Fiscal Estimate - 2023 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	☐ Corrected ☐ Supp	lemental						
LRB Number 23-1501/1	Introduction Number AB-	0001						
Description establishing a flat individual income tax rate								
Fiscal Effect								
Appropriations Rev Decrease Existing Decrease Appropriations Rev Create New Appropriations	rease Existing venues crease Existing venues crease Existing venues Increase Costs - N possible to absorb agency's budget I Yes I Decrease Costs							
Permissive Mandatory Per 2. Decrease Costs 4. Dec	crease Revenue Counties Ot rmissive Mandatory School W	llage Cities hers TCS stricts						
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations								
GPR FED PRO PRS [SEG SEGS							
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date						
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOA 4/12/2023

LRB Number	23-1501/1	Introduction Number	AB-0001	Estimate Type	Original			
Description								
establishing a flat individual income tax rate								

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under Assembly Bill 1 (AB-1), beginning in taxable year 2026, individual income tax would be reduced to 3.25 percent (%) for all taxable income, and for taxable years 2023 through 2025 would be reduced per the schedule proposed under s. 71.06 (1r) (a).

The U.S. Department of the Treasury (Treasury) issued a Final Rule (FR) to implement the Coronavirus State Local and Fiscal Recovery Fund (SLFRF) under section 602 of the Social Security Act, as amended by the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA). The State's Recovery Fund amount under the program is \$2,533,160,626.50, and the Department of Administration (Department) is responsible for its administration.

Under ARPA, states are prohibited from utilizing funds under the SLFRF program to either directly or indirectly fund tax reductions (the "tax offset" provision). To enforce the tax offset provision of ARPA, Treasury promulgated a rule that specified the circumstances that would constitute a breach of the statutory prohibition against utilizing SLFRF distributions to fund tax reductions and therefore require repayment of SLFRF funds distributed by the federal government up to the violation amount. The rule created several concepts that govern the analysis of whether a tax reduction would be a violation that would trigger repayment.

The first of these is a concept of "baseline tax revenue" that is defined as Fiscal Year 2018-19 tax revenue, as specified by the U.S. Census Bureau definition of state tax revenue, adjusted in each subsequent fiscal year by the Bureau of Economic Analysis's Implicit Price Deflator for the gross domestic product of the United States. The Census Bureau definition of state tax revenue includes a variety of taxes and fees that are not included in Wisconsin's definition of general fund tax revenue and is therefore meaningfully more expansive. Among other revenue sources included in this definition are motor fuel taxes, motor vehicle registration and title fees, the economic development surcharge, a variety of professional licensing fees and natural resource fees.

The second of these is a concept of a "covered change," which is defined as reductions in net taxes that result from a reduction in rates, a rebate, deduction, a credit or otherwise enacted after March 3, 2021, that exceed a de minimis threshold of 1 percent of collections.

If a state reports actual revenues that are below the reported baseline tax revenues for a fiscal year, two tests are conducted to determine whether a state must repay SLFRF distributions to the federal government due to a breach of the tax offset provision. The first test is whether there are "covered changes". Since Wisconsin has already enacted more than \$1 billion annually in covered tax changes in tax reductions since March 3, 2021, this condition would be satisfied, and this bill would also constitute a covered change under the Treasury rule. If there are covered changes, the second test is whether the state has (1) sufficient organic revenue growth above the baseline or (2) offsetting revenue increases and spending reductions to fund the covered tax changes.

The Department is responsible for regular reporting to Treasury related to compliance with these provisions.

The organic revenue growth in excess of the inflation-adjusted baseline tax revenues for the current fiscal year and the following two fiscal years are as follows under current estimates of tax revenues and fees subject to the Census Bureau definition of taxes as well as current economic assumptions:

Fiscal Year 2023-24: \$542.7 million

Fiscal Year 2024-25: \$918.0 million

The Department of Revenue estimates that the bill's provisions would reduce tax collections by \$2.11 billion in Fiscal Year 2023-24 and \$2.85 billion in Fiscal Year 2024-25. These reductions exceed the estimated remaining organic revenue growth and would place the state below current estimates of baseline tax revenue. In the absence of offsetting covered tax revenue increases or expenditure reductions, the bill would therefore cause the state to breach the statutory prohibition against utilizing SLFRF to fund tax reductions, requiring repayment of the entirety of its approximately \$2.5 billion allocation.

Any additional tax changes adopted by the Legislature for these fiscal years would need to be assessed in sum total with this bill to determine whether and to what extent repayment would be required, such as tax revenue increases that would offset the total State Recovery Fund repayment required herein.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2023 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

×	Original Updated		Corrected		Supplemental		
LI	RB Number 23-1501/1		Introduction Nun	nber	AB-0001		
	escription tablishing a flat individual income tax rate						
	One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts fo nualized fiscal effect):	r St	ate and/or Local Govern	ment (c	lo not include in		
II.	Annualized Costs:		Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:				
			Increased Costs		Decreased Costs		
Α.	State Costs by Category						
	State Operations - Salaries and Fringes		\$		\$		
	(FTE Position Changes)						
	State Operations - Other Costs			ACCESSOR AND ADDRESS AND A			
	Local Assistance						
	Aids to Individuals or Organizations						
	TOTAL State Costs by Category		\$		\$		
В.	State Costs by Source of Funds						
	GPR						
	FED						
-	PRO/PRS						
	SEG/SEG-S						
	State Revenues - Complete this only venues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in			or deci	ease state		
			Increased Rev		Decreased Rev		
	GPR Taxes		\$		\$		
	GPR Earned						
	FED						
	PRO/PRS						
	SEG/SEG-S						
	TOTAL State Revenues		\$		\$		
	NET ANNUA	LIZ	ED FISCAL IMPACT				
		<u>State</u>	<u>Loca</u>				
NET CHANGE IN COSTS		\$	\$				
NE	ET CHANGE IN REVENUE		\$		\$		
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