Fiscal Estimate - 2021 Session

Original Updated	Corrected Supplement	ental				
LRB Number 21-6032/1	Introduction Number SB-1013	3				
Description Permitting certain qualified individuals to make a request for medication for the purpose of ending their lives and providing a penalty						
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Reve	ase Existing enues absorb within agency's bucen enues Decrease Costs					
Permissive Mandatory Perm 2. Decrease Costs 4. Decre Permissive Mandatory Perm	5.Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Counties Others School Districts Districts	Cities				
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR PRO PRO SEG SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date				
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives OCI 3/4/2022

LRB Number	21-6032/1	Introduction Number	SB-1013	Estimate Type	Original	
Description						
Permitting certain qualified individuals to make a request for medication for the purpose of ending their lives						
and providing a penalty						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill permits an individual who is at least 18 years of age, mentally capable and has a terminal disease with a prognosis of less than six months to live to voluntarily request a prescription for medication for the purpose of ending his or her life. Under the bill, "terminal disease" means an incurable and irreversible disease that has been medically confirmed and will, within reasonable medical judgment, produce death within six months. The bill authorizes the individual's attending provider to issue a prescription for the medication if specified requirements are met. Under the bill, an attending or consulting provider must be a licensed physician, an advanced practice registered nurse or a physician assistant. Death following self-administering medication under the requirements of the bill does not alone constitute grounds for post-mortem inquiry and such death may not be designated as suicide or homicide.

Additionally, under the bill, insurance, including insurance rates, may not be conditioned on or affected by an individual's act of making or rescinding a request for medication under the provisions of the bill. Further, a qualified individual's act of self-administering medication consistent with the provisions of the bill does not invalidate any part of a life, health, or accident insurance policy, or an annuity policy. Finally, no insurance plan may deny or alter benefits to an individual with a terminal disease who is a covered beneficiary based on the availability of medical aid in dying, the individual's request for medication under the provisions of the bill, or the absence of such a request.

At this time, OCI cannot determine whether this legislation will have an effect on staff time and agency resources.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications