AN ACT to repeal 40.04 (3) (ab) and 40.21 (1m); to amend 40.02 (48m) (e), 40.04 (3) (intro.), 40.21 (1), 40.23 (1) (a) 1., 40.23 (1) (d), 40.26 (2) (b), 40.26 (2) (c) and 40.26 (3); and to create 40.03 (2) (cm) of the statutes; relating to: remedial legislation affecting the Wisconsin Retirement System and the Department of Employee Trust Funds (suggested as remedial legislation by the Department of Employee Trust Funds).

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes the following remedial changes to the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and the operation of the Department of Employee Trust Funds (DETF):

1. The bill clarifies the treatment and uses of moneys credited to memorandum accounts of WRS participants who suspend their annuities in order to return to covered employment.

2. The bill specifically authorizes the secretary of employee trust funds to implement any payment processing system to pay moneys owing to any person under benefit plans administered by DETF, including payment by direct deposit, electronic benefit transfer cards or other prepaid cards, electronic funds transfer, and automated clearinghouse procedures.

3. Under current law, one requirement of a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) is that the determination of an alternate payee share in the QDRO may not
require benefits to be paid to the alternate payee if those benefits are also required to be paid to another alternate payee. The bill clarifies that the determination of the alternate payee share in a QDRO may not require benefits to be paid to an alternate payee if a court has already required those benefits to be paid to another alternate payee under a previously determined QDRO.

4. The bill eliminates references to the transaction amortization account in the core retirement investment trust of the public employee trust fund, which no longer exists.

5. The bill eliminates a duplicative reference to a federated library system under the WRS.

6. Currently, among the conditions that a participant in the WRS must meet in order to qualify for an annuity is one that requires the individual to have separated from WRS-covered employment for at least 30 days. Other WRS provisions prohibit a participant from receiving an annuity if the individual returns to covered employment within 75 days after terminating employment. The bill eliminates the 30-day requirement for receiving an annuity under the WRS.

7. The bill eliminates a requirement under the WRS that an application for an annuity may not be filed more than 90 days before the employee’s anticipated termination date from employment.

8. The bill changes application deadlines for an employer to join the WRS. Under current law, if an employer elects to join the WRS and DETF receives the application on or before November 15, the effective date of inclusion is the ensuing January 1. If DETF receives the application after November 15, the effective date of inclusion is the January 1 after the ensuing January 1. The bill eliminates this provision.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. 40.02 (48m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

40.02 (48m) (e) The determination of the alternate payee share does not require that benefits be paid to the alternate payee if those benefits are also required
to be paid to another alternate payee under another judgment, decree, or order previously determined to be a qualified domestic relations order or to the internal revenue service under a lien placed on the participant’s account under section 64 of the Internal Revenue Code.

**Note:** A qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) is a judgment, decree, or order issued by a court pursuant to a domestic relations law of any U.S. state or territory that meets certain criteria. Under current law, one requirement of a QDRO is that the determination of an alternate payee share may not require benefits to be paid to the alternate payee if those benefits are also required to be paid to another alternate payee. This section clarifies that a determination of the alternate payee share in a QDRO may not require benefits to be paid to the alternate payee if a court has also required those benefits to be paid to another alternate payee under another QDRO.

**Section 2.** 40.03 (2) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

40.03 (2) (cm) May implement any payment processing system to pay moneys owing to any person under benefit plans administered by the department, including payment by direct deposit, electronic benefit transfer cards or other prepaid cards, electronic funds transfer, and automated clearinghouse procedures.

**Note:** Authorizes the secretary of employee trust funds to implement any payment processing system to pay moneys owing to any person under benefit plans administered by the Department of Employee Trust Funds.

**Section 3.** 40.04 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

40.04 (3) (intro.) A core retirement investment trust and a variable retirement investment trust shall be maintained within the fund under the jurisdiction and management of the investment board for the purpose of managing the investments of the retirement reserve accounts and of any other accounts of the fund as determined by the board, including the accounts of separate retirement systems. Within the core retirement investment trust there shall be maintained a transaction amortization account and a market recognition account, and any other accounts as are established by the board or the investment board. A current income account shall be maintained in the variable retirement investment trust. All costs of owning,
operating, protecting, and acquiring property in which either trust has an interest
shall be charged to the current income or market recognition account of the trust
having the interest in the property.

NOTE: Eliminates a reference to the transaction amortization account within the
core retirement investment trust. The transaction amortization account has been closed.

SECTION 4. 40.04 (3) (ab) of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: Deletes the procedure required to be used to distribute the balance of the
transaction amortization account and deletes the requirement that the Department of
Employee Trust Funds close the transaction amortization account after the entire
balance has been distributed. The transaction amortization account has been closed
under this procedure.

SECTION 5. 40.21 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

40.21 (1) Any employer shall be included within and thereafter subject to the
provisions of the Wisconsin retirement system by so electing, through adoption of a
resolution by the governing body of the employer. If the official notice of election to
be included has been received by the department on or before November 15 the
effective date of participation of the employer shall be the ensuing January 1. If the
department receives the notice of election after November 15 the effective date shall
be the January 1 after the ensuing January 1.

NOTE: Eliminates a provision that delays the effective date of an employer’s
inclusion in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS). Current law provides that if an
employer elects to join the WRS and the Department of Employee Trust Funds receives
the application on or before November 15, the effective date of inclusion is the ensuing
January 1. If the application is received after November 15, the effective date of inclusion
is the January 1 after the ensuing January 1.

SECTION 6. 40.21 (1m) of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: Deletes a procedure that allows the governing body of a federated public
library system whose territory lies within a single county with a population of 500,000
to become a Wisconsin Retirement System participating employer if the governing body
adopts a resolution. Current law provides that if this procedure is followed, the
resolution’s effective date must be June 1, 1994.

SECTION 7. 40.23 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
40.23 (1) (a) 1. The participant is separated, regardless of cause, and continues
to be separated until the annuity effective date, the date 30 days after the application
is received by the department or the date 30 days after separation, whichever is later,
from all employment meeting the qualifications for inclusion specified in s. 40.22 for
any participating employer.

NOTE: Eliminates a requirement that a participant in the Wisconsin Retirement
System (WRS) must be separated from WRS-covered employment for at least 30 days to
qualify for an annuity under the WRS.

SECTION 8. 40.23 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

40.23 (1) (d) Notwithstanding par. (c), an application for an annuity to be
effective on the day following termination of employment may be filed up to 90 days
prior to the employee’s anticipated termination date. The anticipated termination
date shall be stated in the application and the department shall not make an annuity
payment until the employee has terminated. The department shall reject any
application that is filed more than 90 days prior to the employee’s termination date.

NOTE: Eliminates a requirement under the Wisconsin Retirement System that the
Department of Employee Trust Funds must reject any application for an annuity that is
filed more than 90 days before the employee’s termination date.

SECTION 9. 40.26 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

40.26 (2) (b) Crediting of amounts under suspended annuity. The amount of
the annuity payments which would have been paid under the suspended annuity,
from the original annuity suspension date to the subsequent retirement date, shall
be credited to a memorandum account which is subject to ss. 40.04 (4) (a) 2., 2g. and
2m. and 40.08 (1m).

NOTE: Removes cross-references to provisions concerning employee reserve
accounts that are inapplicable to memorandum accounts and removes a cross-reference
to the division of employee benefits that is unnecessary.

SECTION 10. 40.26 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
40.26 (2) (c) *Establishment of subsequent retirement account.* Upon becoming a participating employee, a subsequent retirement account shall be established, including any amounts in a memorandum account under par. (b), which includes crediting of interest, and any contributions made and creditable service earned during the subsequent participating employment.

**SECTION 11.** 40.26 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

40.26 (3) Upon subsequent retirement and application for an annuity, the suspended annuity shall be reinstated and the, including any amounts in a memorandum account under sub. (2) (b). Upon application, the subsequent annuity of a former annuitant shall be computed as an original annuity, based upon the participant’s attained age on the effective date of the subsequent annuity, in an optional form as elected by the participant under s. 40.24. The subsequent annuity shall be initiated at the same time the suspended annuity is reinstated.

**NOTE:** Under current law, when a Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) annuitant reenters employment as a WRS participating employee, the original annuity is suspended and a new account is created for any subsequent period of employment as a WRS participating employee. The amount of the annuity payments which would have been paid under the suspended annuity are credited to a memorandum account. The subsequent retirement account includes any amounts in the memorandum account, interest, and any contributions made and creditable service earned during the subsequent period of employment. Upon subsequent retirement, the suspended annuity is reinstated and the subsequent annuity is computed as an original annuity

**SECTION 10** provides that amounts in a memorandum account are not included in a subsequent retirement account. **SECTION 11** provides that, upon subsequent retirement, any amounts in a memorandum account are included in the suspended annuity. In addition, **SECTION 11** provides that the subsequent annuity is computed as an original annuity upon application from the annuitant, as opposed to automatically upon subsequent retirement.