Appendix A

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU DRAFTING HISTORY RESEARCH APPENDIX

The drafting file for 2019 LRB-1309/2 (For: Rep. Steffen) has been copied/transferred to the drafting file for 2019 LRB-1689 (For: Rep. Steffen)

Are These "Companion Bills" ?? ... No

RESEARCH APPENDIX PLEASE KEEP WITH THE DRAFTING FILE

Request Made By: MED & CMH

Date: 01/28/2017

2019 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

For:

David Steffen (608) 266-5840

Drafter:

chanaman

By:

Nicole

Secondary Drafters:

Date:

1/9/2019

-1671

May Contact:

Same as LRB:

Submit via email:

YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Steffen@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Expunged records, employment, and notice

Instructions:

ASA1 to 2017 SB53 as base; no age limit; prosecutor must respond; change "all conditions of his or her sentence";

Drafting History:

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?	chanaman 1/10/2019	ccarmich 1/11/2019		•	
/P1	chanaman 1/17/2019	ccarmich 1/17/2019	dwalker 1/11/2019		State S&L
/P2	chanaman 1/24/2019	ccarmich 1/24/2019	lparisi 1/17/2019		State S&L
/P3			mbarman 1/24/2019		State S&L
/1	mduchek	ccarmich	dwalker	dwalker	State

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u> 1/28/2019	Reviewed 1/28/2019	<u>Submitted</u> 1/28/2019	<u>Jacketed</u> 1/28/2019	Required S&L
/2			dwalker 1/28/2019	dwalker 1/28/2019	State S&L

FE Sent For:

<**END>**



State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1309/7 CMH&MED:Cdc

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

SIA

1

AN ACT relating to: expungement of records of certain crimes.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a court may order a person's criminal record expunged of a crime for which the maximum term of imprisonment is six years or less (Class H felony and below) if the person committed that crime before the age of 25, the person had not been previously convicted of a felony, and the crime was not a violent felony. Current law specifies that the expungement order must be made only at sentencing and then the record is expunged when the person completes his or her sentence.

This bill removes the condition that the person committed the crime before the age of 25 and excepts certain traffic regulations from being eligible for expungement. This bill also provides that, if the sentencing court did not order the record expunged, the person may file a petition with the sentencing court after he or she completes his or her sentence. Upon receipt of the petition, the court must review the petition and then may order the record expunged or may deny the petition. If the court denies the petition, the person may not file another petition for two years and may not file more than two petitions per crime. The changes described in this paragraph retroactively apply to persons who were convicted of a crime before this bill takes effect.

This bill also requires the sentencing court to inform an eligible person of the process to petition for an expungement order and allows the sentencing court to order that a person's record not be eligible for expungement. This bill also provides that, if a record is expunged of a crime, that crime is not considered a conviction for employment purposes and specifies that employment discrimination because of a conviction record includes requesting a person to supply information regarding a crime if the record has been expunged of the crime.

no person

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 111.335 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
2	111.335 (1) (am) Employment discrimination because of conviction record
3	includes, but is not limited to, requesting an applicant, employee, member, licensee
4	or any other individual, on an application form or otherwise, to supply information
5	regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015. A request
6	to supply information regarding criminal convictions shall not be construed as a
7	request to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been
8	expunged under s. 973.015 .
9	SECTION 2. 950.04 (1v) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	950.04 (1v) (g) To have reasonable attempts made to notify the victim of
11	hearings or court proceedings, as provided under ss. 302.113 (9g) (g) 2., 302.114 (6)
12	938.27 (4m) and (6), 938.273 (2), 971.095 (3) and, 972.14 (3) (b), and 973.015 (1m) (c)
	History: 1979 c. 219; 1983 a. 102, 364; 1985 a. 311; 1987 a. 332 s. 64; 1989 a. 31; 1997 a. 181, 237, 283; 1999 a. 9, 32, 188; 2001 a. 16, 109; 2003 a. 224; 2005 a. 155, 277 434, 447, 2007 a. 20 ss. 3863, 9121 (6) (a); 2007 a. 97; 2009 a. 28, 138; 2011 a. 38, 283; 2013 a. 338, 348, 362; 2015 a. 354.
13	SECTION 3. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 973.015 (1m) (a)
14	1. (intro.) and amended to read:
15	973.015 (1m) (a) 1. (intro.) Subject to subd. 2. and except as provided in subd
16	3., when a person is under the age of 25 at the time of the commission of an offense
17	for which the person has been found guilty in a court for violation of a law for which
18	the maximum period of imprisonment is 6 years or less, the, a court may order at the
19	time of sentencing that the a record of a criminal conviction be expunged upon

successful completion of the sentence if the court determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. by one of the following methods:

 $(\underline{d})^{\checkmark}$ This subsection does not apply to information maintained by the department of transportation regarding a conviction that is required to be included in a record kept under s. 343.23 (2) (a).

Mistoy: 1975 c. 39; 1975 c. 189 s. 105; 1975 c. 199; 1983 a. 519; 1991 a. 189; 2003 a. 33, 50, 320; 2009 a. 28; 2011 a. 268; 2013 a. 362; 2015 a. 80, 366.

SECTION 4. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and b. of the statutes are created to read:

973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. Except as provided in subd. 3., the court may, on its own motion, order at the time of sentencing that the record be expunged upon successful completion of the sentence if the court determines that person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition.

b. If at least one year has passed since the person successfully completed his or her sentence and if there are no criminal charges pending against the person, the person may file a petition in the county of conviction requesting that the record of a criminal conviction be expunged. Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall forward the petition to the district attorney. The district attorney shall inform the court whether the district attorney requests a hearing or waives a hearing. If the district attorney requests a hearing, the court shall schedule a hearing to review the petition, and, if the district attorney waives the hearing, the court may review the petition without a hearing. If a hearing is scheduled, then if possible, the sentencing judge shall be the judge to review the petition. The court may order that the record be expunged if subd. 3. or 4. does not apply and if the court determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. If the court does not order the record be expunged under this subd. 1. b., the person may file a 2nd petition under this subd. 1. b. only if at least 2 years have passed since he or she filed the first

1	petition. No person may file more than 2 petitions per record under this subd. 1. b.
2	For a 2nd petition regarding the same record, the person shall pay to the clerk of
3	circuit court a \$100 fee.

SECTION 5. 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4. of the statutes are created to read: 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. A crime for which the maximum period of imprisonment is more than 6 years.

- d. A violation of chs. 341 to 348, or of a traffic regulation or ordinance in conformity with chs. 341 to 348.
- 4. The court may, on its own motion, order at the time of sentencing that the record is ineligible for expungement.

SECTION 6. 973.015 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.015 (1m) (b) A For purposes of par. (a), a person has successfully completed the sentence if the person has completed all periods of incarceration, parole, or extended supervision to which he or she was sentenced; the person has paid all fines, costs, fees, surcharges, and restitution assessed; the person has not been convicted of a subsequent offense; and, if en probation was imposed, the probation has not been revoked and the probationer has satisfied the conditions of probation. If the person was not sentenced to a period of incarceration or placed on probation, the person has successfully completed the sentence if he or she has paid all fines, costs, fees, surcharges, and restitution assessed. Upon successful completion of the a sentence involving incarceration or probation, the detaining or probationary authority shall issue and forward to the court of record a certificate of discharge which shall be forwarded to the court of record and which shall have the effect of expunging the record. If the court has ordered the record expunged under par. (a) 1. a. or 2. and the person has successfully completed the sentence, the person's record

shall be expunged as ordered. If the person has been imprisoned incarcerated, the

detaining authority shall also forward a copy of the certificate of discharge to the

department.

History: 1975 c. 39; 1975 c. 189 s. 105; 1975 c. 199; 1983 a. 519; 1991 a. 189; 2003 a. 33, 50, 320; 2009 a. 28; 2011 a. 268; 2013 a. 362; 2015 a. 80, 366.

SECTION 7. 973.015 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (1m) (c) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (a) 1. b., the district attorney shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the victim, as defined under s. 950.02 (4), of the petition. In the notice, the district attorney shall inform the victim that he or she may waive the hearing requirement and that, if waived, the court may review the petition without a hearing. The district attorney shall inform the victim of the manner in which he or she may provide written statements concerning the petition and, if the victim does not waive the hearing requirement, that he or she may appear at the hearing. If the victim waives the hearing requirement, the district attorney may inform the court that there is no objection to waiving the hearing requirement. Notwithstanding the confidentiality of victim address information obtained under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3., a district attorney who is required to make a reasonable attempt to notify a victim under this paragraph may obtain from the clerk of the circuit court the victim address information that the victim provided to the clerk under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3.

SECTION 8. 973.015 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (4) A record of a crime expunged under this section is not considered a conviction for employment purposes.

Section 9. 973.181 of the statutes is created to read:

973.181 Notice of expungement process. If the defendant is eligible to petition for expungement under s. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. b. and the court has not ordered

SECTION 9

the record expunged under s. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1	. a., the judge shall inform the
defendant in writing at the time of sentencing of the	e process to file for expungement

SECTION 10. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to any conviction for which sentencing has occurred but for which the record has not been ordered expunged on the effective date of this subsection.

Section 11. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 7th month beginning after publication.

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(END)



State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1309/Þ1 CMH&MED:cdc

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PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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AN ACT to renumber and amend 973.015 (1m) (a) 1.; to amend 950.04 (1v) (g)

and 973.015 (1m) (b); and to create 111.335 (1) (am), 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and

b., 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4., 973.015 (1m) (c), 973.015 (4) and 973.181

of the statutes; relating to: expungement of records of certain crimes.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a court may order a person's criminal record expunged of a crime for which the maximum term of imprisonment is six years or less (Class H felony and below) if the person committed that crime before the age of 25, the person had not been previously convicted of a felony, and the crime was not a violent felony. Current law specifies that the expungement order must be made only at sentencing and then the record is expunged when the person completes his or her sentence.

This bill removes the condition that the person committed the crime before the age of 25 and excepts certain traffic regulations from being eligible for expungement. This bill also provides that, if the sentencing court did not order the record expunged, the person may file a petition with the sentencing court after he or she completes his or her sentence. Upon receipt of the petition, the court must review the petition and then may order the record expunged or may deny the petition. If the court denies the petition, the person may not file another petition for two years, and no person may file more than two petitions per crime. The changes described in this paragraph retroactively apply to persons who were convicted of a crime before this bill takes effect.

This bill also requires the sentencing court to inform an eligible person of the process to petition for an expungement order and allows the sentencing court to order

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that a person's record not be eligible for expungement. This bill also provides that, if a record is expunged of a crime, that crime is not considered a conviction for employment purposes and specifies that employment discrimination because of a conviction record includes requesting a person to supply information regarding a crime if the record has been expunged of the crime.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 111.335 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

111.335 (1) (am) Employment discrimination because of conviction record includes, but is not limited to, requesting an applicant, employee, member, licensee, or any other individual, on an application form or otherwise, to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015. A request to supply information regarding criminal convictions shall not be construed as a request to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015.

Section 2. 950.04 (1v) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

950.04 (1v) (g) To have reasonable attempts made to notify the victim of hearings or court proceedings, as provided under ss. 302.113 (9g) (g) 2., 302.114 (6), 938.27 (4m) and (6), 938.273 (2), 971.095 (3) and, 972.14 (3) (b), and 973.015 (1m) (c).

SECTION 3. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. (intro.) and amended to read:

973.015 (1m) (a) 1. (intro.) Subject to subd. 2. and except as provided in subd. 3., when a person is under the age of 25 at the time of the commission of an offense for which the person has been found guilty in a court for violation of a law for which the maximum period of imprisonment is 6 years or less, the a court may order at the

1	petition. No person may file more than 2 petitions per record under this subd. 1. b.
2	For a 2nd petition regarding the same record, the person shall pay to the clerk of
3	circuit court a \$100 fee.
4	SECTION 5. 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4. of the statutes are created to read:
5	973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. A crime for which the maximum period of imprisonment
6	is more than 6 years.
7	d. A violation of chs. 341 to 348 or of a traffic regulation or ordinance in
8	conformity with chs. 341 to 348.
9	4. The court may, on its own motion, order at the time of sentencing that the
10	record is ineligible for expungement.
11	SECTION 6. 973.015 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	973.015 (1m) (b) A For purposes of par. (a), a person has successfully
13	completed the sentence if the person has completed all periods of incarceration,
14	parole, or extended supervision to which he or she was sentenced; the person has paid
15	all fines, costs, fees, surcharges, and restitution assessed; the person has not been
16	convicted of a subsequent offense; and, if on probation was imposed, the probation
17	has not been revoked and the probationer has satisfied the conditions of probation.
18	If the person was not sentenced to a period of incarceration or placed on probation,
19	the person has successfully completed the sentence if he or she has paid all fines,
20	costs, fees, surcharges, and restitution assessed. Upon successful completion of the
21	a sentence involving incarceration or probation, the detaining or probationary
22	authority shall issue and forward to the court of record a certificate of discharge
23	which shall be forwarded to the court of record and which shall have the effect of
24	expunging the record. If the court has ordered the record expunged under par. (a)
25	1. a. or 2. and the person has successfully completed the sentence, the person's record

and has completed only i court ordered community

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shall be expunged as ordered.	If the person has been imprisoned incarcerated, the
detaining authority shall also	forward a copy of the certificate of discharge to the
department.	

SECTION 7. 973.015 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (1m) (c) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (a) 1. b., the district attorney shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the victim, as defined under s. 950.02 (4), of the petition. In the notice, the district attorney shall inform the victim that he or she may waive the hearing requirement and that, if waived, the court may review the petition without a hearing. The district attorney shall inform the victim of the manner in which he or she may provide written statements concerning the petition and, if the victim does not waive the hearing requirement, that he or she may appear at the hearing. If the victim waives the hearing requirement, the district attorney may inform the court that there is no objection to waiving the hearing requirement. Notwithstanding the confidentiality of victim address information obtained under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3., a district attorney who is required to make a reasonable attempt to notify a victim under this paragraph may obtain from the clerk of the circuit court the victim address information that the victim provided to the clerk under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3.

SECTION 8. 973.015 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (4) A record of a crime expunged under this section is not considered a conviction for employment purposes.

Section 9. 973.181 of the statutes is created to read:

973.181 Notice of expungement process. If the defendant is eligible to petition for expungement under s. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. b. and the court has not ordered

SECTION 9

1 /	the record expunged under s. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a., the judge shall inform the
2	defendant in writing at the time of sentencing of the process to file for expungement.
3	Section 10. Initial applicability.
4	(1) This act first applies to any conviction for which sentencing has occurred
5	but for which the record has not been ordered expunged on the effective date of this
6	subsection.
7	SECTION 11. Effective date.
8	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 7 month beginning after
9	publication.
10	(END)

LRB-1309/p2ins CMH:...

2019-2020 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1	Insert 3-15
2	the court shall review the petition to determine if the record is ineligible for
3	expungement because subd. 3. or $\stackrel{\checkmark}{4}$ applies, less than one year has passed since the
4	person successfully completed his or her sentence, there are criminal charges
5	pending against the person, or the person has exceeded the maximum number of
6	petitions permitted under this subd. 1. b. If the court determines the record is not
7	ineligible for expungement,
8	
9	Insert 3-18
10	within 90 days after the court forwards the petition
11	
12	Insert 3-18
13	or at least 90 days have passed since the court forwarded the petition

1	time of sentencing that the a record of a criminal conviction be expunged upon
2	successful completion of the sentence if the court determines the person will benefit
3	and society will not be harmed by this disposition. by one of the following methods:
4	(d) This subsection does not apply to information maintained by the
5	department of transportation regarding a conviction that is required to be included
6	in a record kept under s. 343.23 (2) (a).
7	SECTION 4. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and b. of the statutes are created to read:
8	973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. Except as provided in subd. 3., the court may, on its own
9	motion, order at the time of sentencing that the record be expunged upon successful
10	completion of the sentence if the court determines that person will benefit and society
11	will not be harmed by this disposition.
12	b. If at least one year has passed since the person successfully completed his
13	or her sentence and if there are no criminal charges pending against the person, the
14	person may file a petition in the county of conviction requesting that the record of a
15	criminal conviction be expunged. Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall
16	forward the petition to the district attorney. The district attorney shall inform the
17	court whether the district attorney requests a hearing or waives a hearing. If the
18	district attorney requests a hearing, the court shall schedule a hearing to review the
19	petition and if the district attorney waives the hearing, the court may review the
20	petition without a hearing. If a hearing is scheduled, then if passible, the sentencing
21	judge shall be the judge to review the petition. The court may order that the record
22	be expunged if subd. 3 or 4 does not apply and if the court determines the person
23	will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. If the court does not
24	order the record be expunged under this subd. 1. b., the person may file a 2nd petition
25	under this subd. 1. b. only if at least 2 years have passed since he or she filed the first



Metry with Nucle-sel State of Misconsin changes she 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE higher de

CMH&MED:cdc

Myry Preliminary Draft - Not Ready For Introduction

receives petition - Description for incligability
2 Sind to DA - - 90 the day - to review

reguest 30 Zuma - rule violation - don't verder melegical

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SECTION 3. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 973.015 (1m) (a)

time of sentencing that the <u>a</u> record <u>of a criminal conviction</u> be expunged upon successful completion of the sentence if the court determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. by one of the following methods:

(d) This subsection does not apply to information maintained by the department of transportation regarding a conviction that is required to be included in a record kept under s. 343.23 (2) (a).

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b. If at least one year has passed since the person successfully completed his or her sentence and if there are no criminal charges pending against the person, the person may file a petition in the county of conviction requesting that the record of a criminal conviction be expunged. Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall forward the petition to the district attorney. The district attorney shall inform the court whether the district attorney requests a hearing or waives a hearing. If the district attorney requests a hearing, the court shall schedule a hearing to review the petition, and, if the district attorney waives the hearing, the court may review the petition without a hearing. If a hearing is scheduled, then if possible, the sentencing judge shall be the judge to review the petition. The court may order that the record be expunged if subd. 3. or 4. does not apply and if the court determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. If the court does not order the record be expunged under this subd. 1. b., the person may file a 2nd petition under this subd. 1. b. only if at least 2 years have passed since he or she filed the first

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17	has not been revoked and the probationer has satisfied the conditions of probation.
18	If the person was not sentenced to a period of incarceration or placed on probation,
19	the person has successfully completed the sentence if he or she has paid all fines.
20	costs, fees, surcharges, and restitution assessed. Upon successful completion of the
21	a sentence involving incarceration or probation, the detaining or probationary
22	authority shall issue and forward to the court of record a certificate of discharge
23	which shall be forwarded to the court of record and which shall have the effect of
24	expunging the record. If the court has ordered the record expunged under par. (a)
25	1. a. or 2. and the person has successfully completed the sentence, the person's record

1	shall be expunged as ordered. If the person has been imprisoned incarcerated, the
2	detaining authority shall also forward a copy of the certificate of discharge to the
3	department.
4	SECTION 7. 973.015 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
5	973.015 (1m) (c) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (a) 1. b., the district
6	attorney shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the victim, as defined under s.
7	950.02 (4), of the petition. In the notice, the district attorney shall inform the victim
8	that he or she may waive the hearing requirement and that, if waived, the court may
9	review the petition without a hearing. The district attorney shall inform the victim
10	of the manner in which he or she may provide written statements concerning the
11	petition and, if the victim does not waive the hearing requirement, that he or she may
12	appear at the hearing. If the victim waives the hearing requirement, the district
13	attorney may inform the court that there is no objection to waiving the hearing
14	requirement. Notwithstanding the confidentiality of victim address information
15	obtained under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3., a district attorney who is required to make a
16	reasonable attempt to notify a victim under this paragraph may obtain from the clerk
17	of the circuit court the victim address information that the victim provided to the
18	clerk under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3.
19	SECTION 8. 973.015 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
20	973.015 (4) A record of a crime expunged under this section is not considered
21	a conviction for employment purposes.
22	SECTION 9. 973.181 of the statutes is created to read:
23	973.181 Notice of expungement process. If the defendant is eligible to
24	petition for expungement under s. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. b. and the court has not ordered

1	the record expunged under s. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a., the judge shall inform the
2	defendant in writing at the time of sentencing of the process to file for expungement.
3	SECTION 10. Initial applicability.
4	(1) This act first applies to any conviction for which sentencing has occurred
5	but for which the record has not been ordered expunged on the effective date of this
6	subsection.
7	SECTION 11. Effective date.
8	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the the month beginning after
9	publication. 13TH
10	(END) Or one year
	(END) or one year after publication

Hanaman, Cathlene

From:

Kuehl, Nicole

Sent:

Thursday, January 24, 2019 10:39 AM

To: Subject: Hanaman, Cathlene LRB 1309/P2

Importance:

High

For a P3 -

Technical changes for LRB 1309:

On page 2, line $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}$, after "the <u>a</u>" insert "<u>criminal case</u>" and delete "<u>of a criminal conviction</u>"

On page 3, line 2, after "disposition." insert "after a conviction".

On page 3, line 13, after "that the" insert "criminal case" and delete "of a criminal record". Alternatively, simply delete "of a criminal conviction" from that line.

Delete "on its own motion" from page 3, lines 7 and 8 and page 4, line 11.

Page 4, line 20, delete "successful"

Page 4, line 24, after "the record." Insert "that shall indicate whether the person successfully completed his or her sentence".

Finally, Rep. Steffen wanted to know if we could use "eligible" versus "not ineligible" on page 3, lines 18-19.

Let me know if you have any questions. Thanks!

Nicole Kuehl Research Assistant Office of Representative David Steffen 4th Assembly District 608-266-5840



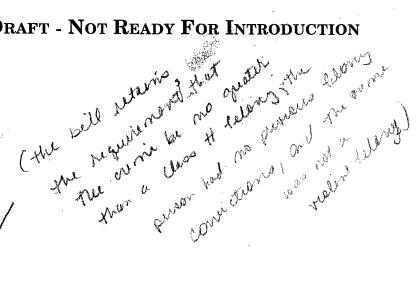




State of Wisconsin 2019 - 2020 **LEGISLATURE**

P3 LRB-1309/P2 CMH&MED:cde

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



AN ACT to renumber and amend 973.015 (1m) (a) 1.; to amend 950.04 (1v) (g)

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and 973.015/(1m) (b); and to create 111.335 (1) (am), 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and

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b., 973.015/(1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4., 973.015 (1m) (c) and 973.015 (4) of the

statutes; relating to: expungement of records of certain crimes.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a court may order a person's criminal record expunged of a crime for which the maximum term of imprisonment is six years or less (Class H felony and below) if the person committed that crime before the age of 25, the person had not been previously convicted of a felony, and the crime was not a violent felony. Current law specifies that the expungement order must be made only at sentencing and then the record is expunged when the person completes his or her sentence.

This bill removes the condition that the person committed the crime before the age of 25/and makes certain traffic crimes ineligible for expungement. This bill also provides that, if the sentencing court did not order the record expunged, the person may file a petition with the sentencing court after he or she completes his or her sentence. Upon receipt of the petition, the court must review the petition and then may order the record expunged or may deny the petition. If the court denies the petition, the person may not file another petition for two years, and no person may file more than two petitions per crime. The changes described in this paragraph retroactively apply to persons who were convicted of a crime before this bill takes effect.

This bill also allows the sentencing court to order that a person's record not be eligible for expungement. This bill provides that, if a record is expunged of a crime,

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that crime is not considered a conviction for employment purposes and specifies that employment discrimination because of a conviction record includes requesting a person to supply information regarding a crime if the record has been expunged of the crime.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 111.335 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

111.335 (1) (am) Employment discrimination because of conviction record includes, but is not limited to, requesting an applicant, employee, member, licensee, or any other individual, on an application form or otherwise, to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015. A request to supply information regarding criminal convictions shall not be construed as a request to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015.

Section 2. 950.04 (1v) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

950.04 (**1v**) (g) To have reasonable attempts made to notify the victim of hearings or court proceedings, as provided under ss. 302.113 (9g) (g) 2., 302.114 (6), 938.27 (4m) and (6), 938.273 (2), 971.095 (3) and, 972.14 (3) (b), and 973.015 (1m) (c).

SECTION 3. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. (intro.) and amended to read:

973.015 (1m) (a) 1. (intro.) Subject to subd. 2. and except as provided in subd. 3., when a person is under the age of 25 at the time of the commission of an offense for which the person has been found guilty in a court for violation of a law for which the maximum period of imprisonment is 6 years or less, the, a court may order at the time of sentencing that the a record attack criminal conviction be expunged upon

after a connection

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successful completion of the sentence if the court determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. by one of the following methods:

(d) This subsection does not apply to information maintained by the department of transportation regarding a conviction that is required to be included in a record kept under s. 343.23 (2) (a).

Section 4. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and b. of the statutes are created to read:

973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. Except as provided in subd. 3., the court may on its own motion, order at the time of sentencing that the record be expunged upon successful completion of the sentence if the court determines that person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition.

b. If at least one year has passed since the person successfully completed his or her sentence, the person may file a petition in the county of conviction requesting that the record of a criminal conviction be expunged. Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall review the petition to determine if the record is ineligible for expungement because subd. 3. or 4. applies, less than one year has passed since the person successfully completed his or her sentence, there are criminal charges pending against the person, or the person has exceeded the maximum number of petitions allowed under this subd. 1. b. If the court determines the record is not ineligible for expungement, the court shall forward the petition to the district attorney. If the district attorney requests a hearing within 90 days after the court forwards the petition, the court shall schedule a hearing to review the petition. If the district attorney waives the hearing or at least 90 days have passed since the court forwarded the petition, the court may review the petition with or without a hearing. If a hearing is scheduled, then if practicable, the sentencing judge shall be the judge to review the petition. The court may order that the record be expunged if the court

determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition.
If the court does not order the record be expunged under this subd. 1. b., the person
may file a 2nd petition under this subd. 1. b. only if at least 2 years have passed since
he or she filed the first petition. No person may file more than 2 petitions per record
under this subd. 1. b. For a 2nd petition regarding the same record, the person shall
pay to the clerk of circuit court a \$100 fee.

SECTION 5. 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4. of the statutes are created to read: 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. A crime for which the maximum period of imprisonment is more than 6 years.

- d. A violation of chs. 341 to 348.
- 4. The court may, on its own motion, order at the time of sentencing that the record is ineligible for expungement.

SECTION 6. 973.015 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.015 (1m) (b) —A— For purposes of par. (a), a person has successfully completed the sentence if the person has completed all periods of incarceration, parole, or extended supervision to which he or she was sentenced; the person has paid all fines, costs, fees, surcharges, and restitution assessed and has completed any court-ordered community service; the person has not been convicted of a subsequent effense crime; and, if on probation was imposed, the probation has not been revoked and the probationer has satisfied the conditions of probation. Upon successful completion of the a sentence involving incarceration or probation, the detaining or probationary authority shall issue and forward to the court of record a certificate of discharge which shall be forwarded to the court of record and which shall have the effect of expunging the record. If the court has ordered the record expunged under par. (a) 1. a. or 2. and the person has successfully completed the sentence, the person's

that indicates whether the person successfully completed his or her sentence

record shall be expunged as ordered. If the person has been imprisoned incarcerated, the detaining authority shall also forward a copy of the certificate of discharge to the department.

Section 7. 973.015 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (1m) (c) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (a) 1. b., the district attorney shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the victim, as defined under s. 950.02 (4), of the petition. In the notice, the district attorney shall inform the victim that he or she may waive the hearing requirement and that, if waived, the court may review the petition without a hearing. The district attorney shall inform the victim of the manner in which he or she may provide written statements concerning the petition and, if the victim does not waive the hearing requirement, that he or she may appear at the hearing. If the victim waives the hearing requirement, the district attorney may inform the court that there is no objection to waiving the hearing requirement. Notwithstanding the confidentiality of victim address information obtained under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3., a district attorney who is required to make a reasonable attempt to notify a victim under this paragraph may obtain from the clerk of the circuit court the victim address information that the victim provided to the clerk under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3.

Section 8. 973.015 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (4) A record of a crime expunged under this section is not considered a conviction for employment purposes.

Section 9. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to any conviction for which sentencing has occurred but for which the record has not been ordered expunged on the effective date of this subsection.

ī	SECTION 10. Effective date.		
2	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month begi	nning a	after

3 publication.

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(END)



State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1309

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



AN ACT to renumber and amend 973.015 (1m) (a) 1.; to amend 950.04 (1v) (g) and 973.015 (1m) (b); and to create 111.335 (1) (am), 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and b., 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4., 973.015 (1m) (c) and 973.015 (4) of the statutes; relating to: expungement of records of certain crimes.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a court may order a person's criminal record expunged of a crime for which the maximum term of imprisonment is six years or less (Class H felony and below) if the person committed that crime before the age of 25, the person had not been previously convicted of a felony, and the crime was not a violent felony. Current law specifies that the expungement order must be made only at sentencing and then the record is expunged when the person completes his or her sentence.

This bill removes the condition that the person committed the crime before the age of 25 (the bill retains the requirements that the crime be no greater than a Class H felony, the person had no previous felony convictions, and the crime was not a violent felony) and makes certain traffic crimes ineligible for expungement. This bill also provides that, if the sentencing court did not order the record expunged, the person may file a petition with the sentencing court after he or she completes his or her sentence. Upon receipt of the petition, the court must review the petition and then may order the record expunged or may deny the petition. If the court denies the petition, the person may not file another petition for two years, and no person may file more than two petitions per crime. The changes described in this paragraph retroactively apply to persons who were convicted of a crime before this bill takes effect.

L	(1) This act first applies to any conviction for which sentencing has occurred
2	but for which the record has not been ordered expunged on the effective date of this
3	subsection.
4	Section 10. Effective date.
5	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after
3	publication.
7	(END)

Duchek, Michael

From:

Lambert, RJ

Sent:

Monday, January 28, 2019 12:47 PM

To:

Duchek, Michael

Subject:

Re: LRB 1309/P3

Yeah, I can.

On Jan 28, 2019, at 12:45 PM, Duchek, Michael < Michael. Duchek@legis.wisconsin.gov> wrote:

Can you send jacket back? I will fix it quick.

From: Lambert, RJ < RJ.Lambert@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Sent: Monday, January 28, 2019 12:45 PM

To: Duchek, Michael < Michael. Duchek@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Subject: Re: LRB 1309/P3

I have not put this out yet.

On Jan 28, 2019, at 12:44 PM, Duchek, Michael < Michael. Duchek@legis.wisconsin.gov > wrote:

Hey RJ, I just noticed that this draft was not updated to account for 2017 Act 278, which, incidentally, was authored by Sen. Darling. Let me know if you have already put this out or not.

From: Lambert, RJ < RJ.Lambert@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Sent: Monday, January 28, 2019 10:08 AM

To: Hanaman, Cathlene < Cathlene. Hanaman@legis.wisconsin.gov >; Duchek, Michael

< Michael. Duchek@legis.wisconsin.gov >

Subject: LRB 1309/P3

Cathlene and Mike,

Can one of you please convert LRB 1309/P3 to a /1? We would like to introduce it today or tomorrow.

Thank you,

RJ Lambert
Office of State Senator Alberta Darling
8th Senate District
317 East, State Capitol
608.266.5830



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State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1309/F

2019 BILL

AN ACT to renumber and amend 973.015 (1m) (a) 1.; to amend 950.04 (1v) (g) and 973.015 (1m) (b); and to create 111.335 (1) (am), 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and b., 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4., 973.015 (1m) (c) and 973.015 (4) of the statutes; relating to: expungement of records of certain crimes.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a court may order a person's criminal record expunged of a crime for which the maximum term of imprisonment is six years or less (Class H felony and below) if the person committed that crime before the age of 25, the person had not been previously convicted of a felony, and the crime was not a violent felony. Current law specifies that the expungement order must be made only at sentencing and then the record is expunged when the person completes his or her sentence.

This bill removes the condition that the person committed the crime before the age of 25 (the bill retains the requirements that the crime be no greater than a Class H felony, the person had no previous felony convictions, and the crime was not a violent felony) and makes certain traffic crimes ineligible for expungement. This bill also provides that, if the sentencing court did not order the record expunged, the person may file a petition with the sentencing court after he or she completes his or her sentence. Upon receipt of the petition, the court must review the petition and then may order the record expunged or may deny the petition. If the court denies the petition, the person may not file another petition for two years, and no person may file more than two petitions per crime. The changes described in this paragraph

BILL

retroactively apply to persons who were convicted of a crime before this bill takes effect

This bill also allows the sentencing court to order that a person's record not be eligible for expungement. This bill provides that, if a record is expunged of a crime, that crime is not considered a conviction for employment purposes and specifies that employment discrimination because of a conviction record includes requesting a person to supply information regarding a crime if the record has been expunged of the crime.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

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The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 111.335 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

111.335(1) am) Employment discrimination because of conviction record includes, but is not limited to, requesting an applicant, employee, member, licensee, or any other individual, on an application form or otherwise, to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015. A request to supply information regarding criminal convictions shall not be construed as a request to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015.

SECTION 2. 950.04 (1v) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

950.04 (1v) (g) To have reasonable attempts made to notify the victim of hearings or court proceedings, as provided under ss. 302.113 (9g) (g) 2., 302.114 (6), 938.27 (4m) and (6), 938.273 (2), 971.095 (3) and, 972.14 (3) (b), and 973.015 (1m) (c).

13 **SECTION 3.** 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 973.015 (1m) (a)

1. (intro.) and amended to read:

973.015 (1m) (a) 1. (intro.) Subject to subd. 2. and except as provided in subd.

3., when a person is under the age of 25 at the time of the commission of an offense for which the person has been found guilty in a court for violation of a law for which

BILL

the maximum period of imprisonment is 6 years or less, the, a court may order at the time of sentencing after a conviction that the record a criminal case be expunsed upon successful completion of the sentence if the court determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. by one of the following methods:

(d) This subsection does not apply to information maintained by the department of transportation regarding a conviction that is required to be included in a record kept under s. 343.23 (2) (a).

SECTION 4. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and b. of the statutes are created to read:

973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. Except as provided in subd. 3., the court may order at the time of sentencing that the record be expunged upon successful completion of the sentence if the court determines that person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition.

b. If at least one year has passed since the person successfully completed his or her sentence, the person may file a petition in the county of conviction requesting that the record be expunged. Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall review the petition to determine if the person is ineligible to petition for expungement because subd. 3. or 4. applies, less than one year has passed since the person successfully completed his or her sentence, there are criminal charges pending against the person, or the person has exceeded the maximum number of petitions allowed under this subd. 1. b. If the court determines the person is eligible to petition for expungement, the court shall forward the petition to the district attorney. If the district attorney requests a hearing within 90 days after the court forwards the petition, the court shall schedule a hearing to review the petition. If the district attorney waives the hearing or at least 90 days have passed since the court forwarded

BILL

the petition, the court may review the petition with or without a hearing. If a hearing is scheduled, then if practicable, the sentencing judge shall be the judge to review the petition. The court may order that the record be expunged if the court determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. If the court does not order the record be expunged under this subd. 1. b., the person may file a 2nd petition under this subd. 1. b. only if at least 2 years have passed since he or she filed the first petition. No person may file more than 2 petitions per record under this subd. 1. b. For a 2nd petition regarding the same record, the person shall pay to the clerk of circuit court a \$100 fee.

SECTION 5. 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4. of the statutes are created to read: 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. A crime for which the maximum period of imprisonment is more than 6 years.

- d. A violation of chs. 341 to 348.
- 4. The court may order at the time of sentencing that the record is ineligible for expungement.

SECTION 6. 973.015 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.015 (1m) (b) —A—For purposes of par. (a), a person has successfully completed the sentence if the person has completed all periods of incarceration, parole, or extended supervision to which he or she was sentenced; the person has paid all fines, costs, fees, surcharges, and restitution assessed and has completed any court-ordered community service; the person has not been convicted of a subsequent offense crime; and, if on probation was imposed, the probation has not been revoked and the probationer has satisfied the conditions of probation. Upon successful completion of the a sentence involving incarceration or probation, the detaining or probationary authority shall issue and forward to the court of record a certificate of

discharge which shall be forwarded to the court of record and which shall have the effect of expunging the record that indicates whether the person successfully completed his or her sentence. If the court has ordered the record expunged under par. (a) 1. a. or 2. and the person has successfully completed the sentence, the person's record shall be expunged as ordered. If the person has been imprisoned incarcerated, the detaining authority shall also forward a copy of the certificate of discharge to the department.

SECTION 7. 973.015 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (1m) (c) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (a) 1. b., the district attorney shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the victim, as defined under s. 950.02 (4), of the petition. In the notice, the district attorney shall inform the victim that he or she may waive the hearing requirement and that, if waived, the court may review the petition without a hearing. The district attorney shall inform the victim of the manner in which he or she may provide written statements concerning the petition and, if the victim does not waive the hearing requirement, that he or she may appear at the hearing. If the victim waives the hearing requirement, the district attorney may inform the court that there is no objection to waiving the hearing requirement. Notwithstanding the confidentiality of victim address information obtained under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3., a district attorney who is required to make a reasonable attempt to notify a victim under this paragraph may obtain from the clerk of the circuit court the victim address information that the victim provided to the clerk under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3.

SECTION 8. 973.015 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (4) A record of a crime expunged under this section is not considered a conviction for employment purposes.

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SECTION	9.	Initial	applicability	7.
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(1) This act first applies to any conviction for which sentencing has occurred but for which the record has not been ordered expunged on the effective date of this subsection.

SECTION 10. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after publication.

(END)

2019-2020 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

INSERT 2-0

1 **Section 1.** 111.335 (3) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 111.335 (3) (ar). INSERT 2-8 2 **Section 2.** 111.335 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 3 111.335 (4) (b) It is employment discrimination because of conviction record for 4 a licensing agency to refuse to license any individual under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1, or to 5 bar or terminate an individual from licensing under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. because the 6 individual was adjudicated delinquent under ch. 938 for an offense other than an 7 exempt offense. History 21981 c. 334; 1991 a. 216; 1993 a. 98; 1995 a. 448, 461; 1997 a. 112; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 33; 2005 a. 14; 2009 a. 300; 2011 a. 32, 83; 2013 a. 20 ss. 2365m, 9448; 2017 a. 59, 435, 278; s. 35.17 corrections in (4) (f) 5. b., c. 8 **SECTION 3.** 111.335 (4) (c) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 9 111.335 (4) (c) 1. (intro.) If a licensing agency refuses to license an individual 10 under sub. (3)(a)(ar) 1. or bars or terminates an individual from licensing under sub. 11 (3) (a) (ar) 1., the licensing agency shall, subject to subd. 2., do all of the following: History: 1981 e: 334; 1991 a. 216; 1993 a. 98; 1995 a. 448, 461; 1997 a. 112; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 33; 2005 a. 14; 2009 a. 300; 2011 a. 32, 83; 2013 a. 20 ss. 2365m, 9448; 2017 a. 59, 136, 278; s. 35.17 corrections in (4) (f) 5. b., c. 12 **Section 4.** 111.335 (4) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 13 111.335 (4) (e) A state licensing agency that may refuse to license individuals 14 under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. or that may bar or terminate an individual from licensure 15 under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. shall publish on the agency's Internet site a document 16 indicating the offenses or kinds of offenses that may result in such a refusal, bar, or 17 termination. History: 1981 c. 334; 1991 a. 216; 1993 a. 98; 1995 a. 448, 461; 1997 a. 112; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 33; 2005 a. 14; 2009 a. 300; 2011 a. 32, 83; 2013 a. 20 ss. 2365m, 9448; 2017 a. 59 135, 278; s. 35.17 corrections in (4) (f) 5. b., c. 18 **Section 5.** 111.335 (4) (f) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 19 111.335 (4) (f) 1. A state licensing agency that may refuse to license individuals 20 under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. or that may bar or terminate individuals from licensing

- 1 under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. shall allow an individual who does not possess a license to,
- 2 without submitting a full application and without paying the fees applicable to
- 3 applicants, apply to the agency for a determination of whether the individual would
- 4 be disqualified from obtaining the license due to his or her conviction record.

History: 1981 c. 334; 1991 a. 216; 1993 a. 98; 1995 a. 448, 461; 1997 a. 112; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 33; 2005 a. 14; 2009 a. 300; 2011 a. 32, 83; 2013 a. 20 ss. 2365m, 9448; 2017 a. 59, 135, 278; s. 35.17 corrections in (4) (f) 5. b., c.

Barman, Mike

From:

Duchek, Michael

Sent:

Monday, January 28, 2019 1:27 PM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Jacket

Just to confirm, when you get them back, please re-jacket LRB-1309/2 and -1671/2. Thanks,

-Mike



State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1309/2 CMH&MED:cdc

2019 BILL

1	AN ACT to renumber 111.335 (3) (a); to renumber and amend 973.015 (1m) (a)
2	1.; to amend 111.335 (4) (b), 111.335 (4) (c) 1. (intro.), 111.335 (4) (e), 111.335
3	(4) (f) 1., 950.04 (1v) (g) and 973.015 (1m) (b); and to create 111.335 (3) (ag),
4	973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and b., 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4., 973.015 (1m)
5	(c) and 973.015 (4) of the statutes; relating to: expungement of records of
6	certain crimes.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a court may order a person's criminal record expunged of a crime for which the maximum term of imprisonment is six years or less (Class H felony and below) if the person committed that crime before the age of 25, the person had not been previously convicted of a felony, and the crime was not a violent felony. Current law specifies that the expungement order must be made only at sentencing and then the record is expunged when the person completes his or her sentence.

This bill removes the condition that the person committed the crime before the age of 25 (the bill retains the requirements that the crime be no greater than a Class H felony, the person had no previous felony convictions, and the crime was not a violent felony) and makes certain traffic crimes ineligible for expungement. This bill also provides that, if the sentencing court did not order the record expunged, the person may file a petition with the sentencing court after he or she completes his or her sentence. Upon receipt of the petition, the court must review the petition and

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then may order the record expunged or may deny the petition. If the court denies the petition, the person may not file another petition for two years, and no person may file more than two petitions per crime. The changes described in this paragraph retroactively apply to persons who were convicted of a crime before this bill takes effect.

This bill also allows the sentencing court to order that a person's record not be eligible for expungement. This bill provides that, if a record is expunged of a crime, that crime is not considered a conviction for employment purposes and specifies that employment discrimination because of a conviction record includes requesting a person to supply information regarding a crime if the record has been expunged of the crime.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 111.335 (3) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 111.335 (3) (ar).

Section 2. 111.335 (3) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:

111.335 (3) (ag) Employment discrimination because of conviction record includes, but is not limited to, requesting an applicant, employee, member, licensee, or any other individual, on an application form or otherwise, to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015. A request to supply information regarding criminal convictions shall not be construed as a request to supply information regarding a crime the record of which has been expunged under s. 973.015.

SECTION 3. 111.335 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

111.335 (4) (b) It is employment discrimination because of conviction record for a licensing agency to refuse to license any individual under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. or to bar or terminate an individual from licensing under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. because the individual was adjudicated delinquent under ch. 938 for an offense other than an exempt offense.

1	SECTION 4. 111.335 (4) (c) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	111.335 (4) (c) 1. (intro.) If a licensing agency refuses to license an individual
3	under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. or bars or terminates an individual from licensing under sub.
4	(3) (a) (ar) 1., the licensing agency shall, subject to subd. 2., do all of the following:
5	SECTION 5. 111.335 (4) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	111.335 (4) (e) A state licensing agency that may refuse to license individuals
7	under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. or that may bar or terminate an individual from licensure
8	under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. shall publish on the agency's Internet site a document
9	indicating the offenses or kinds of offenses that may result in such a refusal, bar, or
10	termination.
11	SECTION 6. 111.335 (4) (f) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
12	111.335 (4) (f) 1. A state licensing agency that may refuse to license individuals
13	under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. or that may bar or terminate individuals from licensing
14	under sub. (3) (a) (ar) 1. shall allow an individual who does not possess a license to,
15	without submitting a full application and without paying the fees applicable to
16	applicants, apply to the agency for a determination of whether the individual would
17	be disqualified from obtaining the license due to his or her conviction record.
18	Section 7. 950.04 (1v) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	950.04 (1v) (g) To have reasonable attempts made to notify the victim of
20	hearings or court proceedings, as provided under ss. 302.113 (9g) (g) 2., 302.114 (6),
21	938.27 (4m) and (6), 938.273 (2), 971.095 (3) and, 972.14 (3) (b), and 973.015 (1m) (c).
22	SECTION 8. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 973.015 (1m) (a)
23	1. (intro.) and amended to read:
24	973.015 (1m) (a) 1. (intro.) Subject to subd. 2. and except as provided in subd.
25	3., when a person is under the age of 25 at the time of the commission of an offense

for which the person has been found guilty in a court for violation of a law for which the maximum period of imprisonment is 6 years or less, the, a court may order at the time of sentencing after a conviction that the record a criminal case be expunged upon successful completion of the sentence if the court determines the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. by one of the following methods:

(d) This subsection does not apply to information maintained by the department of transportation regarding a conviction that is required to be included in a record kept under s. 343.23 (2) (a).

SECTION 9. 973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. and b. of the statutes are created to read:

973.015 (1m) (a) 1. a. Except as provided in subd. 3., the court may order at the time of sentencing that the record be expunged upon successful completion of the sentence if the court determines that person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition.

b. If at least one year has passed since the person successfully completed his or her sentence, the person may file a petition in the county of conviction requesting that the record be expunged. Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall review the petition to determine if the person is ineligible to petition for expungement because subd. 3. or 4. applies, less than one year has passed since the person successfully completed his or her sentence, there are criminal charges pending against the person, or the person has exceeded the maximum number of petitions allowed under this subd. 1. b. If the court determines the person is eligible to petition for expungement, the court shall forward the petition to the district attorney. If the district attorney requests a hearing within 90 days after the court forwards the petition, the court shall schedule a hearing to review the petition. If the district

	attorney waives the hearing or at least 90 days have passed since the court forwarded
*	the petition, the court may review the petition with or without a hearing. If a hearing
	is scheduled, then if practicable, the sentencing judge shall be the judge to review the
	petition. The court may order that the record be expunged if the court determines
	the person will benefit and society will not be harmed by this disposition. If the court
	does not order the record be expunged under this subd. 1. b., the person may file a
•	2nd petition under this subd. 1. b. only if at least 2 years have passed since he or she
	filed the first petition. No person may file more than 2 petitions per record under this
	subd. 1. b. For a 2nd petition regarding the same record, the person shall pay to the
	clerk of circuit court a \$100 fee.
	SECTION 10. 973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. and d. and 4. of the statutes are created to
	read:
	973.015 (1m) (a) 3. c. A crime for which the maximum period of imprisonment
	is more than 6 years.
•	d. A violation of chs. 341 to 348.
	4. The court may order at the time of sentencing that the record is ineligible
	for expungement.
	SECTION 11. 973.015 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
	973.015 (1m) (b) A For purposes of par. (a), a person has successfully
	completed the sentence if the person has completed all periods of incarceration,
	parole, or extended supervision to which he or she was sentenced; the person has paid
	all fines, costs, fees, surcharges, and restitution assessed and has completed any
	court-ordered community service; the person has not been convicted of a subsequent
	offense crime; and, if on probation was imposed, the probation has not been revoked

and the probationer has satisfied the conditions of probation. Upon successful

completion of the <u>a</u> sentence <u>involving incarceration</u> or <u>probation</u>, the detaining or probationary authority shall issue <u>and forward to the court of record</u> a certificate of discharge which shall be forwarded to the court of record and which shall have the effect of expunging the record that indicates whether the person successfully completed his or her sentence. If the court has ordered the record expunged under <u>par. (a) 1. a. or 2. and the person has successfully completed the sentence, the person's record shall be expunged as ordered</u>. If the person has been <u>imprisoned incarcerated</u>, the detaining authority shall also forward a copy of the certificate of discharge to the department.

Section 12. 973.015 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

973.015 (1m) (c) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (a) 1. b., the district attorney shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the victim, as defined under s. 950.02 (4), of the petition. In the notice, the district attorney shall inform the victim that he or she may waive the hearing requirement and that, if waived, the court may review the petition without a hearing. The district attorney shall inform the victim of the manner in which he or she may provide written statements concerning the petition and, if the victim does not waive the hearing requirement, that he or she may appear at the hearing. If the victim waives the hearing requirement, the district attorney may inform the court that there is no objection to waiving the hearing requirement. Notwithstanding the confidentiality of victim address information obtained under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3., a district attorney who is required to make a reasonable attempt to notify a victim under this paragraph may obtain from the clerk of the circuit court the victim address information that the victim provided to the clerk under s. 302.113 (9g) (g) 3.

Section 13. 973.015 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

1	973.015 (4) A record of a crime expunged under this section is not considered
2	a conviction for employment purposes.
3	SECTION 14. Initial applicability.
4	(1) This act first applies to any conviction for which sentencing has occurred
5	but for which the record has not been ordered expunged on the effective date of this
6	subsection.
7	Section 15. Effective date.
8	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after
9	publication.
10	(END)