## Fiscal Estimate - 2021 Session

Original	Updated	∑ Co       ☐       ☐       ☐       ☐       ☐	rrected	Supplemental	
LRB Number	21-2734/1	Introdu	uction Number	AB-0341	
Description captive wildlife in faci	ilities holding a U.S. Dep	artment of Agricultu	ıre exhibitor license		
Fiscal Effect					
State:  No State Fisca Indeterminate Increase Exappropriation Appropriation Appropriation Create New	xisting In ons Re Existing Do	crease Existing evenues ecrease Existing evenues		·	
2. Decrease	Costs 3. 🔲 Ir ve 🔲 Mandatory 🔲 P	ncrease Revenue Permissive  Manda Pecrease Revenue Permissive  Manda	Units Affecte Towns atory Counties	☐ Village ☐ Cities	
Fund Sources Affecting GPR FED	eted PRO PRS	SEG SE	Affected Ch. 2	20 Appropriations	
Agency/Prepared B	Ву	Authorized Si	gnature	Date	
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives DNR 7/26/2021

LRB Number 21-2734/1	Introduction Number	AB-0341	Estimate Type	Corrected			
Description							
captive wildlife in facilities holding a U.S. Department of Agriculture exhibitor license							

## Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill exempts a facility that holds a U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) exhibitor license from state license requirements relating to captive wild animals.

The bill also exempts from the license requirements a private facility that holds a valid Class C exhibitor license issued by the USDA. This license is required under the federal Animal Welfare Act for any individual or business engaged in public exhibition of animals covered by the act.

- 1. Assumptions & Background Information
- A. The Department issues several types of licenses that authorize the possession of wild animals.
- 1. Class A Captive Wild Animal Farm License (CWAFL)
- a. Is required to operate a captive wild animal farm that earns \$10,000 or more in annual sales or to sell the following native reptiles or amphibians: Leopard Frogs, Tiger Salamanders, and Mudpuppies.
- b. There is a \$200 initial application fee and a \$100 annual renewal fee for this license.
- 2. Class B Captive Wild Animal Farm License (CWAFL)
- a. Is required to operate a captive wild animal farm that earns less than \$10,000 in annual sales and you do not plan to sell native reptiles or amphibians.
- b. There is \$50 initial application fee and a \$25 annual renewal fee for this license.
- 3. Nonprofit Educational Exhibit License
- a. Is required for any nonprofit educational institution to possess and exhibit native wild animals, non-native wild birds of the family anatidae that are migratory birds and non-native wild animals that are harmful wild animals (all bear and cougar).
- b. There is a \$25 annual fee for this license.
- 4. Nonresident Temporary Exhibiting License
- a. Is required for a non-resident individual or business to possess and exhibit live captive wild animals for the production of motion pictures or TV programs or as part of theatrical acts, carnivals, or other animal attractions or displays, and to move animals in mobile facilities.
- b. There is a \$50 fee for a 30-day temporary license.
- B. Number of Licenses Issued
- 1. Based on the most recent data that is available, the Department issues about 266 Class A or B CWAFLs annually (one-year license that runs the calendar year)--about 10% of CWAFLs are Class A and 90% are Class B.
- 2. Based on the most recent data that is available, the Department issues about 37 Nonprofit Educational Exhibitors Licenses annually.
- 3. Based on the most recent data that is available, the Department issues about 10 Nonresident Temporary Exhibiting Licenses annually.
- C. All captive wild animal license fee revenues are deposited into the Fish & Wildlife Account of the Conservation Fund.
- II. State Fiscal Effect-Revenue
- 1. There are 37 Class A and B CWAFL licensees that also possess a valid Class C exhibitor license issued by

the USDA. Assuming that those 37 licensees would no longer need to purchase a Class A or B CWAFL, as prescribed in the bill, it is estimated that bill would reduce annual Fish and Wildlife Account revenue by ~\$1,000. Note that this estimate is based on an assumption that all of the affected licensees currently hold a Class B CWAFL (37 x \$25 annual renewal fee).

2. It is unclear if the bill expands the exemption to include the aforementioned 37 Nonprofit Education Exhibitor licensees or the 10 Nonresident Temporary Exhibitor licensees. If so, then the bill could reduce annual Fish and Wildlife Account revenue by as much as  $\sim$ \$2,400 [(37 x \$25) + (37 x \$25) + (10 x \$50)].

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

## Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2021 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

Original Updated		Supplemental					
LRB Number <b>21-2734/1</b>	Introduction Numb	oer <b>AB-0341</b>					
Description							
captive wildlife in facilities holding a U.S. Depar							
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for Stannualized fiscal effect):	tate and/or Local Governmen	t (do not include in					
II. Annualized Costs:		Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:					
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs					
A. State Costs by Category							
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$	\$					
(FTE Position Changes)							
State Operations - Other Costs							
Local Assistance							
Aids to Individuals or Organizations							
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	\$					
B. State Costs by Source of Funds							
GPR							
FED							
PRO/PRS							
SEG/SEG-S							
III. State Revenues - Complete this only when proposal will increase or decrease state revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, ets.)							
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev					
GPR Taxes	\$	\$					
GPR Earned							
FED							
PRO/PRS							
SEG/SEG-S		-1,000					
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$-1,000					
NET ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT							
·	<u>State</u>	<u>Local</u>					
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$	\$					
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$-1,000	\$					
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date					
DNR/ Paul Neumann (608) 266-0818	Paul Neumann (608) 266-0818	7/26/2021					