Fiscal Estimate - 2023 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplem	ental				
LRB Number 23-5522/2	Introduction Nu	mber AB-106	8				
Description use of artificial intelligence by state agencies and staff reduction goals							
Fiscal Effect			-				
Appropriations Reve	ease Existing abso	ease Costs - May be porb within agency's bu Yes rease Costs					
Permissive Mandatory Permi 2. Decrease Costs 4. Decre	units	s of Local Governmer Affected Towns Village Counties Others School WTCS Districts	Cities				
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS							
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature		Date				
DOC/ Michael Slana (608) 240-5414	Anna Neal (608) 228-1331		2/13/2024				

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOC 2/13/2024

LRB Number	23-5522/2	Introduction Number	AB-1068	Estimate Type	Original	
Description						
use of artificial intelligence by state agencies and staff reduction goals						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, the Department of Corrections (DOC) and other applicable state agencies are required to submit their biennial budget requests to the Department of Administration (DOA) by September 15 of each even-numbered year. This bill requires, beginning in 2030, each submission to include a proposal to reduce the total number of the agency's position authorizations for each fiscal year of the succeeding fiscal biennium using as a base the agency's total number of position authorizations in the 2023-24 fiscal year.

It is unclear how much staff resources would be required to conduct this biennial review of DOC's full-time equivalent (FTE) state employee positions.

The bill also requires each applicable agency, beginning in 2026, to submit a report to the legislature by June 30 of each even-numbered year that identifies FTE positions within the agency whose work could be made more efficient through the use of artificial intelligence (AI) tools and that describes the agency's progress toward meeting the position authorization reduction goal described above. The annual report must also include updates on the information provided in the audit required under the bill, which would be conducted by the Legislative Audit Bureau (LAB), relating to agency use of AI tools.

Presently, the only AI tool, as defined by the bill, that DOC utilizes is Machine Learning (ML) within the department's Business Objects system. If the department's usage of AI expands in the future, this bill's biennial AI tool information reporting requirements could have a workload impact on the department. The department does not have any industry data to indicate that current AI tool offerings could create sufficient efficiencies to allow for a reduction of FTE positions (or other positions, such as contractors) in the department. Were this to change with the future evolution of AI products, there could be a workload impact as DOC analyzes those future offerings and how they may impact each type of job across the department.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications