Fiscal Estimate - 2023 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected Supple	emental					
LRB Number 23-2696/1	Introduction Number SB-0	233					
Description the amount of benefits received under the unemployment insurance law							
Fiscal Effect							
Appropriations Rev	rease Existing venues crease Existing venues crease Existing venues Decrease Costs - Ma possible to absorb agency's budget Yes Decrease Costs						
Permissive Mandatory Per 2. Decrease Costs 4. Dec	5.Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Villa crease Revenue crease Revenue crease Mandatory Towns Oth Counties Oth Districts Dist	ers					
Fund Sources Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations							
☐ GPR ☑ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☐ SEG ☐ SEGS 20.445 (1)(n)							
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date					
DWD/ Andrew Wescott-Barten (608) 405- 4475	Jeremy Simon (608) 267-9692	4/21/2023					

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DWD 4/21/2023

LRB Number 23-2696/1	Introduction Number SB	-0233	Estimate Type	Original		
Description						
the amount of benefits received under the unemployment insurance law						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill changes the maximum number of weeks of regular unemployment insurance (UI) benefits payable to an eligible claimant based on a seasonally adjusted unemployment rate formula.

Proposed changes under the bill are estimated to have a fiscal effect to operations of \$3,183,220 for all funds, consisting of an additional one-time cost of \$183,220 for implementation and an ongoing reduction in federal revenue of \$3,000,000 annually.

Provisions in the bill are also anticipated to have a fiscal effect on UI Trust Fund by decreasing UI benefits payments annually by \$58.8 million.

The UI program fiscal effects related to operations costs and the UI Trust Fund are estimated as follows:

IT changes to allow for variable changes in the monetary rate is estimated to require 1,600 hours of technical work, at \$88 per hour at a cost of \$140,800. There is an additional \$42,420 in administrative costs for the implementation of the proposal.

The number of weeks of UI benefits is likely to decline based on historic data. Under the bill, February 2023 average statewide seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 2.7% resulting in 14 weeks of benefits. During the peak of the Great Recession, the highest applicable unemployment rate was 9.2% in October of 2009, which would have resulted in 26 weeks of unemployment benefits under this proposal. Using the average over the 2018 and 2019 benefit years to project future benefit reductions, the expected annual reduction in UI benefits paid is \$93.35 million. Of this amount, \$87.75 million would be charged to the UI Trust Fund with the remainder paid for by reimbursable employers. Accounting for reimbursable employers, UI tax revenue would be reduced by \$28.95 million annually with the net effect to the UI Trust Fund is a savings projected to be \$58.8 million annually.

As a result of a decline in UI weeks applied for and corresponding cases in adjudication and appeals, DWD expects to receive \$3,000,000 less in annual funding from USDOL for administering the Wisconsin UI program.

In addition, Wisconsin UI will lose additional above-base funding for administration of the UI program due to not offering 26 weeks of UI benefits, but this amount of forfeited funding is indeterminate.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Future federal additional benefits and administrative funds could be affected by this provision as well, by an indeterminate amount. The available weeks of Federal extended programs is often based upon a default UI benefit period of 26 weeks. The number of federal weeks an individual receives will often be reduced by the proportion of weeks that the state UI benefit is less than the standard 26 weeks. This can result in lost federal additional unemployment benefits and lost federal funding for those benefits estimated to be at least \$200 million.

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2023 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

2	Original Updated	Corrected Supplemental						
L	RB Number 23-2696/1	Introduction Nur	nber SB-0233					
	escription le amount of benefits received under the u	nemployment insurance law						
_	I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in							
1	nnualized fiscal effect):		•					
	his is expected to have a one-time IT cost one-time administrative cost of \$42,720 fo							
_	Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:						
	Ammunized Goots.	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs					
A	. State Costs by Category							
	State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$	\$					
	(FTE Position Changes)							
	State Operations - Other Costs							
	Local Assistance							
	Aids to Individuals or Organizations							
	TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	\$					
B. State Costs by Source of Funds								
	GPR							
	FED		To Distribution Control of the Contr					
	PRO/PRS							
	SEG/SEG-S							
	l. State Revenues - Complete this only vevenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in		or decrease state					
		Increased Rev	Decreased Rev					
	GPR Taxes	\$	\$					
	GPR Earned							
	FED		-3,000,000					
	PRO/PRS							
	SEG/SEG-S							
	TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$-3,000,000					
	NET ANNUA	ALIZED FISCAL IMPACT						
		<u>State</u>	<u>Local</u>					
Ν	ET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$	\$					
N	ET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$-3,000,000						
Α	gency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date					
DWD/ Andrew Wescott-Barten (608) 405- 4475		Jeremy Simon (608) 267-96	92 4/21/2023					