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Fiscal Estimate - 2015 Session							
Original Dpdated	Corrected	Supplemental					
LRB Number 15-0729/1	Introduction Number	er SB-031					
Description One-year extension of student achievement guarantee in education program contracts							
Fiscal Effect							
Appropriations Reve Decrease Existing Decr	rease Existing to absorbenues	e Costs - May be possible orb within agency's budget Yes INO use Costs					
Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Decrease Revenue Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Decrease Revenue Mandatory Decrease Revenue Mandatory Decrease Revenue Mandatory Decrease Revenue Mandatory NTCS Districts							
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations							
GPR FED PRO PRS	SEG 🔲 SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date					
DPI/ Erin Fath (608) 266-2804	Erin Fath (608) 266-2804	2/27/2015					

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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DPI 2/27/2015

LRB Number	15-0729/1	Introduction Number	SB-031	Estimate Type	Updated	
Description						
One-year extension of student achievement guarantee in education program contracts						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The Student Achievement Guarantee in Education (SAGE) program is a categorical state aid program that provides funding to schools for low-income students in primary grades (K-3) if certain statutory requirements are met. Before a school may participate in SAGE, the school board of the district must enter into a contract with the Department of Public Instruction on behalf of individual schools in the district that qualify for participation. SAGE contracts are for 5 years and may be renewed for additional 5-year terms.

SB 31 allows DPI to provide a one-year extension on existing SAGE contracts set to expire at the end of the current 2014-15 school year. The bill also prohibits DPI from renewing 5-year SAGE contracts expiring at the end of the 2014-15 school year or any school year thereafter.

According to the Joint Legislative Council prefatory note, the one-year extension of SAGE contracts under SB 31 allows for legislative changes (separate legislation) to the SAGE program enacted during the 2015-16 school year to be implemented in the 2016-17 school year. Without an extension, the 354 SAGE contracts set to expire at the end of the current 2014-15 school year could be renewed before legislation changing the SAGE program enacted during the 2015-16 school year, those changes would not apply to SAGE contracts renewed at the end of 2014-15 school year until those (renewed) contracts expire and are renewed again for 2020-21.

Local:

If SB 31 passed, no current SAGE contracts that expire at the end of the 2014-15 school year would be renewed under current law provisions beyond one year (2015-16). Under separate legislation (SB 32), a new program would be created, called the "Achievement Gap Reduction" (AGR) program that is similar in some respects, and different in others, to the current law SAGE program. Under SB 32, only those schools currently under SAGE a contract could enter into a contract under the proposed AGR program. As the requirements under the proposed AGR program differ from those of the current law SAGE program, schools currently under a SAGE contract may choose not to participate in the proposed AGR program.

Alone, SB 31 would have the impact of ending the SAGE program as it exists under current law, effective with the expiration of the districts' existing SAGE contracts. Under the extension allowed by this bill, the majority of SAGE contracts would expire at the end of the 2015-16 school year. Some SAGE contracts, which are not eligible for the extension under this bill, will expire at the end of the 2016-17 or the 2017-18 school year. State aid payments to a school district under SAGE are equal to a maximum of \$2,250 multiplied by the number of low-income pupils served in the SAGE classrooms in the schools within the school district (state aid was prorated in 2013-14 at 90.1%, or \$2,027.25 per low income pupil).

Under SB 32, a district would enter into a contract under the proposed AGR program and receive state aid as specified under that program. One potential impact of SB 31 (even assuming SB 32 is enacted into law) is that some districts may choose to not participate under the AGR program and thereby no longer receive state aid for class size reduction as under the current law SAGE program. As SAGE state aid is received outside the state-imposed revenue limits for school districts, the loss of such aid could not be made up through the school levy; thus, loss of SAGE aid would result in loss of spending capacity for such a district.

It is not possible to predict how many of the school districts that currently have a SAGE contract would choose to not enter into an AGR contract when their current contracts expire (end of 2015-16, under extension as allowed under this bill). Therefore, the cost to school districts is indeterminate at this time.

State:

SB 31 allows DPI to provide a one-year extension on existing SAGE contracts set to expire at the end of the current 2014-15 school year (and prohibits any 5-year renewals to existing contracts). It is anticipated

that this change alone would not have a direct fiscal impact on the Department.

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Long-Range Fiscal Implications

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