## 2015 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Receive	ed: <b>10/9/2015</b>			Received By:	mpfotenh	
For:	Evan Goy	yke (608) 266-064	45	Same as LRB:		
May Co	ontact:			By/Representing:	Ryan	
Subject	: Trade Re	gulation - cigs/to	bacco	Drafter:	mpfotenh	
				Addl. Drafters:		
	•			Extra Copies:		
Request	via email: ter's email: copy (CC) to:	mary.pfoter	@legis.wiscon nhauer@legis. el@legis.wisco	wisconsin.gov		
Pre Top	pic:					
No spec	cific pre topic giv	en				
Topic:						
Cigaret	te and tobacco pro	oducts retailer lice	enses			
Instruc	tions:	<del></del>				<u></u>
See atta	ched					
Draftin	ng History:					
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	<u>Reviewed</u>	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?	mpfotenh 10/22/2015	aernsttr 10/23/2015				
/P1	mpfotenh 12/14/2015	aernsttr 12/14/2015		lparisi 10/23/2015		Local
/P2	mkunkel			lparisi		Local

**LRB-3551** 12/22/2015 3:28:21 PM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>
/1		aernsttr 12/22/2015		lparisi 12/22/2015	lparisi 12/22/2015	Local
FE Sen	t For:		<end></end>			

#### Pfotenhauer, Mary

15-355

From:

Knocke, Ryan

Sent:

Tuesday, October 06, 2015 4:57 PM

To:

Pfotenhauer, Mary

Subject:

Rep. Goyke Bill Draft Request

**Follow Up Flag:** 

Follow up

Flag Status:

Flagged

Mary-

I hope this message finds you well. I am writing to request a new bill draft.

I have outlined the drafting instructions below. I hope they make sense.

Please let me know if you have any questions or would like to speak with Rep. Goyke about the drafting request.

All the best.

- Ryan

Ryan Knocke Legislative Aide Office of State Representative Evan Goyke Telephone: (608) 266-0645

Wis. Stat. 125.12 establishes the guidelines for a municipality to revoke, suspend, non-issue, or non-renew an alcohol retailer. The entirety of Chapter 125 is devoted to the regulation of alcohol and alcohol sales.

Buried in Wis. Stat. 134 is 134.65, which creates a Tobacco-specific structure for the revocation, suspension, and non-renewal of tobacco retail licenses.

I'd like to draft a bill that mirrors the procedures for revocation, suspension, etc. of alcohol, but applied to tobacco. In other words, I'd like to draft a bill that establishes the same procedures set for in Wis. Stat 125.12 but for tobacco too.

I'm sure there are some challenging cross references within the procedures of 125.12 that are alcohol specific and would not or could not apply to a tobacco retailer. In the instance of an unnecessary cross reference, please delete it or cross reference to the appropriate tobacco related statute.

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-3551/2dn PI

Date

#### Representative Goyke:

This is a preliminary draft relating to suspension, revocation, and nonrenewal of a tobacco retailer license by a municipality.

The grounds and procedure outlined in this draft are based on the grounds and procedure for suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew an alcohol retail license under s. 125.12. Are the grounds that are included in this draft consistent with your intent?

Mary Pfotenhauer Legislative Attorney (608) 266–6778 mary.pfotenhauer@legis.wisconsin.gov



## State of Misconsin 2015 - 2016 LEGISLATURE

Due 10/23

LRB-35512 / P1 MCP:...\

#### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

d-note

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GENCAT

AN ACT ...; relating to: suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew cigarette and

tobacco products retailer licenses.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows a municipality that has issued a cigarette or tobacco products retailer license to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license under certain circumstances, and establishes a procedure for doing so.

Under current law, local municipalities issue licenses to retailers to sell cigarettes or tobacco products. Current law provides that a license is valid for one year unless sooner revoked. Under current law, a retailer's license is terminated upon conviction of its second or subsequent violation of selling cigarettes or tobacco products without a license, if the retailer is found guilty of failing to exercise due care. Current law also provides that a court must suspend a retailer's license if the court—finds the retailer guilty of 2 for more violations of certain restrictions relating to sales to minors within a 12-month period.

This bill allows a municipality to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a cigarette and tobacco products retailer license if the retailer does any of the following: 1) violates certain restrictions relating to the sale of cigarettes and tobacco; 2) keeps premises that are disorderly, riotous, indecent, or improper; 3) has failed to maintain the premises according to sanitation standards; 4) has permitted known criminals or prostitutes to loiter on the premises; 5) has been convicted of manufacturing, distributing, or delivering, or possessing with the intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled substance; or 6) knowingly allows another person on the licensed premises to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, or possess with the intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled substance.

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Under the bill, a resident or authorized employee of the municipality that issued the retailer license may file a sworn complaint with the municipal clerk, alleging one of these grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal. The person holding the retailer license is then entitled to a hearing before the municipal governing body. The municipal governing body must find the allegations of the complaint to be true and find that there are sufficient grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal before suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew the license. If a retailer's license is revoked following a hearing, the licensee may not obtain another such license for 12 months. The municipal governing body's decision to suspend, revoke, or not renew a license, or its decision not to act, may be reviewed by the circuit court for the county in which the license was issued.

Under current law, it is a defense to any prosecution for selling cigarettes or tobacco products to a minor if the retailer can show that the purchaser falsely represented that he or she was at least 18 years of age, presented an identification card, and appeared to be at least 18, and that the sale was made in good faith. The bill provides that this is also a defense to a complaint, made under the procedures described in this bill, that alleges the retailer sold cigarettes or tobacco products to a minor.

For further information see the *local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- ► SECTION 1. 134.65 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 134.65 (1h). 1 **SECTION 2.** 134.65 (1d) of the statutes is created to read: 2 134.65 (1d) In this section, "municipality" means a city, village, or town. 3 SECTION 3. 134.65 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 134.65 (1m) A city, village, or town clerk may not issue a license under sub. (1) 5 (1h) unless the applicant specifies in the license application whether the applicant 6 7 will sell, exchange, barter, dispose of, or give away the cigarette or tobacco products 8 over the counter or in a vending machine, or both. History: 1983 a. 27; 1987 a. 67; 1993 a. 482; 1997 a. 214; 2001 a. 15. **SECTION 4.** 134.65 (6) and (7) of the statutes are created to read: 9
  - 134.65 (6) Any municipality may revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew any license issued under this section, as provided in sub. (7).

1	(7) (a) Any resident or duly authorized employee of a municipality issuing
2	licenses under this section may file a sworn written complaint with the clerk of the
3	municipality alleging one or more of the following about a person holding a license
4	issued under this section by the municipality:
5	1. The licensee has violated s. 134.66 (2) (a), (am), (cm), or (e), or a municipal
6	ordinance adopted under s. 134.66 (5).
7	2. The licensee's premises are disorderly, riotous, indecent, or improper.
8	3. The licensee has failed to maintain the premises in accordance with the
9	standards of sanitation prescribed by the department of health services.
10	4. The licensee has permitted known criminals or prostitutes to loiter on the
11	licensed premises.
12	5. The licensee has been convicted of any of the following:
13	a. Manufacturing, distributing, or delivering a controlled substance or
14	controlled substance analog under s. $961.41(1)$ .
15	b. Possessing with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled
16	substance or controlled substance analog under s. 961.41 (1m).
17	c. Possessing with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, or
18	manufacturing, distributing, or delivering a controlled substance or controlled
19	substance analog under a substantially similar federal law or a substantially similar
20	law of another state.
21	d. Possessing any of the materials listed in s. 961.65 with intent to manufacture
22	methamphetamine under that subsection or under a federal law or a law of another
23	state that is substantially similar to s. 961.65.
24	6. The licensee knowingly allows another person who is on the licensed
25	premises to do any of the actions described in subd. 5.

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- (b) Upon the filing of the complaint, the municipal governing body shall issue a summons, signed by the clerk and directed to any peace officer in the municipality. The summons shall command the licensee complained of to appear before the municipal governing body on a day and place named in the summons, not less than 3 days and not more than 10 days from the date of issuance, and show cause why his or her license should not be revoked, suspended, or not renewed. The summons and a copy of the complaint shall be served on the licensee at least 3 days before the date on which the licensee is commanded to appear. Service shall be in the manner provided in ch. 801 for service in civil actions in circuit court.
- (c) 1. If the licensee does not appear as required by the summons, the allegations of the complaint shall be taken as true, and if the municipal governing body finds the allegations to be sufficient grounds for revocation or nonrenewal, the license shall be revoked or not renewed. The municipal clerk shall give notice of the revocation or nonrenewal to the person whose license is revoked or not renewed.
- If the licensee appears as required by the summons and answers the complaint, both the complainant and the licensee may produce witnesses, cross-examine witnesses, and be represented by counsel. The licensee shall be provided a written transcript of the hearing at his or her expense. If upon the hearing the municipal governing body finds the allegations of the complaint to be true, and if the municipal governing body finds the allegations to be sufficient grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal, the license shall either be suspended for not less than 10 days nor more than 90 days, revoked, or not renewed.
- 3. The municipal clerk shall give notice of each suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal to the person whose license is suspended, revoked, or not renewed.

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- 4. If the municipal governing body finds the allegations of the complaint to be untrue, the complaint shall be dismissed without cost to the licensee. If the municipal governing body finds the complaint to be malicious and without probable cause, the costs shall be paid by the complainant. The municipal governing body may require the complainant to provide security for such costs before issuing the summons under par. (b).
- (d) When a license is revoked under this subsection, the revocation shall be recorded by the municipal clerk and no other license may be issued under this section to the person whose license was revoked within the 12 months after the date of revocation. No part of the fee paid for any license that is revoked under this subsection may be refunded.
- (e) The action of any municipal governing body in suspending, revoking, or not renewing any license under this subsection, or the failure of any municipal governing body to suspend, revoke, or not renew any license under this subsection for good cause, may be reviewed by the circuit court for the county in which the license was issued, upon the request of any applicant, licensee, or resident of the municipality. The procedure on review shall be the same as in civil actions instituted in the circuit court. The person desiring review shall file pleadings, which shall be served on the municipal governing body in the manner provided in ch. 801 for service in civil actions and a copy of the pleadings shall be served on the applicant or licensee. The municipal governing body, applicant, or licensee shall have 20 days to file an answer to the complaint. Following filing of the answer, the matter shall be deemed at issue and hearing may be had within 5 days, upon due notice served upon the opposing party. The hearing shall be before the court without a jury. Subpoenas for witnesses may be issued and their attendance compelled. The findings and order of the court

LRB-3551/? MCP:... **SECTION 4** 

1	shall be filed within 10 days after the hearing and a copy of the findings and order
2	shall be transmitted to each of the parties. The order shall be final unless appeal is
3	taken to the court of appeals.
4	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 134.66 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	7134.66 (1) (g) "Retailer" means any person licensed under s. $134.65$ (1) (1h).
	History: 1987 a. 336; 1989 a. 31; 1991 a. 95; 1993 a. 210, 312; 1995 a. 352; 1997 a. 214; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 75; 2003 a. 326; 2005 a. 35; 2007 a. 20 s. 2121 (6) (a); 2011
6	SECTION 6. 134.66 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	134.66 (3) Defense; sale to minor. (intro.) Proof of all of the following facts
8	by a retailer, manufacturer, distributor, jobber, or subjobber, an agent, employee, or
9	independent contractor of a retailer, manufacturer, distributor, jobber, or subjobber,
10	or an agent or employee of an independent contractor who sells cigarettes or tobacco
11	products to a person under the age of 18 is a defense to any prosecution, or a
12	complaint made under s. $134.65(7)$ , for a violation of sub. (2) (a):
10	History: 1987 a. 336; 1989 a. 31; 1991 a. 95; 1993 a. 210, 312; 1995 a. 352; 1997 a. 214; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 75; 2003 a. 326; 2005 a. 25; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a); 2011 a. 249.

(END)

denotes

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-3551/P1dn MCP:ahe

October 23, 2015

#### Representative Goyke:

This is a preliminary draft relating to suspension, revocation, and nonrenewal of a tobacco retailer license by a municipality.

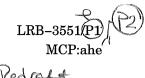
The grounds and procedure outlined in this draft are based on the grounds and procedure for suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew an alcohol retail license under s. 125.12. Are the grounds that are included in this draft consistent with your intent?

Mary Pfotenhauer Legislative Attorney (608) 266–6778 mary.pfotenhauer@legis.wisconsin.gov



## State of Misconsin **2015 – 2016 LEGISLATURE**

In 12/14



Redraft

### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to renumber 134.65 (1); to amend 134.65 (1m), 134.66 (1) (g) and 134.66 1 2 (3) (intro.); and to create 134.65 (1d) and 134.65 (6) and (7) of the statutes; 3 relating to: suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew cigarette and tobacco

4 products retailer licenses.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows a municipality that has issued a cigarette or tobacco products retailer license to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license under certain circumstances, and establishes a procedure for doing so.

Under current law, local municipalities issue licenses to retailers to sell cigarettes or tobacco products. Current law provides that a license is valid for one year unless sooner revoked. Under current law, a retailer's license is terminated upon conviction of its second or subsequent violation of selling cigarettes or tobacco products without a license, if the retailer is found guilty of failing to exercise due care. Current law also provides that a court must suspend a retailer's license if the court finds the retailer guilty of two or more violations of certain restrictions relating to sales to minors within a 12-month period.

This bill allows a municipality to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a cigarette and tobacco products retailer license if the retailer does any of the following: 1) violates certain restrictions relating to the sale of cigarettes and tobacco; 2) keeps premises that are disorderly, riotous, indecent, or improper; 3) has failed to maintain the premises according to sanitation standards; 4) has permitted known criminals or prostitutes to loiter on the premises; 5) has been convicted of manufacturing. distributing, or delivering, or possessing with the intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled substance; or 6) knowingly allows another person on the licensed premises to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, or possess with the intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled substance.

Under the bill, a resident or authorized employee of the municipality that issued the retailer license may file a sworn complaint with the municipal clerk, alleging one of these grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal. The person holding the retailer license is then entitled to a hearing before the municipal governing body. The municipal governing body must find the allegations of the complaint to be true and find that there are sufficient grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal before suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew the license. If a retailer's license is revoked following a hearing, the dicense may not obtain another such license for 12 months. The municipal governing body's decision to suspend, revoke, or not renew a license, or its decision not to act, may be reviewed by the circuit court for the county in which the license was issued.

retailer

Under current law, it is a defense to any prosecution for selling cigarettes or tobacco products to a minor if the retailer can show that the purchaser falsely represented that he or she was at least 18 years of age, presented an identification card, and appeared to be at least 18, and that the sale was made in good faith. The bill provides that this is also a defense to a complaint, made under the procedures described in this bill, that alleges the retailer sold cigarettes or tobacco products to a minor.

For further information see the *local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- **Section 1.** 134.65 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 134.65 (1h).
- 2 Section 2. 134.65 (1d) of the statutes is created to read:
- 3 134.65 (1d) In this section, "municipality" means a city, village, or town.
- 4 Section 3. 134.65 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 5 134.65 (1m) A city, village, or town clerk may not issue a license under sub. (1)
- 6 (1h) unless the applicant specifies in the license application whether the applicant
- will sell, exchange, barter, dispose of, or give away the cigarette or tobacco products
- 8 over the counter or in a vending machine, or both.

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**Section 4.** 134.65 (6) and (7) of the statutes are created to read:

1 134.65 (6) Any municipality may revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew any 2 license issued under this section, as provided in sub. (7). 3 (7) (a) Any resident or duly authorized employee of a municipality issuing 4 licenses under this section may file a sworn written complaint with the clerk of the 5 municipality alleging one or more of the following about a person holding a license 6 issued under this section by the municipality: (7)1. The licensee has violated s. 134.66 (2) (a), (am), (cm), or (e), or a municipal 8 ordinance adopted under s. 134.66 (5).  $(\mathbf{9})$ 2. The licensee's premises are disorderly, riotous, indecent, or improper. 3. The licensee has failed to maintain the premises in accordance with the (10)11 standards of sanitation prescribed by the department of health services. 4. The licensee has permitted known criminals or prostitutes to loiter on the (12)(13)licensed premises. (14) 5. The licensee has been convicted of any of the following: 15 Manufacturing, distributing, or delivering a controlled substance or 16 controlled substance analog under s. 961.41 (1). 17 b. Possessing with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled 18 substance or controlled substance analog under s. 961.41 (1m). 19 c. Possessing with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, or manufacturing, distributing, or delivering a controlled substance or controlled 20 21 substance analog under a substantially similar federal law or a substantially similar 22 law of another state. 23 d. Possessing any of the materials listed in s. 961.65 with intent to manufacture 24 methamphetamine under that section or under a federal law or a law of another state 25 that is substantially similar to s. 961.65.

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1	6.	The licensee	knowingly	allows	another	person	who	is	on	the	licensed
2	premises	s to do any of t	the actions	describe	ed in subc	d. 5.					

- person

- a summons, signed by the clerk and directed to any peace officer in the municipality. The summons shall command the licensee complained of to appear before the municipal governing body on a day and place named in the summons, not less than 3 days and not more than 10 days from the date of issuance, and show cause why his or her license should not be revoked, suspended, or not renewed. The summons and a copy of the complaint shall be served on the licensee at least 3 days before the date on which the licensee is commanded to appear. Service shall be in the manner provided in ch. 801 for service in civil actions in circuit court.
- (c) 1. If the licensee does not appear as required by the summons, the allegations of the complaint shall be taken as true, and if the municipal governing body finds the allegations to be sufficient grounds for revocation or nonrenewal, the license shall be revoked or not renewed. The municipal clerk shall give notice of the revocation or nonrenewal to the person whose license is revoked or not renewed.
- 2. If the licensee appears as required by the summons and answers the complaint, both the complainant and the licensee may produce witnesses, cross-examine witnesses, and be represented by counsel. The licensee shall be provided a written transcript of the hearing at his or her expense. If upon the hearing the municipal governing body finds the allegations of the complaint to be true, and if the municipal governing body finds the allegations to be sufficient grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal, the license shall be suspended for not less than 10 days nor more than 90 days, revoked, or not renewed.

- 3. The municipal clerk shall give notice of each suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal to the person whose license is suspended, revoked, or not renewed.
  - 4. If the municipal governing body finds the allegations of the complaint to be untrue, the complaint shall be dismissed without cost to the licensee. If the municipal governing body finds the complaint to be malicious and without probable cause, the costs shall be paid by the complainant. The municipal governing body may require the complainant to provide security for such costs before issuing the summons under par. (b).
  - (d) When a license is revoked under this subsection, the revocation shall be recorded by the municipal clerk and no other license may be issued under this section to the person whose license was revoked within the 12 months after the date of revocation. No part of the fee paid for any license that is revoked under this subsection may be refunded.
  - (e) The action of any municipal governing body in suspending, revoking, or not renewing any license under this subsection, or the failure of any municipal governing body to suspend, revoke, or not renew any license under this subsection for good cause, may be reviewed by the circuit court for the county in which the license was issued, upon the request of any applicant, licensee, or resident of the municipality. The procedure on review shall be the same as in civil actions instituted in the circuit court. The person desiring review shall file pleadings, which shall be served on the municipal governing body in the manner provided in ch. 801 for service in civil actions and a copy of the pleadings shall be served on the applicant or licensee. The municipal governing body, applicant, or licensee shall have 20 days to file an answer to the complaint. Following filing of the answer, the matter shall be deemed at issue and hearing may be had within 5 days, upon due notice served upon the opposing

party. The hearing shall be before the court without a jury. Subpoenas for witnesses
may be issued and their attendance compelled. The findings and order of the court
shall be filed within 10 days after the hearing and a copy of the findings and order
shall be transmitted to each of the parties. The order shall be final unless appeal is
taken to the court of appeals.
<b>Section 5.</b> 134.66 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
134.66 (1) (g) "Retailer" means any person licensed under s. $134.65$ (1) (1h).
<b>Section 6.</b> 134.66 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
134.66 (3) Defense; sale to minor. (intro.) Proof of all of the following facts
by a retailer, manufacturer, distributor, jobber, or subjobber, an agent, employee, or
independent contractor of a retailer, manufacturer, distributor, jobber, or subjobber,

or an agent or employee of an independent contractor who sells cigarettes or tobacco

products to a person under the age of 18 is a defense to any prosecution, or a

(END)

complaint made under s. 134.65 (7), for a violation of sub. (2) (a):

#### Pfotenhauer, Mary

From:

Knocke, Ryan

Sent:

Friday, December 11, 2015 11:31 AM

To:

Pfotenhauer, Mary

Subject:

Rep. Goyke Follow-Up - Draft review: LRB -3551/P1

**Attachments:** 

15-3551/P1.pdf; DraftersNote1.pdf

Mary-

I hope this message finds you well. Thank you for your work on this draft.

Rep. Goyke would like to make two technical changes to the draft which are outlined below. Could these changes be made?

Thank you and please let me know if you have any questions or would like to speak to Rep. Goyke.

- Ryan

Ryan Knocke Legislative Aide Office of State Representative Evan Goyke Telephone: (608) 266-0645

- On page 3 of the bill under 134.65(7)(a): Please change each subsection to begin with "The person" and not "The licensee."
- Please also include under the list of offenses the sale of single cigarettes (Wis. Stat. s. 139.32(1)).

Ly already included in 3, 134.65(A)(a) 1. of dress (visionism of

s.184.6c(e)(e)).

From: LRB.Legal

Sent: Friday, October 23, 2015 11:32 AM

To: Rep.Goyke < Rep.Goyke@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Subject: Draft review: LRB -3551/P1

Following is the PDF version of draft LRB -3551/P1 and drafter's note.



## State of Misconsin 2015 - 2016 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3551/P2 MCP:ahe

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## PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



1 AN ACT to renumber 134.65 (1); to amend 134.65 (1m), 134.66 (1) (g) and 134.66

(3) (intro.); and *to create* 134.65 (1d) and 134.65 (6) and (7) of the statutes; relating to: suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew cigarette and tobacco products retailer licenses.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows a municipality that has issued a cigarette or tobacco products retailer license to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license under certain circumstances, and establishes a procedure for doing so.

Under current law, local municipalities issue licenses to retailers to sell cigarettes or tobacco products. Current law provides that a license is valid for one year unless sooner revoked. Under current law, a retailer's license is terminated upon conviction of its second or subsequent violation of selling cigarettes or tobacco products without a license, if the retailer is found guilty of failing to exercise due care. Current law also provides that a court must suspend a retailer's license if the court finds the retailer guilty of two or more violations of certain restrictions relating to sales to minors within a 12-month period.

This bill allows a municipality to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a cigarette and tobacco products retailer license if the retailer does any of the following: 1) violates certain restrictions relating to the sale of cigarettes and tobacco; 2) keeps premises that are disorderly, riotous, indecent, or improper; 3) has failed to maintain the premises according to sanitation standards; 4) has permitted known criminals or prostitutes to loiter on the premises; 5) has been convicted of manufacturing,

distributing, or delivering, or possessing with the intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled substance; or 6) knowingly allows another person on the licensed premises to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, or possess with the intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled substance.

Under the bill, a resident or authorized employee of the municipality that issued the retailer license may file a sworn complaint with the municipal clerk, alleging one of these grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal. The person holding the retailer license is then entitled to a hearing before the municipal governing body. The municipal governing body must find the allegations of the complaint to be true and find that there are sufficient grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal before suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew the license. If a retailer's license is revoked following a hearing, the retailer may not obtain another such license for 12 months. The municipal governing body's decision to suspend, revoke, or not renew a license, or its decision not to act, may be reviewed by the circuit court for the county in which the license was issued.

Under current law, it is a defense to any prosecution for selling cigarettes or tobacco products to a minor if the retailer can show that the purchaser falsely represented that he or she was at least 18 years of age, presented an identification card, and appeared to be at least 18, and that the sale was made in good faith. The bill provides that this is also a defense to a complaint, made under the procedures described in this bill, that alleges the retailer sold cigarettes or tobacco products to a minor.

For further information see the *local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 **Section 1.** 134.65 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 134.65 (1h).  $\mathbf{2}$ **Section 2.** 134.65 (1d) of the statutes is created to read: 3 134.65 (1d) In this section, "municipality" means a city, village, or town. **Section 3.** 134.65 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 5 134.65 (1m) A city, village, or town clerk may not issue a license under sub. (1) 6 (1h) unless the applicant specifies in the license application whether the applicant 7 will sell, exchange, barter, dispose of, or give away the cigarette or tobacco products 8 over the counter or in a vending machine, or both.
  - **Section 4.** 134.65 (6) and (7) of the statutes are created to read:

1	134.65 (6) Any municipality may revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew any
2	license issued under this section, as provided in sub. (7).
3	(7) (a) Any resident or duly authorized employee of a municipality issuing
4	licenses under this section may file a sworn written complaint with the clerk of the
5	municipality alleging one or more of the following about a person holding a license
6	issued under this section by the municipality:
7	1. The person has violated s. 134.66 (2) (a), (am), (cm), or (e), or a municipal
8	ordinance adopted under s. 134.66 (5).
9	2. The person's premises are disorderly, riotous, indecent, or improper.
10	3. The person has failed to maintain the premises in accordance with the
11	standards of sanitation prescribed by the department of health services.
12	4. The person has permitted known criminals or prostitutes to loiter on the
13	licensed premises.
14	5. The person has been convicted of any of the following:
15	a. Manufacturing, distributing, or delivering a controlled substance or
16	controlled substance analog under s. 961.41 (1).
17	b. Possessing with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, a controlled
18	substance or controlled substance analog under s. 961.41 (1m).
19	c. Possessing with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, or
20	manufacturing, distributing, or delivering a controlled substance or controlled
21	substance analog under a substantially similar federal law or a substantially similar
22	law of another state.
23	d. Possessing any of the materials listed in s. 961.65 with intent to manufacture
24	methamphetamine under that section or under a federal law or a law of another state

that is substantially similar to s. 961.65.

- 6. The person knowingly allows another person who is on the licensed premises to do any of the actions described in subd. 5.
- (b) Upon the filing of the complaint, the municipal governing body shall issue a summons, signed by the clerk and directed to any peace officer in the municipality. The summons shall command the person complained of to appear before the municipal governing body on a day and place named in the summons, not less than 3 days and not more than 10 days from the date of issuance, and show cause why his or her license should not be revoked, suspended, or not renewed. The summons and a copy of the complaint shall be served on the person complained of at least 3 days before the date on which the person is commanded to appear. Service shall be in the manner provided in ch. 801 for service in civil actions in circuit court.
- (c) 1. If the person does not appear as required by the summons, the allegations of the complaint shall be taken as true, and if the municipal governing body finds the allegations to be sufficient grounds for revocation or nonrenewal, the license shall be revoked or not renewed. The municipal clerk shall give notice of the revocation or nonrenewal to the person whose license is revoked or not renewed.
- 2. If the person appears as required by the summons and answers the complaint, both the complainant and the person complained of may produce witnesses, cross—examine witnesses, and be represented by counsel. The person complained of shall be provided a written transcript of the hearing at his or her expense. If upon the hearing the municipal governing body finds the allegations of the complaint to be true, and if the municipal governing body finds the allegations to be sufficient grounds for suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal, the license shall be suspended for not less than 10 days nor more than 90 days, revoked, or not renewed.

- 3. The municipal clerk shall give notice of each suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal to the person whose license is suspended, revoked, or not renewed.
- 4. If the municipal governing body finds the allegations of the complaint to be untrue, the complaint shall be dismissed without cost to the person complained of. If the municipal governing body finds the complaint to be malicious and without probable cause, the costs shall be paid by the complainant. The municipal governing body may require the complainant to provide security for such costs before issuing the summons under par. (b).
- (d) When a license is revoked under this subsection, the revocation shall be recorded by the municipal clerk and no other license may be issued under this section to the person whose license was revoked within the 12 months after the date of revocation. No part of the fee paid for any license that is revoked under this subsection may be refunded.
- (e) The action of any municipal governing body in suspending, revoking, or not renewing any license under this subsection, or the failure of any municipal governing body to suspend, revoke, or not renew any license under this subsection for good cause, may be reviewed by the circuit court for the county in which the license was issued, upon the request of any applicant, licensee, or resident of the municipality. The procedure on review shall be the same as in civil actions instituted in the circuit court. The person desiring review shall file pleadings, which shall be served on the municipal governing body in the manner provided in ch. 801 for service in civil actions and a copy of the pleadings shall be served on the applicant or licensee. The municipal governing body, applicant, or licensee shall have 20 days to file an answer to the complaint. Following filing of the answer, the matter shall be deemed at issue and hearing may be had within 5 days, upon due notice served upon the opposing

party. The hearing shall be before the court without a jury. Subpoenas for witnesses
may be issued and their attendance compelled. The findings and order of the court
shall be filed within 10 days after the hearing and a copy of the findings and order
shall be transmitted to each of the parties. The order shall be final unless appeal is
taken to the court of appeals.
<b>SECTION 5.</b> 134.66 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
134.66 (1) (g) "Retailer" means any person licensed under s. $134.65$ (1) (1h).
<b>Section 6.</b> 134.66 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
134.66 (3) Defense; sale to minor. (intro.) Proof of all of the following facts
by a retailer, manufacturer, distributor, jobber, or subjobber, an agent, employee, or
independent contractor of a retailer, manufacturer, distributor, jobber, or subjobber,
or an agent or employee of an independent contractor who sells cigarettes or tobacco
products to a person under the age of 18 is a defense to any prosecution, or a
complaint made under s 134 65 (7) for a violation of sub (2) (a):

(END)