### Fiscal Estimate - 2017 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental		
LRB Number 17-0809/1	Introduction Numbe	er <b>AB-0726</b>		
<b>Description</b> creating a nonrefundable individual and corpora eliminate exposure to a lead hazard in a dwellin		lit for costs paid to		
Fiscal Effect				
Appropriations Reve	rease Existing to absor	e Costs - May be possible rb within agency's budget Yes  No se Costs		
Permissive Mandatory Perm 2. Decrease Costs 4. Decr	5. Types of Governm Affected missive Mandatory rease Revenue missive Mandatory Distr	nent Units  ns		
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations				
GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS				
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date		
DOR/ Bradley Caruth (608) 261-8984	Jamie Adams (608) 266-6785 12/14/20			

# Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 12/14/2017

LRB Number 17-0809/1	Introduction Number	AB-0726	Estimate Type	Original		
Description creating a nonrefundable individual and corporate income and franchise tax credit for costs paid to						
eliminate exposure to a lead hazard in a dwelling						

#### Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill creates a nonrefundable individual income and corporate income and franchise tax credit for costs paid to eliminate a lead hazard in a dwelling or residential condominium unit. The owner of a residence may claim a credit for all costs paid, up to \$1,500 per dwelling unit, to permanently eliminate a lead hazard in a residence. A dwelling may contain more than one dwelling unit.

A "lead hazard" is any substance, surface, or object that contains lead and that, due to its condition, location, or nature, may contribute to the lead poisoning or lead exposure of a child under 6 years of age.

To claim the credit, a certified professional must investigate the residence and determine that a lead hazard exists; the lead hazard abatement activities must be conducted under rules promulgated by the Department of Health Services; and a certified professional must either issue a certificate confirming that the residence is free from lead-bearing paint or execute a document certifying that the lead hazard abatement activities permanently eliminated all lead hazards.

The owner may include the remediation costs related to any lead hazards present in the residence's utility service connections performed at the same time the owner remediates lead hazards in a residence.

Unused credit may be carried forward for up to 7 years. Part-year residents and nonresidents may not claim the credit.

It is not clear how many people currently remediate lead hazards each year in Wisconsin or how much Wisconsin residents would claim under this credit. However, a similar tax credit exists in Massachusetts and the Massachusetts Tax Expenditure Budget report for fiscal year 2016 lists an annualized fiscal effect of \$2.9 million.

Based on data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Wisconsin has a population under 6 years of age that is approximately 2.5% smaller than that population in Massachusetts, but there are about 5.4% more children in Wisconsin with elevated blood lead levels confirmed by testing. Moreover, Wisconsin tests about 22% of children while Massachusetts tests about 49% of children, suggesting that the difference in positive blood tests would be larger if a comparable share of Wisconsin children were tested.

Adjusting the Massachusetts credit up by 5.4% to account for the difference in the number of positive blood tests suggests a Wisconsin credit could reduce revenue by about \$3.0 million annually. To the extent that differences in lead exposure among untested children differs between the two states, the fiscal effect would also differ. For example, if Wisconsin's untested children have a higher prevalence of elevated blood lead levels than Massachusetts' untested children, the \$3.0 million figure would likely understate the fiscal effect of the credit.

#### **Long-Range Fiscal Implications**

## Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2017 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental				
LRB Number 17-0809/1	Introduction Num	ber <b>AB-0726</b>				
Description creating a nonrefundable individual and corporate income and franchise tax credit for costs paid to eliminate exposure to a lead hazard in a dwelling						
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in annualized fiscal effect):						
II. Annualized Costs:		Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:				
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs				
A. State Costs by Category						
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$	\$				
(FTE Position Changes)						
State Operations - Other Costs						
Local Assistance						
Aids to Individuals or Organizations						
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	\$				
B. State Costs by Source of Funds						
GPR						
FED						
PRO/PRS						
SEG/SEG-S						
III. State Revenues - Complete this only when proposal will increase or decrease state revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, ets.)						
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev				
GPR Taxes	\$	\$				
GPR Earned						
FED						
PRO/PRS						
SEG/SEG-S						
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$				
NET ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT						
	<u>State</u>	<u>Local</u>				
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$	\$ 				
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE \$See Text						
_						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date				
DOR/ Bradley Caruth (608) 261-8984	Jamie Adams (608) 266-678	mie Adams (608) 266-6785 12/14/2017				