2019 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

For:

Jim Ott (608) 266-0486

Drafter:

emueller

By:

Rep. Ott

Secondary Drafters:

Date:

12/4/2018

May Contact:

Same as LRB:

Submit via email:

YES

Requester's email: Carbon copy (CC) to: Rep.OttJ@legis.wisconsin.gov

eric.mueller@legis.wisconsin.gov

zachary.wyatt@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Require court appearance in person for all OWI charges

Instructions:

Redraft ASA 1 to 2015 AB 352

Drafting History:

Vora	Drafted	Reviewed	Submitted	Iacketed	Required

/? emueller 12/10/201

kfollett

12/10/2018 12/11/2018

/P1 emueller 1/3/2019

dwalker 12/11/2018 State

1/3/2019

12/11/2018

S&L

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kfollett 1/3/2019

dwalker 1/3/2019

dwalker 1/3/2019

State S&L

FE Sent For:

<END>



State of Misconsin 2015 - 2016 LEGISLATURE

LRB-(1580/1) 1809/P(
PJH:cjs

2019

2015 ASSEMBLY BILL (352)

September 25, 2015 – Introduced by Representatives J. Ott, Allen, Sanfelippo, Berceau, T. Larson, Rohrkaste, E. Brooks, Horlacher, Murphy, Edming, Kitchens, Genrich, Kerkman, Sargent and Kooyenga, cosponsored by Senators Darling, Nass, Carpenter and Marklein. Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety.

(12/11/18)

AN ACT to renumber and amend 66.0114 (1) (b); to amend 800.035 (5) (a); and to create 66.0114 (1) (b) 2., 66.0114 (1) (b) 3., 345.26 (1) (b) 3., 800.035 (5) (am) and 967.055 (2m) of the statutes; relating to: requiring persons accused of violating traffic laws and ordinances related to driving while intoxicated to appear in person in court.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, generally, a first violation of operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant, with a detectable amount of a restricted controlled substance in one's blood, or with a prohibited alcohol concentration (OWI-related violation), is a traffic violation punishable by a civil forfeiture. Current law allows local units of government to enact ordinances in conformity with the state traffic law that punishes most first OWI-related offenses as a civil violation.

Under current law, a person who receives a citation for an OWI-related civil traffic violation or who receives a citation for an ordinance in conformity with the OWI-related traffic violation may opt to appear in court to plead not guilty to the violation or may opt to pay the forfeiture associated with the violation and avoid an appearance in court. Generally, a person who pays the forfeiture associated with the violation is considered to have pled guilty or no contest to the charge.

Under this bill, a person who receives a citation for an OWI-related civil traffic violation or who receives a citation for an ordinance in conformity therewith is required to appear in court to plead guilty, no contest, or not guilty to the charge.

This bill requires a person who recoives a citation for a. Civil traffic violation related to operating while into pricated to appear in count to respect to the charge.

Under the bill, if the person fails to appear in court, the court is required to enter a default judgment against the person and impose the applicable penalties, except that the court must withhold imposing a forfeiture until the person appears in person before the court. Under the bill, the court issues a warrant for the person's arrest so that the person may appear before the court in order for the court to impose a forfeiture. Additionally, under the bill, the person is required to pay a \$300 surcharge that is retained by the municipal court or the clerk of circuit court to offset the costs of holding a hearing to impose the forfeiture.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be

printed as an appendix to this bill.

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The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

for the percens failure to appear

SECTION 1. 66.0114 (1) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 66.0114 (1) (b) 1. and amended to read:

66.0114 (1) (b) 1. Local ordinances, except as provided in this paragraph or ss. 345.20 to 345.53, may contain a provision for stipulation of guilt or no contest of any or all violations under those ordinances, may designate the manner in which the stipulation is to be made, and may fix the penalty to be paid. When Except as provided in subd. 2., when a person charged with a violation for which stipulation of guilt or no contest is authorized makes a timely stipulation and pays the required penalty, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, to the designated official, the person need not appear in court and no witness fees or other additional costs, fees, or surcharges may be imposed under ch. 814 unless the local ordinance so provides. A court appearance is required for a violation of a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1).

Section 2. 66.0114 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

66.0114 (1) (b) 2. A person who is charged with a violation of a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) or (5) shall appear, in person, in court to plead guilty,

1 .	no contest, or not guilty. A person who fails to appear, in person, in court is subject
2	to arrest and to a \$300 surcharge pursuant to subd. 3.
3	SECTION 3. 66.0114 (1) (b) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
4	66.0114 (1) (b) 3. If a person who is required under subd. 2. to appear, in person,
5	in court to enter a plea fails to appear in court, the court shall do all of the following:
6	a. Enter a default judgment against the person and impose the applicable
7	penalties, except that the court shall withhold imposing a forfeiture for the violation
(8)	until the person appears, in person, before the court.
9	b. Issue a warrant for the person's arrest so that the person may appear before
10	the court in order for the court to impose a forfeiture for the violation.
	c./Impose a \$300 surcharge on the person for his or her failure to appear. The
(12)	surcharge may be retained by the municipal court to offset the costs of holding a
13) \	hearing to impose the forfeiture.
14	Section 4. 345.26 (1) (b) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
15	345.26 (1) (b) 3. Subdivision 1. does not apply to a person who is charged with
16	a violation of s. 346.63 (1) or (5) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith and who
17	is required to appear in person pursuant to s. 66.0114 (1) (b) 2., 800.035 (5) (a), or
18	967.055 (2m).
19	SECTION 5. 800.035 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	800.035 (5) (a) If a defendant is charged with a violation of an ordinance in
21	conformity with s. 346.63 (1) or (5), the municipality may shall, by ordinance, require
22	the defendant to appear in person before the court. The ordinance shall specify that
23	a person who fails to appear in person before the court is subject to arrest and to a
24	\$300 surcharge pursuant to par. (am).
25	SECTION 6. 800.035 (5) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

1	800.035 (5) (am) If a person who is required under par. (a) to appear in person
2	before the court to enter a plea fails to appear in court, the court shall do all of the
3	following:
4	1. Enter a default judgment against the person and impose the applicable
5	penalties, except that the court shall withhold imposing a forfeiture for the violation
(6) (until the person appears in person before the court.
7	2. Issue a warrant for the person's arrest so that the person may appear before
$\binom{8}{8}$	the court in order for the court to impose a forfeiture for the violation.
9\	3. Impose a \$300 surcharge on the person for his or her failure to appear. The
10	surcharge may be retained by the municipal court to offset the costs of holding a
11)	hearing to impose the forfeiture.
12	SECTION 7. 967.055 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:
13	967.055 (2m) Personal appearance in court. (a) A person who is charged with
14	a civil violation of s. 346.63 (1) or (5) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith shall
15	appear in person in court to enter a plea of guilty, no contest, or not guilty to the
16	charge. A person who fails to appear in person in court is subject to arrest and to a
17	\$300 surcharge pursuant to par. (b). In this subsection, "court" may mean a circuit
18	court or a municipal court.
19	(b) If a person who is required under par. (a) to appear in person in court to enter
20	a plea fails to appear in court, the court shall do all of the following:
21	1. Enter a default judgment against the person and impose the applicable
22)	penalties, except that the court shall withhold imposing a forfeiture for the violation
(22) (23)	until the person appears in person before the court.
$\widehat{24}$	2. Issue a warrant for the person's arrest so that the person may appear before
25) (the court in order for the court to impose a forfeiture for the violation.

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1)	(3) Impose a \$300 surcharge on the person for his or her failure to appear. (The
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$\bigcirc 3$	the costs of holding a hearing to impose the forfeiture.
	the costs of holding a hearing to impose the forfeiture.
Carried States	
1	Chambon 9 Taillian 1: 11:1
4	Section 8. Initial applicability.

5 (1) This act first applies to violations that occur on the effective date of this 6 subsection.

(END)

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Mueller, Eric

From: Sent:

Havey, Mike

Thursday, January 03, 2019 9:06 AM Mueller, Eric

To: Subject:

Jackets

Good Morning Eric,

Rep. Ott has signed off on LRB-1007 and LRB-1009 and would like them jacketed.

Thank you, Mike

Michael Havey **Legislative Assistant** 608-237-9419 Representative Jim Ott 23rd Assembly District

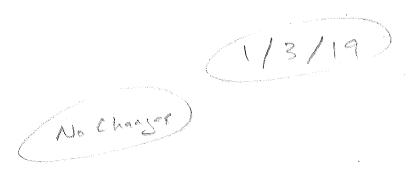


State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1009/P1



PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



AN ACT to renumber and amend 66.0114 (1) (b); to amend 800.035 (5) (a); and to create 66.0114 (1) (b) 2., 66.0114 (1) (b) 3., 345.26 (1) (b) 3., 800.035 (5) (am) and 967.055 (2m) of the statutes; relating to: requiring persons accused of violating traffic laws and ordinances related to driving while intoxicated to appear in person in court.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill requires a person who receives a citation for a civil traffic violation related to operating while intoxicated to appear in court to respond to the charge.

Under current law, generally, a first violation of operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant, with a detectable amount of a restricted controlled substance in one's blood, or with a prohibited alcohol concentration (OWI-related violation), is a traffic violation punishable by a civil forfeiture. Current law allows local units of government to enact ordinances in conformity with the state traffic law that punishes most first OWI-related offenses as a civil violation.

Under current law, a person who receives a citation for an OWI-related civil traffic violation or who receives a citation for an ordinance in conformity with the OWI-related traffic violation may opt to appear in court to plead not guilty to the violation or may opt to pay the forfeiture associated with the violation and avoid an appearance in court. Generally, a person who pays the forfeiture associated with the violation is considered to have pled guilty or no contest to the charge.

Under this bill, a person who receives a citation for an OWI-related civil traffic violation or who receives a citation for an ordinance in conformity therewith is

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required to appear in court to plead guilty, no contest, or not guilty to the charge. If the person fails to appear in court, the court is required to enter a default judgment against the person and impose the applicable penalties and a \$300 surcharge for the person's failure to appear.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 66.0114 (1) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 66.0114 (1) (b) 1. and amended to read:

66.0114 (1) (b) 1. Local ordinances, except as provided in this paragraph or ss. 345.20 to 345.53, may contain a provision for stipulation of guilt or no contest of any or all violations under those ordinances, may designate the manner in which the stipulation is to be made, and may fix the penalty to be paid. When Except as provided in subd. 2., when a person charged with a violation for which stipulation of guilt or no contest is authorized makes a timely stipulation and pays the required penalty, plus costs, fees, and surcharges imposed under ch. 814, to the designated official, the person need not appear in court and no witness fees or other additional costs, fees, or surcharges may be imposed under ch. 814 unless the local ordinance so provides. A court appearance is required for a violation of a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1).

Section 2. 66.0114 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

66.0114 (1) (b) 2. A person who is charged with a violation of a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) or (5) shall appear, in person, in court to plead guilty, no contest, or not guilty. A person who fails to appear, in person, in court is subject to a \$300 surcharge pursuant to subd. 3.

SECTION 3. 66.0114 (1) (b) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

1	66.0114(1)(b) 3. If a person who is required under subd. 2. to appear, in person	
2	in court to enter a plea fails to appear in court, the court shall do all of the following	
3	a. Enter a default judgment against the person and impose the applicable	
4	penalties.	
5	b. Impose a \$300 surcharge on the person for his or her failure to appear.	
6	SECTION 4. 345.26 (1) (b) 3. of the statutes is created to read:	
7	345.26 (1) (b) 3. Subdivision 1. does not apply to a person who is charged with	
8	a violation of s. $346.63(1)$ or (5) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith and who	
9	is required to appear in person pursuant to s. $66.0114(1)$ (b) $2.,800.035(5)$ (a), or	
10	967.055 (2m).	
11	Section 5. 800.035 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:	
12	800.035 (5) (a) If a defendant is charged with a violation of an ordinance in	
13	conformity with s. $346.63(1)$ or (5) , the municipality $\frac{1}{100}$ shall, by ordinance, require	
14	the defendant to appear in person before the court. The ordinance shall specify that	
15	a person who fails to appear in person before the court is subject to a \$300 surcharge	
16	pursuant to par. (am).	
17	SECTION 6. 800.035 (5) (am) of the statutes is created to read:	
18	800.035 (5) (am) If a person who is required under par. (a) to appear in person	
19	before the court to enter a plea fails to appear in court, the court shall do all of the	
20	following:	
21	1. Enter a default judgment against the person and impose the applicable	
22	penalties.	
23	2. Impose a \$300 surcharge on the person for his or her failure to appear.	
24	Section 7. 967.055 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:	

967.055 (2m) Personal Appearance in court. (a) A person who is charged with
a civil violation of s. $346.63(1)$ or (5) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith shall
appear in person in court to enter a plea of guilty, no contest, or not guilty to the
charge. A person who fails to appear in person in court is subject to a \$300 surcharge
pursuant to par. (b). In this subsection, "court" may mean a circuit court or a
municipal court.
(b) If a person who is required under par. (a) to appear in person in court to enter
a plea fails to appear in court, the court shall do all of the following:
1. Enter a default judgment against the person and impose the applicable
penalties.
2. Impose a \$300 surcharge on the person for his or her failure to appear.
Section 8. Initial applicability.
(1) This act first applies to violations that occur on the effective date of this
subsection.

(END)