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CHIROPRACTIC MEDICINE AFFILIATED

CREDENTIALING BOARD

448.98 **Definitions.** In this subchapter:

- (1) "Affiliated credentialing board" means the chiropractic medicine affiliated credentialing board.
- "Doctor of chiropractic medicine" means an individual possessing the degree of doctor of chiropractic medicine and surgery or equivalent degree as determined by the affiliated credentialing boards
- (3) "Chiropractic medicine" or "chiropractic medicine and surgery" means the integration and application of the practice of chiropractic and the practice of medicine and surgery that is limited to musculoskeletal conditions and spine-related disorders, but does not include the use of a general anesthetic unless administered by or under the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery under subch. II.

****NOTE: What is the "application" of the practice of chiropractic and the practice of medicine and surgery? If it essentially means practicing, the definition would be clearer if we were to say the following:

"Chiropractic medicine" or "chiropractic medicine and surgery" means the practice of medicine and surgery that is limited to musculoskeletal conditions and spine-related disorders, but does not include the use of a general anesthetic unless administered by or under the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery under subch. II.

Please let me know if you want me to make the above changes to the definition. In either case, note that this definition assumes that, except for the use of a general anesthetic, a person licensed to practice chiropractic medicine can perform any task covered by the definition of the practice of medicine and surgery under s. 448.01 (9) if limited to musculoskeletal conditions and spine-related disorders, including back Please ensure that "musculoskeletal conditions and spine-related disorders" captures the proper scope of the practice of chiropractic medicine.

- (4) "Licensee" means a person who is licensed under s. 448.983.
- (5) "Practice of chiropractic" has the meaning given in s. 446.01 (2).

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448.98) License required. Except as provided in ss. 257.03 and 448.982, no person may practice chiropractic medicine, designate himself or herself as a doctor of chiropractic medicine, use or assume the title "doctor of chiropractic medicine," or

append to the person's name the letters "D.C.M.," or any other title, letters, or

designation that represents or may tend to represent the person as a doctor of

chiropractic medicine unless the person is a licensee.

448.982 Applicability. This subchapter does not require a license for any of the following:

- (1) A person lawfully practicing within the scope of a license, permit, registration, or certification granted by this state or the federal government.
- (2) A person assisting a doctor of chiropractic medicine under the direct, on-premises supervision of the doctor of chiropractic medicine.
- (3) A student enrolled in a doctor of chiropractic medicine and surgery program approved by the affiliated credentialing board under s. 448.984 if the student is engaged in activities required under that program.
- (4) A person performing the gratuitous domestic administration of family remedies.
- (5) A person furnishing medical assistance or first aid at the scene of an emergency.
- 448.983 Licensure of doctors of chiropractic medicine. (1) The affiliated credentialing board shall grant a license as a doctor of chiropractic medicine to a person who does all of the following:
- (a) Submits an application for the license to the department on a form provided by the department.
 - (b) Pays the fee specified in s. 440.05(1).

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1	(c) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, submits evidence satisfactory
2	to the affiliated credentialing board that the applicant does not have an arrest or
3	conviction record.
4	(d) Submits evidence satisfactory to the affiliated credentialing board
5	establishing all of the following:
6	1. That the applicant has practiced as a licensed chiropractor in good standing
7	with the chiropractic examining board for at least two years and remains a licensed
8	chiropractor in good standing with the chiropractic examining board under ch. 446.
9	2. That the applicant is a graduate of a master of science degree program in
10	chiropractic medicine and surgery approved by the affiliated credentialing board
\bigcirc	under s. 448.984 and possesses a diploma from that program conferring the degree
12	of doctor of chiropractic medicine and surgery or equivalent degree as determined by
13	the affiliated credentialing board.
14	The affiliated credentialing board may waive the requirements under sub
15)	(1) (d) if the applicant is a physician, advanced practice nurse prescriber certified
16	under s. 441.16 (2), or physician assistant.
(17)	The affiliated credentialing board may waive the requirements under sub.
18	(1) (d) for an applicant who establishes, to the satisfaction of the affiliated
19	credentialing board, all of the following:
20	(a) That the applicant is a graduate of a chiropractic medicine school or
21	program.
22	(b) That the applicant is licensed as a doctor of chiropractic medicine by another
23	licensing jurisdiction in the United States.
24	(c) That the jurisdiction in which the applicant is licensed required the

applicant to be a graduate of a school or program approved by the licensing

1	jurisdiction or of a school or program that the licensing jurisdiction evaluated for
2	education equivalency.
3	(d) That the applicant has actively practiced chiropractic medicine, under the
4	license issued by the other licensing jurisdiction in the United States, for at least 3
5	years immediately preceding the date of his or her application for a license under this
6	subchapter.
Ō	The affiliated credentialing board may promulgate rules providing for
8	various classes of temporary licenses to practice chiropractic medicine.
9	(5) If the affiliated credentialing board finds, based upon considerations of
10	public health and safety, that an applicant has not demonstrated adequate
11	education, training, or performance on examinations or in past practice, if any, to
12	qualify for full licensure under sub. (1), the board may grant the applicant a limited
13	license and shall so notify the applicant.
14	448.984 Education. The affiliated credentialing board shall approve a master
15	of science degree program in chiropractic medicine and surgery that is accredited by
16	the Higher Learning Commission or an equivalent accrediting body, as determined
17	by the affiliated credentialing board, and that includes all of the following:
(18	(1) At least 2 years of instruction, including classroom instruction, in the
19	following subjects:
	****Note: It is not clear how many credit hours are being required. Do you want to specify what constitutes two years of instruction?
20	(a) Causes of spinal pain and differential diagnosis.
21	(b) Case management and coordination of care in spinal pain patients.
22	(c) Spinal injuries, correlated with diagnostic imaging.
23	(d) Public health issues and epidemiology of spinal pain conditions.

1 (e) Pharmacology. ****NOTE: Kdid not include "I and II" because it is not clear what that would require. \mathbb{Q}_{p}^{2} /you want to include \mathbb{Q}_{p}^{2} minimum number of hours of instruction in pharmacology? et me Isnow what $\mathbf{2}$ (f) Nutrition for musculoskeletal health. 3 (g) Interpreting research and applying evidence in spine care practice. 4 (2) At least 500 clinical rotation hours under the supervision of a physician. 5 (3) An examination in chiropractic medicine and surgery approved by the 6 affiliated credentialing board. 7 448.985 Issuance of license; expiration and renewal; duplicate license. 8 (1) The department shall issue a certificate of licensure to each person who is 9 licensed under this subchapter. 10 (2) (a) The renewal date for a license granted under this subchapter, other than 11) a temporary license granted under rules promulgated under s. 448.983 12 specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). (b) Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department on a form 13 14 provided by the department and shall be accompanied by all of the following: 15 1. The renewal fee determined by the department under s. 440.03 (9) (a). 162. Proof of completion of continuing education requirements in s. 448.988. 17 3. Proof of current licensure by the chiropractic examining board under ch. 446, unless the affiliated credentialing board waives that requirement under s. 448.983 (2) or (3)20 (3) A licensee whose license is lost, stolen, or destroyed may apply to the department for a duplicate license. Duplicate license applications shall be submitted 21 to the department on a form provided by the department and shall be accompanied 22

by the fee specified under s. 440.05 (7) and an affidavit describing the circumstances

of the loss, theft, or destruction of the license. Upon receipt of an application under
this subsection, the department shall issue a duplicate license bearing on its face the
word "duplicate".

448.986 Malpractice liability insurance. (1) Each licensee shall annually submit to the affiliated credentialing board evidence satisfactory to the affiliated

credentialing board that the licensee satisfies any of the following:

- (a) The licensee has in effect malpractice liability insurance coverage in the amount of at least \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$1,000,000 for all occurrences in one year.
 - (b) The licensee meets all of the following conditions:
 - 1. The licensee's principal place of practice is not in this state.
- 2. The licensee will not be engaged in the practice of chiropractic medicine in this state for more than 240 hours during the following 12 months.
- 3. The licensee has in effect malpractice liability insurance coverage that covers services provided by the licensee to patients in this state and that is in any of the following amounts:
- a. At least the minimum amount of malpractice liability insurance coverage that is required under the laws of the state in which the affiliated credentialing board determines that the licensee's principal place of practice is located.
- b. If the licensee is not required under the laws of the state in which the affiliated credentialing board determines that the licensee's principal place of practice is located to have in effect a minimum amount of malpractice liability insurance coverage, at least the minimum amount of malpractice liability insurance coverage that the affiliated credentialing board determines is necessary to protect the public.

1	(2) A licensee's principal place of practice is not in this state for purposes of sub.
2	$\left(1\right)\left(b\right)$ if the affiliated credentialing board determines that, during the following 12
3	months, any of the following applies:
4	(a) More than 50 percent of the licensee's practice will be performed outside this
5	state.
6	(b) More than 50 percent of the income from the licensee's practice will be
7	derived from outside this state.
8	(c) More than 50 percent of the licensee's patients will be treated by the licensee
9	outside this state.
10	(3) The affiliated credentialing board may suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue
11	or renew the license of a person who fails to procure or to submit proof of the
12	malpractice liability insurance coverage required under sub. (1).
<u>13</u>)	448.987 Malpractice. Except as provided in s. 257.03, a person who practices
14	chiropractic medicine without a license under s. 448.083 may be liable for
15	malpractice, and the person's ignorance of a duty ordinarily performed by a doctor
16	of chiropractic medicine shall not limit his or her liability for an injury arising from
17	his or her practice of chiropractic medicine.
18	448.988 Continuing education. (1) (a) 1. The affiliated credentialing board
19	shall promulgate rules establishing requirements and procedures for licensees to
20	complete continuing education programs or courses of study in order to qualify for
21	renewal of a license granted under this subchapter.
22	2. The rules shall allow for program sponsors, as defined in s. 446.028, to
23	conduct continuing education programs.

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- 3. The rules shall require each licensee to complete at least 50 hours of approved continuing education within each 2-year period immediately preceding the renewal date specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a).
- (b) 1. A licensee may apply up to 40 of the 50 continuing education hours required under par. (a) toward the continuing education requirements for chiropractors under ch. 446, as determined by the chiropractic examining board.
- 2. At least 25 of the 50 continuing education hours required under par. (a) shall include evidence—based pharmacology and procedure—based training.
- (2) The affiliated credentialing board may waive all or part of the requirements under sub. (1) if the affiliated credentialing board determines that prolonged illness, disability, or other exceptional circumstances prevented a licensee from completing the requirements.
- 448.989 Fee splitting and billing requirements. (1) FEE SPLITTING. No licensee may give or receive, directly or indirectly, to or from any other person any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation or anything of value for sending, referring, or otherwise inducing a person to communicate with a licensee in a professional capacity, or for any professional services not actually rendered personally by the licensee or at the licensee's direction.
- (2) Separate billing required. Except as provided in sub. (4), a licensee who renders any chiropractic medicine service or assistance, or gives any chiropractic medicine advice or any similar advice or assistance, to any patient, doctor of chiropractic medicine, chiropractor, physician, physician assistant, advanced practice nurse prescriber certified under s. 441.16 (2), partnership, or corporation, or to any other institution or organization, including a hospital, for which a charge is made to a patient, shall, except as authorized by Title 18 or Title 19 of the federal

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- Social Security Act, render an individual statement or account of the charge directly to the patient, distinct and separate from any statement or account by any other doctor of chiropractic medicine, chiropractor, physician, physician assistant,
 - (3) BILLING FOR TESTS PERFORMED BY THE STATE LABORATORY OF HYGIENE. A licensee who charges a patient, other person, or 3rd-party payer for services performed by the state laboratory of hygiene shall identify the actual amount charged by the state laboratory of hygiene and shall restrict charges for those services to that amount.
 - (4) BILLING BY ENTITY. If 2 or more licensees form an entity for the practice of chiropractic medicine, the entity may not render a single bill for health care services provided in the name of the entity unless each individual licensed, registered, or certified under this chapter or ch. 446, 449, 450, 455, 457, or 459, who provides services is individually identified on the bill as having rendered those services.

976) ****NOTE: How does this interact with s. 446.04 (4)?

advanced practice nurse prescriber, or other person.

448.990 Disciplinary proceedings and actions. (1) In this section, "unprofessional conduct" means an act or attempted act of commission or omission, as defined by the affiliated credentialing board by rule, or an act by a doctor of chiropractic medicine otherwise in violation of this subchapter or in violation of ch. 446, 450, or 961.

(2) Investigate allegations of unprofessional conduct and negligence in the practice of chiropractic medicine, except that the affiliated credentialing board shall refer an allegation of a violation of ch. 446 to the chiropractic examining board unless the alleged conduct also involves a violation of this subchapter or ch. 450 or 961

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- 2. The affiliated credentialing board shall investigate information contained in reports filed with the affiliated credentialing board under s. 49.45 (2) (a) 12r., 50.36 (3) (b), 609.17, or 632.715, or under 42 CFR 1001,2005.
 - 3. The affiliated credentialing board may use information contained in a report filed with the affiliated credentialing board under s. 50.36 (3) (c) as the basis of an investigation of a person named in the report.
 - 4. The affiliated credentialing board may require a person to undergo and may consider the results of a physical, mental, or professional competency examination if the affiliated credentialing board believes that the results of the examination may be useful to the affiliated credentialing board in conducting an investigation under this paragraph.
 - (b) 1. After an investigation, if the affiliated credentialing board finds that there is probable cause to believe that a person is guilty of unprofessional conduct or negligence in the practice of chiropractic medicine, the affiliated credentialing board shall hold a hearing.
 - 2. The affiliated credentialing board may require a person to undergo and may consider the results of a physical, mental, or professional competency examination if the affiliated credentialing board believes that the results of the examination may be useful to the affiliated credentialing board in conducting a hearing under subd.

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 - 3. A finding by a court that a person has acted negligently in the practice of chiropractic medicine is conclusive evidence that the person is guilty of that negligence. A certified copy of the order of a court is presumptive evidence that the finding of negligence was made.

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4. The affiliated credentialing board shall render a decision within 90 days
after the date on which a hearing is held under subd. 1. or, if subsequent proceedings
are conducted under s. 227.46 (2), within 90 days after the date on which those
proceedings are completed.

- (c) 1. After a disciplinary hearing under par. (b), the affiliated credentialing board may, when it determines that a court has found that a person has been negligent in the practice of chiropractic medicine or when it finds a person guilty of unprofessional conduct or negligence in the practice of chiropractic medicine, warn or reprimand that person, or limit, suspend, or revoke the person's license granted by the affiliated credentialing board.
- 2. The affiliated credentialing board may condition the removal of limitations on a license, or the restoration of a suspended or revoked license, upon obtaining minimum results specified by the affiliated credentialing board on a physical, mental, or professional competency examination if the affiliated credentialing board believes that obtaining the minimum results is related to correcting one or more of the bases upon which the limitation, suspension, or revocation was imposed.
- (d) A person whose license under this subchapter is limited shall be permitted to continue practice if the he or she agrees to do all of the following:
 - 1. Refrain from engaging in unprofessional conduct.
- 2. Appear before the affiliated credentialing board or its officers or agents at such times and places designated by the affiliated credentialing board.
- 3. Fully disclose to the affiliated credentialing board or its officers or agents the nature of the person's practice and conduct.
- 4. Fully comply with the limits placed on the person's practice and conduct by the affiliated credentialing board.

- 5. Obtain additional training, education or supervision required by the affiliated credentialing board.
 - 6. Cooperate with the affiliated credentialing board.
- (e) Unless a suspended license is revoked during the period of suspension, upon expiration of the period of suspension the affiliated credentialing board shall reinstate the person's license, except that the affiliated credentialing board may, as a condition precedent to the reinstatement of the license, require the person to pass any examination required for the original grant of the license.
- (f) The affiliated credentialing board shall comply with rules of procedure for the investigation, hearing, and action promulgated by the department under s. 440.03 (1).
- (3) Suspension pending hearing. (a) The affiliated credentialing board may summarily suspend a license granted by the affiliated credentialing board for a period not to exceed 30 days pending hearing if the affiliated credentialing board has in its possession evidence establishing probable cause to believe that the licensee has violated the provisions of this subchapter and that it is necessary to suspend the license immediately to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. The licensee shall be granted an opportunity to be heard before the affiliated credentialing board decides whether probable cause exists.
- (b) The affiliated credentialing board may designate any of its officers to exercise the authority to suspend summarily a license, for a period not exceeding 72 hours.
- (c) If a license has been summarily suspended under par. (a) or (b), the affiliated credentialing board may, while the hearing is in progress, extend the initial period of suspension for not more than an additional 30 days, except that if the licensee has

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caused a delay in the hearing process, the affiliated credentialing board may suspend
the license from the time the hearing is commenced until a final decision is issued
or may delegate such authority to the hearing examiner.

- (4) VOLUNTARY SURRENDER. The affiliated credentialing board may negotiate stipulations in consideration for accepting the surrender of a license under s. 440.19.
- (5) RESTORATION OF A LICENSE. The affiliated credentialing board may restore a license that has been voluntarily surrendered or revoked on such terms and 9 (9765) B conditions as it considers appropriate.
- 448.991 Hospital reports. (1) Within 30 days after receipt of a report under s. 50.36 (3) (c), the affiliated credentialing board shall notify the licensee, in writing, of the substance of the report. The licensee and the licensee's authorized representative may examine the report and may place into the record a statement, of reasonable length, of the licensee's view of the correctness or relevance of any information in the report. The licensee may institute an action in circuit court to amend or expunge any part of the licensee's record related to the report.
- (2) If the affiliated credentialing board determines that a report submitted under s. 50.36 (3) (c) is without merit or that the licensee has sufficiently improved his or her conduct, the affiliated credentialing board shall remove the report from the licensee's record. If no report about a licensee is filed under s. 50.36 (3) (c) for 2 consecutive years, the licensee may petition the affiliated credentialing board to remove any prior reports not resulting in disciplinary action from his or her record.
 - (3) (a) In this subsection, "hospital" has the meaning specified in s. 50.33 (2).
- (b) Upon the request of a hospital, the affiliated credentialing board shall provide the hospital with all information relating to a licensee's loss, reduction, or suspension of staff privileges from other hospitals and all information relating to the

1 licensee's being found guilty of unprofessional conduct or negligence in the practice 2 of chiropractic medicine under s. 448.990 (3) **448.992** Injunctive relief. If the affiliated credentialing board has reason to believe that a person is violating this subchapter or a rule promulgated under this 4 5 subchapter, the affiliated credentialing board, the department, the attorney general, 6 or the district attorney of the proper county may investigate and may, in addition to 7 all other remedies, bring an action in the name and on behalf of this state to enjoin 8 the person from the violation. (9 448.993 Penalties; appeal. 9775 10 (1) PENALTIES. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a person who violates a 11 provision of this subchapter or a rule promulgated under this subchapter may be 12 fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both. 13 (b) A person who violates s. 448.989 (3) may be fined not more than \$250. 14 (2) APPEAL. A person aggrieved by an action taken under this subchapter by 15 the affiliated credentialing board, its officers, or its agents may apply for judicial review as provided in ch. 227, and shall file notice of such appeal with the affiliated 16 17 credentialing board within 30 days. No court of this state may enter an ex parte stay of an action taken by the affiliated credentialing board under this subchapter. 18 448.994 Rules. The affiliated credentialing board shall promulgate all of the 19 (following rules:) 20 (1) Rules defining the acts or attempted acts of commission or omission that 2122/ constitute unprofessional conduct under s. 448.990 (1). 23 (2) Rules implementing s. 448.995. 24(3) Rules specifying the requirements for a course of instruction related to

X-ray examinations by persons under the direct supervision of a doctor of

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1	chiropractic medicine under s. 462.02 (2) (g). In promulgating the rules, the affiliated
2	credentialing board shall consult with the radiography examining board and shall
3	examine laws and rules in other states. The affiliated credentialing board shall
4	approve courses that meet the requirements set forth in the rules.

****Note: Subdivision (3) is identical to the rules promulgation requirement for the Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board related to X-ray examinations. Please let me know if this should be removed from the draft as it was not specifically included in the drafting instructions. See also s. 462.02 (2) (g), created in the draft.

****Note: Also, there is no need to authorize the Chiropractic Medicine Affiliated Credentialing Board to promulgate rules implementing the subchapter. The affiliated credentialing board already has that authority under ch. 227.

a patient shall inform the patient about the availability of reasonable alternate modes of treatment and about the benefits and risks of these treatments. The reasonable doctor of chiropractic medicine standard is the standard for informing a patient under this section. The reasonable doctor of chiropractic medicine standard requires disclosure only of information that a reasonable doctor of chiropractic medicine would know and disclose under the circumstances. The doctor of chiropractic medicine's duty to inform the patient under this section does not require disclosure of any of the following:

- (1) Detailed technical information that in all probability a patient would not understand.
 - (2) Risks apparent or known to the patient.
- (3) Extremely remote possibilities that might falsely or detrimentally alarm the patient.
- (4) Information in emergencies where failure to provide treatment would be more harmful to the patient than treatment.
 - (5) Information in cases where the patient is incapable of consenting.

1	(6) Information about alternate modes of treatment for any condition the
2	doctor of chiropractic medicine has not included in his or her diagnosis at the time
3	the doctor of chiropractic medicine informs the patient.
4	SECTION 89. 450.10 (3) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	450.10 (3) (a) 5. A physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, doctor of
6	chiropractic medicine, physical therapist, physical therapist assistant, occupational
7	therapist, or occupational therapy assistant licensed under ch. 448.
8	Section 90. 450.11 (8) (f) of the statutes is created to read:
9	450.11 (8) (f) The chiropractic medicine affiliated credentialing board, insofar
10	as this section applies to doctors of chiropractic medicine.
11	SECTION 91. 454.02 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	454.02 (2) (a) Services performed by a person licensed, certified or registered
13	under the laws of this state as a physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, doctor of
14	chiropractic medicine, physical therapist, nurse or funeral director if those services
15	are within the scope of the license, certificate or registration. $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$
16	SECTION 92. 462.02 (2) (g) of the statutes is created to read:
17	462.02 (2) (g) A doctor of chiropractic medicine licensed under s. 448.983 or a
18	person under the direct supervision of such a doctor of chiropractic medicine, if the
19	person has successfully completed a course of instruction approved by the
20)	chiropractic medicine affiliated credentialing board related to X-ray examinations
21	ûnder s. 448.994 (3)3 (Examining)
22	SECTION 93. 462.04 of the statutes is amended to read:
23	462.04 Prescription or order required. A person who holds a license or
24	limited X-ray machine operator permit under this chapter may not use diagnostic
25	X-ray equipment on humans for diagnostic purposes unless authorized to do so by

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prescription or order of a physician licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (a), a dentist licensed under s. 447.04 (1), a podiatrist licensed under s. 448.63, a doctor of chiropractic medicine licensed under s. 448.983, a chiropractor licensed under s. 446.02, an advanced practice nurse certified under s. 441.16 (2), or a physician assistant licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (f).

Section 94. 632.32 (2) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

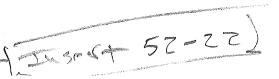
632.32 (2) (am) "Medical payments coverage" means coverage to indemnify for medical payments or chiropractic payments or both for the protection of all persons using the insured motor vehicle from losses resulting from bodily injury or death. "Medical payments coverage" includes coverage for chiropractic medicine.

Section 95. 632.64 of the statutes is amended to read:

632.64 Certification of disability. For the purpose of insurance policies that they issue, insurers doing a life insurance business in this state shall afford equal weight to a certification of disability signed by a physician with respect to matters within the scope of the physician's professional license, to a certification of disability signed by a chiropractor with respect to matters within the scope of the chiropractor's professional license, and to a certification of disability signed by a podiatrist with respect to matters within the scope of the podiatrist's professional license, and to a certification of a disability signed by a doctor of chiropractic medicine with respect to matters within the scope of the doctor of chiropractic medicine's professional license. This section does not require an insurer to treat a certificate of disability as conclusive evidence of disability.

****Note: Do you want to create language for doctors of chiropractic medicine that is similar to s. 632.87(3)? What about s. 632.875?

Section 96. 632.99 of the statutes is amended to read:



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632.99 Certifications of disability. For the purpose of insurance policies that they issue, every insurer doing a health or disability insurance business in this state shall afford equal weight to a certification of disability signed by a physician with respect to matters within the scope of the physician's professional license, to a certification of disability signed by a chiropractor with respect to matters within the scope of the chiropractor's professional license, and to a certification of disability signed by a podiatrist with respect to matters within the scope of the podiatrist's professional license, and to a certification of a disability signed by a doctor of chiropractic medicine with respect to matters within the scope of the doctor of chiropractic medicine's professional license. This section does not require an insurer to treat any certification of disability as conclusive evidence of disability.

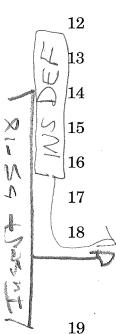
Section 97. 655.45 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

655.45 (1) For the quarter beginning on July 1, 1986, and for each quarter thereafter, the director of state courts shall file reports complying with sub. (2) with the medical examining board, the physical therapy examining board, the podiatry affiliated credentialing board, the chiropractic medicine affiliated credentialing board, the board of nursing and the department, respectively, regarding health care providers licensed by the respective bodies.

****Note: Should payment for services of doctors of chiropractic be included under s. 895.453?

Section 98. 895.48 (1m) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

895.48 (1m) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in par. (b), any physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, doctor of chiropractic medicine, or athletic trainer licensed under ch. 448, chiropractor licensed under ch. 446, dentist licensed under ch. 447, emergency medical technician licensed under s. 256.15, first responder certified



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under s. 256.15 (8), registered nurse licensed under ch. 441, or a massage therapist or bodywork therapist licensed under ch. 460 who renders voluntary health care to a participant in an athletic event or contest sponsored by a nonprofit corporation, as defined in s. 66.0129 (6) (b), a private school, as defined in s. 115.001 (3r), a tribal school, as defined in s. 115.001 (15m), a public agency, as defined in s. 46.856 (1) (b), or a school, as defined in s. 609.655 (1) (c), is immune from civil liability for his or her acts or omissions in rendering that care if all of the following conditions exist:

SECTION 99. 895.48 (1m) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

895.48 (1m) (a) 2. The physician, podiatrist, doctor of chiropractic medicine, athletic trainer, chiropractor, dentist, emergency medical technician, first responder, physician assistant, registered nurse, massage therapist or bodywork therapist does not receive compensation for the health care, other than reimbursement for expenses.

SECTION 100. 905.04 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (title) Physician-patient, registered nurse-patient, chiropractor-patient, psychologist-patient, social worker-patient, marriage and family therapist-patient, podiatrist-patient, doctor of chiropractic medicine-patient, and professional counselor-patient privilege.

Section 101. 905.04 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (1) (b) A communication or information is "confidential" if not intended to be disclosed to 3rd persons other than those present to further the interest of the patient in the consultation, examination, or interview, to persons reasonably necessary for the transmission of the communication or information, or to persons who are participating in the diagnosis and treatment under the direction of the

1	physician, podiatrist, doctor of chiropractic medicine, registered nurse, chiropractor,
2	psychologist, social worker, marriage and family therapist or professional counselor,
3	including the members of the patient's family.

Section 102. 905.04 (1) (bd) of the statutes is created to read:

905.04 (1) (bd) "Doctor of chiropractic medicine" means a person licensed under s. 448.983 or a person reasonably believed by the patient to be a doctor of chiropractic medicine.

Section 103. 905.04 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (1) (c) "Patient" means an individual, couple, family or group of individuals who consults with or is examined or interviewed by a physician, podiatrist, doctor of chiropractic medicine, registered nurse, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker, marriage and family therapist or professional counselor.

Section 104. 905.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (2) General rule of privilege. A patient has a privilege to refuse to disclose and to prevent any other person from disclosing confidential communications made or information obtained or disseminated for purposes of diagnosis or treatment of the patient's physical, mental or emotional condition, among the patient, the patient's physician, the patient's podiatrist, the patient's doctor of chiropractic medicine, the patient's registered nurse, the patient's chiropractor, the patient's psychologist, the patient's social worker, the patient's marriage and family therapist, the patient's professional counselor or persons, including members of the patient's family, who are participating in the diagnosis or treatment under the direction of the physician, podiatrist, doctor of chiropractic medicine, registered nurse, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker, marriage and family therapist or professional counselor.

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SECTION 105. 905.04 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (3) Who may claim the privilege. The privilege may be claimed by the patient, by the patient's guardian or conservator, or by the personal representative of a deceased patient. The person who was the physician, podiatrist, doctor of chiropractic medicine, registered nurse, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker, marriage and family therapist or professional counselor may claim the privilege but only on behalf of the patient. The authority so to do is presumed in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Section 106. 905.04 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (4) (a) Proceedings for commitment, guardianship, protective services, or protective placement or for control, care, or treatment of a sexually violent person. There is no privilege under this rule as to communications and information relevant to an issue in probable cause or final proceedings to commit the patient for mental illness under s. 51.20, to appoint a guardian in this state, for court-ordered protective services or protective placement, for review of guardianship, protective services, or protective placement orders, or for control, care, or treatment of a sexually violent person under ch. 980, if the physician, registered nurse, doctor of chiropractic medicine, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker, marriage and family therapist, or professional counselor in the course of diagnosis or treatment has determined that the patient is in need of commitment, guardianship, protective services, or protective placement or control, care, and treatment as a sexually violent person.

Section 107. 905.04 (4) (e) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (4) (e) 3. There is no privilege in situations where the examination of the expectant mother of an abused unborn child creates a reasonable ground for an

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opinion of the physician, registered nurse, <u>doctor of chiropractic medicine</u>, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker, marriage and family therapist or professional counselor that the physical injury inflicted on the unborn child was caused by the habitual lack of self-control of the expectant mother of the unborn child in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

Section 108. 949.01 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

949.01 (4) "Medical treatment" includes medical, surgical, dental, optometric, chiropractic, podiatric, chiropractic medicine, and hospital care; medicines; medical, dental and surgical supplies; crutches; artificial members; appliances and training in the use of artificial members and appliances. "Medical treatment" includes any Christian Science treatment for cure or relief from the effects of injury.

Section 109. 949.04 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

949.04 (3) Medical and dental history, injury or death as it believes would be of material aid in its determination.

Section 110. 961.01 (19) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.01 (19) (a) A physician, advanced practice nurse, dentist, veterinarian, podiatrist, doctor of chiropractic medicine, optometrist, scientific investigator or, subject to s. 448.21 (3), a physician assistant, or other person licensed, registered, certified or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with

respect to, administer or use in teaching or chemical analysis a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.

Section 111. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) BOARD; STAGGERING OF TERMS. Notwithstanding the length of terms specified for the members of the chiropractic medicine affiliated credentialing board under section 15.406 (7) of the statutes, as created by this act, one of the initial members shall be appointed for a term expiring on July 1, 2017; one of the initial members shall be appointed for a term expiring on July 1, 2018; one of the initial members shall be appointed for a term expiring on July 1, 2019; and the remaining initial member shall be appointed for a term expiring on July 1, 2020.
- (2) Board; Credentials of initial members. Notwithstanding section 15.406 (7)
 (a) of the statutes, as created by this act, the initial members appointed to the chiropractic medicine affiliated credentialing board under section 15.406 (7) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act, need not be licensed under subchapter vill of chapter 448 of the statutes, as created by this act, but shall be chiropractors licensed under chapter 446 of the statutes.

(END)

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2015–2016 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

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INSERT A

This bill establishes a licensure program for doctors of chiropractic medicine to be administered by the Chiropractic Medicine Affiliated Credentialing Board, which is created in the bill and attached to the Medical Examining Board. The affiliated credentialing board consists of three doctors of chiropractic medicine and one public member, all of whom serve staggered four—year terms.

Under the bill, a doctor of chiropractic medicine is an individual who possesses the degree of doctor of chiropractic medicine and surgery or equivalent degree as determined by the affiliated credentialing board or who practices chiropractic medicine. The bill defines "chiropractic medicine" or "chiropractic medicine and surgery" in relevant part as the integration and application of the practice of chiropractic and the practice of medicine and surgery, both as defined under current law, that is limited to conditions of the spine and the musculoskeletal, neuromuscular, and nervous systems.

Under the bill, and subject to certain exceptions, a person may practice chiropractic medicine in Wisconsin only if he or she is licensed by the affiliated credentialing board. The affiliated credentialing board may grant a license to practice chiropractic medicine to an applicant who, among other things, has practiced as a licensed chiropractor in good standing with the Chiropractic Examining Board for at least two years and has a degree of doctor of chiropractic medicine and surgery or equivalent degree from a program in chiropractic medicine and surgery approved by the affiliated credentialing board. The affiliated credentialing board may wave the degree requirement for a physician, advanced practice nurse prescriber, or physician assistant. A licensed doctor of chiropractic medicine must keep current his or her chiropractor license with the Chiropractic Examining Board.

The bill requires the affiliated credentialing board to establish continuing education requirements for licensed doctors of chiropractic medicine and authorizes up to 80 percent of those hours to count toward the continuing education requirements for a chiropractor license held with the Chiropractic Examining Board. The bill requires at least 50 percent of those hours to include evidence—based pharmacology and medical procedures—based training. Under the bill, a licensed doctor of chiropractic medicine has authority to prescribe and administer prescription drugs.

The bill requires doctors of chiropractic medicine to maintain specific levels of malpractice liability insurance coverage and establishes various requirements with respect to fee splitting and billing for services. Those malpractice insurance, fee splitting, and billing requirements, as well as other requirements in the bill, are substantially similar to the requirements for podiatrists under current law.

The bill also treats doctors of chiropractic medicine similar to chiropractors in some respects. For example, the bill requires doctors of chiropractic medicine to refer a patient to a physician if the doctor of chiropractic medicine determines that the patient's condition is beyond the scope of the practice of chiropractic medicine. Also,



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the bill includes insurance coverage parity requirements that closely track the coverage requirements for treatment provided by chiropractors.

The bill requires the affiliated credentialing board to refer an allegation of a doctor of chiropractic medicine's violation of the laws applicable to chiropractors to the Chiropractic Examining Board for investigation, and vice versa. If the alleged conduct involves a violation of the laws applicable to both doctors of chiropractic medicine and chiropractors, the bill requires the two boards to consult concerning the investigation of that alleged conduct. Otherwise, the affiliated credentialing board's authority to investigate misconduct and discipline licensed doctors of chiropractic medicine is typical for that of other similar boards, especially the Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

END INSERT A

INSERT 33-5

SECTION 1. 446.05 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 446.05 (1) (a).

SECTION 2. 446.05 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

446.05 (1) (b) The examining board shall refer an allegation of a violation of ch.

VIII of ch. 448 to the chiropractic medicine affiliated credentialing board for investigation, unless the alleged conduct also involves a violation of this chapter, in which case the examining board and the chiropractic medicine affiliated credentialing board shall consult concerning the investigation.

END INSERT 33-5

INSERT 36-8

(3) "Chiropractic medicine" or "chiropractic medicine and surgery" means the integration and application of the practice of chiropractic and the practice of medicine and surgery that is limited to conditions of the spine and of the musculoskeletal, neuromuscular, and nervous systems, but does not include the use

The practice of chiragraphic medicine includes

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of a general anesthetic unless administered by or under the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery under subch. II.

END INSERT 36-8



INSERT 37-6



(7d) (a) A doctor of chiropractic medicine shall evaluate each patient before commencing treatment of the patient to determine whether the patient has a condition that is treatable by the practice of chiropractic medicine. The evaluation shall be based upon an examination that is appropriate to the patient.

- (b) A doctor of chiropractic medicine shall discontinue the practice of chiropractic medicine on a patient if, at any time after the evaluation under par. (a) or during or following treatment of the patient, the doctor of chiropractic medicine determines or reasonably believes that the patient's condition is not treatable by the practice of chiropractic medicine, or will not respond to further practice of chiropractic medicine by the chiropractor, except that a doctor of chiropractic medicine may provide maintenance, supportive, and wellness care to the patient if the patient is being treated by another health care professional.
- (c) A doctor of chiropractic medicine who discontinues the practice of chiropractic medicine as required in par. (b) shall inform the patient of the reason for discontinuing the practice of chiropractic medicine and shall refer the patient to a physician. A doctor of chiropractic medicine may continue to provide maintenance, supportive, and wellness care to a patient referred under this paragraph who requests these services from the doctor of chiropractic medicine. A referral under this paragraph shall describe the doctor of chiropractic medicine's findings. If the referral is written, the doctor of chiropractic medicine shall provide the patient with

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a copy and shall maintain a copy in the patient's records. If the referral is oral, the doctor of chiropractic medicine shall communicate the referral directly to the physician, shall notify the patient about the referral, and shall make a written record of the oral referral. The written record of the oral referral shall include the name of the physician to whom the patient was referred and the date of the referral. The doctor of chiropractic medicine shall maintain a copy of the written record of the oral referral in the patient's records.

END INSERT 37-6

INSERT 52-5

SECTION 3. 628.46 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

628.46 (2m) (a) Notwithstanding subs. (1) and (2) and except as provided in par. (b), a claim for payment for chiropractic <u>or chiropractic medicine</u> services is overdue if not paid within 30 days after the insurer receives clinical documentation from the chiropractor <u>or doctor of chiropractic medicine</u> that the services were provided unless, within those 30 days, the insurer provides to the insured and to the chiropractor <u>or doctor of chiropractic medicine</u> the written statement under s. 632.875 (2).

History: 1975 c. 375; 1979 c. 109 s. 16; 1979 c. 110 s. 60 (13); 1981 c. 38 s. 24; Stats. 1981 s. 628.46; 2001 a. 16, 65.

END INSERT 52-5

INSERT 52-22

SECTION 4. 632.87 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

632.87 (3) (a) (intro.) No policy, plan or contract may exclude coverage for diagnosis and treatment of a condition or complaint by a licensed chiropractor or licensed doctor of chiropractic medicine within the scope of the chiropractor's his or

1	her professional license, if the policy, plan or contract covers diagnosis and treatment
2	of the condition or complaint by a licensed physician or osteopath, even if different
3	nomenclature is used to describe the condition or complaint. Examination by or
4	referral from a physician shall not be a condition precedent for receipt of chiropractic
V_5	or chiropractic medicine care under this paragraph. This paragraph does not:
6	History: 1975 c. 223, 371, 422; 1981 c. 205; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 412; 2005 a. 194; 2009 a. 28. SECTION 5. 632.87 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
7	632.87 (3) (a) 1. Prohibit the application of deductibles or coinsurance
8	provisions to chiropractic, chiropractic medicine, and physician charges on an equal
9	basis.
10	History: 1975 c. 223, 371, 422; 1981 c. 205; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 412; 2005 a. 194; 2009 a. 28. SECTION 6. 632.87 (3) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
11	632.87 (3) (a) 2. Prohibit the application of cost containment or quality
12	assurance measures to chiropractic or chiropractic medicine services in a manner
13	that is consistent with cost containment or quality assurance measures generally
14	applicable to physician services and that is consistent with this section.
15	History: 1975 c. 223, 371, 422; 1981 c. 205; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 412; 2005 a. 194; 2009 a. 28. SECTION 7. 632.87 (3) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	632.87 (3) (b) (intro.) No insurer, under a policy, plan or contract covering
17	diagnosis and treatment of a condition or complaint by a licensed chiropractor \underline{or}
18	licensed doctor of chiropractic medicine within the scope of the chiropractor's his or
19	her professional license, may do any of the following:
20	History: 1975 c. 223, 371, 422; 1981 c. 205; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 412; 2005 a. 194; 2009 a. 28. SECTION 8. 632.87 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
21	632.87 (3) (b) 1. Restrict or terminate coverage for the treatment of a condition
22	or a complaint by a licensed chiropractor or licensed doctor of chiropractic medicine
23	within the scope of the chiropractor's his or her professional license on the basis of

1	other than an examination or evaluation by or a recommendation of a licensed
2	chiropractor or licensed doctor of chiropractic medicine or a peer review committee
$\sqrt{3}$	that includes a licensed chiropractor or licensed doctor of chiropractic medicine.
4	History: 1975 c. 223, 371, 422; 1981 c. 205; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 412; 2005 a. 194; 2009 a. 28. SECTION 9. 632.87 (3) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	632.87 (3) (b) 2. Refuse to provide coverage to an individual because that
6	individual has been treated by a chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine.
7	History: 1975 c. 223, 371, 422; 1981 c. 205; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 412; 2005 a. 194; 2009 a. 28. SECTION 10. 632.87 (3) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
8	632.87 (3) (b) 3. Establish underwriting standards that are more restrictive for
9	chiropractic or chiropractic medicine care than for care provided by other health care
10	providers.
11	History: 1975 c. 223, 371, 422; 1981 c. 205; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 412; 2005 a. 194; 2009 a. 28. SECTION 11. 632.87 (3) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
12	632.87 (3) (b) 4. Exclude or restrict health care coverage of a health condition
13	solely because the condition may be treated by a chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic
14	medicine.
15	History: 1975 c. 223, 371, 422; 1981 c. 205; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1991 a. 39, 269; 1995 a. 412; 2005 a. 194; 2009 a. 28. SECTION 12. 632.875 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
16	632.875 (1) (am) "Doctor of chiropractic medicine" means a person licensed
17	under s. 448.983.
18	SECTION 13. 632.875 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	632.875 (1) (b) "Independent evaluation" means an examination or evaluation
20	by or recommendation of a chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine or a peer
21	review committee under s. 632.87 (3) (b) 1.
22	History: 1995 a. 94; 2001 a. 16; 2007 a. 20. SECTION 14. 632.875 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

	1	632.875 (1) (c) "Patient" means a person whose treatment by a chiropractor or
	2	doctor of chiropractic medicine is the subject of an independent evaluation.
	3	History: 1995 a. 94; 2001 a. 16; 2007 a. 20. SECTION 15. 632.875 (1) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:
\	4	632.875 (1) (dm) "Treating doctor of chiropractic medicine" means a doctor of
	5	chiropractic medicine who is treating a patient and whose treatment of the patient
	6	is the subject of an independent evaluation.
	7	Section 16. 632.875 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
	8	632.875 (2) (intro.) If, on the basis of an independent evaluation, an insurer
	9	restricts or terminates a patient's coverage for the treatment of a condition or
1	0	complaint by a chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine acting within the scope
1	1	of his or her license and the restriction or termination of coverage results in the
1	2	patient becoming liable for payment for his or her treatment, the insurer shall,
1	3	within the time required under s. 628.46 (2m), provide to the patient and to the
1	4	treating chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine a written statement that
1	5	contains all of the following:
1	6	History: 1995 a. 94; 2001 a. 16; 2007 a. 20. SECTION 17. 632.875 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
1	7	632.875 (2) (b) The name of the treating chiropractor or treating doctor of
18	8	chiropractic medicine.
1	9	History: 1995 a. 94; 2001 a. 16; 2007 a. 20. SECTION 18. 632.875 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	0	632.875 (3) (a) In this subsection, "claim" means a patient's claim for coverage,
2	1	under a policy, plan or contract covering diagnosis and treatment of a condition or
2	2	complaint by a licensed chiropractor or licensed doctor of chiropractic medicine

1 within the scope of the chiropractor's his or her professional license, the restriction 2 or termination of which coverage is the subject of an independent evaluation. History: 1995 a. 94; 2001 a. 16; 2007 a. 20. 3 **Section 19.** 632.875 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 632.875 (3) (b) A chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine who conducts 5 an independent evaluation may not be compensated by an insurer based on a 6 percentage of the dollar amount by which a claim is reduced as a result of the 7 independent evaluation. History: 1995 a, 94; 2001 a, 16; 2007 a, 20. END INSERT 52-22 **INSERT 53-18 Section 20.** 895.453 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read: 9 895.453 (1) (am) "Doctor of chiropractic medicine" means a person licensed under s. 448.983. 1011 **Section 21.** 895.453 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 12 895.453 (2) (intro.) Notwithstanding s. 803.03, if all of the following conditions 13 exist, fees for chiropractic or chiropractic medicine services provided to an injured 14 person shall be paid out of the amount of fees due to his or her attorney under the 15 contingency fee arrangement made between the person and the attorney: History: 2011 a. 32 16 **Section 22.** 895.453 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 17 895.453 (2) (b) The services were provided by a chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine because of the injuries arising from the motor vehicle accident. 18 History: 2011 a. 32 19 **Section 23.** 895.453 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 20 895.453 (2) (e) Prior to the person's acceptance of the settlement agreement,

the chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine has not been paid for his or her

1	services and has provided written notification to the person's attorney of the services
2	that were provided to the person.
3	History: 2011 a. 32. SECTION 24. 895.453 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	895.453 (3) Except as provided in sub. (4), if the conditions under sub. (2) are
5	met, the distribution of the amount due under the contingency fee arrangement shall
6	be allocated on a pro rata basis between the person's attorney and each chiropractor
7	and doctor of chiropractic medicine who provided services, based on the percentage
8	obtained by comparing the outstanding fees owed to the attorney and each
9	chiropractor and doctor of chiropractic medicine to the aggregate outstanding
10	attorney and chiropractic fees. A and chiropractic medicine
11	History: 2011 a. 32. SECTION 25. 895.453 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	895.453 (4) (a) The chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine is eligible
13	for payment for the services provided to the person under any health insurance
14	contract or self-insured health plan.
15	History: 2011 a. 32. Section 26. 895.453 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	895.453 (4) (b) The chiropractor or doctor of chiropractic medicine is eligible
17	for payment for the services provided to the person under any governmental health
18	plan or program, including Medicaid or Medicare.

END INSERT 53-18

History: 2011 a. 32.

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609.70 Chiropractic coverage. Limited service health organizations, preferred provider plans, and defined network plans are subject to \$632.87(3).

895.453 (title)
895.453 Payments of chiropractic services from attorney contingency fees.

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

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Senator Lasee:

Please review this draft carefully to ensure that it is consistent with your intent.

In this redraft, I renumbered the sections in the bill establishing the licensure program for doctors of chiropractic medicine in order to accommodate 2015 Wisconsin Act 116, which creates the interstate medical licensure compact at sections 448.980 and 448.981 of the statutes.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thank you.

Michael Gallagher Legislative Attorney (608) 267–7511 michael.gallagher@legis.wisconsin.gov

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

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January 19, 2016

Senator Lasee:

Please review this draft carefully to ensure that it is consistent with your intent.

In this redraft, I renumbered the sections in the bill establishing the licensure program for doctors of chiropractic medicine in order to accommodate 2015 Wisconsin Act 116, which creates the interstate medical licensure compact at sections 448.980 and 448.981 of the statutes.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thank you.

Michael Gallagher Legislative Attorney (608) 267–7511 michael.gallagher@legis.wisconsin.gov

Gallagher, Michael

From:

Gibbs, Adam

Sent:

Thursday, January 21, 2016 9:13 AM

To:

Gallagher, Michael

Subject:

Draft Changes to LRB 3787/P2

Mike,

Please see the following changes to put into the P3.

1. Page 4, Section 3, lines 16-18: Add a "physician," as defined in Wis. Stat. s. 448.01(5), to the Affiliated Credentialing Board so that the total number of board members is five.

2. Entire draft: Delete all references to "surgery" when referencing "chiropractic medicine." For example, page 37, Section 90, lines 19-25 (definition of "chiropractic medicine"): Delete "surgery" from definition. It is not our intent to have DCMs practice surgery.

3. Page 40, lines 19-21: Delete the language allowing the board to waive the requirements for physicians, APNPs or PAs. Only chiropractors should be allowed to become licensed as a DCM.

4. Page 42, line 6, drafting note: We would like to leave it up to the Medical Collage to determine the minimum number of hours of pharmacology instruction.

Thank you for your help with this. I think we are almost there.

Adam Gibbs
Chief of Staff
Senator Frank Lasee
1st Senate District
(608) 266-3512