### 2019 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-AB56)

For:	Legislative	Fiscal Bureau	Dra	fter:	emueller
By:	Bonderud		Sec	ondary Drafters:	
Date:	6/7/2019	•	May	y Contact:	
Same as	s LRB:				
Request	via email: ter's email: copy (CC) to:	zachary.wyatt( kendra.bonder	egis.wisconsin.gov @legis.wisconsin.g ·ud@legis.wisconsi @legis.wisconsin.go	ov n.gov	
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LFB:	Bonderud -				
Topic:	egulation of nonme	etallic mining at qua	arry operations		
Instruc	etions:				
See atta	ached				
Draftin	ng History:				
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/?	emueller 6/7/2019	aernsttr 6/7/2019			
/P1	emueller 6/10/2019		jmurphy 6/7/2019		
/P2		aernsttr 6/10/2019	mbarman 6/10/2019		
FE Sen	at For:	< <u>I</u>	END>		

Kendra Bondand

under this subsection as emergency rules is necessary for the preservation of public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under these provisions.

- 36. Local Regulation of Nonmetallic Mining at Quarry Operations. Move to incorporate the provisions of LRB 3029/P4 which would limit the authority of political subdivisions to place limits or conditions on the operations of a quarry. A political subdivision would include a county, city, village, or town. The provisions would take effect on the general effective date of the bill, except as specified. Include the following provisions:
  - a. <u>Definitions</u>. Create the following definitions:
- 1. "Quarry" would mean the surface area from which nonmetallic minerals, including soil, clay, sand, gravel, and construction aggregate, that are used primarily for a public works project or a private construction or transportation project, are extracted and processed.
- 2. "Quarry operations" would mean the extraction and processing of minerals at a quarry site and all related activities, including blasting, vehicle and equipment access to the quarry site, and loading and hauling of material to and from the quarry site.
- 3. "Permit" would mean a form of approval granted by a political subdivision for the operation of a quarry.
- 4. "Nonconforming quarry site" would mean land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming use, including any contiguous parcel. The nonconforming status of any contiguous parcel shall be subject to the requirement that, on a five-year rolling average, 75% of the quarry materials extracted from the contiguous parcel shall be used for infrastructure-related projects, as determined by the quarry operator. If this 75% requirement is not met as to any contiguous parcel, the nonconforming status of the contiguous parcel may be suspended. The definition would not preclude a determination that a particular parcel is nonconforming under: (a) the current law definition of a nonconforming use, which means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance; or (b) common law.
- 5. "Contiguous" would mean sharing a common boundary or being separated only by a waterway, section line, public road, private road, transportation right-of-way, or utility right-of-way.
- 6. "Contiguous parcel" would mean any parcel of land, up to a cumulative limit of 80 acres, that as of January 1, 2001, is: (a) contiguous to, and is located in the same political subdivision as, land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming use; (b) is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located; and (c) is shown to have been intended for quarry operations prior to the effective date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming. The provision would specify that if the contiguous parcel of land was commonly owned, leased, or controlled on January 1, 2001, there is a presumption that the contiguous parcel of land was intended for quarry operations prior to the effective date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming.

b. <u>Local Regulation of Quarry Operations</u>. Specify that none of the new provisions may be construed to affect the authority of a political subdivision to regulate land use for a purpose other than the quarry operations, including the provisions related to permits, blasting, water quality or quantity, and air quality. Specify that none of these listed provisions may be construed to exempt a quarry from a regulation of general applicability placed by a political subdivision that applies to other property in the political subdivision that is not a quarry unless the regulation is inconsistent with the included provisions.

Create the following prohibitions and authorizations related to local regulation of quarry operations.

- 1. Except as provided in (2) and (3), authorize a political subdivision to require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations.
- 2. Prohibit a political subdivision from requiring a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations unless, prior to the establishment of quarry operations, the political subdivision enacts an ordinance that requires the permit.
- 3. Prohibit a political subdivision from requiring a quarry operator to obtain a nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations if the quarry operation operates under a previously issued zoning permit.
- 4. Specify that if a political subdivision enacts a nonzoning ordinance regulating the operation of a quarry that was not in effect when quarry operations began at a quarry, the limit would not apply to that quarry or to land that is contiguous to the land on which the quarry is located, is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located, and is located in the same political subdivision.
- 5. Prohibit a political subdivision from adding conditions to a zoning or nonzoning permit during the duration of the permit, unless the permit holder consents.
- 6. Prohibit a political subdivision from enacting an ordinance that prohibits continued quarry operations at a nonconforming quarry site. Continued quarry operations would include conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. This provision would not modify or limit an operator's reclamation obligations under a reclamation permit.
- 7. Specify that, if a political subdivision requires a quarry operator to comply with another political subdivision's ordinance as a condition for obtaining a zoning or nonzoning permit, the political subdivision that grants the permit may not require the quarry operator to comply with a provision of the other political subdivision's ordinance enacted after the permit is granted while the permit is in effect.
- 8. Prohibit a town from requiring, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a county requires in order to grant a permit that is imposed by a county ordinance enacted after the county grants a permit to the quarry operator. Prohibit a county from requiring, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry operator, that the quarry

operator satisfy a condition that a town requires in order to grant a permit that is imposed by a town ordinance enacted after the town grants a permit to the quarry operator.

- c. <u>Local Regulation of Blasting at Quarry Operations</u>. Create the following provisions related to local regulation of blasting at quarries:
- 1. "Affected area" would mean an area within a certain radius of a blasting site that may be affected by a blasting operation, as determined using a formula established by the Department of Safety and Professional Services (DSPS) by rule that takes into account a scaled-distance factor and the weight of explosives to be used. (Administrative code Chapter SPS 307.41 (2) includes a scaled-distance formula calculation. In general, a scaled-distance formula is used to determine the maximum amount of explosives that can be used that ensures safety to structures within a certain distance of the blasting site.)
- 2. Prohibit a political subdivision from limiting blasting at a quarry. Notwithstanding the prohibition, authorize a political subdivision to require the operator of a quarry to do any of the following: (a) provide pre-blast notice of the blasting operation to all political subdivisions in which the quarry is located and owners of dwellings or other structures within the affected area; (b) require that a pre-blast building survey be conducted by a third party on dwellings and other structures within the affected area; (c) require that pre-blasting well surveys and testing be conducted by a third party within the affected area; (d) provide evidence of insurance to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located; (e) provide copies of blasting logs to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located; (f) provide maps of the affected area to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located; and (g) provide copies of any reports submitted to DSPS relating to blasting at the quarry.
- 3. Authorize a political subdivision to suspend a permit for a violation of the state blasting requirements under s. 101.15 of the statutes, and rules promulgated by DSPS related to blasting under s. 101.15 (2)(e), only if DSPS determines that a violation of the requirements or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by DSPS. (Under s. 101.15, DSPS administers rules under Chapter SPS 307, which regulate blasting and use of explosives at nonmetallic mining sites.)
- 4. Prohibit a political subdivision from making or enforcing a local order that limits blasting at a quarry. As an exception to this prohibition, authorize a political subdivision to petition DSPS for an order granting the political subdivision the authority to impose additional restrictions and requirements related to blasting on the operator of a quarry. If DSPS issues the order, the order may grant the political subdivision the authority to impose restrictions and requirements related to blasting at the quarry that are more restrictive than the state blasting requirements under s. 101.15 of the statutes, and DSPS rules promulgated under s. 101.15. Prohibit DSPS from charging a fee for a petition submitted by a political subdivision under this provision. Specify that, if a political subdivision submits a petition to DSPS because of concerns regarding the potential impact of blasting on a qualified historic building, DSPS would be authorized to require the operator of the quarry to pay the costs of an impact study related to the qualified historic building.
- d. <u>Local Regulation of Water Quality and Quantity Related to Quarry Operations.</u> Prohibit a political subdivision from doing any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry: (1)

establish or enforce a water quality standard; (2) issue permits, including permits for discharges to the waters of the state, or any other form of approval related to water quality or quantity; (3) impose any restriction related to water quality or quantity; and (4) impose any requirements related to monitoring water quality or quantity.

Authorize a political subdivision to require the operator of a quarry to conduct and provide water quality and quantity baseline testing and ongoing water quality testing, to occur not more frequently than annually, of all wells within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of a quarry site when a new high-capacity well is added to an existing quarry site or a new quarry site is established. A testing requirement under this provision could not impose any standard that is more stringent than the standards for groundwater quality required by rules promulgated by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR). Authorize the political subdivision to request a report of well testing results within 30 days of the completion of testing and require the quarry operator to provide the results within that time. Specify any person offered the opportunity to have a well tested under this requirement, but who knowingly refuses testing, would waive any claim against a quarry operator related to the condition of the well, if within 90 days of the offer, the quarry operator records with the county Register of Deeds a written certification, verifying under oath that the person owning the property knowingly refused testing. Authorize a political subdivision that imposes a requirement to conduct any ongoing water quality or quantity testing of wells adjacent to existing quarry sites prior to the effective date of the budget act, to continue to do so.

Authorize a political subdivision to enforce properly adopted local water regulations. In addition, authorize a political subdivision to suspend a permit for a quarry operation for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by DNR relating to water quality or quantity, only if DNR determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by DNR.

e. <u>Local Regulation of Air Quality and Fugitive Dust Related to Quarry Operations.</u> Notwithstanding the current authorization in s. 285.73 of the statutes for local governments to administer certain air pollution control programs, prohibit a political subdivision from doing any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry: (1) establish or enforce an ambient air quality standard, standard of performance for a new stationary source, or other emission limitation related to air quality; (2) issue permits or any other form of approval related to air quality; (3) impose any restriction related to air quality; or (4) impose any requirement related to monitoring air quality.

As exceptions to this prohibition, authorize a political subdivision to: (1) take actions related to air quality that are specifically required or authorized by state statute; (2) require the operator of a quarry to use best management practices to limit off-site fugitive dust; (3) enforce properly adopted fugitive dust regulations; or (4) suspend a permit for operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by DNR relating to air quality, only if DNR determines that a violation of state statute or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by DNR.

#### Mueller, Eric

From:

Champagne, Rick

Sent:

Friday, June 07, 2019 11:35 AM

To:

Mueller, Eric; Wyatt, Zachary; Pleviak, Krista

Subject:

FW: LRB 3029 Tweaks

Attachments:

2338\_001.pdf

Can you incorporate the changes in red into 3029 which is the draft used in the motion adopted last night and then be sure it gets into LFB draft. Ok to left LFB know of changes. Thanks.

From: Schwanz, Nathan < Nathan. Schwanz@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Sent: Friday, June 07, 2019 11:25 AM

To: Champagne, Rick < Rick. Champagne@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Subject: LRB 3029 Tweaks

Hi Rick,

The red items in the attachment are changes that need to be incorporated into LRB 3029. Let me know if you have any questions. Thank you.

Nathan Schwanz
Chief of Staff
State Representative John Nygren
Co-Chair, Joint Committee on Finance
608-266-2343



### State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3029/P4 EVM/ZDW/KRP:ahe

#### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

1	$\operatorname{AN}\operatorname{ACT}$ to renumber and amend 59.69 (10) (ab), 60.61 (5) (ab) and 62.23 (7) (ab);
2	and <i>to create</i> 59.69 (10) (ab) 1., 59.69 (10) (ab) 1m., 59.69 (10) (ab) 2., 59.69 (10)
3	(ab) 4., 59.69 (10) (ab) 5., 59.69 (10) (ap), 60.61 (5) (ab) 1., 60.61 (5) (ab) 3., 60.61
4	(5) (ab) 4., 60.61 (5) (as), 62.23 (7) (ab) 1., 62.23 (7) (ab) 3., 62.23 (7) (ab) 4., 62.23
5	(7) (hd), 66.0414 and 101.02 (7y) of the statutes; relating to: local regulation
6	of certain quarry operations.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a subsequent version of this draft.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. 59.69 (10) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 59.69 (10) (ab) (intro.)

  and amended to read:
- 9 59.69 (10) (ab) (intro.) In this subsection "nonconforming use":

3. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.

**SECTION 2.** 59.69 (10) (ab) 1, of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (10) (ab) 1. "Contiguous" means sharing a common boundary or being separated only by a waterway, section line, public road, private road, transportation right-of-way, or utility right-of-way.

**SECTION 3.** 59.69 (10) (ab) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (10) (ab) 1m. "Contiguous parcel" means any parcel of land, up to a cumulative limit of 80 acres, that as of January 1, 2001, is contiguous to and is located in the same political subdivision as, land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming user is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located, and is shown to have been intended for quarry operations prior to the date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming. For purposes of this subdivision, if the contiguous parcel of land was commonly owned, leased, or controlled on January 1, 2001, there is a presumption that the contiguous parcel of land was intended for quarry operations prior to the date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming.

**SECTION 4.** 59.69 (10) (ab) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (10) (ab) 2. "Nonconforming quarry site" means land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming use, including any contiguous parcel. The nonconforming status of any contiguous parcel shall be subject to the requirement that, on a 5 year rolling average, 75 percent of the quarry materials extracted from the contiguous parcel shall be used for

1	infrastructure-related projects, as determined by the quarry operator. If this 75
2	percent requirement is not met as to any contiguous parcel, the nonconforming
3	status of the contiguous parcel may be suspended. This definition does not preclude
4	a determination that a particular parcel of land is nonconforming under subd. 3. or
5	common law.
6	SECTION 5. 59.69 (10) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
7	59.69 (10) (ab) 4. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414 (2) (c).
8	SECTION 6. 59.69 (10) (ab) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
9	59.69 (10) (ab) 5. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414 (2)
10	(d).
11	SECTION 7. 59.69 (10) (ap) of the statutes is created to read:
12	59.69 (10) (ap) Notwithstanding par. (am), an ordinance enacted under this
13	section may not prohibit the continued operation of a quarry at a nonconforming
14	quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the continued operation of a quarry
15	includes conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in
16	which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. Nothing in this section
17	shall be construed as modifying or limiting an operator's reclamation obligations
18	under a reclamation permit.
19	<b>SECTION 8.</b> 60.61 (5) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 60.61 (5) (ab) (intro.)
20	and amended to read:
21	60.61 (5) (ab) (intro.) In this subsection "nonconforming use":
22	2. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
23	existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
24	that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.
25	SECTION 9. 60.61 (5) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
-the!	SECTION 9. 60.61 (5) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:  and, buildings,  prunises, or  prunises, or  full conform. Furny speciations at a month for a  prunises, or  full conform. Furny  prior of 12 months, any  for the ordinance. Furny  for the ordinance.

1	60.61 (5) (ab) 1. "Nonconforming quarry site" has the meaning given in s. 59.69	
2 (	(10) (ab) 2.	
3	SECTION 10. 60.61 (5) (ab) 3. of the statutes is created to read:	
4	60.61 (5) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414 (2) (c).	
5	SECTION 11. 60.61 (5) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:	
6	60.61 (5) (ab) 4. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414 (2)	
7 (	d).	1.7
8	SECTION 12. 60.61 (5) (as) of the statutes is created to read:	K P.3
9	60.61 (5) (as) Notwithstanding par. (am), an ordinance enacted under this	
10 s	ection may not prohibit the continued operation of a quarry at a nonconforming	
11 q	uarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the continued operation of a quarry	
12 i	ncludes conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in	
13 v	which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. (Nothing in †	hot section
14	which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. No thing in the Section 13. 62.23 (7) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 62.23 (7) (ab) (intro.)	shall
15 a	nd amended to read:	Le .
16	62.23 (7) (ab) Definition Definitions. (intro.) In this subsection	ansprud
17 <u>"</u>	nonconforming use":	modifying
18	2. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that	of (a)
19 e	xisted lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but	limiting
20 t	hat does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.	an 1
21	Section 14. 62.23 (7) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:	relaneation of by by
22	62.23 (7) (ab) 1. "Nonconforming quarry site" has the meaning given in s. 59.69	reclamento
23 (	10) (ab) 2.	Ob lizale
24	Section 15. 62.23 (7) (ab) 3. of the statutes is created to read:	under
25	62.23 (7) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414 (2) (c).	reclausath
		technafi

1	SECTION 16. 62.23 (7) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
2	62.23 (7) (ab) 4. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414 (2)
.3	(d).
4	Section 17. 62.23 (7) (hd) of the statutes is created to read:
5	62.23 (7) (hd) Nonconforming quarry sites. Notwithstanding par. (h), an
6	ordinance enacted under this section may not prohibit the continued operation of a
7	quarry at a nonconforming quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the
8	continued operation of a quarry includes conducting quarry operations in an area of
9	a nonconforming quarry site in which quarry operations have not previously been
10	conducted. West v.4
11	SECTION 18. 66.0414 of the statutes is created to read:
12	66.0414 Quarries extracting certain nonmetallic minerals. (1)
13	CONSTRUCTION. (a) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the authority
14	of a political subdivision to regulate land use for a purpose other than quarry
15	operations,
16	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed to exempt a quarry from a
17	regulation of general applicability placed by a political subdivision that applies to
18	other property in the political subdivision that is not a quarry unless the regulation
19	is inconsistent with this section.
20	(2) Definitions. In this section:
21	(a) "Permit" means a form of approval granted by a political subdivision for the
22	operation of a quarry.
23	(b) "Political subdivision" means a city, village, town, or county.
24	(c) "Quarry" means the surface area from which nonmetallic minerals,
25	including soil, clay, sand, gravel, and construction aggregate, that are used primarily

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for	a	public	works	project	or	a	private	construction	or	transportation	project	are
ext	rae	cted ar	nd proc	essed.								

- (d) "Quarry operations" means the extraction and processing of minerals at a quarry and all related activities, including blasting, vehicle and equipment access to the quarry, and loading and hauling of material to and from the quarry.
- (3) Limitations on local regulation. (a) Permits. 1. Consistent with the requirements and limitations in this subsection, except as provided in subd. 2., a political subdivision may require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations. Any such zoning or nonzoning permit requirement shall be subject to the applicable provisions of ss. 59.69 (5e), 60.61 (4e),

and 62.23 (7) (de).

- 2. A political subdivision may not require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations unless prior to the establishment of quarry operations the political subdivision enacts an ordinance that requires the permit. A political subdivision may not require a quarry operator to obtain a nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations if the quarry operation operates under a previously issued zoning permit.
- (b) Applicability of local limit. If a political subdivision enacts a nonzoning ordinance regulating the operation of a quarry that was not in effect when quarry operations began at a quarry, the limit does not apply to that quarry or to land that is contiguous, as defined in s. 59.69 (10) (ab) 1., to the land on which the quarry is non ownership, leasehow, c.

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  nonzoning located, is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located, and is located in the same political subdivision.

1	(c) Blasting. 1. In this paragraph, "affected area" means an area within a
2	certain radius of a blasting site that may be affected by a blasting operation, as
3	determined using a formula established by the department of safety and professional
4	services by rule that takes into account a scaled-distance factor and the weight of
5	explosives to be used.
6	2. Except as provided under subds. 3. and 4., a political subdivision may not
7	limit blasting at a quarry.
8	3. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to do any of the
9	following:
10	a. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, provide notice of the
11	blasting operation to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is
12	located and to owners of dwellings or other structures within the affected area.
13	b. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, cause a 3rd party to
14	conduct a building survey of any dwellings or other structures within the affected
15.	area.
16	c. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, cause a 3rd party to
17	conduct a survey of and test any wells within the affected area.
18	d. Provide evidence of insurance to each political subdivision in which any part
19	of the quarry is located.
20	e. Provide copies of blasting logs to each political subdivision in which any part
21	of the quarry is located.
22	f. Provide maps of the affected area to each political subdivision in which any
23	part of the quarry is located.
24	g. Provide copies of any reports submitted to the department of safety and
25	professional services relating to blasting at the quarry.

5.

- SECTION 18
- 4. A political subdivision may suspend a permit for a violation of the requirements under s. 101.15 relating to blasting and rules promulgated by the department of safety and professional services under s. 101.15 (2) (e) relating to blasting only if the department of safety and professional services determines that a violation of the requirements or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation as determined by the department of safety and professional services.
- (d) Water quality or quantity. 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. to 5., a political subdivision may not do any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry:
  - a. Establish or enforce a water quality standard.
- b. Issue permits, including permits for discharges to the waters of the state, or any other form of approval related to water quality or quantity.
  - c. Impose any restriction related to water quality or quantity.
  - d. Impose any requirements related to monitoring of water quality or quantity.
- 2. A political subdivision may take actions related to water quality that are specifically required or authorized by state law.
- 3. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to conduct and provide water quality and quantity baseline testing and ongoing quality testing, to occur not more frequently than annually, of all wells within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of a quarry site when a new high capacity well is added to an existing quarry site or a new quarry site is established. A testing requirement under this subdivision may not impose any standard that is more stringent than the standards for groundwater quality required by rules promulgated by the department of natural resources. The political subdivision may request a report of well testing results within 30 days of the completion of testing, and the quarry operator shall provide the

- results within that time. Any person offered the opportunity to have a well tested under this subdivision but who knowingly refuses testing waives any claim against a quarry operator related to the condition of the well if, within 90 days of the offer, the quarry operator records with the register of deeds for the county in which the well is located a written and sworn certification that the person refused the offer.
- 4. A political subdivision that imposes a requirement to conduct any ongoing water quality or quantity testing of wells adjacent to an existing quarry prior to the effective date of this subdivision .... [LRB inserts date], may continue to do so.
- 5. In addition to the ability to enforce properly adopted local regulations as allowed by this section, a political subdivision may suspend a permit authorizing the operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by the department of natural resources relating to water quality or quantity only if the department of natural resources determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by the department of natural resources.
- (e) *Air quality.* 1. Notwithstanding s. 285.73, and except as provided under subds. 2. to 4., a political subdivision may not do any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry:
- a. Establish or enforce an ambient air quality standard, standard of performance for new stationary sources, or other emission limitation related to air quality.
  - b. Issue permits or any other form of approval related to air quality.
  - c. Impose any restriction related to air quality.
- d. Impose any requirement related to monitoring air quality.

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- 2. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to use best management practices to limit off-site fugitive dust and may enforce properly adopted fugitive dust regulations.
- 3. A political subdivision may take actions related to air quality that are specifically required or authorized by state law.
- 4. In addition to the ability to enforce properly adopted local regulations as allowed by this section, a political subdivision may suspend a permit authorizing the operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by the department of natural resources relating to air quality only if the department of natural resources determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by the department of natural resources.
- (f) Quarry permit requirements. 1. A political subdivision may not add a condition to a permit during the duration of the permit unless the permit holder consents.
- 2. If a political subdivision requires a quarry to comply with another political subdivision's ordinance as a condition for obtaining a permit, the political subdivision that grants the permit may not require the quarry operator to comply with a provision of the other political subdivision's ordinance that is enacted after the permit is granted and while the permit is in effect.
- 3. a. A town may not require, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a county requires in order to grant a permit that is imposed by a county ordinance enacted after the county grants a permit to the quarry operator.

1	b. A county may not require, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry
2	operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a town requires in order
3	to grant a permit that is imposed by a town ordinance enacted after the town grants
4	a permit to the quarry operator.
5	SECTION 19. 101.02 (7y) of the statutes is created to read:
6	101.02 (7y) (a) In this subsection, "quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414
7	(2) (c).
8	(b) Notwithstanding sub. (7) (a), and except as provided in this subsection and
9	s. 66.0414 (3) (c), no city, village, town, or county may make or enforce a local order
10	that limits blasting at a quarry.
11	(c) A city, village, town, or county may petition the department for an order
12	granting the city, village, town, or county the authority to impose additional
13	restrictions and requirements related to blasting on the operator of a quarry. If a city,
14	village, town, or county submits a petition under this paragraph because of concerns
15	regarding the potential impact of blasting on a qualified historic building, as defined
16	in s. 101.121 (2) (c), the department may require the operator of the quarry to pay
17	the costs of an impact study related to the qualified historic building.
18	(d) If the department issues an order under this subsection, the order may
19	grant the city, village, town, or county the authority to impose restrictions and
20	requirements related to blasting at the quarry that are more restrictive than the
21	requirements under s. 101.15 related to blasting and rules promulgated by the
22	department under s. 101.15 (2) (e) related to blasting.

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connection with a petition submitted under par. (c).

(e) The department may not charge a fee to a city, village, town, or county in



### State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE



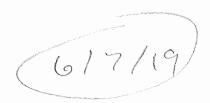


### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



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1	AN ACT to renumber and amend 59.69 (10) (ab), 60.61 (5) (ab) and 62.23 (7) (ab);
2	and to create 59.69 (10) (ab) 1., 59.69 (10) (ab) 1m., 59.69 (10) (ab) 2., 59.69 (10)
3	(ab) 4., 59.69 (10) (ab) 5., 59.69 (10) (ap), 60.61 (5) (ab) 1., 60.61 (5) (ab) 3., 60.61
4	(5) (ab) 4., 60.61 (5) (as), 62.23 (7) (ab) 1., 62.23 (7) (ab) 3., 62.23 (7) (ab) 4., 62.23
5	(7) (hd), 66.0414 and 101.02 (7y) of the statutes; relating to: local regulation
6	of certain quarry operations.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a subsequent version of this draft.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION (1. 59.69 (10) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 59.69 (10) (ab) (intro.) and amended to read:

59.69 (10) (ab) (intro.) In this subsection "nonconforming use":

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1	3. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
2	existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
3	that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.
4	SECTION 2. 59.69 (10) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
5	59.69 (10) (ab) 1. "Contiguous" means sharing a common boundary or being
6	separated only by a waterway, section line, public road, private road, transportation
7	right-of-way, or utility right-of-way.
8	SECTION 3. 59.69 (10) (ab) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:
9	59.69 (10) (ab) 1m. "Contiguous parcel" means any parcel of land, up to a
(10)	cumulative limit of 80 acres, that as of January 1, 2001, is contiguous to, and is
11	located in the same political subdivision as land on which a quarry existed lawfully
12	before the quarry became a nonconforming use is under the common ownership,
13	leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the
(14)	quarry is located; and is shown to have been intended for quarry operations prior to
( <u>15</u> )	the date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming. For purposes of this
16	subdivision, if the contiguous parcel of land was commonly owned, leased, or
17	controlled on January 1, 2001, there is a presumption that the contiguous parcel of
18	land was intended for quarry operations prior to the date of the ordinance that
19	rendered the use nonconforming.
<b>(20</b> )	SECTION (\$\frac{1}{2}59.69 (10) (ab) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
$\overset{\smile}{21}$	59.69 (10) (ab) 2. "Nonconforming quarry site" means land on which a quarry

59.69 (10) (ab) 2. "Nonconforming quarry site" means land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming use, including any contiguous parcel. The nonconforming status of any contiguous parcel shall be subject to the requirement that, on a 5 year rolling average, 75 percent of the quarry materials extracted from the contiguous parcel shall be used for

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infrastructure-related projects, as determined by the quarry operator. If this 75
percent requirement is not met as to any contiguous parcel, the nonconforming
status of the contiguous parcel may be suspended. This definition does not preclude
a determination that a particular parcel of land is nonconforming under subd. 3. or
common law.
SECTION 5. 59.69 (10) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
59.69 (10) (ab) 4. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414 (2) (c).
SECTION 6. 59.69 (10) (ab) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
59.69 (10) (ab) 5. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. $66.0414$ (2)
(d).
Section 5. 59.69 (10) (ap) of the statutes is created to read:
59.69 (10) (ap) Notwithstanding par. (am), an ordinance enacted under this
section may not prohibit the continued operation of a quarry at a nonconforming
quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the continued operation of a quarry
includes conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in
which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. Nothing in this section
shall be construed as modifying or limiting an operator's reclamation obligations
under a reclamation permit.
SECTION 8. 60.61 (5) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 60.61 (5) (ab) (intro.)
and amended to read:
60.61 (5) (ab) (intro.) In this subsection "nonconforming use":
2. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.
SECTION 9. 60.61 (5) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

1	60.61 (5) (ab) 1. "Nonconforming quarry site" has the meaning given in s. 59.69
2	(10) (ab) 2.
3	SECTION 10. 60.61 (5) (ab) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
4	60.61 (5) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. $66.0414$ (2) (c).
5	SECTION (1). 60.61 (5) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
6	60.61 (ab) 4. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. $66.0414$ (2)
7	(d).
8	SECTION 12. 60.61 (5) (as) of the statutes is created to read:
9	60.61 (5) (as) Notwithstanding par. (am), an ordinance enacted under this
10	section may not prohibit the continued operation of a quarry at a nonconforming
11	quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the continued operation of a quarry
12	includes conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in
(13)	which quarry operations have not previously been conducted.  (**Section** 62.23** (7) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 62.23** (7) (ab) (intro.)
(14)	Section 13. 62.23 (7) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 62.23 (7) (ab) (intro.)
15	and amended to read:
16	62.23 (7) (ab) Definition Definitions. (intro.) In this subsection
17	"nonconforming use":
18	2. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
19	existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
20	that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.
$\widehat{21}$	SECTION (14). 62.23 (7) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
22	62.23 (7) (ab) 1. "Nonconforming quarry site" has the meaning given in s. 59.69
23	(10) (ab) 2.
(24)	(10) (ab) 2.  SECTION 15. 62.23 (7) (ab) 3. of the statutes is created to read:  62.23 (7) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414)(2) (c).
$\sqrt{25}$	62.23 (7) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. (66.0414)(2) (c).

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SECTION 16

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$\bigcirc$	SECTION (6) 62.23 (7) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
<b>2</b>	62.23 (7) (ab) 4. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. $66.0414$ (2)
3	(d).
4	SECTION (7). 62.23 (7) (hd) of the statutes is created to read:
5	62.23 (7) (hd) Nonconforming quarry sites. Notwithstanding par. (h), an
6	ordinance enacted under this section may not prohibit the continued operation of a
7	quarry at a nonconforming quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the
8	continued operation of a quarry includes conducting quarry operations in an area of
9	a nonconforming quarry site in which quarry operations have not previously been
(10)	conducted. ", 977M  "SECTION 18. 66,0414 of the statutes is created to read:
(11)	" SECTION 18. 66.0414 of the statutes is created to read:
(12)	66.0414 Quarries extracting certain nonmetallic minerals. (1)
13	CONSTRUCTION. (a) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the authority
14	of a political subdivision to regulate land use for a purpose other than quarry
15	operations.
16	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed to exempt a quarry from a
17	regulation of general applicability placed by a political subdivision that applies to
18	other property in the political subdivision that is not a quarry unless the regulation
19	is inconsistent with this section.
20	(2) Definitions. In this section:
21	(a) "Permit" means a form of approval granted by a political subdivision for the
22	operation of a quarry.
23	(b) "Political subdivision" means a city, village, town, or county.

"Quarry" means the surface area from which nonmetallic minerals,

including soil, clay, sand, gravel, and construction aggregate, that are used primarily

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(10)

or a public works project or a private construction or transportation project a	ıre
xtracted and processed.	

- (d) "Quarry operations" means the extraction and processing of minerals at a quarry and all related activities, including blasting, vehicle and equipment access to the quarry, and loading and hauling of material to and from the quarry.
- (3) LIMITATIONS ON LOCAL REGULATION. (a) *Permits*. 1. Consistent with the requirements and limitations in this subsection, except as provided in subd. 2., a political subdivision may require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations. Any such zoning or nonzoning permit requirement shall be subject to the applicable provisions of ss. 59.69 (5e), 60.61 (4e), and 62.23 (7) (de).
- 2. A political subdivision may not require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations unless prior to the establishment of quarry operations the political subdivision enacts an ordinance that requires the permit. A political subdivision may not require a quarry operator to obtain a nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations if the quarry operation operates under a previously issued zoning permit.
- (b) Applicability of local limit. If a political subdivision enacts a nonzoning ordinance regulating the operation of a quarry that was not in effect when quarry operations began at a quarry, the limit does not apply to that quarry or to land that is contiguous, as defined in s. 59.69 (10) (ab) 1., to the land on which the quarry is located, is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located, and is located in the same political subdivision.

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1	(c) Blasting. 1. In this paragraph, "affected area" means an area within a
2	certain radius of a blasting site that may be affected by a blasting operation, as
3	determined using a formula established by the department of safety and professional
4	services by rule that takes into account a scaled-distance factor and the weight of
5	explosives to be used.
6	2. Except as provided under subds. 3. and 4., a political subdivision may not
7	limit blasting at a quarry.
8	3. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to do any of the
9	following:
10	a. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, provide notice of the
11	blasting operation to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is
12	located and to owners of dwellings or other structures within the affected area.
13	b. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, cause a 3rd party to
14	conduct a building survey of any dwellings or other structures within the affected
15	area.
16	c. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, cause a 3rd party to
17	conduct a survey of and test any wells within the affected area.
18	d. Provide evidence of insurance to each political subdivision in which any part
19	of the quarry is located.
20	e. Provide copies of blasting logs to each political subdivision in which any part
21	of the quarry is located.
22	f. Provide maps of the affected area to each political subdivision in which any
23	part of the quarry is located.

g. Provide copies of any reports submitted to the department of safety and

professional services relating to blasting at the quarry.

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4. A political subdivision may suspend a permit for a violation of the
requirements under s. 101.15 relating to blasting and rules promulgated by the
department of safety and professional services under s. 101.15 (2) (e) relating to
blasting only if the department of safety and professional services determines that
a violation of the requirements or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the
violation as determined by the department of safety and professional services.

- (d) Water quality or quantity. 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. to 5., a political subdivision may not do any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry:
  - a. Establish or enforce a water quality standard.
- b. Issue permits, including permits for discharges to the waters of the state, or any other form of approval related to water quality or quantity.
  - c. Impose any restriction related to water quality or quantity.
  - d. Impose any requirements related to monitoring of water quality or quantity.
- 2. A political subdivision may take actions related to water quality that are specifically required or authorized by state law.
- 3. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to conduct and provide water quality and quantity baseline testing and ongoing quality testing, to occur not more frequently than annually, of all wells within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of a quarry site when a new high capacity well is added to an existing quarry site or a new quarry site is established. A testing requirement under this subdivision may not impose any standard that is more stringent than the standards for groundwater quality required by rules promulgated by the department of natural resources. The political subdivision may request a report of well testing results within 30 days of the completion of testing, and the quarry operator shall provide the

- results within that time. Any person offered the opportunity to have a well tested under this subdivision but who knowingly refuses testing waives any claim against a quarry operator related to the condition of the well if, within 90 days of the offer, the quarry operator records with the register of deeds for the county in which the well is located a written and sworn certification that the person refused the offer.
- 4. A political subdivision that imposes a requirement to conduct any ongoing water quality or quantity testing of wells adjacent to an existing quarry prior to the effective date of this subdivision .... [LRB inserts date], may continue to do so.
- 5. In addition to the ability to enforce properly adopted local regulations as allowed by this section, a political subdivision may suspend a permit authorizing the operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by the department of natural resources relating to water quality or quantity only if the department of natural resources determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by the department of natural resources.
- (e) Air quality. 1. Notwithstanding s. 285.73, and except as provided under subds. 2. to 4., a political subdivision may not do any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry:
- a. Establish or enforce an ambient air quality standard, standard of performance for new stationary sources, or other emission limitation related to air quality.
  - b. Issue permits or any other form of approval related to air quality.
- c. Impose any restriction related to air quality.
- d. Impose any requirement related to monitoring air quality.

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- 2. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to use best management practices to limit off-site fugitive dust and may enforce properly adopted fugitive dust regulations.
- 3. A political subdivision may take actions related to air quality that are specifically required or authorized by state law.
- 4. In addition to the ability to enforce properly adopted local regulations as allowed by this section, a political subdivision may suspend a permit authorizing the operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by the department of natural resources relating to air quality only if the department of natural resources determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by the department of natural resources.
- (f) Quarry permit requirements. 1. A political subdivision may not add a condition to a permit during the duration of the permit unless the permit holder consents.
- 2. If a political subdivision requires a quarry to comply with another political subdivision's ordinance as a condition for obtaining a permit, the political subdivision that grants the permit may not require the quarry operator to comply with a provision of the other political subdivision's ordinance that is enacted after the permit is granted and while the permit is in effect.
- 3. a. A town may not require, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a county requires in order to grant a permit that is imposed by a county ordinance enacted after the county grants a permit to the quarry operator.

b. A county may not require, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry
operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a town requires in order
to grant a permit that is imposed by a town ordinance enacted after the town grants
a permit to the quarry operator. Section 19. 101.02 (7y) of the statutes is created to read:
101.02 (7y) (a) In this subsection, "quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.0414)
(2) (c).
(b) Notwithstanding sub. (7) (a), and except as provided in this subsection and
s. 66.0414 (3) (c), no city, village, town, or county may make or enforce a local order
that limits blasting at a quarry.
(c) A city, village, town, or county may petition the department for an order
granting the city, village, town, or county the authority to impose additional
restrictions and requirements related to blasting on the operator of a quarry. If a city,
village, town, or county submits a petition under this paragraph because of concerns
regarding the potential impact of blasting on a qualified historic building, as defined
in s. 101.121 (2) (c), the department may require the operator of the quarry to pay
the costs of an impact study related to the qualified historic building.
(d) If the department issues an order under this subsection, the order may
grant the city, village, town, or county the authority to impose restrictions and
requirements related to blasting at the quarry that are more restrictive than the
requirements under s. 101.15 related to blasting and rules promulgated by the
department under s. 101.15 (2) (e) related to blasting.
(e) The department may not charge a fee to a city, village, town, or county in

connection with a petition submitted under par. (c).  $^{\checkmark}$ 

## ...:...

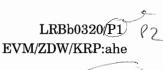
FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

2019-2020 DRAFTING INSERT

1	INS A
2	
3	If quarry operations at a nonconforming quarry site are discontinued for a
4	period of 12 months, any future use of the land, buildings, premises, or structures
5	shall conform to the ordinance.
6	
7	INS B
8	
9	Nothing in this section shall be construed as modifying or limiting an operator's
10	reclamation obligations under a reclamation permit.
11	
12	INS C
13	
14	and is shown to have been intended for quarry operations prior to the effective
15	date of the nonzoning ordinance



### State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE



(RMR)

LFB:.....Bonderud - Local regulation of nonmetallic mining at quarry operations

#### FOR 2019-2021 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

#### ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT,

#### TO ASSEMBLY BILL 56

6/10/19

1 At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows: **1.** Page 563, line 4: after that line insert:  $\mathbf{2}$ **SECTION 760c.** 59.69 (10) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 59.69 (10) (ab) 3 4 (intro.) and amended to read: 59.69 (10) (ab) (intro.) In this subsection "nonconforming use": 5 3. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that 6 existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but 7 8 that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.

**Section 760g.** 59.69 (10) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

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59.69 (10) (ab) 1. "Contiguous" means sharing a common boundary or being separated only by a waterway, section line, public road, private road, transportation right-of-way, or utility right-of-way.

**SECTION 760k.** 59.69 (10) (ab) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (10) (ab) 1m. "Contiguous parcel" means any parcel of land, up to a cumulative limit of 80 acres, that, as of January 1, 2001, is contiguous to and is located in the same political subdivision as land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming use, is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located, and is shown to have been intended for quarry operations prior to the effective date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming. For purposes of this subdivision, if the contiguous parcel of land was commonly owned, leased, or controlled on January 1, 2001, there is a presumption that the contiguous parcel of land was intended for quarry operations prior to the effective date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming.

**Section 760p.** 59.69 (10) (ab) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (10) (ab) 2. "Nonconforming quarry site" means land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming use, including any contiguous parcel. The nonconforming status of any contiguous parcel shall be subject to the requirement that, on a 5 year rolling average, 75 percent of the quarry  $_{
m the}$ contiguous parcel shall be used for materials extracted from infrastructure-related projects, as determined by the quarry operator. If this 75 percent requirement is not met as to any contiguous parcel, the nonconforming status of the contiguous parcel may be suspended. This definition does not preclude

1	a determination that a particular parcel of land is nonconforming under subd. 3. or
2	common law.
3	SECTION 760t. 59.69 (10) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
4	59.69 (10) (ab) 4. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.04135 (2) (c).
5	SECTION 760w. 59.69 (10) (ab) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
6	59.69 (10) (ab) 5. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. $66.04135$ (2)
7	(d).
8	Section 760y. 59.69 (10) (ap) of the statutes is created to read:
9	59.69 (10) (ap) Notwithstanding par. (am), an ordinance enacted under this
10	section may not prohibit the continued operation of a quarry at a nonconforming
11	quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the continued operation of a quarry
12	includes conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in
<b>13</b> )	which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. If quarry operations
(14)	at a nonconforming quarry site are discontinued for a period of $12\mathrm{months}$ , any future
15	use of the land, buildings, premises, or structures shall conform to the ordinance.
16	Nothing in this section shall be construed as modifying or limiting an operator's
17	reclamation obligations under a reclamation permit.".
18	2. Page 563, line 5: after that line insert:
19	"Section 761c. 60.61 (5) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 60.61 (5) (ab)
20	(intro.) and amended to read:
21	60.61 (5) (ab) (intro.) In this subsection "nonconforming use":
22	2. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
23	existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
24	that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.

**Section 761e.** 60.61 (5) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read: 1  $\mathbf{2}$ 60.61 (5) (ab) 1. "Nonconforming quarry site" has the meaning given in s. 59.69 3 (10) (ab) 2. 4 **Section 761g.** 60.61 (5) (ab) 3. of the statutes is created to read: 60.61 (5) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.04135 (2) (c). 5 6 **Section 761k.** 60.61 (5) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read: 7 60.61 (5) (ab) 4. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. 66.04135 (2) 8 (d). **Section 761p.** 60.61 (5) (as) of the statutes is created to read: 9 60.61 (5) (as) Notwithstanding par. (am), an ordinance enacted under this 10 11 section may not prohibit the continued operation of a quarry at a nonconforming 12 quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the continued operation of a quarry 13 includes conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in 14 which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. Nothing in this section 15 shall be construed as modifying or limiting an operator's reclamation obligations under a reclamation permit.". 16 **3.** Page 564, line 12: after that line insert: 17 18 **"Section 766c.** 62.23 (7) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 62.23 (7) (ab) (intro.) and amended to read: 19 62.23 **(7)** (ab) 20 Definition Definitions. (intro.) In this subsection 21 "nonconforming use": 222. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that 23 existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance. 24

1	Section 766g. 62.23 (7) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
2	62.23 (7) (ab) 1. "Nonconforming quarry site" has the meaning given in s. $59.69$
3	(10) (ab) 2.
4	Section 766n. 62.23 (7) (ab) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
5	62.23 (7) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.04135 (2) (c).
6	Section 766r. 62.23 (7) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
7	62.23 (7) (ab) 4. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. 66.04135 (2)
8	(d).
9	Section 766w. 62.23 (7) (hd) of the statutes is created to read:
10	62.23 (7) (hd) Nonconforming quarry sites. Notwithstanding par. (h), an
11	ordinance enacted under this section may not prohibit the continued operation of a
12	quarry at a nonconforming quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the
13	continued operation of a quarry includes conducting quarry operations in an area of
14	a nonconforming quarry site in which quarry operations have not previously been
15	conducted. Nothing in this section shall be construed as modifying or limiting an
16	operator's reclamation obligations under a reclamation permit.".
17	4. Page 567, line 12: after that line insert:
18	"Section 777m. 66.04135 of the statutes is created to read:
19	66.04135 Quarries extracting certain nonmetallic minerals. (1)
20	Construction. (a) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the authority
21	of a political subdivision to regulate land use for a purpose other than quarry
22	operations.
23	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed to exempt a quarry from a
24	regulation of general applicability placed by a political subdivision that applies to

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- other property in the political subdivision that is not a quarry unless the regulation is inconsistent with this section.
  - (2) DEFINITIONS. In this section:
- (a) "Permit" means a form of approval granted by a political subdivision for the operation of a quarry.
  - (b) "Political subdivision" means a city, village, town, or county.
- (c) "Quarry" means the surface area from which nonmetallic minerals, including soil, clay, sand, gravel, and construction aggregate, that are used primarily for a public works project or a private construction or transportation project are extracted and processed.
- (d) "Quarry operations" means the extraction and processing of minerals at a quarry and all related activities, including blasting, vehicle and equipment access to the quarry, and loading and hauling of material to and from the quarry.
- (3) LIMITATIONS ON LOCAL REGULATION. (a) *Permits*. 1. Consistent with the requirements and limitations in this subsection, except as provided in subd. 2., a political subdivision may require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations.
- 2. A political subdivision may not require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations unless prior to the establishment of quarry operations the political subdivision enacts an ordinance that requires the permit. A political subdivision may not require a quarry operator to obtain a nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations if the quarry operation operates under a previously issued zoning permit.
- (b) Applicability of local limit. If a political subdivision enacts a nonzoning ordinance regulating the operation of a quarry that was not in effect when quarry

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prior to the effective date of the nonzoning ordinance.
same political subdivision and is shown to have been intended for quarry operations
owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located, and is located in the
located, is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who
is contiguous, as defined in s. $59.69\ (10)\ (ab)\ 1.$ , to the land on which the quarry is
operations began at a quarry, the limit does not apply to that quarry or to land that

- (c) *Blasting*. 1. In this paragraph, "affected area" means an area within a certain radius of a blasting site that may be affected by a blasting operation, as determined using a formula established by the department of safety and professional services by rule that takes into account a scaled-distance factor and the weight of explosives to be used.
- 2. Except as provided under subds. 3. and 4., a political subdivision may not limit blasting at a quarry.
- 3. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to do any of the following:
- a. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, provide notice of the blasting operation to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located and to owners of dwellings or other structures within the affected area.
- b. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, cause a 3rd party to conduct a building survey of any dwellings or other structures within the affected area.
- c. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, cause a 3rd party to conduct a survey of and test any wells within the affected area.
- d. Provide evidence of insurance to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located.

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1	e. Provide copies of blasting logs to each political subdivision in which any part
2	of the quarry is located.
3	f. Provide maps of the affected area to each political subdivision in which any
4	part of the quarry is located.
5	g. Provide copies of any reports submitted to the department of safety and
6	professional services relating to blasting at the quarry.
7	4. A political subdivision may suspend a permit for a violation of the
8	requirements under s. 101.15 relating to blasting and rules promulgated by the
9	department of safety and professional services under s. 101.15 (2) (e) relating to
10	blasting only if the department of safety and professional services determines that
11	a violation of the requirements or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the
12	violation as determined by the department of safety and professional services.
13	(d) Water quality or quantity. 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. to 5., a
14	political subdivision may not do any of the following with respect to the operation of
15	a quarry:
16	a. Establish or enforce a water quality standard.
17	b. Issue permits, including permits for discharges to the waters of the state, or
18	any other form of approval related to water quality or quantity.
19	c. Impose any restriction related to water quality or quantity.
20	d. Impose any requirements related to monitoring of water quality or quantity.
21	2. A political subdivision may take actions related to water quality that are
22	specifically required or authorized by state law.
23	3. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to conduct and

provide water quality and quantity baseline testing and ongoing quality testing, to

occur not more frequently than annually, of all wells within 1,000 feet of the

perimeter of a quarry site when a new high capacity well is added to an existing quarry site or a new quarry site is established. A testing requirement under this subdivision may not impose any standard that is more stringent than the standards for groundwater quality required by rules promulgated by the department of natural resources. The political subdivision may request a report of well testing results within 30 days of the completion of testing, and the quarry operator shall provide the results within that time. Any person offered the opportunity to have a well tested under this subdivision but who knowingly refuses testing waives any claim against a quarry operator related to the condition of the well if, within 90 days of the offer, the quarry operator records with the register of deeds for the county in which the well is located a written and sworn certification that the person refused the offer.

- 4. A political subdivision that imposes a requirement to conduct any ongoing water quality or quantity testing of wells adjacent to an existing quarry prior to the effective date of this subdivision .... [LRB inserts date], may continue to do so.
- 5. In addition to the ability to enforce properly adopted local regulations as allowed by this section, a political subdivision may suspend a permit authorizing the operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by the department of natural resources relating to water quality or quantity only if the department of natural resources determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by the department of natural resources.
- (e) *Air quality*. 1. Notwithstanding s. 285.73, and except as provided under subds. 2. to 4., a political subdivision may not do any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry:

	a.	Establish	or	enforce	an	ambient	air	quality	standard,	standard	of
perfo	orma	nce for nev	v st	ationary	sou	rces, or ot	her e	emission	limitation	related to	air
qual	ity.										

- b. Issue permits or any other form of approval related to air quality.
- c. Impose any restriction related to air quality.
  - d. Impose any requirement related to monitoring air quality.
- 2. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to use best management practices to limit off-site fugitive dust and may enforce properly adopted fugitive dust regulations.
- 3. A political subdivision may take actions related to air quality that are specifically required or authorized by state law.
- 4. In addition to the ability to enforce properly adopted local regulations as allowed by this section, a political subdivision may suspend a permit authorizing the operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by the department of natural resources relating to air quality only if the department of natural resources determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by the department of natural resources.
- (f) Quarry permit requirements. 1. A political subdivision may not add a condition to a permit during the duration of the permit unless the permit holder consents.
- 2. If a political subdivision requires a quarry to comply with another political subdivision's ordinance as a condition for obtaining a permit, the political subdivision that grants the permit may not require the quarry operator to comply

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- with a provision of the other political subdivision's ordinance that is enacted after the permit is granted and while the permit is in effect.
  - 3. a. A town may not require, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a county requires in order to grant a permit that is imposed by a county ordinance enacted after the county grants a permit to the quarry operator.
  - b. A county may not require, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a town requires in order to grant a permit that is imposed by a town ordinance enacted after the town grants a permit to the quarry operator.".
    - **5.** Page 688, line 5: after that line insert:
    - "Section 1103m. 101.02 (7y) of the statutes is created to read:
- 13 101.02 (**7y**) (a) In this subsection, "quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.04135 (2) (c).
  - (b) Notwithstanding sub. (7) (a), and except as provided in this subsection and s. 66.04135 (3) (c), no city, village, town, or county may make or enforce a local order that limits blasting at a quarry.
  - (c) A city, village, town, or county may petition the department for an order granting the city, village, town, or county the authority to impose additional restrictions and requirements related to blasting on the operator of a quarry. If a city, village, town, or county submits a petition under this paragraph because of concerns regarding the potential impact of blasting on a qualified historic building, as defined in s. 101.121 (2) (c), the department may require the operator of the quarry to pay the costs of an impact study related to the qualified historic building.

(d) If the department issues an order under this subsection, the order may
grant the city, village, town, or county the authority to impose restrictions and
requirements related to blasting at the quarry that are more restrictive than the
requirements under s. 101.15 related to blasting and rules promulgated by the
department under s. 101.15 (2) (e) related to blasting.

(e) The department may not charge a fee to a city, village, town, or county in connection with a petition submitted under par. (c).".

(END)

## Mueller, Eric

From:

Bonderud, Kendra

Sent:

Monday, June 10, 2019 9:04 AM

To: Cc: Mueller, Eric Ferguson, Paul

Subject:

drafting change request

Eric,

Please make the following changes in LRBb0320/P1 related to local regulation of quarry operations:

- 1. Page 3, delete line 13, "If quarry operations" and all of lines 14 and 15. This sentence was not included in the JFC motion.
- 2. Page 7, lines 5 and 6, delete "and is shown to have been intended for quarry operations prior to the effective date of the nonzoning ordinance." This language was not included in the JFC motion.

Thank you.

## Kendra Bonderud

Legislative Fiscal Analyst Wisconsin Legislative Fiscal Bureau (608) 266-3847 Kendra.Bonderud@legis.wisconsin.gov



## State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRBb0320/P2 EVM/ZDW/KRP:ahe

LFB:.....Bonderud - Local regulation of nonmetallic mining at quarry operations

## FOR 2019-2021 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT, TO ASSEMBLY BILL 56

1	At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows:
2	1. Page 563, line 4: after that line insert:
3	"Section 760c. 59.69 (10) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 59.69 (10) (ab)
4	(intro.) and amended to read:
5	59.69 (10) (ab) (intro.) In this subsection "nonconforming use":
6	3. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
7	existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
8	that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.
9	SECTION 760g. 59.69 (10) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

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59.69 (10) (ab) 1. "Contiguous" means sharing a common boundary or being separated only by a waterway, section line, public road, private road, transportation right-of-way, or utility right-of-way.

**Section 760k.** 59.69 (10) (ab) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (10) (ab) 1m. "Contiguous parcel" means any parcel of land, up to a cumulative limit of 80 acres, that, as of January 1, 2001, is contiguous to and is located in the same political subdivision as land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming use, is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located, and is shown to have been intended for quarry operations prior to the effective date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming. For purposes of this subdivision, if the contiguous parcel of land was commonly owned, leased, or controlled on January 1, 2001, there is a presumption that the contiguous parcel of land was intended for quarry operations prior to the effective date of the ordinance that rendered the use nonconforming.

**Section 760p.** 59.69 (10) (ab) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (10) (ab) 2. "Nonconforming quarry site" means land on which a quarry existed lawfully before the quarry became a nonconforming use, including any contiguous parcel. The nonconforming status of any contiguous parcel shall be subject to the requirement that, on a 5 year rolling average, 75 percent of the quarry materials extracted from  $_{
m the}$ contiguous parcel shall be used for infrastructure-related projects, as determined by the quarry operator. If this 75 percent requirement is not met as to any contiguous parcel, the nonconforming status of the contiguous parcel may be suspended. This definition does not preclude

1	a determination that a particular parcel of land is nonconforming under subd. 3. or
2	common law.
3	SECTION 760t. 59.69 (10) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
4	59.69 (10) (ab) 4. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. 66.04135 (2) (c).
5	SECTION 760w. 59.69 (10) (ab) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
6	59.69 (10) (ab) 5. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. $66.04135$ (2)
7	(d).
8	SECTION 760y. 59.69 (10) (ap) of the statutes is created to read:
9	59.69 (10) (ap) Notwithstanding par. (am), an ordinance enacted under this
10	section may not prohibit the continued operation of a quarry at a nonconforming
11	quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the continued operation of a quarry
12	includes conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in
13	which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. Nothing in this section
14	shall be construed as modifying or limiting an operator's reclamation obligations
15	under a reclamation permit.".
16	2. Page 563, line 5: after that line insert:
17	"Section 761c. 60.61 (5) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 60.61 (5) (ab)
18	(intro.) and amended to read:
19	60.61 (5) (ab) (intro.) In this subsection "nonconforming use":
20	2. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
21	existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
22	that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.
23	<b>Section 761e.</b> 60.61 (5) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

1	60.61 (ab) 1. "Nonconforming quarry site" has the meaning given in s. $59.69$
2	(10) (ab) 2.
3	Section 761g. 60.61 (5) (ab) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
4	60.61 (5) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. $66.04135$ (2) (c).
5	SECTION 761k. 60.61 (5) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
6	60.61 (5) (ab) 4. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. $66.04135$ (2)
7	(d).
8	<b>Section 761p.</b> 60.61 (5) (as) of the statutes is created to read:
9	60.61 (5) (as) Notwithstanding par. (am), an ordinance enacted under this
10	section may not prohibit the continued operation of a quarry at a nonconforming
11	quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the continued operation of a quarry
12	includes conducting quarry operations in an area of a nonconforming quarry site in
13	which quarry operations have not previously been conducted. Nothing in this section
14	shall be construed as modifying or limiting an operator's reclamation obligations
15	under a reclamation permit.".
16	3. Page 564, line 12: after that line insert:
17	"Section 766c. 62.23 (7) (ab) of the statutes is renumbered 62.23 (7) (ab)
18	(intro.) and amended to read:
19	62.23 (7) (ab) Definition Definitions. (intro.) In this subsection
20	"nonconforming use":
21	2. "Nonconforming use" means a use of land, a dwelling, or a building that
22	existed lawfully before the current zoning ordinance was enacted or amended, but
23	that does not conform with the use restrictions in the current ordinance.

**Section 766g.** 62.23 (7) (ab) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

1	62.23 (7) (ab) 1. "Nonconforming quarry site" has the meaning given in s. 59.69
2	(10) (ab) 2.
3	SECTION 766n. 62.23 (7) (ab) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
4	62.23 (7) (ab) 3. "Quarry" has the meaning given in s. $66.04135$ (2) (c).
5	Section 766r. 62.23 (7) (ab) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
6	62.23 (7) (ab) 4. "Quarry operations" has the meaning given in s. $66.04135$ (2)
7	(d).
8	Section 766w. 62.23 (7) (hd) of the statutes is created to read:
9	62.23 (7) (hd) Nonconforming quarry sites. Notwithstanding par. (h), an
10	ordinance enacted under this section may not prohibit the continued operation of a
11	quarry at a nonconforming quarry site. For purposes of this paragraph, the
12	continued operation of a quarry includes conducting quarry operations in an area of
13	a nonconforming quarry site in which quarry operations have not previously been
14	conducted. Nothing in this section shall be construed as modifying or limiting an
15	operator's reclamation obligations under a reclamation permit.".
16	4. Page 567, line 12: after that line insert:
17	"Section 777m. 66.04135 of the statutes is created to read:
18	66.04135 Quarries extracting certain nonmetallic minerals. (1)
19	CONSTRUCTION. (a) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the authority
20	of a political subdivision to regulate land use for a purpose other than quarry
21	operations.
22	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed to exempt a quarry from a
23	regulation of general applicability placed by a political subdivision that applies to

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other property in the political subdivision that is not a quarry unless the regulation is inconsistent with this section.

- (2) DEFINITIONS. In this section:
- (a) "Permit" means a form of approval granted by a political subdivision for the operation of a quarry.
  - (b) "Political subdivision" means a city, village, town, or county.
- (c) "Quarry" means the surface area from which nonmetallic minerals, including soil, clay, sand, gravel, and construction aggregate, that are used primarily for a public works project or a private construction or transportation project are extracted and processed.
- (d) "Quarry operations" means the extraction and processing of minerals at a quarry and all related activities, including blasting, vehicle and equipment access to the quarry, and loading and hauling of material to and from the quarry.
- (3) LIMITATIONS ON LOCAL REGULATION. (a) *Permits*. 1. Consistent with the requirements and limitations in this subsection, except as provided in subd. 2., a political subdivision may require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations.
- 2. A political subdivision may not require a quarry operator to obtain a zoning or nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations unless prior to the establishment of quarry operations the political subdivision enacts an ordinance that requires the permit. A political subdivision may not require a quarry operator to obtain a nonzoning permit to conduct quarry operations if the quarry operation operates under a previously issued zoning permit.
- (b) Applicability of local limit. If a political subdivision enacts a nonzoning ordinance regulating the operation of a quarry that was not in effect when quarry

- operations began at a quarry, the limit does not apply to that quarry or to land that is contiguous, as defined in s. 59.69 (10) (ab) 1., to the land on which the quarry is located, is under the common ownership, leasehold, or control of the person who owns, leases, or controls the land on which the quarry is located, and is located in the same political subdivision.
- (c) *Blasting*. 1. In this paragraph, "affected area" means an area within a certain radius of a blasting site that may be affected by a blasting operation, as determined using a formula established by the department of safety and professional services by rule that takes into account a scaled-distance factor and the weight of explosives to be used.
- 2. Except as provided under subds. 3. and 4., a political subdivision may not limit blasting at a quarry.
- 3. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to do any of the following:
- a. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, provide notice of the blasting operation to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located and to owners of dwellings or other structures within the affected area.
- b. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, cause a 3rd party to conduct a building survey of any dwellings or other structures within the affected area.
- c. Before beginning a blasting operation at the quarry, cause a 3rd party to conduct a survey of and test any wells within the affected area.
- d. Provide evidence of insurance to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located.

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- e. Provide copies of blasting logs to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located.
  - f. Provide maps of the affected area to each political subdivision in which any part of the quarry is located.
- g. Provide copies of any reports submitted to the department of safety and professional services relating to blasting at the quarry.
- 4. A political subdivision may suspend a permit for a violation of the requirements under s. 101.15 relating to blasting and rules promulgated by the department of safety and professional services under s. 101.15 (2) (e) relating to blasting only if the department of safety and professional services determines that a violation of the requirements or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation as determined by the department of safety and professional services.
- (d) Water quality or quantity. 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. to 5., a political subdivision may not do any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry:
  - a. Establish or enforce a water quality standard.
- b. Issue permits, including permits for discharges to the waters of the state, or any other form of approval related to water quality or quantity.
  - c. Impose any restriction related to water quality or quantity.
  - d. Impose any requirements related to monitoring of water quality or quantity.
- 2. A political subdivision may take actions related to water quality that are specifically required or authorized by state law.
- 3. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to conduct and provide water quality and quantity baseline testing and ongoing quality testing, to occur not more frequently than annually, of all wells within 1,000 feet of the

perimeter of a quarry site when a new high capacity well is added to an existing quarry site or a new quarry site is established. A testing requirement under this subdivision may not impose any standard that is more stringent than the standards for groundwater quality required by rules promulgated by the department of natural resources. The political subdivision may request a report of well testing results within 30 days of the completion of testing, and the quarry operator shall provide the results within that time. Any person offered the opportunity to have a well tested under this subdivision but who knowingly refuses testing waives any claim against a quarry operator related to the condition of the well if, within 90 days of the offer, the quarry operator records with the register of deeds for the county in which the well is located a written and sworn certification that the person refused the offer.

- 4. A political subdivision that imposes a requirement to conduct any ongoing water quality or quantity testing of wells adjacent to an existing quarry prior to the effective date of this subdivision .... [LRB inserts date], may continue to do so.
- 5. In addition to the ability to enforce properly adopted local regulations as allowed by this section, a political subdivision may suspend a permit authorizing the operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by the department of natural resources relating to water quality or quantity only if the department of natural resources determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by the department of natural resources.
- (e) *Air quality*. 1. Notwithstanding s. 285.73, and except as provided under subds. 2. to 4., a political subdivision may not do any of the following with respect to the operation of a quarry:

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	a.	Establish	or	enforce	an	ambient	air	quality	standard,	standard	of
perfe	orma	nce for new	st	ationary	sou	rces, or ot	her e	emission	limitation	related to	air
qual	ity.										

- b. Issue permits or any other form of approval related to air quality.
- c. Impose any restriction related to air quality.
- d. Impose any requirement related to monitoring air quality.
- 2. A political subdivision may require the operator of a quarry to use best management practices to limit off-site fugitive dust and may enforce properly adopted fugitive dust regulations.
- 3. A political subdivision may take actions related to air quality that are specifically required or authorized by state law.
- 4. In addition to the ability to enforce properly adopted local regulations as allowed by this section, a political subdivision may suspend a permit authorizing the operation of a quarry for a violation of state law or rules promulgated by the department of natural resources relating to air quality only if the department of natural resources determines that a violation of state law or rules has occurred and only for the duration of the violation, as determined by the department of natural resources.
- (f) Quarry permit requirements. 1. A political subdivision may not add a condition to a permit during the duration of the permit unless the permit holder consents.
- 2. If a political subdivision requires a quarry to comply with another political subdivision's ordinance as a condition for obtaining a permit, the political subdivision that grants the permit may not require the quarry operator to comply

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- with a provision of the other political subdivision's ordinance that is enacted after the permit is granted and while the permit is in effect.
  - 3. a. A town may not require, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a county requires in order to grant a permit that is imposed by a county ordinance enacted after the county grants a permit to the quarry operator.
  - b. A county may not require, as a condition for granting a permit to a quarry operator, that the quarry operator satisfy a condition that a town requires in order to grant a permit that is imposed by a town ordinance enacted after the town grants a permit to the quarry operator.".
    - **5.** Page 688, line 5: after that line insert:
- 12 "Section 1103m. 101.02 (7y) of the statutes is created to read:
- 13 101.02 (**7y**) (a) In this subsection, "quarry" has the meaning given in s. 14 66.04135 (2) (c).
  - (b) Notwithstanding sub. (7) (a), and except as provided in this subsection and s. 66.04135 (3) (c), no city, village, town, or county may make or enforce a local order that limits blasting at a quarry.
  - (c) A city, village, town, or county may petition the department for an order granting the city, village, town, or county the authority to impose additional restrictions and requirements related to blasting on the operator of a quarry. If a city, village, town, or county submits a petition under this paragraph because of concerns regarding the potential impact of blasting on a qualified historic building, as defined in s. 101.121 (2) (c), the department may require the operator of the quarry to pay the costs of an impact study related to the qualified historic building.

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(d) If the department issues an order under this subsection, the order may
grant the city, village, town, or county the authority to impose restrictions and
requirements related to blasting at the quarry that are more restrictive than the
requirements under s. 101.15 related to blasting and rules promulgated by the
department under s. 101.15 (2) (e) related to blasting.

(e) The department may not charge a fee to a city, village, town, or county in connection with a petition submitted under par. (c).".

(END)