AN ACT relating to: repealing an air pollution rule promulgated by the Department of Natural Resources.

ANALYSIS by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill eliminates a rule promulgated by the Department of Natural Resources, relating to construction permit requirements for stationary sources that emit greenhouse gases, which is no longer valid under the Supreme Court’s decision in Utility Air Regulatory Group v. EPA, 573 U.S. ___ (2014).

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. NR 405.07 (9) (a) (intro.) and NR 405.07 (9) (a) 1. (intro.) of the administrative code are consolidated, renumbered NR 405.07 (9) (a) (intro.) and amended to read:

NR 405.07 (9) (a) (intro.) Emissions Beginning January 2, 2011, emissions of greenhouse gases at a stationary source shall only be subject to regulation under the Act as follows: 1. Beginning January 2, 2011, if the stationary source is any of the following:
SECTION 2. NR 405.07 (9) (a) 1. a. of the administrative code is renumbered NR 405.07 (9) (a) 1m.

SECTION 3. NR 405.07 (9) (a) 1. b. of the administrative code is renumbered 405.07 (9) (a) 2m.

SECTION 4. NR 405.07 (9) (a) 2. of the administrative code is repealed.