٠

Fiscal Estimate - 2015 Session										
\boxtimes	Original	🔲 L	Jpdated	Corrected		Supplem	ental			
LR	B Number	15-0477/	2	Introductio	n Number	AB-022	20			
Description Establishing a mandatory minimum period of confinement in prison for a person who possesses a firearm or who uses a firearm to commit certain crimes after being convicted of committing certain violent felonies, and providing a criminal penalty										
Stat	No State Fisc Indeterminate Increase E Appropriat	xisting ions Existing	Revenue Decreas Revenue	e Existing	Increase C to absorb v Té Decrease C	vithin agenc				
Loca	No Local Gov Indeterminate 1. Increase Permiss 2. Decrease	e Costs ive Manda se Costs	3. Increase tory Permiss 4. Decreas tory Permiss	ive Mandatory e Revenue	5. Types of Lo Governmen Affected Towns Countie School Districts	t Units	5 5			
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG										
Age	ncy/Prepared	Ву	Au	thorized Signatu	re		Date			
SPE)/ Anna Oehler ((608) 267-031	1 Ada	am Plotkin (608) 2	64-8572		5/29/2015			

Fiscal Estimate Narratives SPD 5/29/2015

LRB Number 15-0477/2	Introduction Number	AB-0220	Estimate Type	Original					
Description Establishing a mandatory minimum period of confinement in prison for a person who possesses a firearm or who uses a firearm to commit certain crimes after being convicted of committing certain violent felonies, and providing a criminal penalty									

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The State Public Defender (SPD) is statutorily authorized and required to appoint attorneys to represent indigent defendants in criminal and certain commitment proceedings. The SPD plays a critical role in ensuring that the Wisconsin justice system complies with the right to counsel provided by both the state and federal constitutions. Any legislation has the potential to increase SPD costs if it creates a new criminal offense, expands the definition of an existing criminal offense, or increases the penalties for an existing offense.

This bill sets a minimum period of confinement in prison for a person if they were convicted of certain violent felonies and violates the prohibition on possessing a firearm, then he or she must be sentenced to at least three years of confinement in prison. If the person is convicted of using a firearm to commit certain violent Class A to Class G felonies, he or she must be sentenced to at least five years of confinement in prison. If a person is convicted of using a firearm to commit certain violent Class H or Class I felonies, he or she must be sentenced to at least three years or at least one year and six months, respectively, of confinement in prison. The bill contains a sunset provision that eliminates the mandatory minimum period of confinement for sentences imposed on or after July 1, 2020. The bill also creates a newly defined list of "violent felony" crimes.

As being a felon in possession of a firearm is currently a crime which a person may financially qualify for public defender representation, the bill is unlikely to increase the number of cases handled by the SPD. The bill may increase the complexity or length of a case due to increased sentence severity.

Counties may have increased costs for changes resulting from this bill related to setting minimum periods of confinement since the length of the case may increase due to the complexity and sentence severity. The SPD is unable to estimate the costs associated with the sentencing periods identified in this bill.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications