### Fiscal Estimate - 2013 Session

	Original		Updated		Correc	ted		Supple	mental
LRB	Number	13-4030/1		Introd	duction	n Numbe	r A	B-064	4
Description Sales tax bad debt return adjustments for private label credit card bad debt									
Fiscal Effect									
	No State Fisc Indeterminate Increase E Appropriat Decrease Appropriat Create Ne	Existing tions Existing	Reve	ase Existing enues ease Existing enues			b within Yes	agency	e possible 's budget \B\No
Local:	No Local Gov Indeterminate 1. Increase Permiss 2. Decrease		3. ☐ Incre ory ☐ Perm 4. ☑ Decre	ase Revenue nissive	ndatory e	5.Types of Governm Affected Town Scoun	ent Uni ns	Village	Cities Stadium, Expo, Premier Resort
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations									
GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS									
Agen	cy/Prepared	Ву		Authorized S	Signatu	ire			Date
DOR/ Robert Schmidt (608) 267-9892 Rob			Robert Schm	bert Schmidt (608) 267-9892				1/22/2014	

# Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 1/22/2014

LRB Number 13-4030/1	Introduction Number	AB-0644	Estimate Type	Original			
Description							
Sales tax bad debt return adjustments for private label credit card bad debt							

#### Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, sellers may claim a sales tax deduction for the amount of bad debt that the seller writes off as uncollectible and that is eligible to be deducted as a bad debt for federal income tax purposes. Only the seller (retailer) of the taxable products is eligible for the deduction.

Under the bill, a third-party lender who extends credit through a private label credit, dual purpose credit card, or dealer credit program may enter into an agreement with a seller so that the seller, the lender, or the lender's affiliate may claim a bad debt sales tax deduction. Private label credit cards are branded for a specific retailer and cannot be used as general purpose credit cards. Dual purpose credit cards are branded for a specific seller like a private label card, but may be used as a general purpose credit card. Dealer credit programs include credit arrangements for specific purchases, except items for which a title is required such as motor vehicles, aircraft, and motor homes.

The amount of the deduction or refund would be determined by one of the following three methodologies:

- 1) An apportionment method that estimates the amount of sales or use tax included in the bad debt to which the deduction or refund applies based on the seller's in-state and out-of-state sales, the seller's taxable and nontaxable sales, and the amount of tax the seller remitted to the state.
- 2) A specified percentage of the accounts receivable giving rise to the deduction or based on a sample of the seller's or lender's records in accordance with a methodology agreed on by the department and the seller or lender.
- 3) A direct method approved by the department.

Based on sales and use tax return information, taxable sales attributable to hotels and retailers (sellers that offer private label cards, dual purpose cards, or dealer credit programs) were \$32.06 billion in FY2013. Based on industry information, it is assumed that private label, dual purpose, or dealer credit programs provide payment for 7.5% of sellers' taxable sales. Under this assumption, FY2013 taxable transactions subject to the bill totaled \$2.40 billion. Based on Fitch Rating's Retail Credit Card Charge-off Index, the current charge-off rate for retailer credit is 6.65%. At the current charge-off rate, state sales and use tax collections would decrease \$8.0 million on an annual basis.

Under current law, certain local taxes are linked to the state sales and use tax statutes. Given these links and the use of third party credit services for particular types of businesses (hotels and retailers), the county sales tax, stadium sales taxes, premier resort area taxes, and exposition district room taxes would be impacted by the bill.

County and stadium district sales tax collections were 8.2% of state sales tax collections in FY13. Under the bill, county sales tax collections are expected to decrease by \$600,000. Premier resort area tax collections were approximately \$6.3 million in 2013. Applying the methodology used to determine the state fiscal effect to premier resort area taxes yields a tax decrease of \$30,000. Exposition district room taxes would decrease by approximately \$80,000. Total local taxes are expected to decrease by \$710,000.

The bill would first apply to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2014.

#### Long-Range Fiscal Implications

## Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2013 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental							
LRB Number 13-4030/1	Introduction Numb	oer <b>AB-0644</b>							
Description Sales toy had debt return adjustments for private label gradit gard had debt									
Sales tax bad debt return adjustments for private label credit card bad debt  I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in									
annualized fiscal effect):									
II. Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:								
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs							
A. State Costs by Category									
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$	\$							
(FTE Position Changes)									
State Operations - Other Costs									
Local Assistance									
Aids to Individuals or Organizations									
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	<u> </u>							
B. State Costs by Source of Funds									
GPR									
FED									
PRO/PRS									
SEG/SEG-S									
III. State Revenues - Complete this only when proposal will increase or decrease state revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, ets.)									
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev							
GPR Taxes	\$	\$-8,000,000							
GPR Earned									
FED									
PRO/PRS									
SEG/SEG-S									
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$-8,000,000							
NET ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT									
	<u>State</u>	Local							
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$	\$							
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$-8,000,000	-\$710,000							
Agency/Prepared By Authorized Signature Date									
	obert Schmidt (608) 267-989	Į.							