 51.** 102.425 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 102.425 (3) (b) In addition to the liability under par. (a) or (am), whichever is  
23 applicable, an employer or insurer is also liable for reimbursement to an injured  
24 employee for all out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the injured employee in  
25 obtaining the prescription drug dispensed.

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1           **SECTION 52.** 102.425 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

2           102.425 (4) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a pharmacist or practitioner who  
3 dispenses a prescription drug under sub. (2) to an injured employee may not collect,  
4 or bring an action to collect, from the injured employee any charge that is in excess  
5 of the liability of the injured employee under sub. (2) (c) 2. or the liability of the  
6 employer or insurer under sub. (3) (a) or (am), whichever is applicable.

7           **SECTION 53.** 102.425 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8           102.425 (4) (b) If an employer or insurer denies or disputes liability for the cost  
9 of a drug prescribed to an injured employee under sub. (2), the pharmacist or  
10 practitioner who dispensed the drug may collect, or bring an action to collect, from  
11 the injured employee the cost of the prescription drug dispensed, subject to the  
12 limitations specified in sub. (3) (a) or (am), whichever is applicable. If an employer  
13 or insurer concedes liability for the cost of a drug prescribed to an injured employee  
14 under sub. (2), but disputes the reasonableness of the amount charged for the  
15 prescription drug, the employer or insurer shall provide notice under sub. (4m) (b)  
16 to the pharmacist or practitioner that the reasonableness of the amount charged is  
17 in dispute and the pharmacist or practitioner who dispensed the drug may not  
18 collect, or bring an action to collect, from the injured employee the cost of the  
19 prescription drug dispensed after receiving that notice.

20           **SECTION 54.** 102.425 (4m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

21           102.425 (4m) (b) An employer or insurer that disputes the reasonableness of  
22 the amount charged for a prescription drug dispensed under sub. (2) for outpatient  
23 use by an injured employee or the department under sub. (4) (b) or s. 102.16 (1m) (c)  
24 or 102.18 (1) (bg) 3. shall provide, within 30 days after receiving a completed bill for  
25 the prescription drug, reasonable written notice to the pharmacist or practitioner

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1 that the charge is being disputed. After receiving reasonable written notice under  
2 this paragraph or under sub. (4) (b) or s. 102.16 (1m) (c) or 102.18 (1) (bg) ~~1. 3.~~ that  
3 a prescription drug charge is being disputed, a pharmacist or practitioner may not  
4 collect the disputed charge from, or bring an action for collection of the disputed  
5 charge against, the employee who received the prescription drug.

6 **SECTION 55.** 102.43 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 102.43 (5) (c) Compensation for temporary disability on account of receiving  
8 instruction under s. 102.61 (1) or (1m) shall not be reduced under sub. (2) on account  
9 of any wages earned for the first 24 hours worked by an employee during a week in  
10 which the employee is receiving that instruction. If an employee performs more than  
11 24 hours of work during a week in which the employee is receiving that instruction,  
12 all wages earned for hours worked in excess of 24 during that week shall be offset  
13 against the employee's average weekly wage in calculating compensation for  
14 temporary disability under sub. (2). An employee who is receiving compensation for  
15 temporary disability on account of receiving instruction under s. 102.61 (1) or (1m)  
16 shall report any wages earned during the period in which the employee is receiving  
17 that instruction to the insurance carrier or self-insured employer paying that  
18 compensation. This paragraph does not apply after April 30, 2014 2016.

19 **SECTION 56.** 102.44 (1) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 102.44 (1) (ag) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, every  
21 employee who is receiving compensation under this chapter for permanent total  
22 disability or continuous temporary total disability more than 24 months after the  
23 date of injury resulting from an injury that occurred prior to January 1, 2001 2003,  
24 shall receive supplemental benefits that shall be payable ~~in the first instance~~ by the  
25 employer or, subject to par. (c), by the employer's insurance carrier, or in the case of

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1 benefits payable to an employee under s. 102.66, shall be paid by the department out  
2 of the fund created under s. 102.65. Those supplemental benefits shall be paid only  
3 for weeks of disability occurring after January 1, 2003 2005, and shall continue  
4 during the period of such total disability subsequent to that date.

5 **SECTION 57.** 102.44 (1) (ag) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act  
6 .... (this act), is amended to read:

7 102.44 (1) (ag) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, every  
8 employee who is receiving compensation under this chapter for permanent total  
9 disability or continuous temporary total disability more than 24 months after the  
10 date of injury resulting from an injury that occurred prior to January 1, 2003, shall  
11 receive supplemental benefits that shall be payable by the employer or, ~~subject to par-~~  
12 ~~(e),~~ by the employer's insurance carrier, or in the case of benefits payable to an  
13 employee under s. 102.66, shall be paid by the department out of the fund created  
14 under s. 102.65. Those supplemental benefits shall be paid only for weeks of  
15 disability occurring after January 1, 2005, and shall continue during the period of  
16 such total disability subsequent to that date.

17 **SECTION 58.** 102.44 (1) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

18 102.44 (1) (am) If the employee is receiving the maximum weekly benefits in  
19 effect at the time of the injury, the supplemental benefit for a week of disability  
20 occurring after ~~May 1, 2010~~ the effective date of this paragraph ... [LRB inserts  
21 date], shall be an amount that, when added to the regular benefit established for the  
22 case, shall equal ~~\$582~~ \$669.

23 **SECTION 59.** 102.44 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

24 102.44 (1) (b) If the employee is receiving a weekly benefit that is less than the  
25 maximum benefit that was in effect on the date of the injury, the supplemental

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1 benefit for a week of disability occurring after ~~May 1, 2010~~ the effective date of this  
2 paragraph ... [LRB inserts date], shall be an amount sufficient to bring the total  
3 weekly benefits to the same proportion of \$582 ~~\$669~~ as the employee's weekly benefit  
4 bears to the maximum in effect on the date of injury.

5 **SECTION 60.** 102.44 (1) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 102.44 (1) (c) 1. and  
6 amended to read:

7 102.44 (1) (c) 1. ~~Subject to any certificate filed under s. 102.65 (4), an employer~~  
8 ~~or~~ An insurance carrier paying the supplemental benefits required under this  
9 subsection shall be entitled to reimbursement for each such case from the ~~fund~~  
10 ~~established by s. 102.65~~ worker's compensation operations fund, commencing one  
11 year after the date of the first payment of those benefits and annually thereafter  
12 while those payments continue. To receive reimbursement under this paragraph, an  
13 ~~employer or~~ insurance carrier must file a claim for that reimbursement with the  
14 department by no later than 12 months after the end of the year in which the  
15 supplemental benefits were paid and the claim must be approved by the department.

16 **SECTION 61.** 102.44 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

17 102.44 (1) (c) 2. After the expiration of the deadline for filing a claim under  
18 subd. 1., the department shall determine the total amount of all claims filed by that  
19 deadline and shall use that total to determine the amount to be collected under s.  
20 102.75 (1g) from each licensed worker's compensation insurance carrier, deposited  
21 in the worker's compensation operations fund, and used to provide reimbursement  
22 to insurance carriers paying supplemental benefits under this subsection. The  
23 department shall pay a claim for reimbursement approved by the department by no  
24 later than 16 months after the end of the year in which the claim was received by the  
25 department.