Wisconsin Department of Administration
Division of Executive Budget and Finance

Fiscal Estimate - 2021 Session

LRB Number 21-4982/2 Introduction Number SB-665 Description eliminating recovery by the state for birth expenses paid through the Medical Assistance program Fiscal Effect State: No State Fiscal Effect Indeterminate Increase Existing Appropriations Appropriations Appropriations Create New Appropriations Create New Appropriations Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. □ Increase Costs 3. □ Increase Revenue Tyes 5. Types of Local Government Units Affected Units Affected Units Affected						
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DHS 1/10/2022

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eliminating recovery by the state for birth expenses paid through the Medical Assistance program						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This proposal prohibits the state from seeking recovery of birth expenses paid by the state through Medicaid on behalf of an unmarried person who gave birth and was a Medicaid participant at the time of the birth. The proposal also prohibits a court from including in a judgment or order relating to paternity an order for a father to pay for the recovery of such expenses paid by the state under Medicaid.

Under current law, county child support agencies (CSAs) are charged with establishing paternity and recovering birth related expenses for unmarried mothers who are enrolled in Medicaid. The non-custodial parent is responsible for the lower of (1) 5% of that parent's monthly income over a 36-month period, (2) half the regional average amount for birth costs, or (3) half the actual birth costs up to the full regional average amount. The CSA works with the court to establish and collect the recoveries.

Because Medicaid is funded through a partnership between the state and federal governments and because federal participation varies slightly by federal fiscal year, recoveries are tracked by the federal fiscal year in which services were received. For the purposes of this fiscal estimate, the split is assumed to be 40% state and 60% federal.

Under state and federal law, CSAs retain 15% of recoveries from the federal share. Therefore, the recoveries divide into 40% state, 45% federal, and 15% local.

On average, CSAs have recovered approximately \$15 million All Funds in Medicaid birth costs annually. Of this, the CSAs retain about \$2.25 million annually. The remaining \$12.75 million is deposited into the appropriation under s. 20.435(4)(im) as program revenue to offset costs that would otherwise be expended from the general purpose revenue (GPR) appropriation under s. 20.435(4)(b) and from the federal (FED) appropriation under s. 20.435(4)(o). If these recoveries were no longer collected, the annual cost to the Medicaid program would be \$6 million GPR and \$6.75 million FED.

The Department does not anticipate any local fiscal impact on income maintenance agencies. For the local fiscal impact on CSAs, please refer to the fiscal estimate prepared by the Department of Children and Families.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

The long term impact of this proposal is estimated at \$6 million GPR and \$6.75 million FED annually.