## Fiscal Estimate - 2013 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected Supplemental					
LRB Number 13-4145/1	Introduction Number AB-0707					
Description Extending the time certain injunctions remain in effect						
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Reve	ease Existing to absorb within agency's budget					
Solution   Solution						
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature Date					
CTS/ Nancy Rottier (608) 267-9733	Nancy Rottier (608) 267-9733 2/18/2014					

## Fiscal Estimate Narratives CTS 2/18/2014

LRB Number 13-4145/1	Introduction Number	AB-0707	Estimate Type	Original	
Description					
Extending the time certain injunctions remain in effect					

## **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

This bill allows a court that has granted an injunction under ch. 813, Stats., to extend the number of years that injunction remains in effect, if certain conditions are met. In most actions under ch. 813, an injunction that is granted expires in 4 years. This bill would allow the court to order the injunction to remain in effect for up to 8 years (for most cases), if the court finds there is a substantial risk that the person may commit first-degree or second-degree homicide or first-degree, second-degree or third-degree sexual assault.

Additional court proceedings could be generated under the terms of this bill, if the court involved holds a hearing to determine whether there is a "substantial risk" of the various types of crimes listed in the bill. The bill does not require a hearing, but it is unlikely the court would have the evidence necessary to make the required finding without a hearing.

It is impossible to predict how many requests for extensions and hearings on those requests will be filed in the circuit courts. For comparison purposes, under the current statutes, there is an existing procedure for extending an injunction, if the injunction expires before the maximum period allowable for the injunction. Based on sample data from the circuit court case management system, this procedure is not used often.

Additional court proceedings, such as the hearings likely to occur under this bill, require additional judge, court reporter, and court staff time. These costs are borne by both the state and the county.

An accurate estimate of the additional costs is impossible with the data available. It is expected that existing court staff would absorb any additional proceedings.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications