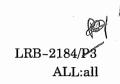


State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE



PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

1	AN ACT (); relating to: state finances and appropriations, constituting the
2	executive budget act of the 2019 legislature. The ert (maly \$15) The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:
3	SECTION 1. 1.12 (3) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
4	1.12 (3) (d) Carbon-free electricity. It is the goal of the state that all electricity
5	produced within the state is 100 percent carbon-free by January 1, 2050.
6	SECTION 2. 3.002 (intro.) and (1m) of the statutes are consolidated, renumbered
7	3.002 and amended to read:
8	3.002 Description of territory. In this chapter: (1m) Reference, reference
9	to any county or municipality means that county or municipality as its boundaries
10	exist on April 1 of the year of the federal decennial census on which the districting
11	plan described under subch. II is based.
12	SECTION 3. 3.002 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
13	Section 4. 3.004 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

SECTION 4

plans as required under s. 4.005.

1	3.004 (2) "Ward" means a ward prescribed by a municipality based upon
2	municipal boundaries in effect on April 1 of the year of the federal decennial census
3	in accordance with the most recent revision of municipal wards under s. 5.15 upon
4	which the districting plan described under subch. II is based and used in preparing
5	congressional and legislative redistricting plans as required under s. 4.005.
6	Section 5. Subchapter I of chapter 4 [precedes 4.001] of the statutes is repealed
7	and recreated to read:
8	CHAPTER 4
9	SUBCHAPTER I
10	GENERAL PROVISIONS
11	AND REDISTRICTING
12	4.001 Definitions. In this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:
13	(1) "Block" has the meaning given in s. 5.02 (1q).
14	(2) "Commission" means the redistricting advisory commission established
15	under s. 13.49.
16	(3) "Plan" means a plan for legislative and congressional reapportionment
17	prepared under this subchapter.
18	(4) "Political subdivision" means a city, town, village, or county within this
19	state.
20	(5) "Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act" means 52 USC 10301.
21	(6) "Ward" means a municipal ward in effect on April 1 of the year of the federal
22	decennial census and used in preparing congressional and legislative redistricting



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4.002 Political subdivision boundaries. In this chapter, reference to any political subdivision means that political subdivision as its boundaries exist on April 1 of the year of the federal decennial census.

4.003 Legislative districts established. This state is divided into 33 senate districts, each composed of 3 assembly districts. Each senate district may elect one member of the senate. Each assembly district may elect one representative to the assembly.

- 4.004 Preparations for redistricting. (1) The legislative reference bureau shall acquire appropriate information, review and evaluate available facilities, and develop programs and procedures in preparation for drawing congressional and legislative redistricting plans on the basis of each federal decennial census.
- (2) By December 1 of the year of the decennial federal census, the legislative reference bureau shall obtain from the U.S. bureau of the census information regarding geographic and political units in this state for which federal census population data has been gathered and will be tabulated. The legislative reference bureau shall use the information to do all of the following:
- (a) Prepare necessary descriptions of geographic and political units for which census data will be reported and that are suitable for use as components of legislative districts.
- (b) Prepare maps of geographic and political units within the state which may be used to illustrate the locations of district boundaries proposed in plans prepared in accordance with s. 4.007.
- (3) As soon as possible after receiving from the U.S. bureau of the census the population data needed for legislative redistricting that the U.S. bureau of the census is required to provide this state under P.L. 94-171, the legislative reference

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bureau shall use that data to assign a population figure based upon certified federal census data to each geographic or political unit described under sub. (2) (b). The legislative reference bureau shall prepare and publish an analysis describing the population of current legislative and congressional districts and the extent to which the districts may violate the standards under s. 4.007. Upon satisfying these requirements, the legislative reference bureau shall begin the preparation of congressional and legislative redistricting plans as required under s. 4.006.

(4) None of the 4 selecting authorities, as defined in s. 13.49 (1) (b), may assign or hire any person to work with the legislative reference bureau to prepare for redistricting under this section, to prepare plans under s. 4.006, or to oversee either process.

4.005 Use of municipal ward plans. After receipt of a division ordinance or resolution under s. 5.15 (4) (b), the legislative reference bureau shall use the data obtained from the U.S. bureau of the census under s. 4.004 (3) to assign a population figure based upon certified federal census data to each ward established in the division ordinance or resolution. The legislative reference bureau shall use each ward to which a population figure is assigned in preparing congressional and legislative redistricting plans as required under s. 4.006.

4.006 Preparation of redistricting plans. (1) Not later than January 1 of the 2nd year following the decennial federal census, the legislative reference bureau shall deliver to the majority leader of the senate and speaker of the assembly identical bills creating plans of legislative and congressional redistricting, prepared in accordance with s. 4.007. Either the assembly or the senate shall bring the bill to a vote expeditiously, but not less than 7 days after the commission report under s. 13.49 (3) (d) 2. is received and made available to the members of the legislature. The

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vote shall be under a procedure or rule permitting no amendments. If the bill is approved by the first house in which it is considered, the bill shall expeditiously be brought to a vote in the 2nd house under a similar procedure or rule.

- (2) If neither of the bills delivered by the legislative reference bureau under sub. (1) is approved by both the assembly and the senate, the chief clerk of the house that failed to approve the bill shall immediately transmit to the legislative reference bureau information that the house may direct regarding reasons why the plan was not approved. The legislative reference bureau shall prepare identical bills embodying a 2nd plan of legislative and congressional redistricting prepared in accordance with s. 4.007, taking into account the reasons transmitted to the legislative reference bureau under this subsection insofar as it is possible to do so within the requirements of s. 4.007. The legislative reference bureau shall deliver the bills to the majority leader of the senate and the speaker of the assembly no later than 21 days after the date of the vote by which the senate or the assembly failed to approve the bill submitted under sub. (1). Any bill delivered by the legislative reference bureau under this subsection shall be expeditiously introduced and brought to a vote not less than 7 days after the date of introduction, in the same manner as prescribed for the bill required under sub. (1).
- (3) If neither of the bills delivered by the legislative reference bureau under sub. (2) is approved by both the assembly and the senate, the same procedure as prescribed by sub. (2) shall be followed. If a 3rd plan is required under this subsection, the legislative reference bureau shall deliver the bills to the majority leader of the senate and the speaker of the assembly no later than 21 days after the date of the vote by which the senate or the assembly failed to approve the bill submitted under sub. (2). Any bill delivered by the legislative reference bureau

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under this subsection shall be expeditiously introduced and brought to a vote not less than 7 days after the date of introduction and shall be subject to amendment in the same manner as other bills. Any bill delivered under this subsection, and any amendment to such a bill, may be passed only with the approval of three-fourths of all the members elected in each house.

(4) Notwithstanding subs. (1) to (3):

- (a) If certified federal census data that is sufficient to permit preparation of a congressional redistricting plan becomes available at an earlier time than the population data needed to permit preparation of a legislative redistricting plan in accordance with s. 4.007, the legislative reference bureau shall so inform the majority leader of the senate and the speaker of the assembly. If the majority leader of the senate and the speaker of the assembly jointly direct, the legislative reference bureau shall prepare a separate bill establishing congressional districts and deliver it separately from the bill establishing legislative districts. The legislature shall proceed to consider the congressional redistricting bill in substantially the manner prescribed by subs. (1) to (3).
- (b) If the population data for legislative redistricting that the U.S. bureau of the census is required to provide this state under P.L. 94-171 and, if used by the legislative reference bureau, the corresponding topologically integrated geographic encoding and referencing data file for that population data are not available to the legislative reference bureau on or before April 1 of the first year following the decennial federal census, the deadlines set forth in this section shall be extended by a number of days equal to the number of days after April 1 of the first year following the decennial federal census that the population data and the topologically

integrated geographic encoding and referencing data file for legislative redistricting become available.

4.007 Redistricting standards. (1) Legislative and congressional districts shall be established on the basis of population requirements imposed under the Wisconsin Constitution and the U.S. Constitution and requirements imposed under Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act.

- (2) Senate and assembly districts, respectively, shall satisfy the population standards established in this subsection. The quotient, obtained by dividing the sum of the absolute values of the deviations of all district populations from the applicable ideal district population by the number of districts established, may not exceed 1 percent of the applicable ideal district population, unless necessary to maintain compliance with Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act. For purposes of this subsection, the ideal district population is determined by dividing the population of the state reported in the most recent federal decennial census by the number of districts to be established. No senate district may have a population that exceeds that of any other senate district by more than 10 percent and no assembly district may have a population that exceeds that of any other assembly district by more than 10 percent, unless necessary to maintain compliance with Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act.
- (3) Congressional districts shall each have a population as nearly equal as practicable to the ideal district population, derived as prescribed in sub. (2), while maintaining compliance with Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act. No congressional district may have a population which varies by more than 1 percent from the applicable ideal district population, unless necessary to comply with Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act.

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- (4) District boundaries shall coincide with ward boundaries and, to the extent consistent with sub. (1), shall coincide with the boundaries of political subdivisions. The number of political subdivisions divided among more than one district shall be as small as possible. When there is a choice among political subdivisions to divide, the more populous political subdivisions shall be divided before the less populous, except that this requirement does not apply to a legislative district boundary drawn along a county boundary which passes through a city with territory in more than one county.
- (5) Districts shall be composed of convenient contiguous territory. Areas which meet only at the points of adjoining corners are not contiguous.
- (6) Districts shall not be drawn with the intent or result of denying or abridging the equal opportunity of racial or language minorities to participate in the political process or diminishing their ability to elect representatives of their choice, whether by themselves or by voting in concert with other persons.

(7) (a) In this subsection:

1. "Geographic unit center" means that point within a population data unit approximately equidistant from the northern and southern extremities and also approximately equidistant from the eastern and western extremities of the population data unit. This point shall be determined by visual observation of a map of the population data unit, unless it is otherwise determined within the context of an appropriate coordinate system developed by the federal government or another source that the legislative reference bureau determines is qualified and objective and is obtained for use in this state with prior approval of the joint committee on legislative organization.

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- 2. "Population data unit" means a ward, census enumeration district, block, or other unit of territory having clearly identified geographic boundaries and for which a total population figure is included in or can be derived directly from certified federal census data.
- 3. "X-coordinate" means the relative location of a point along the east—west axis of the state. Unless otherwise measured within the context of an appropriate coordinate system obtained for use as permitted by subd. 1., the x-coordinate shall be measured along a line drawn due east from a due north and south line running through the point which is the western extremity of this state, to the point to be located.
- 4. "Y-coordinate" means the relative location of a point along the north—south axis of the state. Unless otherwise measured within the context of an appropriate coordinate system obtained for use as permitted by subd. 1., the y-coordinate shall be measured along a line drawn due south from a due east and west line running through the point which is the northern extremity of this state, to the point to be located.
- (b) To the extent consistent with subs. (1) to (3), districts shall be compact in form. Compact districts are those which are square, rectangular, or hexagonal in shape to the extent permitted by natural or political boundaries. When it is necessary to compare the relative compactness of 2 or more districts, or of 2 or more alternative redistricting plans, the tests prescribed by pars. (c) and (d) shall be used. Should the results of these 2 tests be contradictory, the standard under par. (c) shall be given greater weight than the standard under par. (d).

- (100)

- (c) 1. The compactness of a district is greatest when the length of the district and the width of the district are equal. The measure of a district's compactness is the absolute value of the difference between the length and the width of the district.
- 2. In measuring the compactness of a district by means of electronic data processing, the difference between the x-coordinates of the easternmost and the westernmost geographic unit centers included in the district shall be compared to the difference between the y-coordinates of the northernmost and southernmost geographic unit centers included in the district.
- 3. To determine the length and width of a district by manual measurement, the distance from the northernmost point or portion of the boundary of a district to the southernmost point or portion of the boundary of the same district and the distance from the westernmost point or portion of the boundary of the district to the easternmost point or portion of the boundary of the same district shall each be measured. If the northernmost or southernmost portion of the boundary, or each of these points, is a part of the boundary running due east and west, the line used to make the measurement required by this subdivision shall be drawn either due north and south or as nearly so as the configuration of the district permits. If the easternmost or westernmost portion of the boundary, or each of these points, is a part of the boundary running due north and south, a similar procedure shall be followed. The lines to be measured for the purpose of this subdivision shall each be drawn as required by this subdivision, even if some part of either or both lines lies outside the boundaries of the district which is being tested for compactness.
- 4. The absolute values computed for individual districts under this paragraph may be cumulated for all districts in a plan in order to compare the overall compactness of 2 or more alternative redistricting plans for the state or for a portion

- of the state. However, it is not valid to cumulate or compare absolute values computed using the measurements under subd. 2. with those computed using the measurements under subd. 3.
- (d) 1. The compactness of a district is greatest when the ratio of the dispersion of population about the population center of the district to the dispersion of population about the geographic center of the district is one to one.
- 2. The population dispersion about the population center of a district or about the geographic center of a district is computed as the sum of the products of the population of each population data unit included in the district multiplied by the square of the distance from the geographic unit center of that population data unit to the population center or the geographic center of the district, as the case may be. The geographic center of the district is defined by averaging the locations of all geographic unit centers which are included in the district. The population center of the district is defined by computing the population—weighted average of the x-coordinates and y-coordinates of each geographic unit center assigned to the district, it being assumed for the purpose of this calculation that each population data unit possesses uniform density of population.
- 3. The ratios computed for individual districts under this paragraph may be averaged for all districts in a plan in order to compare the overall compactness of 2 or more alternative redistricting plans for the state or for a portion of the state.
- (8) In preparing any redistricting plan, the legislative reference bureau shall be strictly nonpartisan. No district may be drawn for the purpose of favoring a political party, incumbent legislator or member of Congress, or other person or group or, except to the extent required under sub. (1), for the purpose of augmenting or diluting the voting strength of a language or racial minority group. Except as

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- provided in sub. (10), in establishing districts, no use shall be made of any of the following data:
 - (a) The residence addresses of incumbent legislators or members of Congress.
 - (b) Political affiliations of registered voters.
 - (c) Previous election results.
 - (d) Demographic information except as necessary to meet the requirements of subs. (1) and (10).
 - (9) The number of assembly districts in any redistricting plan may not be less than 54 nor more than 100. The number of senate districts in any redistricting plan may not be more than one-third nor less than one-fourth of the number of assembly districts. Each senate district shall contain only whole assembly districts. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, to the extent possible, each congressional district shall contain only whole senate districts. The other standards specified in this section shall take precedence where a conflict arises between those standards and the requirement of including only whole senate districts within a congressional district.
 - (10) In preparing any redistricting plan, the legislative reference bureau shall test the efficiency gap and competitiveness of each district and make the test results available to the public, including publishing the results on its Internet site, no later than 72 hours prior to the first public hearing on the proposed plan. The legislative reference bureau may use the data described under sub. (8) (b) to (d) to perform the tests under this subsection.
 - 4.008 Required provisions in redistricting bills. Each bill delivered unders. 4.006 shall provide all of the following:

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(1) That, wherever territory is described in the bill by geographic boundaries, 1 $\mathbf{2}$ the following conventions are used: 3 (a) Each bound continues to the intersection with the bound next named, or to the intersection with a straight-line extension of such bound. 4 5 (b) If the bound is a street, it follows the center line of the street or the center 6 line of the street extended. (c) If the bound is a railroad right-of-way, it follows the center line of the 7 railroad right-of-way. 8 (d) If the bound is a river or stream, it follows the center of the main channel 9 10 of such river or stream. (e) If the bound follows a municipal boundary, it coincides with such boundary. 11 (2) That the bill first applies, with respect to regular elections, to offices filled 12 at the next occurring general election after the bill takes effect and, with respect to 13 special or recall elections, to offices filled or contested on or after the date of that 14 general election. 15 4.0085 Challenge based on population inequality; burden of proof. If 16 17 an action is brought challenging a legislative redistricting plan under this 18 subchapter on the basis of an excessive population variance among senate or 19 assembly districts established in the plan, the legislature has the burden of justifying any variance in excess of 10 percent between the population of a senate or 20 21assembly district and the applicable ideal district population. If an action is brought challenging a congressional redistricting plan under this subchapter on the basis of 22

an excessive population variance among congressional districts established in the

plan, the legislature has the burden of justifying any variance in excess of 1 percent

between the population of a congressional district and the applicable ideal district population.

Section 6. 5.02 (6m) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.02 (6m) (f) An unexpired student identification card issued by a university or college in this state that is accredited, as defined in s. 39.30 (1) (d), or by a technical college in this state that is a member of and governed by the technical college system under ch. 38, that contains the date of issuance and signature of the individual to whom it is issued and that contains an expiration date indicating that the card expires no later than 2-5 years after the date of issuance if the individual establishes that he or she is enrolled as a student at the university or college on the date that the card is presented.

SECTION 7. 5.056 of the statutes is amended to read:

5.056 Matching program with secretary of transportation. The commission administrator shall enter into the agreement with the secretary of transportation specified under s. 85.61 (1) to match personally identifiable information on the official registration list maintained by the commission under s. 6.36 (1) and the information specified in s. ss. 6.256 (2) and 6.34 (2m) with personally identifiable information maintained by the department of transportation. Subject to s. 343.14 (2p) (b), the agreement shall provide for the electronic transfer of information under s. 6.256 (2) to the commission on a continuous basis, no less often than monthly.

SECTION 8. 5.15 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.15 (4) (a) Except as provided in par. (c), the division ordinance or resolution shall number all wards in the municipality with unique whole numbers in consecutive order, beginning with the number one, shall designate the polling place

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for each ward, and shall describe the boundaries of each ward consistent with the conventions set forth in s. 4.003 4.008 (1). The ordinance or resolution shall be accompanied by a list of the block numbers used by the U.S. bureau of the census that are wholly or partly contained within each ward, with any block numbers partly contained within a ward identified, and a map of the municipality which illustrates the revised ward boundaries. If the legislature, in an act redistricting legislative districts under article IV, section 3, of the constitution, or in redistricting congressional districts, establishes a district boundary within a municipality that does not coincide with the boundary of a ward established under the ordinance or resolution of the municipality, the municipal governing body shall, no later than April 10 of the 2nd year following the year of the federal decennial census on which the act is based, amend the ordinance or resolution to the extent required to effect the act. The amended ordinance or resolution shall designate the polling place for any ward that is created to effect the legislative act. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to compel a county or city to alter or redraw supervisory or aldermanic districts.

Section 9. 6.256 of the statutes is created to read:

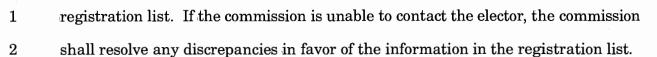
6.256 Commission shall facilitate registration of electors. (1) Except as provided for electors specified in sub. (7) and as otherwise expressly provided, the commission shall use all feasible means to facilitate the registration of all eligible electors of this state who are subject to a registration requirement and the maintenance of the registration of all eligible electors for so long as they remain eligible.

(2) Subject to s. 343.14 (2p) (b), for the purpose of carrying out its functions under sub. (1), the commission shall obtain the following information from the

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department of transportation, to the extent that the department has the information:

- (a) The full name of each individual who holds a current operator's license issued to the individual under ch. 343 or a current identification card issued to the individual under s. 343.50, together with the following information pertaining to that individual:
- 1. The current address of the individual together with any address history and any name history maintained by the department of transportation.
 - 2. The date of birth of the individual.
 - 3. The number of the license or identification card issued to the individual.
- 4. A copy of the document that the applicant provided as proof of citizenship and a statement from the department of transportation indicating that the department verified the applicant's citizenship. For purposes of this subdivision, the applicant shall provide a document that meets the requirements under 42 USC 1320b-7 (d).
- (b) For each item of information specified in this subsection, the most recent date that the item of information was provided or obtained by the department of transportation.
- (3) The commission shall compare the information obtained under sub. (2) with the information in the registration list under s. 6.36 (1) (a). If the commission finds discrepancies between the information obtained under sub. (2) regarding an elector and the information in the registration list under s. 6.36 (1) (a) regarding that same elector, the commission shall contact the elector by mail or telephone or in person to resolve the discrepancies. If the commission is able to resolve the discrepancies after contacting the elector, the commission shall update the information on the



- (4) Except as provided in this subsection and sub. (7), if the commission concludes that an individual appears eligible to vote in this state but is not registered, and the commission has obtained from reliable sources all the information required under s. 6.33 (1) to complete the individual's registration, the commission shall enter the individual's name on the registration list. If the commission has not obtained from reliable sources all the information pertaining to an individual that is required under s. 6.33 (1), the commission shall attempt to obtain from reliable sources the necessary information under s. 6.33 (1) that is required to complete the individual's registration. If a municipality has changed the status of an elector from eligible to ineligible under s. 6.50 (1) and the elector's eligibility, name, or residence has not changed, the commission may not change the individual's name to eligible status unless the commission first verifies that the individual is eligible and wishes to change his or her status to eligible.
- (5) The commission shall attempt to contact individuals described in sub. (4) if necessary to obtain all the information specified in s. 6.33 (1) pertaining to the individual that is required to complete the individual's registration.
- (6) If the commission is able to obtain all the required information specified in s. 6.33 (1) pertaining to an individual, the commission shall enter the name of the individual on the registration list maintained under s. 6.36 (1) (a).
- (7) Any individual may file a request with the commission to exclude his or her name from the registration list. Any individual whose name is added to the registration list by the commission may file a request with the commission or a municipal clerk to have his or her name deleted from the list. A request for exclusion

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or deletion shall be filed in the manner prescribed by the commission. An individual who files an exclusion or deletion request under this subsection may revoke his or her request by the same means that an individual may request an exclusion or deletion. The commission shall ensure that the name of any individual who has filed an exclusion or deletion request under this subsection is excluded from the registration list or if the individual's name appears on the list, is removed from the registration list and is not added to the list at any subsequent time unless the individual files a revocation of his or her request under this subsection.

- (8) If the commission removes from the registration list the name of an elector who does not request that his or her name be deleted, other than to correct an entry that the commission positively determines to be a duplication or to change the name of an individual who is verified to be deceased to ineligible status, the commission shall mail the individual a notice of the removal or change in status by 1st class postcard at the individual's last-known address. The notice shall provide that the individual may apply to have his or her status changed to eligible if he or she is a qualified elector.
- (9) The commission shall attempt to facilitate the initial registration of all eligible electors, except as otherwise provided in this section, as soon as practicable.
- (10) The commission shall maintain the confidentiality of all information obtained from the department of transportation under sub. (2) and may use this information only for the purpose of carrying out its functions under sub. (1) and s. 6.34 (2m) and in accordance with the agreement under s. 85.61 (1).
 - **SECTION 10.** 6.29 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
- 6.29 (2) (e) The municipal clerk or clerk's agent shall promptly add the names of qualified electors who register and vote under this section to the registration list.

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The clerk or clerk's agent shall add the names of qualified electors who vote at their polling places in the manner prescribed in s. 6.33 (5) (a).

SECTION 11. 6.33 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.33 (2) (a) All information may be recorded by any person, except that the clerk shall record the ward and aldermanic district, if any, other geographic information under sub. (1), the indication of whether the registration is received by mail, and the type of identifying document submitted by the elector as proof of residence under s. 6.34 or the indication of verification of information in lieu of proof of residence under s. 6.34 (2m). Except as provided in s. 6.30 (5), each elector shall sign his or her own name unless the elector is unable to sign his or her name due to physical disability. In such case, the elector may authorize another elector to sign the form on his or her behalf. If the elector so authorizes, the elector signing the form shall attest to a statement that the application is made upon request and by authorization of a named elector who is unable to sign the form due to physical disability.

Section 12. 6.35 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.35 (3) Original Except for electronic registrations, original registration forms shall be maintained in the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners at all times. The commission shall maintain electronic registration forms and make such forms available for inspection by the municipal clerk, the clerk's designated agent, or the board of election commissioners.

Section 13. 6.86 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.86 (1) (b) Except as provided in this section, if application is made by mail, the application shall be received no later than 5 p.m. on the 5th day immediately preceding the election. If application is made in person, the application shall be made no earlier than 14 days preceding the election and no later than the Sunday

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7 p.m. on the Friday preceding the election. No application may be received on a legal holiday. A municipality shall specify the hours in the notice under s. 10.01 (2) (e). The municipal clerk or an election official shall witness the certificate for any in-person absentee ballot cast. Except as provided in par. (c), if the elector is making written application for an absentee ballot at the partisan primary, the general election, the presidential preference primary, or a special election for national office. and the application indicates that the elector is a military elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1), the application shall be received by the municipal clerk no later than 5 p.m. on election day. If the application indicates that the reason for requesting an absentee ballot is that the elector is a sequestered juror, the application shall be received no later than 5 p.m. on election day. If the application is received after 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately preceding the election, the municipal clerk or the clerk's agent shall immediately take the ballot to the court in which the elector is serving as a juror and deposit it with the judge. The judge shall recess court, as soon as convenient, and give the elector the ballot. The judge shall then witness the voting procedure as provided in s. 6.87 and shall deliver the ballot to the clerk or agent of the clerk who shall deliver it to the polling place or, in municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, to the municipal clerk as required in s. 6.88. If application is made under sub. (2) or (2m), the application may be received no later than 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately preceding the election.

Section 14. 6.86 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.86 (3) (c) An application under par. (a) 1. may be made and a registration form under par. (a) 2. may be filed in person at the office of the municipal clerk not earlier than 7 days before an election and not later than 5 p.m. on the day of the election. A list of hospitalized electors applying for ballots under par. (a) 1. shall be made by

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the municipal clerk and used to check that the electors vote only once, and by absentee ballot. If Except as provided in s. 6.34 (2m), if the elector is registering for the election after the close of registration or if the elector registered by mail or by electronic application and has not voted in an election in this state, the municipal clerk shall inform the agent that proof of residence under s. 6.34 is required and the elector shall enclose proof of residence under s. 6.34 in the envelope with the ballot. The clerk shall verify that the name on any required proof of identification presented by the agent conforms to the name on the elector's application. The clerk shall then enter his or her initials on the carrier envelope indicating that the agent presented proof of identification to the clerk. The agent is not required to enter a signature on the registration list. The ballot shall be sealed by the elector and returned to the municipal clerk either by mail or by personal delivery of the agent; but if the ballot is returned on the day of the election, the agent shall make personal delivery to the polling place serving the hospitalized elector's residence before the closing hour or, in municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, to the municipal clerk no later than 8 p.m. on election day.

Section 15. 13.124 of the statutes is repealed.

Section 16. 13.127 of the statutes is repealed.

Section 17. 13.365 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 18. 13.48 (10) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.48 (10) (a) Except as provided in par. (c), no state board, agency, officer, department, commission, or body corporate may enter into a contract for the construction, reconstruction, remodeling of, or addition to any building, structure, or facility, in connection with any building project which involves a cost in excess of \$300,000 without completion of final plans and arrangement for supervision of

commission may not approve a contract for the construction, reconstruction, remodeling of, or addition to a state building as defined in s. 41.51 (2) unless it determines that the requirements under s. 41.58 have been complied with or that s. 41.58 does not apply. This section applies to the department of transportation only in respect to buildings, structures, and facilities to be used for administrative or operating functions, including buildings, land, and equipment to be used for the motor vehicle emission inspection and maintenance program under s. 110.20.

SECTION 19. 13.48 (14) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 13.48 (14) (a) (intro.) and amended to read:

13.48 (14) (a) (intro.) In this subsection, "agency":

1. "Agency" has the meaning given in s. 16.52 (7).

Section 20. 13.48 (14) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

13.48 (14) (a) 2. "Statutory bond purpose" means a purpose specified in s. 20.866 (2) (s) to (zz), but not including any purpose specified in s. 20.866 (2) (s) 1., (z) 1m. to 4m., and (zbj) 1. and 2.

SECTION 21. 13.48 (14) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.48 (14) (c) (intro.) Except as provided in par. (e), if there is any outstanding public debt used to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of any property that is sold or leased under par. (am), the building commission shall deposit a sufficient amount of the net proceeds from the sale or lease of the property in the bond security and redemption fund under s. 18.09 to repay the principal and pay the interest on the debt, and any premium due upon refunding redeeming any of that debt, except that the commission may deposit some or all of the net proceeds, not to exceed the amount the commission would have deposited in the bond security and



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redemption fund, in the capital improvement fund for use as a substitute source of funding under s. 20,924 (1) (em) for a project enumerated under the authorized state building program that is within the same statutory bond purpose as the property sold or leased under par. (am). If there is any outstanding public debt used to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of any property that is sold or leased under par. (am), the building commission shall then provide a sufficient amount of the net proceeds from the sale or lease of the property for the costs of maintaining federal tax law compliance applicable to the debt. If the property was acquired, constructed, or improved with federal financial assistance, the commission shall pay to the federal government any of the proceeds required by federal law. If the property was acquired by gift or grant or with gift or grant funds, the commission shall adhere to any restriction governing use of the proceeds. Except as required under par. (e) and ss. 20.395 (9) (qd) and 51.06 (6), if there is no such debt outstanding, there are no moneys payable to the federal government, and there is no restriction governing use of the proceeds, and if the net proceeds exceed the amount required to be deposited, paid, or used for another purpose under this subsection, the building commission shall use the net proceeds or remaining net proceeds to pay principal and interest costs on outstanding public debt issued to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of property, except that the commission may deposit some or all of the net proceeds in the capital improvement fund for use as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em) for a project enumerated under the authorized state building program that is within the same statutory bond purpose as the property sold or leased under par. (am). If any net proceeds remain thereafter, the commission shall use the proceeds to pay principal and interest costs on other outstanding public debt, except that the commission may deposit some or all of the net proceeds in the $\mathbf{2}$

capital improvement fund for use as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em) for any statutory bond purpose. For the purpose of paying principal and interest costs on other outstanding public debt under this paragraph, the commission may cause outstanding bonds to be called for redemption on or following their optional redemption date, establish one or more escrow accounts to redeem bonds at their optional redemption date, or purchase bonds in the open market. For the purpose of using an amount deposited under this paragraph as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em), the commission shall determine which projects to fund and shall authorize expenditures for those projects. To the extent practical, the commission shall consider all of the following in determining which public debt to redeem, whether to use any net proceeds as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em), and which projects to fund:

Section 22. 13.48 (14) (c) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

13.48 (14) (c) 3. The fiscal benefit of redeeming outstanding debt with higher interest costs and the costs of establishing an escrow needed to redeem the outstanding debt.

SECTION 23. 13.48 (14) (c) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

13.48 (14) (c) 4. The costs of maintaining federal tax law compliance in the selection of general obligation debt to be redeemed <u>or the project to be financed under s. 20.924 (1) (em)</u>.

Section 24. 13.48 (14) (cf) of the statutes is created to read:

13.48 (14) (cf) If, under par. (c), the commission deposits an amount in the capital improvement fund for use as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em), the amount of public debt that may be contracted under the statutory bond purpose for which the amount deposited under par. (c) is used as a substitute source

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of funding shall be reduced by the amount used as a substitute source of funding for that statutory bond purpose.

SECTION 25. 13.48 (14) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.48 (14) (cm) If there are any outstanding revenue obligations, issued pursuant to subch. If of ch. 18, used to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of any property that is sold or leased under par. (am), the commission shall adhere to any restrictions in the authorizing resolution of the revenue obligations governing the use of the proceeds. To the extent the authorizing resolution does not restrict such use, the commission shall deposit a sufficient amount of the net proceeds from the sale or lease of the property in the respective redemption fund provided under s. 18.561 (5) or 18.562 (3) to repay the principal and pay the interest on the revenue obligations, and any premium due upon refunding redeeming any of the revenue obligations, or shall deposit an amount in the appropriate fund under s. 18.57 or apply the amount for a purpose for which similar revenue obligations may be issued under s. 18.53 (3) or (4). If there are any outstanding revenue obligations, issued pursuant to subch. II of ch. 18, used to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of any property that is sold or leased under par. (am), the commission shall then provide a sufficient amount of the net proceeds from the sale or lease of the property for the costs of maintaining federal tax law compliance applicable to the revenue obligations. For the purpose of paying principal and interest costs on other outstanding revenue obligations, the commission may cause outstanding revenue obligations to be called for redemption on or following their optional redemption date, establish one or more escrow accounts to redeem obligations at their optional redemption date, or purchase bonds on the open market. Except as required under par. (e) and ss. 20.395 (9) (qd) and 51.06 (6),

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if the net proceeds exceed the amount required to be deposited, paid, or used for another purpose under this paragraph, the department shall use the net proceeds or the remaining net proceeds to pay principal and interest costs on other similar revenue obligations or for a purpose for which similar revenue obligations may be issued under s. 18.53 (3) or (4).

Section 26. 13.48 (14) (ct) of the statutes is created to read:

13.48 (14) (ct) If under par. (cm) the commission deposits net proceeds into an appropriate fund provided in s. 18.57 or applies net proceeds for a purpose for which revenue obligations may be issued, the amount of revenue obligations authorized under s. 18.54 (2) shall be reduced by the amount deposited or applied.

SECTION 27. 13.48 (26m) of the statutes is created to read:

13.48 (26m) Lead service line replacement. The legislature finds and determines that the prevalence of lead service lines in connections to public water systems poses a public health hazard and that processes for reducing lead entering drinking water from such pipes requires additional treatment of wastewater. It is therefore in the public interest, and it is the public policy of this state, to assist private users of public water systems in replacing lead service lines.

Section 28. 13.49 of the statutes is created to read:

13.49 Redistricting advisory commission. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "Chief election officer" means the elections commission administrator.
- (b) "Four selecting authorities" means all of the following:
- 1. The majority leader of the senate.
- The minority leader of the senate.
 - 3. The speaker of the assembly.
- 25 4. The minority leader of the assembly.

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- (c) "Partisan public office" means any of the following:
- 2 1. The office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, 3 attorney general, state senator, or state representative to the assembly.
 - 2. A county office that is filled by an election process involving nomination and election of candidates on a partisan basis.
 - (d) "Political party office" means an elective office in a political party, as defined in s. 11.0101 (26), or in a national political party.
 - (e) "Relative" means an individual who is related to the person in question as father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, grandfather, grandmother, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister.
 - (2) General provisions. (a) Not later than February 15 of the first year following the decennial federal census, a temporary redistricting advisory commission is created consisting of 5 members. Each of the 4 selecting authorities shall certify to the chief election officer the selecting authority's appointment of a person to serve on the commission. Within 30 days after the last selecting authority has certified his or her appointment, but not later than February 15 of the first year following the decennial federal census, the 4 commission members so appointed shall select, by a vote of at least 3 members, and certify to the chief election officer the 5th commission member, who shall serve as chairperson.
 - (b) No individual may be appointed to the redistricting advisory commission who satisfies any of the following:

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- 1. The individual is not an eligible elector of this state at the time of the appointment.
 - 2. The individual holds partisan public office or political party office.
 - 3. The individual is a relative of or is employed by a member of the legislature or of Congress or is employed directly by the legislature or Congress.
 - (c) Members of the redistricting advisory commission appointed by a selecting authority shall be reimbursed from the appropriation account under s. 20.765 (1) (a) or (b), depending upon the house in which that member's appointing authority holds office, for actual and necessary expenses incurred in performance of duties as a commission member. The member who is not appointed by a selecting authority shall be reimbursed from the appropriation under s. 20.765 (1) (a) for actual and necessary expenses incurred in performance of duties as a commission member.
 - (d) A vacancy on the redistricting advisory commission shall be filled as provided in s. 17.20 (1) within 15 days after the vacancy occurs.
 - (e) Each redistricting advisory commission terminates upon complying with sub. (3).
 - (3) Duties. The redistricting advisory commission shall do all of the following:
 - (a) If requested to do so by the legislative reference bureau, provide direction to the legislative reference bureau concerning any decision the legislative reference bureau must make in preparing a redistricting plan under subch. I of ch. 4 for which no clearly applicable guideline is provided under s. 4.007.
 - (b) Oversee the work of legislative reference bureau employees engaged in preparing a redistricting plan under subch. I of ch. 4 and may enter into contracts for hiring experts to assist in the preparing of such plans. The commission may enter into a contract to retain experts for preparing a redistricting plan only with the



- approval of three-fourths of the members of the commission and may terminate a contract employee only with the approval of three-fourths of the members of the commission.
- (c) Upon delivery by the legislative reference bureau of a bill embodying a redistricting plan as required under s. 4.006, make available to the public at the earliest feasible time all of the following information:
 - 1. Copies of the bill.
 - 2. Maps illustrating the plan.
- 3. A summary of the standards prescribed under s. 4.007 for development of the plan.
- 4. A statement of the population of each district included in the plan and the relative deviation of each district population from the ideal district population.
- (d) Upon delivery by the legislative reference bureau of an initial bill embodying a redistricting plan as required under s. 4.006 (1), do all of the following:
- 1. As expeditiously as reasonably possible, schedule and conduct public hearings, in different geographic regions of the state, on the plan embodied in the bill. No more than one public hearing may be held in the city of Madison, and at least one public hearing shall be held in each congressional district of the state. The commission shall hold public hearings on weekends whenever it is practicable.
- 2. Following the hearings held under subd. 1., promptly prepare and submit to the legislature in the manner provided under s. 13.172 (2) a report summarizing information and testimony received by the commission in the course of the hearings. The report may include any comments and conclusions that the commission's members deem appropriate concerning the information and testimony received at

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the hearings or otherwise presented to the commission. The report shall be treated in the same manner as a report submitted under s. 13.172 (2).

- (4) Confidentiality. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), the redistricting advisory commission may establish policies limiting the information that the legislative reference bureau may provide to persons outside of the bureau staff concerning any redistricting plan prepared under subch. I of ch. 4.
- (b) Any policy established under par. (a) does not apply to a redistricting plan after a bill embodying that plan is delivered by the legislative reference bureau as required under s. 4.006 or to population data furnished to the legislative reference bureau by the U.S. bureau of the census. Notwithstanding s. 13.92 (1) (c), any draft maps, along with the data sets used to create them, that are produced by the legislative reference bureau in the course of its work in preparing a bill under s. 4.006 shall be open to public inspection and copying under s. 19.35 (1) and made available on the Internet site of the legislative reference bureau as soon as they are produced.

Section 29. 13.56 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.56 (2) Participation in Certain Proceedings. The cochairpersons of the joint committee for review of administrative rules or their designated agents shall accept service made under ss. 227.40 (5) and 806.04 (11). If the committee determines that the legislature should be represented in the proceeding, it shall request the joint committee on legislative organization to intervene in designate the legislature's representative for the proceeding as provided under s. 806.04 (11). The costs of participation in the proceeding shall be paid equally from the appropriations under s. 20.765 (1) (a) and (b), except that such costs incurred by the department of justice shall be paid from the appropriation under s. 20.455 (1) (d).

Section 30. 13.90 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.90 (2) The cochairpersons of the joint committee on legislative organization or their designated agent shall accept service made under ss. s. 806.04 (11) and 893.825 (2). If the committee, the senate organization committee, or the assembly organization committee determines that the legislature should intervene be represented in the proceeding as provided under s. 803.09 (2m), the assembly shall represent the assembly, the senate shall represent the senate, and the joint committee on legislative organization shall represent the legislature, that committee shall designate the legislature's representative for the proceeding. The costs of participation in the proceeding shall be paid equally from the appropriations under s. 20.765 (1) (a) and (b), except that such costs incurred by the department of justice shall be paid from the appropriation under s. 20.455 (1) (d).

SECTION 31. 13.91 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.91 (1) (c) Perform the functions prescribed in ch. 227 s. 227.15 for the review and resolution of problems relating to administrative rules and guidance documents.

Section 32. 13.94 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.94 Legislative audit bureau. (intro.) There is created a bureau to be known as the "Legislative Audit Bureau," headed by a chief known as the "State Auditor." The bureau shall be strictly nonpartisan and shall at all times observe the confidential nature of any audit currently being performed. Subject to s. 230.35 (4) (a) and (f), the state auditor or designated employees shall at all times with or without notice have access to all departments and to any books, records, or other documents maintained by the departments and relating to their expenditures, revenues, operations, and structure, including specifically any such books, records, or other documents that are confidential by law, except as provided in sub. (4) and except that access to documents of counties, cities, villages, towns, or school districts

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is limited to work performed in connection with audits authorized under sub. (1) (m) and except that access to documents of the opportunity schools and partnership programs under s. 119.33, subch. IX of ch. 115, and subch. II of ch. 119 is limited to work performed in connection with audits authorized under sub. (1) (os). In the discharge of any duty imposed by law, the state auditor may subpoena witnesses, administer oaths and take testimony and cause the deposition of witnesses to be taken as prescribed for taking depositions in civil actions in circuit courts.

SECTION 33. 13.94 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.94 (1) (b) At the state auditor's discretion or as the joint legislative audit committee directs, audit the records of each department. Audits of the records of a county, city, village, town, or school district may be performed only as provided in par. (m). Audits of the records of the opportunity schools and partnership programs under s. 119.33, subch. IX of ch. 115, and subch. II of ch. 119 may be performed only as provided in par. (os). After completion of any audit under this paragraph, the bureau shall file with the chief clerk of each house of the legislature, the governor, the department of administration, the legislative reference bureau, the joint committee on finance, the legislative fiscal bureau, and the department audited, a detailed report of the audit, including the bureau's recommendations for improvement and efficiency and including specific instances, if any, of illegal or improper expenditures. The chief clerks shall distribute the report to the joint legislative audit committee, the appropriate standing committees of the legislature, and the joint committee on legislative organization.

SECTION 34. 13.94 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.94 (1) (e) Make such special examinations of the accounts and financial transactions of any department, agency, or officer as the legislature, joint legislative

. 1	audit committee, or joint committee on legislative organization directs.
2	Examinations of the accounts and transactions of a county, city, village, town, or,
3	subject to par. (os), of a school district, may be performed only as authorized in par.
4	(m).
5	SECTION 35. 13.94 (1) (os) of the statutes is repealed.
6	SECTION 36. 13.94 (1s) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	13.94 (1s) (a) Except as otherwise provided in par. (c), the legislative audit
8	bureau may charge any department for the reasonable cost of auditing services
9	performed at the request of a department or at the request of the federal government
10	that the bureau is not required to perform under sub. (1) (b) or (c) or any other law.
11	This paragraph does not apply to counties, cities, villages, towns, or school districts
12	or to the opportunity schools and partnership programs under sub. (1) (os).
13	SECTION 37. 15.105 (15) of the statutes is renumbered 15.225 (1) and amended
14	to read:
15	15.225 (1) LABOR AND INDUSTRY REVIEW COMMISSION. There is created a labor and
16	industry review commission which is attached to the department of administration
17	workforce development under s. 15.03, except the budget of the labor and industry
18	review commission shall be transmitted by the department to the governor without
19	change or modification by the department, unless agreed to by the labor and industry
20	review commission. The governor shall appoint an individual to serve at the
21	pleasure of the governor as general counsel for the commission.
22	SECTION 38. 15.105 (34) of the statutes is created to read:
23	15.105 (34) Office of Sustainability and Clean energy. There is created in the

department of administration an office to be known as the office of sustainability and

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1.	clean energy. The office shall be under the direction and supervision of a director who
2	shall be appointed by the governor to serve at the governor's pleasure.
3	Section 39. 15.207 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
4	Section 40. 15.225 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	15.225 (title) Same; attached boards and commission commissions.
6	Section 41. 15.253 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 15.374 (2) and amended
7	to read:
8	15.374 (2) Office of school safety. There is created an office of school safety
9	in the department of public instruction. The director of the office shall be appointed
10	by the attorney general state superintendent of public instruction in the classified
11	service.
12	Section 42. 15.315 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
13	Section 43. 15.315 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 15.467 (1), and 15.467 (1)
14	(a), as renumbered, is amended to read:
15	15.467 (1) (a) There is created an interoperability council, attached to the
16	department of military affairs transportation under s. 15.03.
17	SECTION 44. 15.315 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 15.467 (2), and 15.467 (2)
18	(a) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:
19	15.467 (2) (a) (intro.) There is created a 911 subcommittee of the
20	interoperability council, attached to the department of military affairs
21	transportation under s. 15.03. The 911 subcommittee consists of one member serving
22	a 3-year term who is appointed by the adjutant general secretary of transportation

and the following members serving 3-year terms who are appointed by the governor:

SECTION 45. 15.345 (9) of the statutes is created to read:

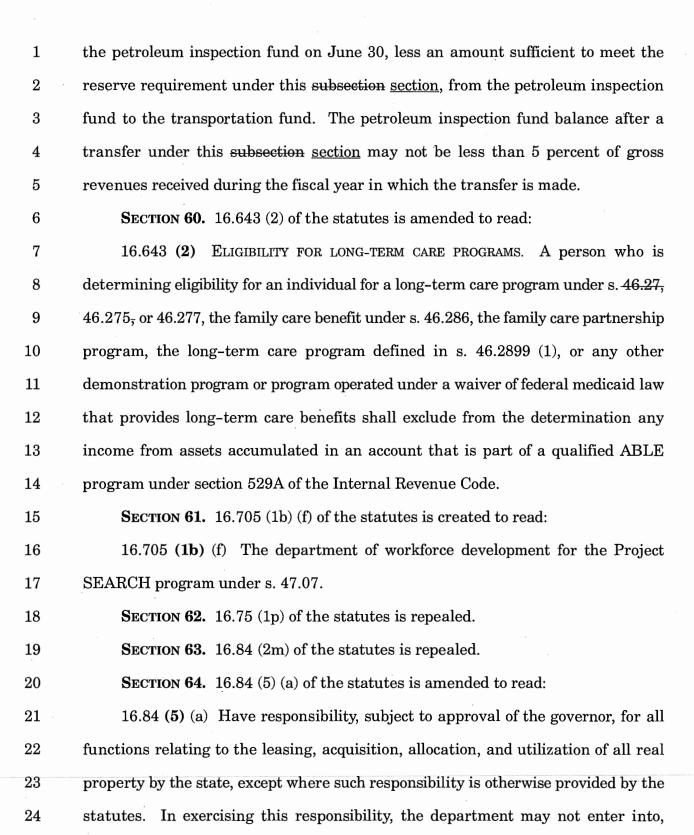
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1	15.345 (9) Bureau of natural resources science. There is created in the
2	division responsible for fish, wildlife, and parks in the department of natural
3	resources a bureau of natural resources science. The bureau director shall report to,
4	and serve as the science advisor to, the secretary of natural resources.
5	SECTION 46. 15.405 (6) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
6	15.405 (6) (am) Two dental therapists who are licensed under ch. 447.
7	SECTION 47. 16.004 (25) of the statutes is created to read:
8	16.004 (25) Procurement and risk management services. The department
9	may provide technical assistance and other services relating to procurement and risk
10	management, including conducting educational seminars, courses, or conferences,
11	to local governmental units, as defined in s. 16.97 (7), and private organizations. The
12	department shall charge and collect fees sufficient to recover the costs of activities
13	authorized under this subsection.
14	SECTION 48. 16.009 (2) (em) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	16.009 (2) (em) Monitor, evaluate, and make recommendations concerning
16	long-term community support services received by clients of the long-term support
17	community options program under s. 46.27 the self-directed services option, the
18	family care program, the Family Care Partnership Program, and the program of
19	all-inclusive care for the elderly.
20	SECTION 49. 16.047 (2) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 16.047 (2).
21	SECTION 50. 16.047 (2) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
22	SECTION 51. 16.047 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
23	SECTION 52. 16.047 (4m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	16.047 (4m) (b) The department shall establish a program to award grants of

settlement funds from the appropriation under s. 20.855 (4) (h) to eligible applicants

for the replacement of public transit vehicles or the installation of charging stations
for vehicles with an electric motor. Any eligible applicant may apply for a grant
under the program.
SECTION 53. 16.047 (4m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
16.047 (4m) (c) The department shall award grants under this subsection on
a competitive basis and shall give preference to the replacement of public transit
vehicles or the installation of charging stations for vehicles with an electric motor in
communities or on routes that the department determines are critical for the purpose
of connecting employees with employers.
SECTION 54. 16.047 (4m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
16.047 (4m) (d) An eligible applicant may use settlement funds awarded under
this subsection only for the payment of costs incurred by the eligible applicant to
replace public transit vehicles or install charging stations for vehicles with an
electric motor in accordance with the settlement guidelines.
SECTION 55. 16.047 (4m) (e) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 56. 16.3077 of the statutes is created to read:
16.3077 Housing quality standards grants. From the appropriation under
s. 20.505 (7) (bp), the department shall award grants to owners of rental housing
units in this state for purposes of satisfying applicable housing quality standards.
SECTION 57. 16.313 of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 58. 16.5185 (1) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 59. 16.5185 (2m) of the statutes is renumbered 16.5185 and amended
 to read:

16.5185 Transfers to the transportation fund. Beginning on June 30,2020, in each fiscal year, the secretary shall transfer the unencumbered balance of



extend, or renew a lease involving an annual rent of more than \$500,000 unless the

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secretary signs the lease, a copy of the proposed lease is submitted electronically to the chief clerk of each house for distribution, and the department notifies the joint committee on finance of the proposed lease and provides the committee with the any required information under par. (b) as well as a summary report of that information, including the terms of the lease and the lease rate per square foot of the proposed property and the comparable options. If the cochairpersons of the joint committee on finance do not notify the secretary that the committee has scheduled a meeting for the purpose of reviewing the proposed lease within 14 working days after the date of the notification, the lease may be entered into, extended, or renewed. If, within 14 working days after the date of the notification, the cochairpersons of the committee notify the secretary that the committee has scheduled a meeting for the purpose of reviewing the proposed lease, the lease may be entered into, extended, or renewed only upon approval of the committee.

Section 65. 16.84 (5) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.84 (5) (b) (intro.) Before entering into, extending, or renewing a new lease, except for a lease with an annual cost that is less than \$25,000 or except for a lease for a tower, a department of workforce development job center, a hangar, an easement, student housing, state public defender office space, a department of military affairs recruiting office, or a facility with a location required by law or designated for necessity or practical purposes, do all of the following:

Section 66. 16.84 (5) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

16.84 (5) (b) 2. Evaluate comparable lease options within a 10-mile radius of the property proposed in the lease, or if there are not sufficient comparable properties within a 10-mile radius to perform a meaningful comparison, a wider radius as needed, to ensure the lease rate per square foot does not exceed the lease

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rate per square foot on comparable properties or the market rate by more than 5 percent.

Section 67. 16.848 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.848 (2) (g) Subsection (1) does not apply to property that is subject to sale by the department of veterans affairs under s. 45.32 (7), 2017 stats.

SECTION 68. 16.848 (4) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 16.848 (4) (ag) and amended to read:

16.848 (4) (ag) Except as provided in s. 13.48 (14) (e), if there is any outstanding public debt used to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of any property that is sold or leased under sub. (1), the department shall deposit a sufficient amount of the net proceeds from the sale or lease of the property in the bond security and redemption fund under s. 18.09 to repay the principal and pay the interest on the debt, and any premium due upon refunding redeeming any of the debt, except that the department may deposit some or all of the net proceeds, not to exceed the amount the department would have deposited in the bond security and redemption fund, in the capital improvement fund for use as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em) for a project enumerated under the authorized state building program that is within the same statutory bond purpose as the property sold or leased under sub. (1). If there is any outstanding public debt used to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of any property that is sold or leased under sub. (1), the department shall then provide a sufficient amount of the net proceeds from the sale or lease of the property for the costs of maintaining federal tax law compliance applicable to the debt. If the property was acquired, constructed, or improved with federal financial assistance, the department shall pay to the federal government any of the net proceeds required by federal law. If the property was

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acquired by gift or grant or acquired with gift or grant funds, the department shall adhere to any restriction governing use of the proceeds. Except as required under ss. 13.48 (14) (e), 20.395 (9) (qd), and 51.06 (6), if there is no such debt outstanding, there are no moneys payable to the federal government, and there is no restriction governing use of the proceeds, and if the net proceeds exceed the amount required to be deposited, paid, or used for another purpose under this subsection, the department shall use the net proceeds or remaining net proceeds to pay principal and interest costs on outstanding public debt issued to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of property, except that the department may deposit some or all of the net proceeds in the capital improvement fund for use as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em) for a project enumerated under the authorized state building program that is within the same statutory bond purpose as the property sold or leased under sub. (1). If any net proceeds remain thereafter, the department shall use the proceeds to pay principal and interest costs on other outstanding public debt, except that the department may deposit some or all of the net proceeds in the capital improvement fund for use as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em) for any statutory bond purpose.

SECTION 69. 16.848 (4) (ab) of the statutes is created to read:

16.848 (4) (ab) In this subsection, "statutory bond purpose" has the meaning given in s. 13.48 (14) (a) 2.

Section 70. 16.848 (4) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

16.848 (4) (am) If, under par. (ag), the department deposits an amount in the capital improvement fund for use as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em), the amount of public debt that may be contracted under the statutory bond purpose for which the amount deposited under par. (ag) is used as a substitute source

1 of funding shall be reduced by the amount used as a substitute source of funding for $\mathbf{2}$ that statutory bond purpose. 3 **Section 71.** 16.848 (4) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 16.848 (4) (b) (intro.) For the purpose of paying principal and interest costs on 5 other outstanding public debt under par. (a) (ag), the secretary may cause 6 outstanding bonds to be called for redemption on or following their optional 7 redemption date, establish one or more escrow accounts to redeem bonds at their 8 optional redemption date, or purchase bonds in the open market. For the purpose of 9 using an amount deposited under par. (ag) as a substitute source of funding under 10 s. 20.924 (1) (em), the department shall determine which projects to fund and shall 11 authorize expenditures for those projects. To the extent practical, the secretary shall 12 consider all of the following in determining which public debt to redeem, whether to 13 use any net proceeds as a substitute source of funding under s. 20.924 (1) (em), and 14 which projects to fund: 15 **SECTION 72.** 16.848 (4) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read: 16 16.848 (4) (b) 4. The fiscal benefit of redeeming outstanding debt with higher 17 interest costs and the costs of establishing an escrow needed to redeem the 18 outstanding debt. 19 **Section 73.** 16.848 (4) (b) 5. of the statutes is amended to read: 16.848 (4) (b) 5. The costs of maintaining federal tax law compliance in the 20 21selection of general obligation debt to be redeemed or the project to be financed under s. 20.924 (1) (em). 22 23 **SECTION 74.** 16.848 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 2416.848 (4) (c) If there are any outstanding revenue obligations, issued pursuant

to subch. II of ch. 18, used to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement

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of any property that is sold or leased under sub. (1), the department shall adhere to any restrictions in the authorizing resolution of the revenue obligations governing the use of the proceeds. To the extent the authorizing resolution does not restrict such use, the department shall deposit a sufficient amount of the net proceeds from the sale or lease of the property in the respective redemption fund provided under s. 18.561 (5) or 18.562 (3) to repay the principal and pay the interest on the revenue obligations, and any premium due upon refunding redeeming any of the revenue obligations, or shall deposit an amount in the appropriate fund under s. 18.57 or apply the amount for a purpose for which similar revenue obligations may be issued under s. 18.53 (3) or (4). If there are any outstanding revenue obligations, issued pursuant to subch. II of ch. 18, used to finance the acquisition, construction, or improvement of any property that is sold or leased under sub. (1), the department shall then provide a sufficient amount of the net proceeds from the sale or lease of the property for the costs of maintaining federal tax law compliance applicable to the revenue obligations. For the purpose of paying principal and interest costs on other outstanding revenue obligations, the secretary may cause outstanding revenue obligations to be called for redemption on or following their optional redemption date, establish one or more escrow accounts to redeem obligations at their optional redemption date, or purchase bonds on the open market. Except as required under ss. 13.48 (14) (e), 20.395 (9) (qd), and 51.06 (6), if the net proceeds exceed the amount required to be deposited, paid, or used for another purpose under this paragraph, the department shall use the net proceeds or remaining net proceeds to pay principal and interest costs on other similar revenue obligations or for a purpose for which similar revenue obligations may be issued under s. 18.53 (3) or (4).

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SECTION 75. 16.848 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

1	16.848 (4) (d) If under par. (c) the department deposits net proceeds into an
2	appropriate fund provided in s. 18.57 or applies net proceeds for a purpose for which
3	revenue obligations may be issued, the amount of revenue obligations authorized
4	under s. 18.54 (2) shall be reduced by the amount deposited or applied.
5	SECTION 76. 16.855 (1p) of the statutes is repealed.
6	SECTION 77. 16.954 of the statutes is created to read:
7	16.954 Office of sustainability and clean energy. (1) Definitions. In this
8	section:
9	(a) "Office" means the office of sustainability and clean energy.
10	(b) "Public utility" has the meaning given in s. 196.01 (5).
11	(2) Initiatives. The office shall work on initiatives that have the following
12	goals:
13	(a) Promoting the development and use of clean and renewable energy across
14	this state.
15	(b) Advancing innovative sustainability solutions in ways that improve this
16	state's economy and environment, including energy initiatives that reduce carbon
17	emissions, accelerate economic growth, and lower customer energy costs.
18	(c) Diversifying the resources used to reliably meet the energy needs of
19	consumers in this state and generate family-supporting jobs through the expansion
20	of this state's clean energy economy.
21	(3) OTHER DUTIES. The office shall do all of the following:
22	(b) Provide advice and support to state agencies in developing or retrofitting
23	sustainable infrastructure to reduce energy use and lessen negative impacts on this
24	state's air and water quality.

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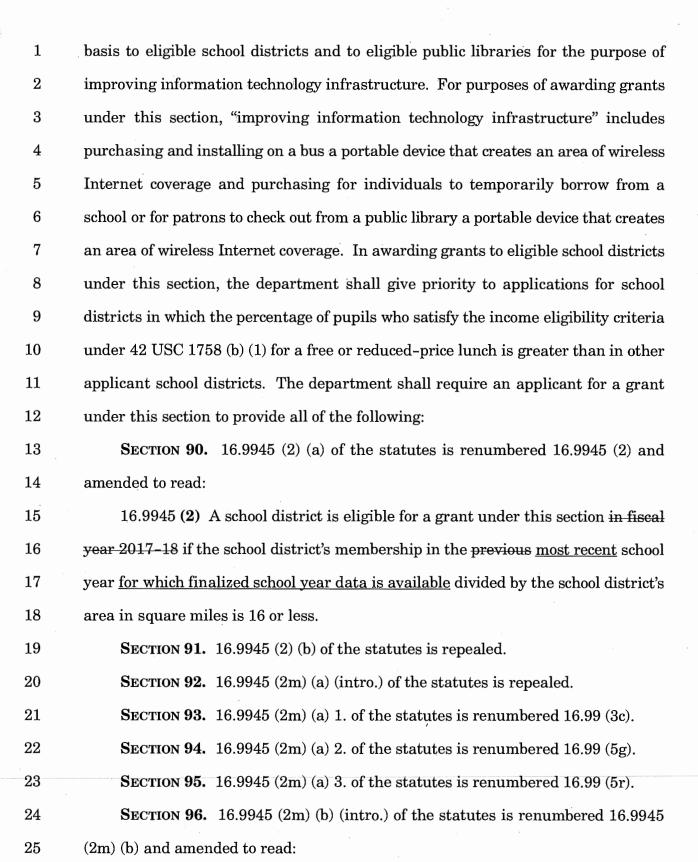
(c) Study and report on the status of existing clean and renewable energy efforts by the state, including economic development initiatives, and develop future energy policy opportunities for consideration by the governor and state agencies.

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- (d) Serve as a single point of contact to assist businesses, local units of government, and nongovernmental organizations that are pursuing clean energy opportunities.
- (e) Identify and share information about clean energy funding opportunities for private, and state and local governmental entities.
- (f) Perform duties necessary to maintain federal energy funding and any designations required for such funding.
- (i) Take other steps necessary to facilitate the implementation of the initiatives and goals specified in sub. (2) and to identify and address barriers to the implementation of those initiatives.
- (4) CLEAN ENERGY GRANTS. The office shall establish a program for making grants from the appropriation under s. 20.505 (4) (q) to fund research in support of clean energy production.
- (5) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE. (a) The office may provide technical assistance to units of government other than the state to assist in the planning and implementation of energy efficiency and renewable resources and may charge for those services. The office may request technical and staff assistance from other state agencies in providing technical assistance to those units of government.
- (b) The office may require a public utility to provide energy billing and use data regarding public schools, if the office determines that the data is necessary to provide technical assistance under par. (a) in public schools, including those with the highest energy costs.

1	(c) The office shall consult with the public service commission in implementing
2	this subsection.
3	SECTION 78. 16.956 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	16.956 (2) AUTHORITY. Beginning on July 1, 2006, and ending on June 30, 2020,
5	the The department may award a grant to an eligible applicant for the purchase and
6	field testing of one or more idling reduction units as provided in subs. (3) and (4).
7	SECTION 79. 16.956 (4) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	16.956 (4) (cm) Subject to par. (d), the department may make grants under this
9	section from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2020, of 50 percent of the eligible costs for an
10	idling reduction unit installed on a truck tractor, unless the department has
11	previously awarded a grant under this section for an idling reduction unit installed
12	on the truck tractor.
13	SECTION 80. 16.956 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
14	SECTION 81. 16.969 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 196.492 (title).
15	SECTION 82. 16.969 (1) (intro.) and (b) of the statutes are consolidated,
16	renumbered 196.492 (1) and amended to read:
17	196.492(1) In this section: (b) "High-voltage, "high-voltage transmission line"
18	means a high-voltage transmission line, as defined in s. 196.491 (1) (f), that is
19	designed for operation at a nominal voltage of 345 kilovolts or more.
20	SECTION 83. 16.969 (1) (a) of the statutes is repealed.
21	SECTION 84. 16.969 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 196.492 (2), and 196.492
22	(2) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:
23	196.492 (2) (intro.) The department commission shall promulgate rules that
24	require a person who is issued a certificate of public convenience and necessity by the

1	commission under s. 196.491 (3) for a high-voltage transmission line to pay the
2	department commission the following fees:
3	SECTION 85. 16.969 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 196.492 (3), and 196.492
4	(3) (a) and (b) 1. and 2., as renumbered, are amended to read:
5	196.492 (3) (a) The department commission shall distribute the fees that are
6	paid by a person under the rules promulgated under sub. (2) (a) to each town, village
7	and city that is identified by the commission under s. 196.491 (3) (gm) in proportion
8 -	to the amount of investment that is allocated by the commission under s. 196.491 (3)
9	(gm) to each such town, village and city.
10	(b) 1. The department commission shall pay 50 percent of the fee to each county
11	that is identified by the commission under s. 196.491 (3) (gm) in proportion to the
12	amount of investment that is allocated by the commission under s. 196.491 (3) (gm)
13	to each such county.
14	2. The department commission shall pay 50 percent of the fee to each town,
15	village and city that is identified by the commission under s. 196.491 (3) (gm) in
16	proportion to the amount of investment that is allocated by the commission under
17	s. 196.491 (3) (gm) to each such town, village and city.
18	SECTION 86. 16.969 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 196.492 (4).
19	SECTION 87. 16.99 (3r) of the statutes is created to read:
20	16.99 (3r) "Rural territory" means any territory, population, and housing units
21	located outside urbanized areas or urban clusters.
22	SECTION 88. 16.99 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
23	SECTION 89. 16.9945 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	16.9945 (1) Competitive grants. (intro.) In fiscal years 2017-18 and, 2018-19,
25	2019-20, and 2020-21, the department may annually award grants on a competitive



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	16.9945 (2m) (b) A public library, including the branch of a public library a
	library branch, is eligible for a grant under this section in fiscal year 2017–18 or in
;	fiscal year 2018–19 or in both fiscal years if the population of the municipality within
	which the library or branch of the library library branch is located, as determined
	in the first year of the fiscal biennium, is 20,000 or less and if the public library or
	branch library branch is located in one of the following areas of the state: a rural
	territory.
٠	SECTION 97. 16.9945 (2m) (b) 1. to 3. of the statutes are repealed.
	Section 98. 16.9945 (2m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
	16.9945 (2m) (c) A consortium of public libraries is eligible for a grant under
	this section and a public library system is eligible for a grant under this section if all
4	of the following apply:
	1. Either of the following applies:
	a. The consortium consists of 3 or more eligible public libraries or library
	branches.
	b. The public library system contains 3 or more eligible public libraries or
	library branches.
	2. The consortium or public library system applies for a grant under this
i	section.
	SECTION 99. 16.9945 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
	16.9945 (3) (a) If the membership of the eligible school district, as determined
	in the first year of the fiscal biennium, is fewer than 750 pupils, \$30,000.
	SECTION 100. 16.9945 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	16.9945 (3) (b) If the membership of the eligible school district, as determined
2	in the first year of the fiscal biennium, is 750 pupils to 1,500 pupils, \$40 multiplied
3	by the school district's membership.
4	SECTION 101. 16.9945 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	16.9945 (3) (c) If the membership of the eligible school district, as determined
6	in the first year of the fiscal biennium, is more than 1,500 pupils, \$60,000.
7	Section 102. 16.9945 (3m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	16.9945 (3m) (a) If the population of the municipality within which the eligible
9	public library or branch library branch is located, as determined in the first year of
10	the fiscal biennium, is 2,000 or less, \$5,000.
11	Section 103. 16.9945 (3m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	16.9945 (3m) (b) If the population of the municipality within which the eligible
13	public library or branch <u>library branch</u> is located, as determined in the first year of
14	the fiscal biennium, is at least 2,001 but less than 5,000, \$7,500.
15	SECTION 104. 16.9945 (3m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	16.9945 (3m) (c) If the population of the municipality within which the eligible
17	public library or branch <u>library branch</u> is located, as determined in the first year of
18	the fiscal biennium, is at least 5,000 but less than 20,001, \$10,000.
19	Section 105. 16.9945 (4) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
20	16.9945 (4) Funding Limitation. The department may not award grants under
21	this section that total more than $\$3,000,000$ in the $2019-20$ or $2020-21$ fiscal year.
22	Section 106. 16.9945 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	16.9945 (5) Sunset. The department may not award grants under this section
24	after July 1, 2019 <u>June 30, 2021</u> .
25	SECTION 107. 16.996 of the statutes is repealed.

1	SECTION 106. 10.997 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	16.997 (1) Except as provided in s. 196.218 (4t), the department shall
3	promulgate rules establishing an educational telecommunications access program
4	to provide educational agencies with access to data lines and video links.
5	SECTION 109. 16.997 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	16.997 (2) (a) Allow an educational agency to make a request to the department
7	for access to data lines and video links.
8	SECTION 110. 16.997 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	16.997 (2) (b) Establish eligibility requirements for an educational agency to
10	participate in the program established under sub. (1) and to receive additional
11	telecommunications access under s. 16.998, including a requirement that a charter
12	school sponsor use data lines and video links to benefit pupils attending the charter
13	school and a requirement that Internet access to material that is harmful to children,
14	as defined in s. 948.11 (1) (b), is blocked on the computers of juvenile correctional
15	facilities that are served by data links and video links subsidized under this section.
16	Section 111. 16.997 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	16.997 (2) (c) Establish specifications for data lines and video links for which
18	access is provided to an educational agency under the program established under
19	sub. (1) or for which additional access is provided to an educational agency under s.
20	16.998.
21	Section 112. 16.997 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	16.997 (2) (d) Require an educational agency to pay the department not more
23	than \$250 per month for each data line or video link that is provided to the
24	educational agency under the program established under sub. (1), except that the