



WISCONSIN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ACT MEMO

2017 Wisconsin Act 133
[2017 Assembly Bill 96]

Use of Epinephrine Auto-Injector

2017 Wisconsin Act 133 allows an authorized individual to acquire and maintain an epinephrine auto-injector and to provide or administer it to someone whom the authorized individual believes is experiencing anaphylaxis. Under the Act, any individual may become authorized to provide or administer an epinephrine auto-injector to another individual if the former obtains a prescription for the device in his or her name, in accordance with the Act, and meets certain additional requirements, including the completion of an anaphylaxis training program.

The Act provides liability protection to an authorized individual for injury from the administration or failure to administer an epinephrine auto-injector, and to any prescriber or pharmacist who makes an epinephrine auto-injector available to an authorized individual.

The Act specifies that it does not impose a duty on an employer or other person to supervise or exercise control of an individual's use of an epinephrine auto-injector, if the employer or person reasonably believes that the individual who uses an epinephrine auto-injector is an authorized individual under the statute.

Effective date: December 13, 2017

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This memo provides a brief description of the Act. For more detailed information, consult the text of the law and related legislative documents at the Legislature's Web site at: <http://www.legis.wisconsin.gov>.