Fiscal Estimate - 2017 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplem	ental		
LRB Number 17-2248/1	Introduction Nu	mber AB-021	6		
Description permitting certain individuals to make requests f providing a criminal penalty	or medication for the purpo	se of ending their live	es and		
Fiscal Effect					
Appropriations Reve	rease Existing to a	crease Costs - May b absorb within agency Yes crease Costs			
Permissive Mandatory Perm 2. Decrease Costs 4. Decr	ease Revenue Gov	pes of Local vernment Units ected Towns Counties School Districts Districts	8		
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations					
GPR FED PRO PRS	SEG 🔲 SEGS 410				
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature		Date		
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOC 4/14/2017

LRB Number 17-2248/1	Introduction Number	AB-0216	Estimate Type	Original	
Description					
permitting certain individuals to make requests for medication for the purpose of ending their lives and					
providing a criminal penalty					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill permits an individual who is of sound mind, is not incapacitated, is at least 18 years of age, is a resident of Wisconsin, and has a terminal disease to request voluntarily medication from his or her attending physician for the purpose of ending the individual's life in a humane and dignified manner. The bill authorizes the individual's attending physician to issue a prescription for the medication if specified requirements are met. Further, the bill creates a statutory request for medication authorization form and requires that the Department of Health Services prepare and provide copies of the form for distribution to certain facilities, associations, and persons.

The bill establishes requirements that must be met before an individual's attending physician may issue a prescription in response to the individual's request for medication.

The bill also provides that making a request for medication does not constitute attempted suicide and that taking medication under a fulfilled request does not constitute suicide. The bill establishes penalties for certain actions with regard to the request for medication, but prohibits a health care facility or health care provider from being charged with a crime, being held civilly liable, or being charged with unprofessional conduct for failing to fulfill a request (except that an attending physician who refuses to fulfill a valid request and fails to make a good faith attempt to transfer the requester to another physician who will fulfill the request may be charged with unprofessional conduct), for fulfilling a valid request, or for acting contrary to or failing to act on a revocation of a request unless the health care facility or health care provider has actual knowledge of the revocation.

The Department is unable to determine the fiscal impact of the bill as it cannot predict the effect on number of people that will be sentenced and the sentencing practices of judges under the new law.

The average FY16 annual cost for an inmate in a DOC institution is approximately \$32,300. However, when there is excess capacity in DOC facilities, the incremental costs (i.e. food, health care and clothing) of housing a small number of inmates is approximately \$5,700 based on FY16 costs. Should the Department use contract beds, the rate would be approximately \$18,800 annually per person. The average FY16 annual cost to supervise one offender is approximately \$3,000.

County jail costs are also indeterminate and could change if there are increases or decreases in the amount of people sentenced to jail. The average FY16 annual cost to jail an inmate is \$18,800.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications