

### State of Misconsin 2015 - 2016 LEGISLATURE

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# SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO SENATE BILL 295

February 2, 2016 - Offered by Senator LEMAHIEU.

AN ACT to repeal 6.26, 6.40, 6.55 (2) (a) 2. and 7.515; to renumber 5.05 (14); to 1 renumber and amend 6.28 (1), 6.33 (5) (a) and 6.36 (1) (a); to amend 5.056, 2 3 5.85 (2) (b) 1., 5.85 (2) (b) 2., 5.90 (1), 5.91 (intro.), 6.10 (3), 6.22 (5), 6.24 (3), 6.25 (1) (a), 6.25 (1) (b), 6.275 (1) (b), 6.30 (1), 6.30 (4), 6.32 (1) and (2), 6.325, 6.33 4 5 (1), 6.33 (2) (a), 6.33 (2) (b), 6.34 (2), 6.34 (3) (a) 7. b., 6.35 (1) (intro.), 6.36 (1) 6 (b) 1. a., 6.36 (2) (c), 6.36 (6), 6.50 (3), 6.50 (10), 6.55 (2) (b), 6.55 (2) (c) 1., 6.55 (2) (cs), 6.55 (2) (d), 6.55 (6), 6.79 (1m), 6.79 (2) (d), 6.86 (3) (b), 6.87 (4) (b) 1., 7 8 6.87 (6), 7.03 (1) (d), 7.08 (1) (c), 7.30 (2) (a), 7.31 (1), 7.315 (1) (a), 7.315 (1) (b) 9 1., 7.315 (1) (b) 2., 7.315 (3), 7.37 (13), 7.51 (5) (b), 7.53 (1) (a), 7.53 (3) (a), 7.60 10 (1), 9.01 (1) (a) 1., 11.1104 (6), 17.29, 85.61 (1) and 343.027; to repeal and 11 recreate 5.05 (14) (b), 5.05 (14) (c), 5.05 (18), 5.056, 5.91 (intro.), 6.24 (3), 6.30 12 (4), 6.30 (5), 6.33 (1), 6.33 (5) (a), 6.34 (2m), 6.34 (4), 6.35 (2), 6.36 (1) (a) (intro.), 13 6.36 (1) (a) 4., 6.36 (1) (a) 9., 6.36 (1) (am), 6.36 (1) (b) 1. a., 6.36 (6), 6.55 (2) (cs), 6.79 (1m), 7.08 (1) (c), 7.31 (1), 7.315 (1) (a), 7.315 (3), 9.01 (1) (a) 1., 85.61 (1) and 343.027; and *to create* 5.02 (4g), 5.02 (6m) (g), 5.05 (14) (b), 5.05 (14) (c), 5.05 (18), 6.30 (5), 6.33 (5) (a) 2., 6.34 (2m), 6.34 (3) (a) 12., 6.34 (4), 6.35 (2), 6.36 (1) (a) 13. to 16., 6.36 (1) (ae), 6.87 (6d), 7.315 (4), 7.51 (4) (c), 19.42 (10) (ab) and 19.42 (13) (p) of the statutes; **relating to:** electronic voter registration and election administration and granting rule–making authority.

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#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This substitute amendment makes the following changes to the election laws:

#### **ELECTRONIC VOTER REGISTRATION**

This substitute amendment permits a qualified elector to register to vote electronically, eliminates the position and responsibilities of special registration deputies, and requires the Government Accountability Board (GAB) to enter into agreements with other state election administrators to share information related to the registration and voting of qualified electors.

Currently, a qualified elector may register to vote at any election by mail, in person at the office of the municipal or county clerk or board of election commissioners for the municipality or county where the elector resides, or by completing a registration form with a special registration deputy no later than the 20th day before the election. A qualified elector may also register to vote at an election in person at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners for the municipality where the elector resides no later than 5 p.m. on the Friday before the election. In order to register, an elector must provide his or her name and address and certain other information required to ascertain his or her eligibility and must sign the registration form. With certain exceptions, an elector who registers after the 20th day before an election or an elector who registers by mail and who has not voted before in an election in this state must provide proof of residence prior to voting. Currently, the clerk or board of election commissioners must verify each registration received by mail or submitted by a special registration deputy by sending a first-class letter or postcard to the registrant at the registrant's address.

This substitute amendment permits a qualified elector who has a current and valid driver's license or identification card issued by the Department of Transportation (DOT) to register to vote at an election electronically on a secure Internet site maintained by GAB. The substitute amendment requires an electronic registration to be completed no later than the 20th day before an election in order to be valid for that election. Under the substitute amendment, a qualified elector enters the same information that appears on the current registration form and authorizes DOT to forward a copy of his or her electronic signature to GAB. The authorization

affirms that all information provided by the elector is correct and has the same effect as if the elector signed the form personally. The substitute amendment also permits an elector who is currently registered to vote and who has a current and valid driver's license or identification card to electronically enter a change of name or address using a similar procedure.

In accordance with the existing procedure for verifying registrations that are received at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners, the substitute amendment provides that when an electronic registration is received, GAB or the clerk or board of election commissioners of the elector's municipality of residence must verify each electronic registration by sending a first–class letter or postcard to the registrant at the registrant's address. If an elector who registers electronically provides his or her Wisconsin driver's license number, together with his or her name and date of birth, and GAB is able to verify the information electronically at the time of registration by electronically accessing DOT's records, the elector need not provide proof of residence prior to voting. The substitute amendment directs GAB and DOT to enter into an agreement that permits GAB to verify the necessary information instantly by accessing DOT's electronic files.

Currently, each municipal clerk and board of election commissioners must maintain a file of voter registration forms for the electors of the municipality. This substitute amendment provides that the clerk or board must maintain registrations that are entered electronically in the manner prescribed by GAB, by rule.

The changes to elector registration first apply with respect to registration for voting at the first spring or partisan primary election that follows by at least six months the day on which the substitute amendment becomes law.

This substitute amendment requires the chief election officer to enter into an agreement with the Electronic Registration Information Center for the purpose of maintaining this state's statewide voter registration list.

#### **ELECTION REGISTRATION OFFICIALS**

Current law permits municipal clerks to appoint qualified electors to serve as special registration deputies in a municipality for the purpose of registering electors of that municipality prior to the close of registration. The municipal clerk may authorize a special registration deputy to register electors at a polling place if the registration process would be facilitated by that authorization. Individuals must generally complete training provided by GAB prior to serving as a special registration deputy. This substitute amendment eliminates the authority to appoint and use special registration deputies.

The substitute amendment allows the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners to appoint election registration officials to register voters. The substitute amendment also requires election registration officials to receive the same training as inspectors.

#### **TESTING**

Under current law, GAB must, by rule, prescribe requirements for certifying individuals to serve as chief inspectors for an election. GAB must include training as part of those requirements, but the board may not require an individual who

receives the training to take an examination. The substitute amendment allows the board to require such an examination.

#### ELECTRONIC POLL LISTS

The substitute amendment also allows GAB to facilitate the creation and maintenance of electronic poll lists.

#### **ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS**

The substitute amendment allows GAB to certify any voting device, automatic tabulating equipment, or related equipment and materials for use in an electronic voting system, regardless of whether any such items are approved by the federal Election Assistance Commission.

Under current law, for the purpose of counting the votes cast using an electronic voting system, when an elector votes for more candidates for an office than are allowed to hold that office, an election official must create a duplicate ballot to record all the other votes that the elector cast and to eliminate the overvote. The official then marks the original and the duplicate and secures them both in the ballot container with the other ballots.

Under the substitute amendment, an election official may, instead, use the override function of the electronic voting system in order to record all votes of the elector on the original ballot other than the votes for the overvoted office. The official then marks the original ballot as an overvoted ballot and secures that ballot with the other ballots in the ballot container.

#### PROOF OF RESIDENCY; RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY

Under current law, an individual who wants to register to vote must present proof of residency. An individual may present any of number of different documents to prove where the individual lives, including a valid and current driver's license or identification card, a property tax bill, an utility bill, a bank statement, or a check or other document issued by a governmental unit. Under current law, the proof of residency must specify the individual's name and his or her complete and current residential address, including the numbered street address and the municipality.

Under the substitute amendment, for purposes of registering to vote with election registration officials, an occupant of a residential care facility may use a contract or intake document prepared by the residential care facility that specifies that the occupant currently resides in the facility. The substitute amendment does not apply to occupants of a retirement home.

#### PROOF OF IDENTIFICATION; VETERANS AFFAIRS CARD

The substitute amendment permits an individual to use a veterans identification card issued by the Veterans Health Administration of the federal Department of Veterans Affairs to be used as proof of identification if the card contains the individual's name and photograph.

#### RECEIVING ABSENTEE BALLOTS BY MAIL

The substitute amendment changes the date by which an elector must return and a municipal clerk must receive an absentee ballot by mail. Under current law, an elector may vote by absentee ballot either in person or by returning a completed ballot by U.S. mail. Current law requires a municipal clerk to accept and count the votes on absentee ballots received by mail as long as the ballot is postmarked no later than election day and received in the office of the municipal clerk by 4 p.m. on the Friday following election day.

The substitute amendment retains the right of an elector to vote by absentee ballot by mail, but requires the elector to return the ballot so that it is received no later than 8 p.m. on election day. Under current law, the polls close at 8 p.m. on election day.

#### ABSENTEE BALLOTS; WITNESS CERTIFICATE

Under current law, in order to vote using an absentee ballot, an individual must complete a certificate, which certifies that the individual is a qualified elector. The individual must sign the certificate in the presence of a witness who must also sign the certificate and provide his or her name and address. Under the substitute amendment, an absentee ballot may not be counted if the certificate is missing the address of a witness.

#### **ELECTION ADMINISTRATION AND REPORTING**

Current law requires the Government Accountability Board to compile and maintain an electronic voter registration list. The list provides the name, address, and date of birth of each registered elector in this state and the ward or aldermanic district associated with each registered elector. The list also contains other identification information for each elector and information transmitted to the board from the Department of Corrections.

This substitute amendment requires that the board provide the following information on the voter registration list:

- 1. The date on which an elector applied to vote by in-person absentee ballot.
- 2. The date on which the clerk mailed an absentee ballot to an elector and the date on which the elector returned the absentee ballot.
- 3. The polling location associated with each elector's address and ward or aldermanic district.
- 4. The mailing address for the municipal clerk associated with each polling location.

Under current law, a municipal clerk must update the electronic voter registration list maintained by the board promptly after receiving a valid registration or change to an existing registration or after changing an elector's registration status from eligible to ineligible. Under the substitute amendment, whenever the clerk mails or receives an absentee ballot the clerk must update the list no later than 48 hours after mailing or receiving the ballot or give the information regarding the ballot to the clerk's designee who must update the list no later than 24 hours after receiving the information from the clerk.

The substitute amendment also requires that the board establish a subscription service whereby a person may electronically access the absentee ballot information the clerks provide to the board. In addition, the substitute amendment requires a county clerk to post all election returns received by the clerk on election night on an Internet site maintained by the county within two hours of receiving the returns. The board must then link to the returns on an Internet site maintained by the board.

#### STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

This substitute amendment provides that all members of the Elections Commission and all members of the Ethics Commission are subject to the standards of conduct for state public officials. The substitute amendment also clarifies that a member or employee of the Ethics Commission must file a statement of economic interests. Current law specifically requires members and employees of the Elections Commission to file statements of economic interests, but does not specifically require members and employees of the Ethics Commission to do the same.

#### SEGREGATED FUND CONTRIBUTIONS

This substitute amendment limits the amount that a political action committee may contribute to the segregated fund of a political party or legislative campaign committee to \$12,000 in any year. Current law limits the amount that a corporation, cooperative, labor organization, or tribe may contribute to a segregated fund to \$12,000 in any year. All other persons may contribute to the fund in unlimited amounts.

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## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

2 **SECTION 1.** 5.02 (4g) of the statutes is created to read:

5.02 (**4g**) "Election registration official" means an election official assigned under s. 6.28 (1) (a) or 7.30 to register electors.

**SECTION 2.** 5.02 (6m) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

5.02 (6m) (g) A veterans identification card issued by the veterans health administration of the federal department of veterans affairs.

**Section 3.** 5.05 (14) of the statutes is renumbered 5.05 (14) (a).

**SECTION 4.** 5.05 (14) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

5.05 (14) (b) The board shall establish a subscription service whereby a person may electronically access the absentee ballot information provided under s. 6.33 (5) (a), including semiweekly updates of such information.

**SECTION 5.** 5.05 (14) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

5.05 (14) (b) The commission shall establish a subscription service whereby a
person may electronically access the absentee ballot information provided under s.
6.33 (5) (a), including semiweekly updates of such information.
<b>SECTION 6.</b> 5.05 (14) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
5.05 (14) (c) On election night the board shall provide a link on its Internet site
to the posting of each county's election returns on each county's Internet site.
SECTION 7. 5.05 (14) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act
(this act), is repealed and recreated to read:
5.05 (14) (c) On election night the commission shall provide a link on its
Internet site to the posting of each county's election returns on each county's Internet
site.
<b>Section 8.</b> 5.05 (18) of the statutes is created to read:
5.05 (18) ELECTRONIC POLL LISTS. The board may facilitate the creation and
maintenance of electronic poll lists for purposes of s. 6.79 including entering into
contracts with vendors and establishing programs for development and testing.
SECTION 9. 5.05 (18) of the statutes, as created by 2015 Wisconsin Act (this
act), is repealed and recreated to read:
5.05 (18) ELECTRONIC POLL LISTS. The commission may facilitate the creation
and maintenance of electronic poll lists for purposes of s. 6.79 including entering into
contracts with vendors and establishing programs for development and testing.
<b>SECTION 10.</b> 5.056 of the statutes is amended to read:
5.056 Matching program with secretary of transportation. The
administrator of the elections division of the board shall enter into the agreement
with the secretary of transportation specified under s. 85.61 (1) to match personally
identifiable information on the official registration list maintained by the board

under s. 6.36 (1) and the information specified in s. 6.34 (2m) with personally identifiable information maintained by the department of transportation.

**SECTION 11.** 5.056 of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Acts 118 and .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

5.056 Matching program with secretary of transportation. The commission administrator shall enter into the agreement with the secretary of transportation specified under s. 85.61 (1) to match personally identifiable information on the official registration list maintained by the commission under s. 6.36 (1) and the information specified in s. 6.34 (2m) with personally identifiable information maintained by the department of transportation.

**Section 12.** 5.85 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

5.85 (2) (b) 1. In case of an overvote for any office, the election officials shall may either use the override function of the electronic voting system in order to eliminate the votes for the overvoted office, which shall be noted on the inspector's statement, or make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on the ballot except for the office that is overvoted in the manner described in this subdivision. The If the election officials make a true duplicate ballot, they shall use an official ballot of that kind used by the elector who voted the original ballot, and one of the marking devices, so as to transfer all votes of the elector except for the office overvoted to an official ballot of that kind used in the ward at that election. Unless election officials are selected under s. 7.30 (4) (c) without regard to party affiliation, whenever election officials of both of the 2 major political parties are present, the election officials acting under this subdivision shall consist in each case of at least one election official of each of the parties.

**SECTION 13.** 5.85 (2) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

5.85 (2) (b) 2. On any original ballot upon which there is an overvote and for which a duplicate ballot is made under subd. 1., the election officials shall, in the space on the ballot for official endorsement, identify the ballot as an "Overvoted Ballot" and write a serial number. On the any duplicate ballot produced under subd. 1., the election officials shall, in the space on the ballot for official endorsement, identify the ballot as a "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" and write a serial number. The election officials shall place the same serial number on each "Overvoted Ballot" and its corresponding "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot," commencing with number "1" and continuing consecutively for each of the ballots for which a "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" is produced in that ward or election district. The election officials shall initial the "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the container for return of the ballots. The "Overvoted Ballot" ballots and their envelopes shall be placed in the "Original Ballots" envelope.

**Section 14.** 5.90 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.90 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, recounts of votes cast on an electronic voting system shall be conducted in the manner prescribed in s. 9.01. Except as provided in this subsection, sub. (2), and s. 9.01 (1) (b) 8s., if the ballots are distributed to the electors, the board of canvassers shall recount the ballots with automatic tabulating equipment. The board of canvassers shall test the automatic tabulating equipment to be used prior to the recount as provided in s. 5.84, and then the official ballots or the record of the votes cast shall be recounted on the automatic tabulating equipment. In addition, the board of canvassers shall check the ballots for the presence or absence of the initials and other distinguishing marks, shall examine the ballots marked "Rejected", "Defective", "Overvoted", and "Objected to" to determine the propriety of such labels, and shall compare the "Duplicate

Overvoted Ballots" and "Duplicate Damaged Ballots" with their respective originals to determine the correctness of the duplicates. Unless a court orders a recount to be conducted by another method under sub. (2), the board of canvassers may determine to conduct the recount of a specific election by hand and may determine to conduct the recount by hand for only certain wards or election districts. If electronic voting machines are used, the board of canvassers shall perform the recount using the permanent paper record of the votes cast by each elector, as generated by the machines.

**Section 15.** 5.91 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.91 Requisites for approval of ballots, devices and equipment. (intro.) No ballot, voting device, automatic tabulating equipment, or related equipment and materials to be used in an electronic voting system may be utilized in this state unless it is approved certified by the board. The board may revoke its approval certification of any ballot, device, equipment or materials at any time for cause. No such ballot, voting device, automatic tabulating equipment or related equipment or material may be approved The board may certify any such voting device, automatic tabulating equipment, or related equipment or materials regardless of whether any such item is approved by the federal election assistance commission, but the board may not certify any ballot, device, equipment, or material to be used in an electronic voting system unless it fulfills the following requirements:

**Section 16.** 5.91 (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

**5.91** Requisites for approval of ballots, devices and equipment. (intro.) No ballot, voting device, automatic tabulating equipment, or related equipment and materials to be used in an electronic voting system may be utilized in this state

unless it is certified by the commission. The commission may revoke its certification of any ballot, device, equipment or materials at any time for cause. The commission may certify any such voting device, automatic tabulating equipment, or related equipment or materials regardless of whether any such item is approved by the federal election assistance commission, but the commission may not certify any ballot, device, equipment, or material to be used in an electronic voting system unless it fulfills the following requirements:

**SECTION 17.** 6.10 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.10 (3) When an elector moves his or her residence from one ward or municipality to another ward or municipality within the state at least 28 days before the election, the elector may vote in and be considered a resident of the new ward or municipality where residing upon transferring registration under s. 6.40 (1) or upon registering at the proper polling place or other registration location in the new ward or municipality under s. 6.55 (2) or 6.86 (3) (a) 2. If the elector moves his or her residence later than 28 days before an election, the elector shall vote in the elector's former ward or municipality if otherwise qualified to vote there.

**SECTION 18.** 6.22 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.22 (5) VOTING PROCEDURE. Except as provided in s. 7.515 and as authorized in s. 6.25, the ballot shall be marked and returned, deposited and recorded in the same manner as other absentee ballots. In addition, the certification under s. 6.87 (2) shall have a statement of the elector's birth date. Failure to return any unused ballots in a primary election does not invalidate the ballot on which the elector casts his or her votes.

**SECTION 19.** 6.24 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.24 (3) REGISTRATION. The overseas elector shall register in the municipality where he or she was last domiciled or where the overseas elector's parent was last domiciled on a form prescribed by the board designed to ascertain the elector's qualifications under this section. The form board shall be ensure that the form is substantially similar to the original form under s. 6.33 (1), insofar as applicable. Registration shall be accomplished in accordance with s. 6.30 (4) or (5).

**SECTION 20.** 6.24 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.24 (3) REGISTRATION. The overseas elector shall register in the municipality where he or she was last domiciled or where the overseas elector's parent was last domiciled on a form prescribed by the commission designed to ascertain the elector's qualifications under this section. The commission shall ensure that the form is substantially similar to the original form under s. 6.33 (1), insofar as applicable. Registration shall be accomplished in accordance with s. 6.30 (4) or (5).

**Section 21.** 6.25 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.25 (1) (a) Any individual who qualifies as a military elector under s. 6.22 (1) (b) and who transmits an application for an official absentee ballot for any election, including a primary election, no later than the latest time specified for the elector in s. 6.86 (1) (b) may, in lieu of the official ballot, cast a federal write—in absentee ballot prescribed under 42 USC 1973ff—2 for any candidate for an office listed on the official ballot or for all of the candidates of any recognized political party for the offices listed on the official ballot at that election if the federal write—in absentee ballot is received by the appropriate municipal clerk no later than the applicable time prescribed in s. 6.87 (6) or 7.515 (3).

**Section 22.** 6.25 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.25 (1) (b) Any individual who qualifies as an overseas elector under s. 6.24
(1) and who transmits an application for an official absentee ballot for an election for
national office, including a primary election, no later than the latest time specified
for an elector in s. 6.86 (1) (b) may, in lieu of the official ballot, cast a federal write-in
absentee ballot prescribed under 42 USC 1973ff-2 for any candidate or for all
candidates of any recognized political party for national office listed on the official
ballot at that election, if the federal write-in absentee ballot is received by the
appropriate municipal clerk no later than the applicable time prescribed in s. 6.87
(6) or 7.515 (3).

**SECTION 23.** 6.26 of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Acts 39 and 118, is repealed.

**SECTION 24.** 6.275 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.275 (1) (b) The total number of electors of the municipality residing in that county who were preregistered on the deadline specified in s. 6.28 (1) (a), including valid mail registrations which are postmarked by that day <u>and valid electronic</u> registrations entered under s. 6.30 (5).

**SECTION 25.** 6.28 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 6.28 (1) (a) and amended to read:

6.28 (1) REGISTRATION LOCATIONS; DEADLINE; LOCATIONS. (a) Except as authorized in ss. 6.29, 6.55 (2), and 6.86 (3) (a) 2., registration in person for any an election shall elose closes at 5 p.m. on the 3rd Wednesday preceding the election. Registrations made by mail under s. 6.30 (4) must be delivered to the office of the municipal clerk or postmarked no later than the 3rd Wednesday preceding the election. Electronic registration under s. 6.30 (5) for an election closes at 11:59 p.m. on the 3rd Wednesday preceding the election. The municipal clerk or board of election commissioners may

assign election registration officials to register electors who apply for an in-person absentee ballot under s. 6.86 (1) (b) or to register electors at a polling place on election day or at a residential care facility, as defined under s. 6.875 (1) (bm).

(b) All applications for registration corrections and additions may be made throughout the year at the office of the city board of election commissioners, at the office of the municipal clerk, at the office of the county clerk, or at other locations provided by the board of election commissioners or the common council in cities over 500,000 population or by either or both the municipal clerk, or the common council, village or town board in all other municipalities. Other registration locations may include but are not limited to fire houses, police stations, public libraries, institutions of higher education, supermarkets, community centers, plants and factories, banks, savings and loan associations and savings banks. Special registration deputies shall be appointed for each location unless the location can be sufficiently staffed by the board of election commissioners or the municipal clerk or his or her deputies. An elector who wishes to obtain a confidential listing under s. 6.47 (2) shall register at the office of the municipal clerk of the municipality where the elector resides.

**SECTION 26.** 6.30 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.30 (1) IN PERSON. An elector shall apply for registration in person, except as provided under sub. subs. (4) and (5) and s. 6.86 (3) (a) 2.

**Section 27.** 6.30 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.30 (4) By MAIL. Any eligible elector may register by mail on a form prescribed by the board and provided by each municipality. The form shall be designed to obtain the information required in ss. 6.33 (1) and to provide for changes authorized under s. 6.40 (1) (a). The form shall contain a certification by the elector that all statements are true and correct. The form shall be prepostpaid for return when mailed at any

point within the United States. The form shall be available in the municipal clerk's office and may be distributed by any elector of the municipality. The clerk shall mail a registration form to any elector upon written or oral request.

**SECTION 28.** 6.30 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.30 (4) By Mail. Any eligible elector may register by mail on a form prescribed by the commission and provided by each municipality. The form shall be designed to obtain the information required in ss. 6.33 (1). The form shall contain a certification by the elector that all statements are true and correct. The form shall be prepostpaid for return when mailed at any point within the United States. The form shall be available in the municipal clerk's office and may be distributed by any elector of the municipality. The clerk shall mail a registration form to any elector upon written or oral request.

**Section 29.** 6.30 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

6.30 (5) By Electronic application. An eligible elector who holds a current and valid operator's license issued under ch. 343 or a current and valid identification card issued under s. 343.50 may register electronically in the manner prescribed by the board. The board shall maintain on the Internet a secure registration form that enables the elector to enter the information required under s. 6.33 (1) electronically. An elector who registers electronically under this subsection must authorize the board to obtain from the department of transportation an electronic copy of the elector's signature, which signature shall constitute an affirmance that all information provided by the elector is correct and shall have the same effect as if the elector had signed the application personally. The board shall include on the registration form a place for the elector to give this authorization. Upon submittal

of the electronic application, the board shall obtain from the department of transportation a copy of the electronic signature of the elector. The board shall maintain the application on file and shall notify the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of the municipality where the elector resides of its receipt of each completed application. The board shall also permit any elector who has a current and valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 or a current and valid identification card issued under s. 343.50 to make changes in his or her registration at the same Internet site that is used by electors for original registration under this subsection. An elector shall attest to the correctness of any changes in the same manner as provided in this subsection for information entered on an application for original registration.

**SECTION 30.** 6.30 (5) of the statutes, as created by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.30 (5) By ELECTRONIC APPLICATION. An eligible elector who holds a current and valid operator's license issued under ch. 343 or a current and valid identification card issued under s. 343.50 may register electronically in the manner prescribed by the commission. The commission shall maintain on the Internet a secure registration form that enables the elector to enter the information required under s. 6.33 (1) electronically. An elector who registers electronically under this subsection must authorize the commission to obtain from the department of transportation an electronic copy of the elector's signature, which signature shall constitute an affirmance that all information provided by the elector is correct and shall have the same effect as if the elector had signed the application personally. The commission shall include on the registration form a place for the elector to give this authorization. Upon submittal of the electronic application, the commission shall obtain from the

department of transportation a copy of the electronic signature of the elector. The commission shall maintain the application on file and shall notify the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of the municipality where the elector resides of its receipt of each completed application. The commission shall also permit any elector who has a current and valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 or a current and valid identification card issued under s. 343.50 to make changes in his or her registration at the same Internet site that is used by electors for original registration under this subsection. An elector shall attest to the correctness of any changes in the same manner as provided in this subsection for information entered on an application for original registration.

**Section 31.** 6.32 (1) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read:

- 6.32 (1) Upon receipt of a registration form that is submitted by mail under s. 6.30 (4) or that is submitted by a special registration deputy appointed under s. 6.26 or by electronic application under s. 6.30 (5), the municipal clerk shall examine the form for sufficiency.
- (2) If the form is insufficient to accomplish registration or the clerk knows or has reliable information that the proposed elector is not qualified, the clerk shall notify the proposed elector within 5 days, if possible, and request that the elector appear at the clerk's office or other another registration center location to complete a proper registration or substantiate the information presented.

**Section 32.** 6.325 of the statutes is amended to read:

**6.325 Disqualification of electors.** No person may be disqualified as an elector unless the municipal clerk, board of election commissioners or a challenging elector under s. 6.48 demonstrates beyond a reasonable doubt that the person does not qualify as an elector or is not properly registered. If it appears that the

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challenged elector is registered at a residence in this state other than the one where the elector now resides, the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners shall, before permitting the elector to vote, require the elector to transfer his or her registration under s. 6.40 (1) (a) properly register and shall notify the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners at the former residence. The municipal clerk or board of election commissioners may require naturalized applicants to show their naturalization certificates.

**Section 33.** 6.33 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.33 (1) The board shall prescribe the format, size, and shape of registration forms. All <u>nonelectronic</u> forms shall be printed <del>on cards</del> and each item of information shall be of uniform font size, as prescribed by the board. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, electronic forms shall contain the same information as nonelectronic forms. The municipal clerk shall supply sufficient forms to meet voter registration needs. The forms board shall be designed design the form to obtain from each applicant elector information as to name; date; residence location; location of previous residence immediately before moving to current residence location; citizenship; date of birth; age; the number of a current and valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 or the last 4 digits of the elector's social security account number; whether the applicant elector has resided within the ward or election district for at least 28 the number of consecutive days specified in s. 6.02 (1); whether the applicant elector has been convicted of a felony for which he or she has not been pardoned, and if so, whether the applicant elector is incarcerated, or on parole, probation, or extended supervision; whether the applicant elector is disqualified on any other ground from voting; and whether the applicant elector is currently registered to vote at any other location. The form board shall include on

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the nonelectronic form a space for the applicant's elector's signature and on the electronic form the authorization specified under s. 6.30 (5). Below the space for the signature or authorization, respectively, the form board shall state include the following statement: "Falsification of information on this form is punishable under Wisconsin law as a Class I felony." The form board shall include on the form a space to enter the name of any special registration deputy under s. 6.26 or 6.55 (6) or inspector, municipal clerk, or deputy clerk under s. 6.55 (2) who obtains the form and a space for the deputy, inspector, clerk, or deputy clerk to sign his or her name, affirming that the deputy, inspector, clerk, or deputy clerk has accepted the form. The form board shall include on the form a space for entry of the ward and aldermanic district, if any, where the elector resides and any other information required to determine the offices and referenda for which the elector is certified to vote. The form board shall also include on the form a space where the clerk may record an indication of whether the form is received by mail or by electronic application, a space where the clerk shall record an indication of the type of identifying document submitted by the elector as proof of residence under s. 6.34 or an indication that the elector's information in lieu of proof of residence was verified under s. 6.34 (2m), the name of the entity or institution that issued the identifying document, and, if the identifying document includes a number that applies only to the individual holding that document, that number. The form board shall also include on the form a space where the clerk, for any applicant elector who possesses a valid voting identification card issued to the person under s. 6.47 (3), may record the identification serial number appearing on the voting identification card. Each county clerk shall obtain sufficient registration forms for completion by an elector who desires to register to vote at the office of the county clerk under s. 6.28 (4).

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**SECTION 34.** 6.33 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

The commission shall prescribe the format, size, and shape of registration forms. All nonelectronic forms shall be printed and each item of information shall be of uniform font size, as prescribed by the commission. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, electronic forms shall contain the same information as nonelectronic forms. The municipal clerk shall supply sufficient forms to meet voter registration needs. The commission shall design the form to obtain from each elector information as to name; date; residence location; location of previous residence immediately before moving to current residence location; citizenship; date of birth; age; the number of a current and valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 or the last 4 digits of the elector's social security account number; whether the elector has resided within the ward or election district for the number of consecutive days specified in s. 6.02 (1); whether the elector has been convicted of a felony for which he or she has not been pardoned, and if so, whether the elector is incarcerated, or on parole, probation, or extended supervision: whether the elector is disqualified on any other ground from voting; and whether the elector is currently registered to vote at any other location. The commission shall include on the nonelectronic form a space for the elector's signature and on the electronic form the authorization specified under s. 6.30 (5). Below the space for the signature or authorization, respectively, the commission shall include the following statement: "Falsification of information on this form is punishable under Wisconsin law as a Class I felony." The commission shall include on the form a space to enter the name of any inspector, municipal clerk, or deputy clerk under s. 6.55 (2) who obtains the form and a space for the inspector, clerk, or deputy clerk to sign his or her

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name, affirming that the inspector, clerk, or deputy clerk has accepted the form. The commission shall include on the form a space for entry of the ward and aldermanic district, if any, where the elector resides and any other information required to determine the offices and referenda for which the elector is certified to vote. The commission shall also include on the form a space where the clerk may record an indication of whether the form is received by mail or by electronic application, a space where the clerk shall record an indication of the type of identifying document submitted by the elector as proof of residence under s. 6.34 or an indication that the elector's information in lieu of proof of residence was verified under s. 6.34 (2m), the name of the entity or institution that issued the identifying document, and, if the identifying document includes a number that applies only to the individual holding that document, that number. The commission shall also include on the form a space where the clerk, for any elector who possesses a valid voting identification card issued to the person under s. 6.47 (3), may record the identification serial number appearing on the voting identification card. Each county clerk shall obtain sufficient registration forms for completion by an elector who desires to register to vote at the office of the county clerk under s. 6.28 (4).

**Section 35.** 6.33 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.33 (2) (a) All information may be recorded by any person, except that the clerk shall record the ward and aldermanic district, if any, other geographic information under sub. (1), the indication of whether the registration is received by mail, and the type of identifying document submitted by the elector as proof of residence under s. 6.34, and any information relating to an applicant's voting identification card shall be recorded by the clerk. Each applicant. Except as provided in s. 6.30 (5), each elector shall sign his or her own name unless the applicant elector is unable to sign

his or her name due to physical disability. In such case, the applicant elector may authorize another elector to sign the form on his or her behalf. If the applicant elector so authorizes, the elector signing the form shall attest to a statement that the application is made upon request and by authorization of a named elector who is unable to sign the form due to physical disability.

**SECTION 36.** 6.33 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.33 (2) (b) Except as provided in s. 6.86 (3) (a) 2., the registration form shall be signed by the registering elector before the clerk, issuing officer or registration deputy election registration official. The form shall contain a certification by the registering elector that all statements are true and correct.

**SECTION 37.** 6.33 (5) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 6.33 (5) (a) 1. and amended to read:

6.33 (5) (a) 1. Except as provided in par. (b) and this paragraph, whenever a municipal clerk receives a valid registration or valid change of a name or address under an existing registration and whenever a municipal clerk or changes a registration from eligible to ineligible status, the municipal clerk or the clerk's designee shall promptly enter electronically on the list maintained by the board under s. 6.36 (1) the information required under that subsection.

3. Except as provided in par. (b) and this paragraph, the municipal clerk may or the clerk's designee shall update any entries that change on the date of an election other than a general election within 30 days after the date of that election, and may shall update any entries that change on the date of a general election within 45 days after the date of that election. The legal counsel of the board may, upon request of a municipal clerk, permit the clerk to update entries that change on the date of a general election within 60 days after that election.

4. The municipal clerk shall provide to the board information that is confidential under s. 6.47 (2) in such manner as the board prescribes.

**SECTION 38.** 6.33 (5) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Acts 118 and .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

- 6.33 (5) (a) 1. Except as provided in par. (b) and this paragraph, whenever a municipal clerk receives a valid registration or valid change of a name or address under an existing registration or changes a registration from eligible to ineligible status the municipal clerk or the clerk's designee shall promptly enter electronically on the list maintained by the commission under s. 6.36 (1) the information required under that subsection.
- 2. Except as provided in par. (b) and this paragraph, whenever a municipal clerk mails an absentee ballot to an elector or receives an in-person absentee ballot application or an absentee ballot the municipal clerk shall, no later than 48 hours after mailing an absentee ballot or receiving an in-person absentee ballot application or an absentee ballot, enter electronically on the list maintained by the commission under s. 6.36 (1) the information required under that subsection or submit the information to the clerk's designee who shall, no later than 24 hours after receiving the information from the clerk, enter electronically on the list maintained by the commission under s. 6.36 (1) the information required under that subsection.
- 3. Except as provided in par. (b) and this paragraph, the municipal clerk or the clerk's designee shall update any entries that change on the date of an election other than a general election within 30 days after the date of that election, and shall update any entries that change on the date of a general election within 45 days after the date of that election. The commission administrator may, upon request of a municipal

clerk permit the clerk to update entries that change on the date of a general election within 60 days after that election.

4. The municipal clerk shall provide to the commission information that is confidential under s. 6.47 (2) in such manner as the commission prescribes.

**SECTION 39.** 6.33 (5) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

6.33 (5) (a) 2. Except as provided in par. (b) and this paragraph, whenever a municipal clerk mails an absentee ballot to an elector or receives an in-person absentee ballot application or an absentee ballot the municipal clerk shall, no later than 48 hours after mailing an absentee ballot or receiving an in-person absentee ballot application or an absentee ballot, enter electronically on the list maintained by the board under s. 6.36 (1) the information required under that subsection or submit the information to the clerk's designee who shall, no later than 24 hours after receiving the information from the clerk, enter electronically on the list maintained by the board under s. 6.36 (1) the information required under that subsection.

**SECTION 40.** 6.34 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.34 (2) Upon Except as provided in sub. (2m), upon completion of a registration form prescribed under s. 6.33, each eligible elector who is required to register under s. 6.27, who is not a military elector or an overseas elector, shall provide an identifying document that establishes proof of residence under sub. (3). If the elector registered by mail or by electronic application, the identifying document may not be a residential lease.

**Section 41.** 6.34 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

6.34 (2m) An elector who registers by electronic application under s. 6.30 (5) is not required to provide proof of residence under sub. (2) if, at the time of registration, the elector provides the number of a current and valid operator's license

issued under ch. 343, or the number of a current and valid identification card issued under s. 343.50, together with the elector's name and date of birth and the board is able to verify the information specified under sub. (3) (b) using the system maintained under sub. (4).

**SECTION 42.** 6.34 (2m) of the statutes, as created by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.34 (2m) An elector who registers by electronic application under s. 6.30 (5) is not required to provide proof of residence under sub. (2) if, at the time of registration, the elector provides the number of a current and valid operator's license issued under ch. 343, or the number of a current and valid identification card issued under s. 343.50, together with the elector's name and date of birth and the commission is able to verify the information specified under sub. (3) (b) using the system maintained under sub. (4).

**SECTION 43.** 6.34 (3) (a) 7. b. of the statutes is amended to read:

6.34 (3) (a) 7. b. An identification card issued by a university, college or technical college that contains a photograph of the cardholder if the university, college, or technical college that issued the card provides a certified and current list of students who reside in housing sponsored by the university, college, or technical college and who are U.S. citizens to the municipal clerk prior to the election showing the current address of the students and if the municipal clerk, special registration deputy election registration official, or inspector verifies that the student presenting the card is included on the list.

**Section 44.** 6.34 (3) (a) 12. of the statutes is created to read:

6.34 (3) (a) 12. For an occupant of a residential care facility, as defined in s. 6.875 (1) (bm), for the purpose of registering at the facility, a contract or intake

document prepared by the residential care facility that specifies that the occupant currently resides in the facility. The contract or intake document may also identify the room or unit in which the occupant resides.

**SECTION 45.** 6.34 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

6.34 (4) The board shall maintain a system that electronically verifies, on an instant basis, information specified under sub. (3) (b) from the information submitted in lieu of proof of residence under sub. (2m), using the information maintained by the department of transportation pursuant to the board's agreement with the secretary of transportation under s. 85.61 (1). If a prospective elector enters information specified under sub. (3) (b) 2. into the system that does not match such information maintained by the department of transportation, the system shall redirect the elector to the department of transportation's Internet site so that the elector may update his or her information with the department of transportation.

**SECTION 46.** 6.34 (4) of the statutes, as created by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.34 (4) The commission shall maintain a system that electronically verifies, on an instant basis, information specified under sub. (3) (b) from the information submitted in lieu of proof of residence under sub. (2m), using the information maintained by the department of transportation pursuant to the commission's agreement with the secretary of transportation under s. 85.61 (1). If a prospective elector enters information specified under sub. (3) (b) 2. into the system that does not match such information maintained by the department of transportation, the system shall redirect the elector to the department of transportation's Internet site so that the elector may update his or her information with the department of transportation.

**Section 47.** 6.35 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.35 (1) (intro.) Under the direction of the municipal clerk or board of election
commissioners, the original registration forms shall be filed in one of the following
ways, except as provided in sub. subs. (1m) and (2):
<b>Section 48.</b> 6.35 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
6.35 (2) The board shall prescribe, by rule, the procedure and methods by which
municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners shall maintain records of
registrations that are entered electronically under s. 6.30 (5).
Section 49. 6.35 (2) of the statutes, as created by 2015 Wisconsin Act (this
act), is repealed and recreated to read:
6.35 (2) The commission shall prescribe, by rule, the procedure and methods
by which municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners shall maintain
records of registrations that are entered electronically under s. 6.30 (5).
Section 50. 6.36 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin
Act (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:
6.36 (1) (a) (intro.) The commission shall compile and maintain electronically
an official registration list. The list shall contain all of the following:
<b>SECTION 51.</b> 6.36 (1) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 6.36 (1) (a) (intro.) and
amended to read:
6.36 (1) (a) (intro.) The board shall compile and maintain electronically an
official registration list. The list shall contain <u>all of</u> the <u>following:</u>
1. The name and address of each registered elector in the state, the.
2. The elector's date of birth of the elector, the.
3. The ward and aldermanic district of the elector, if any, and, for.
4. For each elector, a unique registration identification number assigned by the
board <del>, the</del> .

1	5. The number of a valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343,
2	if any, or the last 4 digits of the elector's social security account number, if any, any,
3	6. Any identification serial number issued to the elector under s. 6.47 (3), the
4	7. The date of any election in which the elector votes, an.
5	8. An indication of whether the elector is an overseas elector, as defined in s.
6	6.24 (1) <del>, any</del> .
7	9. Any information relating to the elector that appears on the current list
8	transmitted to the board by the department of corrections under s. 301.03 (20m) <del>, an</del>
9	10. An indication of any accommodation required under s. 5.25 (4) (a) to permit
10	voting by the elector <del>, an</del> .
11	11. An indication of the method by which the elector's registration form was
12	received <del>, and an</del> .
13	12. An indication of whether the elector was required under s. 6.34 to provide
14	proof of residence and, if so, the type of identifying document submitted as proof of
15	residence, the name of the entity or institution that issued the identifying document,
16	and, if the identifying document included a number that applies only to the
17	individual holding that document, up to the last 4 digits of that number. If the
18	number on the identifying document submitted by the elector had 6 or fewer digits,
19	the list under this paragraph may not contain more than the last 2 digits of that
20	number.
21	(am) The list under this paragraph par. (a) may contain such other information
22	as may be determined by the board to facilitate administration of elector registration
23	requirements.
24	Section 52. 6.36 (1) (a) 4. of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act

(this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

1	6.36 (1) (a) 4. For each elector, a unique registration identification number
2	assigned by the commission.
3	Section 53. 6.36 (1) (a) 9. of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act
4	(this act), is repealed and recreated to read:
5	6.36 (1) (a) 9. Any information relating to the elector that appears on the
6	current list transmitted to the commission by the department of corrections under
7	s. 301.03 (20m).
8	<b>Section 54.</b> 6.36 (1) (a) 13. to 16. of the statutes are created to read:
9	6.36 (1) (a) 13. A separate column indicating the date on which an elector
10	applied to vote by in-person absentee ballot.
11	14. Separate columns indicating the date on which the clerk mailed an
12	absentee ballot to an elector and the date on which the elector returned the absentee
13	ballot.
14	15. A separate column indicating the polling location associated with each
15	elector's address and ward or aldermanic district, if any.
16	16. A separate column indicating the mailing address for the municipal clerk
17	associated with each polling location identified under subd. 15.
18	<b>Section 55.</b> 6.36 (1) (ae) of the statutes is created to read:
19	6.36 (1) (ae) 1. The chief election officer shall enter into a membership
20	agreement with Electronic Registration Information Center, Inc., for the purpose of
21	maintaining the official registration list under this section. Prior to entering into an
22	agreement under this subdivision, the chief election officer shall ensure that the
23	agreement satisfies all of the following conditions:

- a. It safeguards the confidentiality of information or data in the registration list that may be subject to transfer under the agreement and to which access is restricted under par. (b) 1. a.
  b. It prohibits the sale or distribution of the information or data in the
- b. It prohibits the sale or distribution of the information or data in the registration list to a 3rd-party vendor and it prohibits any other action not associated with administration of or compliance with the agreement.
- c. It does not affect the exemption for this state under the national voter registration act.
- d. It allows the state to make contact with electors by electronic mail, whenever possible.
- 2. If the chief election officer enters into an agreement under subd. 1., the chief election officer shall comply with the terms of the agreement, including the transmission of information and data related to the registration of electors in this state to the Electronic Registration Information Center, Inc., for processing and sharing with other member states and governmental units.
- **SECTION 56.** 6.36 (1) (am) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:
- 6.36 (1) (am) The list under par. (a) may contain such other information as may be determined by the commission to facilitate administration of elector registration requirements.
  - **SECTION 57.** 6.36 (1) (b) 1. a. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 6.36 (1) (b) 1. a. Except as provided in pars. (ae), (bm), and (bn), no person other than an employee of the board, a county clerk, a deputy county clerk, an executive director of a county board of election commissioners, a deputy designated by the executive director, a municipal clerk, a deputy municipal clerk, an executive director

of a city board of election commissioners, or a deputy designated by the executive director may view the date of birth, operator's license number, or social security account number of an elector, the address of an elector to whom an identification serial number is issued under s. 6.47 (3), or any indication of an accommodation required under s. 5.25 (4) (a) to permit voting by an elector.

**SECTION 58.** 6.36 (1) (b) 1. a. of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Acts 118 and .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.36 (1) (b) 1. a. Except as provided in pars. (ae), (bm), and (bn), no person other than an employee of the commission, a county clerk, a deputy county clerk, an executive director of a county board of election commissioners, a deputy designated by the executive director, a municipal clerk, a deputy municipal clerk, an executive director of a city board of election commissioners, or a deputy designated by the executive director may view the date of birth, operator's license number, or social security account number of an elector, the address of an elector to whom an identification serial number is issued under s. 6.47 (3), or any indication of an accommodation required under s. 5.25 (4) (a) to permit voting by an elector.

**SECTION 59.** 6.36 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.36 (2) (c) The list shall contain, next to the name of each elector, an indication of whether proof of residence under s. 6.34 is required for the elector to be permitted to vote. If proof of residence is provided, the type of identifying document submitted by the elector and the name of the entity or institution that issued the identifying document, or an indication that the information provided by the elector in lieu of proof of residence was verified under s. 6.34 (2m), shall be entered on the list in the space provided. Proof Except as provided in s. 6.34 (2m), proof of residence is required if the elector is not a military elector or an overseas elector and the elector

registers by mail <u>or by electronic application</u> and has not previously voted in an election in this state.

**SECTION 60.** 6.36 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.36 (6) The board shall establish by rule the fee for obtaining a copy of the official registration list, or a portion of the list, including access to the subscription service established under s. 5.05 (14) (b). The amount of the fee shall be set, after consultation with county and municipal election officials, at an amount estimated to cover both the cost of reproduction and the cost of maintaining the list at the state and local level. The rules shall require that revenues from fees received be shared between the state and municipalities or their designees under s. 6.33 (5) (b), and shall specify a method for such allocation.

**SECTION 61.** 6.36 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.36 (6) The commission shall establish by rule the fee for obtaining a copy of the official registration list, or a portion of the list, including access to the subscription service established under s. 5.05 (14) (b). The amount of the fee shall be set, after consultation with county and municipal election officials, at an amount estimated to cover both the cost of reproduction and the cost of maintaining the list at the state and local level. The rules shall require that revenues from fees received be shared between the state and municipalities or their designees under s. 6.33 (5) (b), and shall specify a method for such allocation.

**Section 62.** 6.40 of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 63.** 6.50 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.50 (3) Upon receipt of reliable information that a registered elector has changed his or her residence to a location outside of the municipality, the municipal

clerk or board of election commissioners shall notify the elector by mailing a notice by 1st class mail to the elector's registration address stating the source of the information. All municipal departments and agencies receiving information that a registered elector has changed his or her residence shall notify the clerk or board of election commissioners. If the elector no longer resides in the municipality or fails to apply for continuation of registration within 30 days of the date the notice is mailed, the clerk or board of election commissioners shall change the elector's registration from eligible to ineligible status. Upon receipt of reliable information that a registered elector has changed his or her residence within the municipality, the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners shall transfer change the elector's registration and mail the elector a notice of the transfer under s. 6.40 (2) change. This subsection does not restrict the right of an elector to challenge any registration under s. 6.325, 6.48, 6.925, 6.93, or 7.52 (5).

**Section 64.** 6.50 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.50 (10) Any qualified elector whose registration is changed from eligible to ineligible status under this section may reregister as provided under s. 6.28 (1), 6.29 (2), or 6.55 (2), or, if the elector has a current and valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 or a current and valid identification card issued under s. 343.50, may reregister under s. 6.30 (5).

**SECTION 65.** 6.55 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

**Section 66.** 6.55 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (2) (b) Upon executing the registration form under par. (a), the elector shall provide proof of residence under s. 6.34. The signing by the elector executing the registration form shall be in the presence of the special election registration deputy official or inspector. Upon receipt of the registration form, the deputy official

or inspector shall enter both the type of identifying document submitted by the elector as proof of residence and the name of the entity or institution that issued the identifying document, and, if the identifying document includes a number that applies only to the individual holding that document, that number in the space provided on the form. The deputy official or inspector shall then print his or her name on and sign the form, indicating that the deputy official or inspector has accepted the form. Upon compliance with this procedure, the elector shall be permitted to cast his or her vote, if the elector complies with all other requirements for voting at the polling place.

**Section 67.** 6.55 (2) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (2) (c) 1. As an alternative to registration at the polling place under pars.

(a) and (b), the board of election commissioners, or the governing body of any municipality, may by resolution require a person who qualifies as an elector and who is not registered and desires to register on the day of an election to do so at another readily accessible location in the same building as the polling place serving the elector's residence or at an alternate polling place assigned under s. 5.25 (5) (b), instead of at the polling place serving the elector's residence. In such case, the municipal clerk shall prominently post a notice of the registration location at the polling place. An eligible elector who desires to register shall execute a registration form as prescribed under par. (a) and provide proof of residence as provided under s. 6.34. The signing by the person executing the registration form shall be in the presence of the municipal clerk, deputy clerk, or special election registration deputy official. Upon receipt of the registration form, the municipal clerk, deputy clerk, or special election registration deputy official shall enter the type of identifying document submitted by the elector as proof of residence, the name of the entity or

institution that issued the identifying document, and, if the identifying document includes a number that applies only to the individual holding that document, the last 4 digits of that number in the space provided on the form. If the number on the identifying document submitted by the elector has 6 or fewer digits, the clerk shall enter only the last 2 digits of that number. The municipal clerk, the deputy clerk, or the special election registration deputy official shall then print his or her name and sign the form, indicating that the clerk, deputy clerk, or deputy official has accepted the form. Upon proper completion of registration, the municipal clerk, deputy clerk, or special election registration deputy official shall serially number the registration and give one copy to the person for presentation at the polling place serving the person's residence or an alternate polling place assigned under s. 5.25 (5) (b).

**Section 68.** 6.55 (2) (cs) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (2) (cs) The board shall provide to each municipal clerk a list prepared for use at each polling place showing the name and address of each person whose name appears on the list provided by the department of corrections under s. 301.03 (20m) as ineligible to vote on the date of the election, whose address is located in the area served by that polling place, and whose name does not appear on the poll list for that polling place. Prior to permitting an elector to register to vote under this subsection or s. 6.86 (3) (a) 2., the inspectors or special election registration deputies officials shall review the list. If the name of an elector who wishes to register to vote appears on the list, the inspectors or special election registration deputies officials shall inform the elector or the elector's agent that the elector is ineligible to register to vote. If the elector or the elector's agent maintains that the elector is eligible to vote in the election, the inspectors or special election registration deputies officials shall permit

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the elector to register but shall mark the elector's registration form as "ineligible to vote per Department of Corrections." If the elector wishes to vote, the inspectors shall require the elector to vote by ballot and shall challenge the ballot as provided in s. 6.79 (2) (dm).

**SECTION 69.** 6.55 (2) (cs) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.55 (2) (cs) The commission shall provide to each municipal clerk a list prepared for use at each polling place showing the name and address of each person whose name appears on the list provided by the department of corrections under s. 301.03 (20m) as ineligible to vote on the date of the election, whose address is located in the area served by that polling place, and whose name does not appear on the poll list for that polling place. Prior to permitting an elector to register to vote under this subsection or s. 6.86 (3) (a) 2., the inspectors or election registration officials shall review the list. If the name of an elector who wishes to register to vote appears on the list, the inspectors or election registration officials shall inform the elector or the elector's agent that the elector is ineligible to register to vote. If the elector or the elector's agent maintains that the elector is eligible to vote in the election, the inspectors or election registration officials shall permit the elector to register but shall mark the elector's registration form as "ineligible to vote per Department of Corrections." If the elector wishes to vote, the inspectors shall require the elector to vote by ballot and shall challenge the ballot as provided in s. 6.79 (2) (dm).

**SECTION 70.** 6.55 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (2) (d) A registered elector who has changed his or her name but resides at the same address, and has not notified previously provided notice of the change to the municipal clerk under s. 6.40 (1) (c), shall notify the inspector of the change

before voting. The inspector shall then notify the municipal clerk at the time when materials are returned under s. 6.56 (1). If an elector has changed both a name and address, the elector shall register at the polling place or other registration location under pars. (a) and (b).

**SECTION 71.** 6.55 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act 39, is amended to read:

6.55 (6) Any of the registration duties of inspectors under sub. (2) may be carried out in the municipality by the municipal clerk or by special registration deputies appointed by the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners at any polling place or other registration location whenever the clerk or board of election commissioners—determines—that—the—registration—process—provided—for—in—that subsection will be facilitated thereby. The municipal clerk, however, may not carry out the registration duties of the inspectors under sub. (2) if the municipal clerk is a candidate on the ballot for that election day. The deputies shall be specially appointed by the clerk or board of election commissioners for one election only to conduct elector registration only.

**SECTION 72.** 6.79 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.79 (1m) Separate poll lists. Two election officials at each election ward shall be in charge of and shall maintain 2 separate poll lists containing information relating to all persons voting. The municipal clerk may elect to maintain the information on the lists poll list manually or electronically. If the lists are maintained clerk elects to maintain the list electronically, the board shall prescribe a supplemental list that contains the full name, address, and space for the entry of the signature of each elector, or if the elector is exempt from the signature requirement under s. 6.36 (2) (a), the word "exempt". If the lists are maintained

electronically, the officials shall enter the information into an electronic data recording system that enables retrieval of printed copies of the lists at the polling place an election official at each election ward shall be in charge of and shall maintain the poll list. The system employed to maintain the list electronically is subject to the approval of the board. If the clerk elects to maintain the information manually, 2 election officials at each election ward shall be in charge of and shall maintain 2 separate poll lists.

**SECTION 73.** 6.79 (1m) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6.79 (1m) Separate poll lists. The municipal clerk may elect to maintain the information on the poll list manually or electronically. If the clerk elects to maintain the list electronically, an election official at each election ward shall be in charge of and shall maintain the poll list. The system employed to maintain the list electronically is subject to the approval of the commission. If the clerk elects to maintain the information manually, 2 election officials at each election ward shall be in charge of and shall maintain 2 separate poll lists.

**SECTION 74.** 6.79 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.79 (2) (d) If the poll list indicates that proof of residence under s. 6.34 is required and the <u>proof of identification</u> document provided by the elector under par. (a) does not constitute proof of residence under s. 6.34, the officials shall require the elector to provide proof of residence. If proof of residence is provided, the officials shall enter both the type of identifying document submitted as proof of residence and the name of the entity or institution that issued the identifying document in the space provided on the poll list and shall verify that the name and address on the identifying document is the same as the name and address shown on the registration

list. If proof of residence is required and not provided, or if the elector does not present proof of identification under par. (a), whenever required, the officials shall offer the opportunity for the elector to vote under s. 6.97.

**Section 75.** 6.86 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.86 (3) (b) When each properly executed form and statement required under par. (a) is presented to the municipal clerk, if the elector who proposes to vote is qualified, an absentee ballot shall be issued and the name of such hospitalized elector shall be recorded by the clerk or special registration deputy. An agent who is issued an absentee ballot under this section shall present documentation of his or her identity, provide his or her name and address, and attest to a statement that the ballot is received solely for the benefit of a named elector who is hospitalized, and the agent will promptly transmit the ballot to such person.

**SECTION 76.** 6.87 (4) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

6.87 (4) (b) 1. Except as otherwise provided in s. 6.875, the elector voting absentee shall make and subscribe to the certification before one witness who is an adult U.S. citizen. The absent elector, in the presence of the witness, shall mark the ballot in a manner that will not disclose how the elector's vote is cast. The elector shall then, still in the presence of the witness, fold the ballots so each is separate and so that the elector conceals the markings thereon and deposit them in the proper envelope. If a consolidated ballot under s. 5.655 is used, the elector shall fold the ballot so that the elector conceals the markings thereon and deposit the ballot in the proper envelope. If proof of residence under s. 6.34 is required and the document enclosed by the elector under this subdivision does not constitute proof of residence under s. 6.34, the elector shall also enclose proof of residence under s. 6.34 in the envelope. Proof Except as provided in s. 6.34 (2m), proof of residence is required if

the elector is not a military elector or an overseas elector and the elector registered by mail or by electronic application and has not voted in an election in this state. If the elector requested a ballot by means of facsimile transmission or electronic mail under s. 6.86 (1) (ac), the elector shall enclose in the envelope a copy of the request which bears an original signature of the elector. The elector may receive assistance under sub. (5). The return envelope shall then be sealed. The witness may not be a candidate. The envelope shall be mailed by the elector, or delivered in person, to the municipal clerk issuing the ballot or ballots. If the envelope is mailed from a location outside the United States, the elector shall affix sufficient postage unless the ballot qualifies for delivery free of postage under federal law. Failure to return an unused ballot in a primary does not invalidate the ballot on which the elector's votes are cast. Return of more than one marked ballot in a primary or return of a ballot prepared under s. 5.655 or a ballot used with an electronic voting system in a primary which is marked for candidates of more than one party invalidates all votes cast by the elector for candidates in the primary.

**Section 77.** 6.87 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.87 (6) Except as provided in s. 7.515 (3), the <u>The</u> ballot shall be returned so it is received by the municipal clerk <u>delivered to the polling place</u> no later than 8 p.m. on election day. Except in municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, if the municipal clerk receives an absentee ballot on election day, the clerk shall secure the ballot and cause the ballot to be delivered to the polling place serving the elector's residence before the closing hour. Except as provided in s. 7.515 (3), any 8 p.m. Any ballot not mailed or delivered as provided in this subsection may not be counted.

**SECTION 78.** 6.87 (6d) of the statutes is created to read:

1	6.87 (6d) If a certificate is missing the address of a witness, the ballot may not
2	be counted.
3	<b>SECTION 79.</b> 7.03 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	7.03 (1) (d) Except as otherwise provided in par. (a), special registration
5	deputies appointed under s. 6.55 (6), special voting deputies appointed under s. 6.875
6	(4) and $\underline{\text{other}}$ officials and trainees who attend training sessions under s. 7.15 (1) (e)
7	or 7.25 (5) may also be compensated by the municipality where they serve at the
8	option of the municipality.
9	<b>SECTION 80.</b> 7.08 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	7.08 (1) (c) Prescribe forms required by ss. 6.24 (3) and (4), 6.30 (4) and (5), 6.33
11	(1), 6.40 (1) (a), 6.47 (1) (am) 2. and (3), 6.55 (2), and 6.86 (2) to (3). All such forms
12	shall contain a statement of the penalty applicable to false or fraudulent registration
13	or voting through use of the form. Forms are not required to be furnished by the
14	board.
15	Section 81. 7.08 (1) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act
16	(this act), is repealed and recreated to read:
17	7.08 (1) (c) Prescribe forms required by ss. 6.24 (3) and (4), 6.30 (4) and (5), 6.33
18	(1), 6.47 (1) (am) 2. and (3), 6.55 (2), and 6.86 (2) to (3). All such forms shall contain
19	a statement of the penalty applicable to false or fraudulent registration or voting
20	through use of the form. Forms are not required to be furnished by the commission.
21	<b>Section 82.</b> 7.30 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	7.30 (2) (a) Only election officials appointed under this section or s. 6.875 may
23	conduct an election. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph and in ss. 7.15
24	(1) (k) and $7.52$ (1) (b), each election official shall be a qualified elector of a county in
25	which the municipality where the official serves is located, and each chief inspector

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shall be a qualified elector of the municipality in which the chief inspector serves. If no qualified candidate for chief inspector is available or if the chief inspector is appointed to fill a vacancy under par. (b), the person so appointed need not be a qualified elector of the municipality. If a municipal clerk or deputy clerk serves as a registration deputy or is appointed to fill a vacancy under par. (b), the clerk or deputy clerk need not be a resident of the county, but shall be a resident of the state. No more than 2 individuals holding the office of clerk or deputy clerk may serve without regard to county residency in any municipality at any election. Special registration deputies who are appointed under s. 6.55 (6) may be appointed to serve more than one polling place. All officials appointed under this section shall be able to read and write the English language, be capable, and be of good understanding, and may not be a candidate for any office to be voted for at an election at which they serve. In 1st class cities, they may hold no public office other than notary public. Except as authorized under subs. (1) (b) and (4) (c), all inspectors shall be affiliated with one of the 2 recognized political parties which received the largest number of votes for president, or governor in nonpresidential general election years, in the ward or combination of wards served by the polling place at the last election. Excluding the inspector who may be appointed under sub. (1) (b), the party which received the largest number of votes is entitled to one more inspector than the party receiving the next largest number of votes at each polling place. Whenever 2 or more inspectors are required to perform a function within a polling place and both parties that are entitled to submit nominees have done so, the chief inspector shall assign, insofar as practicable, an equal number of inspectors from the nominees of each party.

**SECTION 83.** 7.31 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.31 (1) The board shall, by rule, prescribe establish requirements for
certification of individuals to serve as chief inspectors. The requirements shall
include a requirement to attend at least one training session held under sub. (5)
before beginning service. The requirements shall not include taking an examination
Section 84. 7.31 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act (this
act), is repealed and recreated to read:
7.31 (1) The commission shall establish requirements for certification of
individuals to serve as chief inspectors. The requirements shall include a
requirement to attend at least one training session held under sub. (5) before
beginning service.
SECTION 85. 7.315 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
7.315 (1) (a) The board shall, by rule, prescribe the contents of the training that
municipal clerks must provide to inspectors, other than chief inspectors, and to
special voting deputies appointed under s. 6.875, and to special registration deputies
appointed under ss. 6.26 and 6.55 (6).
<b>Section 86.</b> 7.315 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act $\dots$
(this act), is repealed and recreated to read:
7.315 (1) (a) The commission shall, by rule, prescribe the contents of the
training that municipal clerks must provide to inspectors, other than chief
inspectors, and to special voting deputies appointed under s. 6.875.
<b>SECTION 87.</b> 7.315 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
7.315 (1) (b) 1. Each inspector other than a chief inspector and each special
voting deputy appointed under s. 6.875 and special registration deputy appointed
under s. 6.26 or 6.55 (6) shall view or attend at least one training program every 2
years Except as provided in subd 2 no individual may serve as an inspector other

than a chief inspector, <u>or</u> as a special voting deputy under s. 6.875, <u>or as a special registration deputy under s. 6.26 or 6.55 (6)</u> at any election unless the individual has completed training for that election provided by the municipal clerk pursuant to rules promulgated under par. (a) within 2 years of the date of the election.

**SECTION 88.** 7.315 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

7.315 (1) (b) 2. Only when an individual who has received training under subd.

1. is unavailable to perform his or her election duties due to sickness, injury, or other unforeseen occurrence may an individual who has not received training under subd.

1. be appointed to serve as an inspector, other than chief inspector, or a special voting deputy or special registration deputy. The appointment of an individual to serve under this subdivision shall be for a specific election and no individual may be appointed under this subdivision more than one time in a 2-year period.

**Section 89.** 7.315 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.315 (3) The board may produce and periodically reissue as necessary a video program for the purpose of training election officials, including special voting deputies and special registration deputies election registration officials. The board shall make any such program available for viewing electronically through an Internet-based system.

**SECTION 90.** 7.315 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

7.315 (3) The commission may produce and periodically reissue as necessary a video program for the purpose of training election officials, including special voting deputies and election registration officials. The commission shall make any such program available for viewing electronically through an Internet-based system.

**SECTION 91.** 7.315 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

7.315 (4) Election registration officials shall receive the training as provided under this section for inspectors, other than chief inspectors.

**SECTION 92.** 7.37 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.37 (13) CLOSING OF POLLS. For each polling place, the municipal clerk shall designate an official of the municipality who shall position himself or herself at the end of the line of individuals waiting to vote, if any, at the time that the polls officially close. The official may be an appointed inspector or special registration deputy appointed under s. 6.55 (6) who serves at that polling place, an employee of the municipal clerk or a police officer. Only individuals in line ahead of the official shall be permitted to vote under s. 6.78 (4).

**SECTION 93.** 7.51 (4) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

7.51 (4) (c) On election night the municipalities shall report the returns, by ward or reporting unit, to the county clerk no later than 2 hours after the votes are tabulated.

**Section 94.** 7.51 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.51 (5) (b) The municipal clerk shall deliver all ballots, statements, tally sheets, lists, and envelopes relating to a school district election to the school district clerk, excluding any absentee ballots that are received after the closing hour on election night and any provisional ballots, by 4 p.m. on the day following each such election and shall deliver to the school district clerk any amended statements, tally sheets, and lists for additional provisional and absentee ballots canvassed under s. 6.97 (4) or 7.515 (6) (b) no later than 4 p.m. on the Monday after the election. The municipal clerk shall deliver to the county clerk the ballots, statements, tally sheets, lists, and envelopes for his or her municipality relating to any county, technical college district, state, or national election no later than 4 p.m. on the day following

each such election or, in municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, by 4 p.m. on the 2nd day following each such election, and shall deliver to the county clerk any additional provisional and absentee ballots canvassed under s. 6.97 (4) or 7.515 (6) (b) together with amended statements, tally sheets, lists, and envelopes no later than 4 p.m. on the Monday after the election. The person delivering the returns shall be paid out of the municipal treasury. Each clerk shall retain ballots, statements, tally sheets, or envelopes received by the clerk until destruction is authorized under s. 7.23 (1).

**SECTION 95.** 7.515 of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 96.** 7.53 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act 37, is amended to read:

7.53 (1) (a) Where the municipality constitutes one ward or combines all wards to utilize a single polling place under s. 5.15 (6) (b), the canvass of the votes cast at the polling place shall be conducted publicly under s. 7.51 and the inspectors, other than any inspector appointed under s. 7.30 (1) (b), shall act as the municipal board of canvassers. The inspectors shall then complete the return statement for all votes cast at the polling place. If there are no provisional ballots that are eligible to be counted under s. 6.97 and the municipal clerk has not mailed or transmitted absentee ballots to any electors of the municipality that have not been returned by election night, and no absentee ballots are being canvassed under s. 7.52, the inspectors may complete and sign the canvass statement and determination on election night. In municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, after the canvass of the absentee ballots is completed under s. 7.52, the board of absentee ballot canvassers shall reconcile the poll list of the electors who vote by absentee ballot with the corresponding poll list of the electors who vote in person to

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ensure that no elector is allowed to cast more than one ballot. If an elector who votes in person has submitted an absentee ballot, the absentee ballot is void. Except as authorized in par. (b), if one or more electors of the municipality have cast provisional ballots that are eligible to be counted under s. 6.97 or if the municipal clerk receives one or more absentee ballots by 4 p.m. on the Friday after the election that are eligible to be counted under s. 7.515 (6) (b), the inspectors, acting as the board of canvassers, shall reconvene no later than 9 a.m. on the Monday after the election to count the valid provisional and absentee ballots and shall adjust the returns accordingly. The inspectors, acting as the board of canvassers, need not reconvene if the municipal clerk certifies that he or she has received no provisional or absentee ballots from the time that the board of canvassers completed the initial canvass and 4 p.m. on the Friday after the election. Upon completion of the canvass under this paragraph and any canvass that is conducted under s. 7.52 and ascertainment of the results by the inspectors or, in municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, by the inspectors and the board of absentee ballot canvassers, the municipal clerk shall publicly read to the inspectors or the board of absentee ballot canvassers the names of the persons voted for and the number of votes for each person for each municipal office, the names of the persons declared by the inspectors or board of absentee ballot canvassers to have won nomination or election to each municipal office, and the number of votes cast for and against each municipal referendum question.

**Section 97.** 7.53 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.53 (3) (a) In a common, union high or unified school district, the school district clerk shall appoint 2 qualified electors of the school district prior to the date of the election being canvassed who shall, with the school district clerk, constitute the

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school district board of canvassers. If the school district clerk is a candidate at the election being canvassed, the other 2 members of the board of canvassers shall designate a 3rd member to serve in lieu of the clerk for that election. The school district clerk shall appoint a member to fill any other temporary vacancy on the board of canvassers. The canvass shall begin no later than 9 a.m. on the Tuesday after the election, and shall continue, without adjournment, until completed. The board of canvassers may return defective returns to the municipal board of canvassers in the manner provided in s. 7.60 (3). If the board of canvassers meets before 4 p.m. on the Monday after the election and thereafter receives amended statements, tally sheets, and lists from a municipal clerk for provisional or absentee ballots that are eligible to be counted under s. 6.97 (4) or 7.515 (6) (b), the board of canvassers shall reconvene no later than 9 a.m. on the Tuesday after the election and shall adjust the returns accordingly. No later than 4 p.m. on the Tuesday after the election, the board of canvassers shall complete the canvass and shall prepare a written statement showing the numbers of votes cast for each person for each office and for and against each question and shall prepare a determination showing the names of the persons who are elected to the school board and the results of any school district referendum. Following each primary election, the board of canvassers shall prepare a statement certifying the names of the persons who have won nomination to the school board. Each statement and determination shall be attested by each of the canvassers. The board of canvassers shall file each statement and determination in the school district office. The school district clerk shall certify nominations after each primary and issue certificates of election to persons who are elected to the school board after each election in the manner provided in sub. (4).

**SECTION 98.** 7.60 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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7.60 (1) Keep office open. On election night the county clerk shall keep the clerk's office open to receive reports from the ward inspectors and shall post all returns. On election night the clerk shall post all returns, by ward or reporting unit, on an Internet site maintained by the county no later than 2 hours after receiving the returns.

**Section 99.** 9.01 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

9.01 (1) (a) 1. Any candidate voted for at any election or any elector who voted upon any referendum question at any election may petition for a recount. The petitioner shall file a verified petition or petitions with the proper clerk or body under par. (ar) not earlier than the time of completion of the canvass following canvassing of any valid provisional and absentee ballots under ss. 6.97 (4) and 7.515 (6) and, except as provided in this subdivision, not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the last meeting day of the municipal or county board of canvassers determining the election for that office or on that referendum question following canvassing of all valid provisional and absentee ballots or, if more than one board of canvassers makes the determination, not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the last meeting day of the last board of canvassers which makes a determination following canvassing of all valid provisional and absentee ballots. If the chairperson of the board or chairperson's designee makes the determination for the office or the referendum question, the petitioner shall file the petition not earlier than the last meeting day of the last county board of canvassers to make a statement in the election or referendum following canvassing of all valid provisional and absentee ballots and not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the day on which the government accountability board receives the last statement from a

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county board of canvassers for the election or referendum following canvassing of all valid provisional and absentee ballots.

**SECTION 100.** 9.01 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Acts 118 and .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

9.01 (1) (a) 1. Any candidate voted for at any election or any elector who voted upon any referendum question at any election may petition for a recount. The petitioner shall file a verified petition or petitions with the proper clerk or body under par. (ar) not earlier than the time of completion of the canvass following canvassing of any valid provisional ballots under ss. 6.97 (4) and, except as provided in this subdivision, not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the last meeting day of the municipal or county board of canvassers determining the election for that office or on that referendum question following canvassing of all valid provisional ballots or, if more than one board of canvassers makes the determination, not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the last meeting day of the last board of canvassers which makes a determination following canvassing of all valid provisional ballots. If the commission chairperson or chairperson's designee makes the determination for the office or the referendum question, the petitioner shall file the petition not earlier than the last meeting day of the last county board of canvassers to make a statement in the election or referendum following canvassing of all valid provisional ballots and not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the day on which the commission receives the last statement from a county board of canvassers for the election or referendum following canvassing of all valid provisional ballots.

**SECTION 101.** 11.1104 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act 117, is amended to read:

11.1104 (6) Contributions paid to a segregated fund established and
administered by a political party or legislative campaign committee for purposes
other than making contributions to a candidate committee or making disbursements
for express advocacy, except that a political action committee may contribute no more
than \$12,000 in any calendar year to such a fund.

**Section 102.** 17.29 of the statutes is amended to read:

17.29 Effect of chapter. The provisions of this chapter supersede all contrary provisions in either the general law or in special acts, except ss. 6.26 (2) (b), 6.55 (6), 6.875, and 7.30 relating to appointed election officials and ch. 321 relating to the military staff of the governor and to officers of the Wisconsin national guard or state defense force; and shall govern all offices whether created by general law or special act, unless otherwise specially provided.

**SECTION 103.** 19.42 (10) (ab) of the statutes is created to read:

19.42 (10) (ab) A member or employee of the ethics commission.

**SECTION 104.** 19.42 (13) (p) of the statutes is created to read:

19.42 (13) (p) All members of the elections commission and all members of the ethics commission.

**Section 105.** 85.61 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

85.61 (1) The secretary of transportation and the administrator of the elections division of the government accountability board shall enter into an agreement to match personally identifiable information on the official registration list maintained by the government accountability board under s. 6.36 (1) and the information specified in s. 6.34 (2m) with personally identifiable information in the operating record file database under ch. 343 and vehicle registration records under ch. 341 to the extent required to enable the secretary of transportation and the administrator

of the elections division of the government accountability board to verify the accuracy of the information provided for the purpose of voter registration.

**SECTION 106.** 85.61 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Acts 118 and .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

85.61 (1) The secretary of transportation and the administrator of the elections commission shall enter into an agreement to match personally identifiable information on the official registration list maintained by the commission under s. 6.36 (1) and the information specified in s. 6.34 (2m) with personally identifiable information in the operating record file database under ch. 343 and vehicle registration records under ch. 341 to the extent required to enable the secretary of transportation and the administrator of the elections commission to verify the accuracy of the information provided for the purpose of voter registration.

**Section 107.** 343.027 of the statutes is amended to read:

**343.027 Confidentiality of signatures.** Any signature collected under this chapter may be maintained by the department and shall be kept confidential, except that the department shall release a signature or a facsimile of a signature to the department of revenue for the purposes of administering state taxes and collecting debt, to the government accountability board, in electronic or digital format, for the purposes specified in s. 6.30 (5), to the person to whom the signature relates, to a court, district attorney, county corporation counsel, city, village, or town attorney, law enforcement agency, or to the driver licensing agency of another jurisdiction.

**SECTION 108.** 343.027 of the statutes, as affected by 2015 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

**343.027 Confidentiality of signatures.** Any signature collected under this chapter may be maintained by the department and shall be kept confidential, except

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that the department shall release a signature or a facsimile of a signature to the department of revenue for the purposes of administering state taxes and collecting debt, to the elections commission, in electronic or digital format, for the purposes specified in s. 6.30 (5), to the person to whom the signature relates, to a court, district attorney, county corporation counsel, city, village, or town attorney, law enforcement agency, or to the driver licensing agency of another jurisdiction.

## SECTION 109. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) No later than the 20th day following the end of each calendar quarter, the government accountability board, or the elections commission, and the department of transportation shall each report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature in the manner provided in section 13.172 (3) of the statutes concerning its progress in implementing an electronic voter registration system. The board or commission and the department shall continue to file reports under this subsection until the board or commission determines that implementation is complete and the performance of the system is satisfactory. The board or commission and the department shall ensure that the implementation is complete and the performance of the system is satisfactory before the spring primary in 2017. The board or commission shall notify the legislative reference bureau of the date on which the implementation is complete and the performance satisfactory.

## SECTION 110. Initial applicability.

(1) The treatment of sections 6.22 (5), 6.25 (1) (a) and (b), 6.87 (6) and (6d), 7.51 (5) (b), 7.53 (1) (a) and (3) (a), and 9.01 (1) (a) 1. (by Section 99) of the statutes first applies to elections held no earlier than 6 months after the effective date of this subsection.

1	(2) The treatment of section 6.34 (3) (a) 12. of the statutes first applies to
2	registration applications filed on the effective date of this subsection.
3	SECTION 111. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after
4	publication, except as follows:
5	(1) The repeal and recreation of sections $5.05$ (14) (b) and (c) and (18), $5.056$ ,
6	5.91 (intro.), 6.24 (3), 6.30 (4) and (5), 6.33 (1) and (5) (a), 6.34 (2m) and (4), 6.35 (2),
7	6.36 (1) (a) (intro.), 4., and 9., (am), (b) 1. a. and (6), 6.55 (2) (cs), 6.79 (1m), 7.08 (1)
8	(c), 7.31 (1), 7.315 (1) (a) and (3), 9.01 (1) (a) 1., 85.61 (1), and 343.027 of the statutes
9	and the creation of section 19.42 (10) (ab) and (13) (p) of the statutes take effect on
10	June 30, 2016.
11	(2) The repeal of section 6.26 of the statutes takes effect on the day on which
12	the legislative reference bureau receives notice under Section 109 of this act.
13	(END)