2017 DRAFTING REQUEST

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For:

Kathleen Vinehout (608) 266-8546

Drafter:

rchampag

By:

Beau

Secondary Drafters:

Date:

9/8/2016

May Contact:

Same as LRB:

Submit via email:

YES

Requester's email:

Sen.Vinehout@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC) to:

michael.gallagher@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Amend Constitution to Provide Notice and Access to Governmental Body Meetings

Instructions:

Redraft 2015 SJR 54

Drafting History:

Vers.

Drafted

Reviewed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

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rchampag

kfollett

9/8/2016

9/12/2016

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rmilford

mbarman

9/12/2016

2/19/2018

FE Sent For:

<**END>**



State of Misconsin 2015 - 2016 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0109/1

LRB-2944/1 RAC:emw

9112

2015 SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 54

September 21, 2015 – Introduced by Senators Vinehout, Carpenter, Wirch, Lassa, Risser and Ringhand, cosponsored by Representatives Barca, Hebl, Sinicki, Kolste, Doyle, Wachs, Mason, Pope, Bowen, Sargent, Milroy, Ohnstad, Riemer, Spreitzer, Goyke, Shankland, Johnson, Subeck, Berceau, Jorgensen and Zamarripa. Referred to Committee on Government Operations and Consumer Protection.

To renumber section 10 of article IV; and to create section 10 (2) of article IV of the constitution; relating to: requiring the legislature to enact laws requiring reasonable notice of and public access to meetings of governmental bodies, including legislative committees, and making members of the legislature subject to citations and civil penalties for violations of such laws (first consideration).

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau 20\7

This constitutional amendment, proposed to the 2015 legislature on first consideration, requires the legislature to enact laws requiring reasonable notice of and public access to meetings of governmental bodies, including legislative committees, and makes members of the legislature subject to citations and civil penalties for violations of such laws. Currently, the constitution exempts members from civil process during the legislative session and for 15 days before and after the session.

A constitutional amendment requires adoption by two successive legislatures, and ratification by the people, before it can become effective.

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1	SECTION 1. Section 10 of article IV of the constitution is renumbered section 10
2	(1) of article IV.
3	SECTION 2. Section 10 (2) of article IV of the constitution is created to read:
4	[Article IV] Section 10 (2) The legislature shall enact laws requiring
5	governmental bodies to conduct business in meetings that are held with reasonable
6	prior notice and accessible to the public and make these laws applicable to legislative
7	committees. Notwithstanding section 8 of this article, courts of law may apply these
8	laws to senate, assembly, and other legislative committees. Notwithstanding section
9	15 of this article, members of the legislature are subject to citation and civil penalties
10	during a legislative session for violations of such laws.
11	SECTION 3. Numbering of new provisions. If another constitutional
12	amendment ratified by the people creates the number of any provision created in this
13	joint resolution, the chief of the legislative reference bureau shall determine the
14	sequencing and the numbering of the provisions whose numbers conflict.
15	Be it further resolved, That this proposed amendment be referred to the
16	legislature to be chosen at the next general election and that it be published for three
17	months previous to the time of holding such election.
18	(END)

Barman, Mike

From:

Stafford, Beau

Sent:

Monday, February 19, 2018 4:37 PM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft Review: LRB -0109/1

Please Jacket LRB -0109/1 for the SENATE.