Fiscal Estimate - 2021 Session

Original Updated	☑ Corrected ☐ Sup	pplemental	
LRB Number 21-3093/1	Introduction Number SB	-628	
Description Deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharges			
Fiscal Effect			
Appropriations Reve	ease Existing enues rease Existing enues The possible to abso agency's budget agency's budget agences The possible to abso agency's budget agency age	rb within	
Permissive Mandatory Permissive 2. Decrease Costs 4. Dec	crease Revenue Counties Counti	s Village	
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations			
GPR FED PRO PRS	SEG SEGS		
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date	
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives CTS 2/1/2022

LRB Number 21-3093/1	Introduction Number	SB-628	Estimate Type	Corrected	
Description					
Deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharges					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill modifies the collection of DNA surcharge of \$250 to only be required the first time a person is sentenced or placed on probation for a misdemeanor or for a felony, rather than on each occurrence.

In FY20, the state received \$6.9 million in DNA surcharge revenue. This revenue is collected by the counties and ultimately sent to the Department of Justice to support a DNA analysis data bank, training prosecutors in the use of DNA analysis, and related costs. The courts do not directly receive any DNA surcharge revenue.

The bill impacts the court in that when a sentence or probation is imposed, the DNA biological specimen must only be produced if it is the first sentence or probation. It may result in additional staff resources to educate the judges on the modifications to the DNA surcharge and collection.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Indeterminate.