



2013 SENATE BILL 325

1 **AN ACT** *to repeal* 941.318, 961.14 (4) (te), (th), (tL), (tp), (tr), (tu) and (ty) and
2 961.14 (7) (m) and (n); *to amend* 59.54 (25g), 66.0107 (1) (bn), 961.14 (4)
3 (intro.), 961.14 (7) (intro.), 961.41 (1) (e) (intro.), 961.41 (1) (hm) (intro.), 961.41
4 (1m) (e) (intro.), 961.41 (1m) (hm) (intro.), 961.41 (1r), 961.41 (3g) (d) and 961.41
5 (3g) (em); *to repeal and recreate* 961.14 (4) (tb) and 961.14 (7) (L); and *to*
6 **create** 961.14 (4) (sm), 961.14 (4) (uv), 961.14 (4) (wa), 961.14 (4) (wb), 961.14
7 (4) (wk), 961.14 (4) (wL), 961.14 (4) (wm), 961.14 (4) (wn), 961.14 (4) (wo), 961.14
8 (4) (wp), 961.14 (4) (wq), 961.14 (4) (wr), 961.14 (4) (ws), 961.14 (4) (wv), 961.14
9 (4) (ww), 961.14 (4) (wx), 961.14 (4) (wy), 961.14 (4) (wz), 961.14 (4) (xa), 961.14
10 (4) (xb), 961.14 (7) (mk), 961.14 (7) (mL), 961.14 (7) (mm), 961.14 (7) (mn),
11 961.16 (3) (tb), 961.16 (3) (zt), 961.16 (8) (b), 961.18 (7) (am), 961.18 (7) (az),
12 961.18 (7) (em), 961.20 (2) (ax), 961.20 (2) (q), 961.20 (4) (d), 961.22 (4), 961.22

SENATE BILL 325

1 (5), 961.41 (1) (em) and 961.41 (1m) (em) of the statutes; **relating to:** controlled
2 substances, and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

3 **SECTION 1.** 59.54 (25g) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 59.54 **(25g)** POSSESSION OF A SYNTHETIC CANNABINOID. The board may enact and
5 enforce an ordinance to prohibit the possession of any controlled substance specified
6 in s. 961.14 (4) (tb) ~~to (ty)~~, and provide a forfeiture for a violation of the ordinance,
7 except that any person who is charged with possession of a controlled substance
8 specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb) ~~to (ty)~~ following a conviction for possession of a controlled
9 substance in this state shall not be prosecuted under this subsection. Any ordinance
10 enacted under this subsection applies in every municipality within the county.

11 **SECTION 2.** 66.0107 (1) (bn) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 66.0107 **(1)** (bn) Enact and enforce an ordinance to prohibit the possession of
13 a controlled substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb) ~~to (ty)~~ and provide a forfeiture
14 for a violation of the ordinance, except that any person who is charged with
15 possession of a controlled substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb) ~~to (ty)~~ following a
16 conviction for possession of a controlled substance in this state shall not be
17 prosecuted under this paragraph.

18 **SECTION 3.** 941.318 of the statutes is repealed.

19 **SECTION 4.** 961.14 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 961.14 **(4)** HALLUCINOGENIC SUBSTANCES. (intro.) Any material, compound,
21 mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the following

SENATE BILL 325

1 hallucinogenic substances, including any of their salts, isomers, ~~precursors, analogs,~~
2 esters, ethers, and salts of isomers, esters, or ethers that are theoretically possible
3 within the specific chemical designation, in any form contained in a plant, obtained
4 from a plant, or chemically synthesized:

5 **SECTION 5.** 961.14 (4) (sm) of the statutes is created to read:

6 961.14 (4) (sm) Salvinorin A;

7 **SECTION 6.** 961.14 (4) (tb) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

8 961.14 (4) (tb) Synthetic cannabinoids, including:

9 1. Any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole or
10 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
11 indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
12 cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl,
13 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
14 (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group, whether or not further substituted in the
15 indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any
16 extent. Substances specified under this subdivision include:

17 a. 1-pentyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as
18 JWH-007;

19 b. 1-propyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as
20 JWH-015;

21 c. 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as JWH-018 or
22 AM-678;

23 d. 1-hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as JWH-019;

24 e. 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as JWH-073;

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 6**

- 1 f. 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as
2 JWH-081;
- 3 g. 1-pentyl-2-methyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known
4 as JWH-098;
- 5 h. 1-pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as
6 JWH-122;
- 7 i. 1-pentyl-3-(7-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as
8 JWH-164;
- 9 j. 1-[2-(4-(morpholinyl)ethyl)]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as
10 JWH-200;
- 11 k. 1-pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as JWH-210;
- 12 L. 1-pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as JWH-398;
- 13 m. 1-pentyl-3-(4-fluoro-1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as JWH-412;
- 14 n. 1-[1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly
15 known as AM-1220;
- 16 o. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as AM-2201;
- 17 p. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as
18 MAM-2201;
- 19 q. 1-(5-chloropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as AM-2201
20 (5-chloropentyl);
- 21 r. 1-(5-bromopentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as AM-2201
22 (5-bromopentyl);
- 23 s. 1-(4-cyanobutyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, commonly known as AM-2232;

SENATE BILL 325

1 t.
2 (R)-(+)–[2,3-dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]–1,4-b
3 enzoxazin-6-yl]–1-naphthalenyl-methanone, commonly known as WIN 55,212-2;

4 2. Any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole by
5 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl,
6 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl,
7 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl,
8 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group,
9 whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not
10 substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Substances specified under this
11 subdivision include:

12 a. 1-pentyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole, commonly known as
13 JWH-307;

14 b. 1-pentyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole, commonly known
15 as JWH-370;

16 c. 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole, commonly known as JWH-030;

17 d. 1-hexyl-5-phenyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole, commonly known as JWH-147;

18 3. Any compound structurally derived from 3-naphthylmethylinene by
19 substitution at the 1-position of the indene ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl,
20 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl,
21 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl,
22 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group,
23 whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not
24 substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Substances specified under this

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 6**

1 subdivision include 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene, commonly known as
2 JWH-176;

3 4. Any compound structurally derived from 3-phenylacetylindole by
4 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl,
5 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl,
6 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl,
7 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group,
8 whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not
9 substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Substances specified under this
10 subdivision include:

11 a. 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole, commonly known as
12 JWH-201;

13 b. 1-pentyl-3-(3-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole, commonly known as
14 JWH-302;

15 c. 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole, commonly known as
16 JWH-250;

17 d. 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole, commonly known as JWH-203;

18 e. 1-pentyl-3-(3-chlorophenylacetyl)indole, or 3-chloro isomer of JWH-203;

19 f. 1-pentyl-3-(4-chlorophenylacetyl)indole, or 4-chloro isomer of JWH-203;

20 g. 1-pentyl-3-(2-methylphenylacetyl)indole, commonly known as JWH-251;

21 h. 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole, commonly
22 known as RCS-8;

23 i. 1-[1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl]-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole,
24 commonly known as cannabipiperidiethanone;

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 6**

1 e. 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxybenzoyl)indole, commonly known as RCS-4
2 2-methoxy isomer;

3 f. 1-butyl-3-(2-methoxybenzoyl)indole, a C4 homologue, 2-methoxy isomer
4 of RCS-4;

5 g. 1-[2-(4-(morpholinyl)ethyl)-2-methyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole,
6 commonly known as pravadoline, or WIN 48,098;

7 h.
1-[2-(4-(morpholinyl)ethyl)-2-methyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-6-iodo-indole,
8 commonly known as 6-iodopravadoline, or AM-630;

10 i. 1-[1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl]-3-(2-iodo-5-nitrobenzoyl)indole,
11 commonly known as AM-1241;

12 j. 1-[1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl]-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole,
13 commonly known as AM-2233;

14 7. Any compound structurally derived from 3-adamantoylindole by
15 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl,
16 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl,
17 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl,
18 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group,
19 whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not
20 substituted in the adamantyl ring to any extent. Substances specified under this
21 subdivision include:

22 a. 1-[1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl]-3-(1-adamantoyl)indole,
23 commonly known as AM-1248;

24 b. 1-pentyl-3-(1-adamantoyl)indole, commonly known as AB-001;

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 6**

1 indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the adamantyl ring to any
2 extent. Substances specified under this subdivision include:

3 a. N-(1-adamantyl)-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide, commonly known
4 as 2NE1;

5 b. N-(1-adamantyl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide,
6 commonly known as STS-135;

7 10. Any compound structurally derived from
8 N-adamantyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide by substitution at either nitrogen atom
9 of the indazole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
10 cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl,
11 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
12 (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group, whether or not further substituted in the
13 indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the adamantyl ring to any
14 extent. Substances specified under this subdivision include:

15 a. 1-pentyl-N-(1-adamantyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide, commonly
16 known as AKB48;

17 b. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(1-adamantyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide,
18 commonly known as 5F-AKB48.

19 11. Any compound structurally derived from
20 N-naphthyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide by substitution at either nitrogen atom
21 of the indazole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
22 cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl,
23 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
24 (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group, whether or not further substituted in the

SENATE BILL 325

1 indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any
2 extent.

3 12. [1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl-carbamic acid, cyclohexyl ester, commonly known as
4 URB-602;

5 13.
6 [(6S,6aR,9R,10aR)-9-hydroxy-6-methyl-3-[(2R)-5-phenylpentan-2-yl]oxy-5,6,
7 6a,7,8,9,10,10a-octahydrophenanthridin-1-yl] acetate, commonly known as CP
8 50,556-1;

9 14.
10 (6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,1
11 0a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol, commonly known as HU-210;

12 15.
13 (6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10
14 a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol, commonly known as HU-211;

15 16.
16 3-hydroxy-2-[(1R,6R)-3-methyl-6-(1-methylethenyl)-2-cyclohexen-1-yl]-5-pe
17 ntyl-2,5-cyclohexadiene-1,4-dione, commonly known as HU-331;

18 17.
19 ((6aR,10aR)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo
20 [c]chromen-9-yl)methanol, commonly known as JWH-051;

21 18. (6aR,10aR)-3-(1,1-Dimethylbutyl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydro
22 -6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran, commonly known as JWH-133;

23 19.
24 (6aR,10aR)-1-methoxy-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-[(2R)-1,1,2-trimethylbutyl]-6a,7,10,1
25 0a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromene, commonly known as JWH-359;

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 6**

1 20. Naphthalen-1-yl-(4-pentyloxynaphthalen-1-yl)methanone, commonly
2 known as CB-13;

3 21. N-cyclopropyl-11-(3-hydroxy-5-pentylphenoxy)-undecamide,
4 commonly known as CB-25;

5 22. N-cyclopropyl-11-(2-hexyl-5-hydroxyphenoxy)-undecamide, commonly
6 known as CB-52;

7 23.
8 N-(benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl)-7-methoxy-2-oxo-8-pentyloxy-1,2-dihydroqui
9 noline-3-carboxamide, commonly known as JTE-907;

10 24.
11 N-[3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4,5-dimethyl-1,3-thiazol-2-ylidene]-2,2,3,3-tetramethy
12 lcyclopropane-1-carboxamide, commonly known as A-836,339;

13 25.
14 Anthracen-9-yl{2-methyl-1-[2-(morpholin-4-yl)ethyl]-1H-indol-3-yl}methano
15 ne, commonly known as WIN 56,098;

16 26. 6-methyl-2-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-4H-3,1-benzoxazin-4-one,
17 commonly known as URB-754;

18 27. [3-(3-carbamoylphenyl)phenyl] N-cyclohexylcarbamate, commonly
19 known as URB-597;

20 28.
21 (-)-(R)-3-(2-Hydroxymethylindanyl-4-oxy)phenyl-4,4,4-trifluorobutyl-1-sulfon
22 ate, commonly known as BAY 38-7271.

23 29. Any compound structurally derived from 1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid
24 quinolinyl ester by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl,
25 haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl,

SENATE BILL 325

1 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl,
2 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
3 (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group, whether or not further substituted in the
4 indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the quinoline ring to any
5 extent. Substances specified under this subdivision include:

6 a. 1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl ester, commonly known
7 as PB-22;

8 b. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl ester,
9 commonly known as 5F-PB-22;

10 c. 1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl ester,
11 commonly known as BB-22.

12 30. Any compound structurally derived from
13 N-naphthyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
14 indole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
15 cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl,
16 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
17 (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group, whether or not further substituted in the
18 indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any
19 extent. Substances specified under this subdivision include:

20 a. 1-pentyl-N-(1-naphthyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide, commonly known as
21 NNEI or MN-24;

22 b. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(1-naphthyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide, commonly
23 known as 5F-NNEI or 5F-MN-24.

24 31. Any compound structurally derived from 3-(pyridinoyl)indole by
25 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl,

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 6**

1 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl,
2 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl,
3 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl group,
4 whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not
5 substituted in the pyridine ring to any extent. Substances specified under this
6 subdivision include:

7 a. 1-pentyl-3-(3-pyridinoyl)indole;

8 b. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(3-pyridinoyl)indole.

9 **SECTION 7.** 961.14 (4) (te), (th), (tL), (tp), (tr), (tu) and (ty) of the statutes are
10 repealed.

11 **SECTION 8.** 961.14 (4) (uv) of the statutes is created to read:

12 961.14 (4) (uv) 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-(ethylamino)cyclohexanone,
13 commonly known as methoxetamine.

14 **SECTION 9.** 961.14 (4) (wa) of the statutes is created to read:

15 961.14 (4) (wa) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine, commonly known as
16 DOI.

17 **SECTION 10.** 961.14 (4) (wb) of the statutes is created to read:

18 961.14 (4) (wb) 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine, commonly known as
19 DOC.

20 **SECTION 11.** 961.14 (4) (wk) of the statutes is created to read:

21 961.14 (4) (wk) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylphenethylamine, commonly known as
22 2C-E.

23 **SECTION 12.** 961.14 (4) (wL) of the statutes is created to read:

24 961.14 (4) (wL) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine, commonly known
25 as 2C-D.

SENATE BILL 325

1 **SECTION 13.** 961.14 (4) (wm) of the statutes is created to read:

2 961.14 (4) (wm) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-chlorophenethylamine, commonly known
3 as 2C-C.

4 **SECTION 14.** 961.14 (4) (wn) of the statutes is created to read:

5 961.14 (4) (wn) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylthiophenethylamine, commonly known
6 as 2C-T-2.

7 **SECTION 15.** 961.14 (4) (wo) of the statutes is created to read:

8 961.14 (4) (wo) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-isopropylthiophenethylamine, commonly
9 known as 2C-T-4.

10 **SECTION 16.** 961.14 (4) (wp) of the statutes is created to read:

11 961.14 (4) (wp) 2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine, commonly known as 2C-H.

12 **SECTION 17.** 961.14 (4) (wq) of the statutes is created to read:

13 961.14 (4) (wq) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine, commonly known as
14 2C-N.

15 **SECTION 18.** 961.14 (4) (wr) of the statutes is created to read:

16 961.14 (4) (wr) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenethylamine, commonly
17 known as 2C-P.

18 **SECTION 19.** 961.14 (4) (ws) of the statutes is created to read:

19 961.14 (4) (ws) Any compound structurally derived from
20 N-benzyl-2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine by substitution at the nitrogen
21 atom, or on either ring, with alkyl, alkoxy, alkylendioxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, halide
22 or nitro substituents, or by any combination of these modifications. Substances
23 specified under this paragraph include:

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 19**

1 1.
2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine,
3 commonly known as 25I-NBOMe.

4 2.
2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine,
5 commonly known as 25C-NBOMe.

6 3.
2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine,
7 commonly known as 25B-NBOMe.

8 4. 2-(4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine,
9 commonly known as 25E-NBOMe.

10 **SECTION 20.** 961.14 (4) (wv) of the statutes is created to read:

11 961.14 (4) (wv) N,N-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine, commonly known as
12 5-MeO-DALT.

13 **SECTION 21.** 961.14 (4) (ww) of the statutes is created to read:

14 961.14 (4) (ww) 5-(2-aminopropyl)benzofuran, commonly known as 5-APB.

15 **SECTION 22.** 961.14 (4) (wx) of the statutes is created to read:

16 961.14 (4) (wx) 6-(2-aminopropyl)benzofuran, commonly known as 6-APB.

17 **SECTION 23.** 961.14 (4) (wy) of the statutes is created to read:

18 961.14 (4) (wy) 5-(2-aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, commonly known
19 as 5-APDB.

20 **SECTION 24.** 961.14 (4) (wz) of the statutes is created to read:

21 961.14 (4) (wz) 6-(2-aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, commonly known
22 as 6-APDB.

23 **SECTION 25.** 961.14 (4) (xa) of the statutes is created to read:

SENATE BILL 325

1 961.14 (4) (xa) 5-iodo-2-aminoindane, commonly known as 5-IAI.

2 **SECTION 26.** 961.14 (4) (xb) of the statutes is created to read:

3 961.14 (4) (xb) 4-methoxymethamphetamine, commonly known as PMMA.

4 **SECTION 27.** 961.14 (7) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 961.14 (7) **STIMULANTS.** (intro.) Any material, compound, mixture or
6 preparation which contains any quantity of any of the following substances having
7 a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including any of their ~~precursors,~~
8 ~~analogs,~~ salts, isomers and salts of isomers that are theoretically possible within the
9 specific chemical designation:

10 **SECTION 28.** 961.14 (7) (L) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

11 961.14 (7) (L) *Substituted cathinones.* Any compound, except bupropion or
12 compounds scheduled elsewhere in this chapter, that is structurally derived from
13 2-amino-propan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl,
14 naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified
15 in any of the following ways: by substitution in the ring system to any extent with
16 alkyl, alkoxy, alkylenedioxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or
17 not further substituted in the ring system by one or more other univalent
18 substituents; by substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent; by
19 substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or
20 methoxybenzyl groups; by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic
21 structure; or by any combination of these modifications. Substances specified under
22 this subdivision include:

23 1. Methcathinone.

24 2. Methylenedioxypropylone, commonly known as MDPV.

25 3. 4-methylmethcathinone, commonly known as mephedrone or 4-MMC.

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 28**

- 1 4. 4-methylethcathinone, commonly known as 4-MEC.
- 2 5. 4-methoxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone, commonly known as MOPPP.
- 3 6. 3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone, commonly known
- 4 as MDPMP.
- 5 7. Alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone, commonly known as alpha-PVP.
- 6 8. 2-fluoromethcathinone, commonly known as 2-FMC.
- 7 9. 3-fluoromethcathinone, commonly known as 3-FMC.
- 8 10. 4-fluoromethcathinone, commonly known as 4-FMC or flephedrone.
- 9 11. 3,4-methylenedioxymethcathinone, commonly known as methylone or
- 10 bk-MDMA.
- 11 12. Naphthylpyrovalerone, commonly known as naphyrone.
- 12 13. 4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone, commonly known as MPBP.
- 13 14. 4-methoxymethcathinone, commonly known as methedrone or bk-PMMA.
- 14 15. Ethcathinone.
- 15 16. 3,4-methylenedioxyethcathinone, commonly known as ethylone or
- 16 bk-MDEA.
- 17 17. beta-Keto-N-methylbenzodioxolylbutanamine, commonly known as
- 18 butylone or bk-MBDB.
- 19 18. N,N-dimethylcathinone, commonly known as metamfepramone.
- 20 19. Alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone, commonly known as alpha-PPP.
- 21 20. 3-methoxymethcathinone, commonly known as 3-MMC.
- 22 21. 4-ethylmethcathinone, commonly known as 4-EMC.
- 23 22. 3,4-dimethylmethcathinone, commonly known as 3,4-DMMC.
- 24 23. beta-Keto-N-methylbenzodioxolylpentanamine, commonly known as
- 25 pentylone or bk-MBDP.

SENATE BILL 325

1 24. beta-Keto-ethylbenzodioxolylbutanamine, commonly known as eutylone
2 or bk-EBDB.

3 25. 4-bromomethcathinone, commonly known as 4-BMC.

4 26. Alpha-methylamino-butyrophenone, commonly known as buphedrone or
5 MABP.

6 27. 3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone, commonly known
7 as MDPBP.

8 28. 4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinohexiophenone, commonly known as MPHP.

9 29. N,N-dimethyl-3,4-methylenedioxycathinone.

10 30. N,N-diethyl-3,4-methylenedioxycathinone.

11 31. Alpha-methylamino-valerophenone, commonly known as pentedrone.

12 **SECTION 29.** 961.14 (7) (m) and (n) of the statutes are repealed.

13 **SECTION 30.** 961.14 (7) (mk) of the statutes is created to read:

14 961.14 (7) (mk) Mitragynine.

15 **SECTION 31.** 961.14 (7) (mL) of the statutes is created to read:

16 961.14 (7) (mL) 7-hydroxymitragynine.

17 **SECTION 32.** 961.14 (7) (mm) of the statutes is created to read:

18 961.14 (7) (mm) 5,6-methylenedioxy-2-aminoindane, commonly known as
19 MDAI.

20 **SECTION 33.** 961.14 (7) (mn) of the statutes is created to read:

21 961.14 (7) (mn) Benzothiophenylcyclohexylpiperidine, commonly known as
22 BTCP.

23 **SECTION 34.** 961.16 (3) (tb) of the statutes is created to read:

24 961.16 (3) (tb) Oripavine.

25 **SECTION 35.** 961.16 (3) (zt) of the statutes is created to read:

SENATE BILL 325

1 961.16 (3) (zt) Tapentadol.

2 **SECTION 36.** 961.16 (8) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

3 961.16 (8) (b) An immediate precursor to fentanyl, including
4 4-anilino-N-phenethyl-4-piperidine, commonly known as ANPP.

5 **SECTION 37.** 961.18 (7) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

6 961.18 (7) (am) 19-Nor-4,9(10)-androstedione;

7 **SECTION 38.** 961.18 (7) (az) of the statutes is created to read:

8 961.18 (7) (az) Boldione;

9 **SECTION 39.** 961.18 (7) (em) of the statutes is created to read:

10 961.18 (7) (em) Desoxymethyltestosterone;

11 **SECTION 40.** 961.20 (2) (ax) of the statutes is created to read:

12 961.20 (2) (ax) Carisoprodol;

13 **SECTION 41.** 961.20 (2) (q) of the statutes is created to read:

14 961.20 (2) (q) Zopiclone.

15 **SECTION 42.** 961.20 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

16 961.20 (4) (d) Lorcaserin, including any of its isomers and salts of isomers.

17 **SECTION 43.** 961.22 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

18 961.22 (4) EZOGABINE. Ezogabine or any of its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers.

19 **SECTION 44.** 961.22 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

20 961.22 (5) PREGABALIN. Pregabalin or any of its salts, isomers, or salts of
21 isomers.

22 **SECTION 45.** 961.41 (1) (e) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 961.41 (1) (e) *Phencyclidine, amphetamine, methamphetamine,*
24 *methcathinone, cathinone, methylenedioxypropylvalerone, ~~and~~*
25 *4-methylmethcathinone, N-benzylpiperazine, and a substance specified in s. 961.14*

SENATE BILL 325

1 (7) (L). (intro.) If the person violates this subsection with respect to phencyclidine,
2 amphetamine, methamphetamine, methcathinone, cathinone,
3 methylenedioxypropylamphetamine, or 4-methylmethcathinone, N-benzylpiperazine, a
4 substance specified in s. 961.14 (7) (L), or a controlled substance analog of
5 phencyclidine, amphetamine, methamphetamine, methcathinone, cathinone,
6 methylenedioxypropylamphetamine, or 4-methylmethcathinone, N-benzylpiperazine, or a
7 substance specified in s. 961.14 (7) (L), and the amount manufactured, distributed,
8 or delivered is:

9 **SECTION 46.** 961.41 (1) (em) of the statutes is created to read:

10 961.41 (1) (em) *Synthetic cannabinoids.* If a person violates this subsection
11 with respect to a controlled substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb), or a controlled
12 substance analog of a controlled substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb), and the
13 amount manufactured, distributed, or delivered is:

- 14 1. Two hundred grams or less, the person is guilty of a Class I felony.
- 15 2. More than 200 grams but not more than 1,000 grams, the person is guilty
16 of a Class H felony.
- 17 3. More than 1,000 grams but not more than 2,500 grams, the person is guilty
18 of a Class G felony.
- 19 4. More than 2,500 grams but not more than 10,000 grams, the person is guilty
20 of a Class F felony.
- 21 5. More than 10,000 grams, the person is guilty of a Class E felony.

22 **SECTION 47.** 961.41 (1) (hm) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 961.41 (1) (hm) *Certain other schedule I controlled substances and ketamine.*
24 (intro.) If the person violates this subsection with respect to gamma-hydroxybutyric
25 acid, gamma-butyrolactone, 1,4-butanediol,

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 47**

3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine,

2 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-beta-phenylethylamine, 4-methylthioamphetamine,
3 ketamine, a substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (a) to (h), (m) to (q), (sm), or (u) to (xb),
4 or a controlled substance analog of gamma-hydroxybutyric acid,
5 gamma-butyrolactone, 1,4-butanediol, 3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine,
6 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-beta-phenylethylamine, or 4-methylthioamphetamine,
7 ketamine, or a substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (a) to (h), (m) to (q), (sm), or (u) to
8 (xb), and the amount manufactured, distributed, or delivered is:

9 **SECTION 48.** 961.41 (1m) (e) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

10 961.41 (1m) (e) *Phencyclidine, amphetamine, methamphetamine,*
11 *methcathinone, cathinone, ~~methylenedioxypropylvalerone,~~ and*
12 *4-methylmethcathinone, N-benzylpiperazine, and a substance specified in s. 961.14*
13 *(7) (L).* (intro.) If a person violates this subsection with respect to phencyclidine,
14 amphetamine, methamphetamine, methcathinone, cathinone,
15 methylenedioxypropylvalerone, or 4-methylmethcathinone, N-benzylpiperazine, a
16 substance specified in s. 961.14 (7) (L), or a controlled substance analog of
17 phencyclidine, amphetamine, methamphetamine, methcathinone, cathinone,
18 methylenedioxypropylvalerone, or 4-methylmethcathinone, N-benzylpiperazine, or a
19 substance specified in s. 961.14 (7) (L), and the amount possessed, with intent to
20 manufacture, distribute, or deliver, is:

21 **SECTION 49.** 961.41 (1m) (em) of the statutes is created to read:

22 961.41 (1m) (em) *Synthetic cannabinoids.* If a person violates this subsection
23 with respect to a controlled substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb), or a controlled
24 substance analog of a controlled substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb), and the
25 amount possessed, with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, is:

SENATE BILL 325**SECTION 51**

1 psilocybin, amphetamine, methamphetamine, ~~methcathinone~~ or
2 tetrahydrocannabinols, synthetic cannabinoids or substituted cathinones, or any
3 controlled substance analog of any of these substances together with any compound,
4 mixture, diluent, plant material or other substance mixed or combined with the
5 controlled substance or controlled substance analog. In addition, in determining
6 amounts under subs. (1) (h) and (1m) (h), the amount of tetrahydrocannabinols
7 means anything included under s. 961.14 (4) (t) and includes the weight of any
8 marijuana.

9 **SECTION 52.** 961.41 (3g) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

10 961.41 (3g) (d) *Certain hallucinogenic and stimulant drugs.* If a person
11 possesses or attempts to possess lysergic acid diethylamide, phencyclidine,
12 amphetamine, 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine, methcathinone, cathinone,
13 methylenedioxypropylvalerone, ~~4-methylmethcathinone~~, N-benzylpiperazine, a
14 substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (a) to (h), (m) to (q), (sm), (u) to (xb), or (7) (L),
15 psilocin, or psilocybin, or a controlled substance analog of lysergic acid diethylamide,
16 phencyclidine, amphetamine, 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine,
17 methcathinone, cathinone, methylenedioxypropylvalerone, ~~4-methylmethcathinone~~,
18 N-benzylpiperazine, a substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (a) to (h), (m) to (q), (sm),
19 (u) to (xb), or (7) (L), psilocin, or psilocybin, the person may be fined not more than
20 \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year in the county jail or both upon a first
21 conviction and is guilty of a Class I felony for a 2nd or subsequent offense. For
22 purposes of this paragraph, an offense is considered a 2nd or subsequent offense if,
23 prior to the offender's conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been
24 convicted of any felony or misdemeanor under this chapter or under any statute of
25 the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled

SENATE BILL 325

1 substance analogs, narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or
2 hallucinogenic drugs.

3 **SECTION 53.** 961.41 (3g) (em) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 961.41 (3g) (em) *Synthetic cannabinoids*. If a person possesses or attempts to
5 possess a controlled substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb) ~~to (ty)~~, or a controlled
6 substance analog of a controlled substance specified in s. 961.14 (4) (tb) ~~to (ty)~~, the
7 person may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months
8 or both upon a first conviction and is guilty of a Class I felony for a 2nd or subsequent
9 offense. For purposes of this paragraph, an offense is considered a 2nd or subsequent
10 offense if, prior to the offender's conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time
11 been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor under this chapter or under any statute
12 of the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled
13 substance analogs, narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or
14 hallucinogenic drugs.

15 (END)