# Fiscal Estimate - 2021 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected Supple	mental				
LRB Number <b>21-2260/1</b>	Introduction Number AB-01	40				
Description expanding the clean sweep program to include collection of certain fire fighting foams and making an appropriation						
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Rever	ease Existing absorb within agency's b					
Local:  ☐ No Local Government Costs ☐ Indeterminate  ☐ Increase Costs ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory  ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory  ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐ Districts ☐ Districts ☐ Districts						
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By Authorized Signature		Date				
DNR/ Paul Neumann (608) 266-0818	Paul Neumann (608) 266-0818	3/10/2021				

# Fiscal Estimate Narratives DNR 3/10/2021

LRB Number	21-2260/1	Introduction Number	AB-0140	Estimate Type	Original	
Description expanding the clean sweep program to include collection of certain fire fighting foams and making an						
appropriation						

# Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The bill requires the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP) to collect and store or dispose of fire fighting foams that contain perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) and that are voluntarily surrendered. The bill allows DATCP to contract with a third party to conduct the collection and storage or disposal. The bill requires DATCP or the third party administering the collection program to prioritize collecting from the state and from cities, villages, towns, and counties. Under the bill, any PFAS foams that are collected under the program must be stored in an environmentally safe manner until properly disposed of or treated, according to DNR's administrative rules.

The bill also allocates \$500,000 in fiscal year 2022, from the environmental fund to DATCP, to fund fire fighting foam collection efforts.

# **Background Information**

In 2020, DNR analyzed results of a survey of local and state emergency responders to determine the level of use of PFAS-containing firefighting foam. Of the approximately 825 fire departments in Wisconsin, 596 fire departments responded to the survey. Based on survey results, it is estimated that the total amount of fluorinated firefighting foam held by some of 825 fire departments is at least 63,200 gallons and may be as high as 96,300 gallons. Of that, the total amount of expired foam in need of disposal using Clean Sweep across the state is estimated to be at least 23,700 gallons and may be as high as 44,700 gallons.

#### State Fiscal Effect

The current Clean Sweep program is operated by DATCP. DNR currently has no direct involvement in the program, but would incur an indeterminate amount of expenses for staff time to coordinate with DATCP on program development that is consistent with treatment and disposal rules for firefighting foams that contain PFAS.

## Local Fiscal Effect

The overall local fiscal effect of the bill is indeterminate. Local governments would benefit from reduced or avoided expenses if a state-funded Clean Sweep effort is provided for PFAS-containing fire fighting foam disposal. However, local governments would still incur the expense of replacing their fire fighting foam with fluorine-free alternatives.

It is unclear if there would be a cost-share requirement for local governments under this bill. The existing Clean Sweep program requires a 25% local match, which can be in-kind.

## Long-Range Fiscal Implications