Fiscal Estimate - 2025 Session

☐ Updated	Corrected S	Supplemental
LRB Number 25-2933/1	Introduction Number SI	B-0244
Description modifying the sales and use tax exemption for qu	ualified data centers	
Fiscal Effect		
AppropriationsReve	ease Existing absorb within age	May be possible to ency's budget
Permissive Mandatory Permi	ease Revenue	overnment Village Cities Others WTCS Districts
Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PRS	Affected Ch. 20 Ap	propriations
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 5/12/2025

LRB Number 25-2933/1	Introduction Number	SB-0244	Estimate Type	Original		
Description						
modifying the sales and use tax exemption for qualified data centers						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill makes various changes to the sales and use tax exemption for qualified data centers.

The bill modifies the definition of qualified data center to provide that the buildings may house a group of individual, as well as a group of networked, server computers. The bill also makes changes to the criteria WEDC uses to certify a qualified data center to allow for certain co-located data center operations. The bill also disallows the certification of buildings used for, or to facilitate, the creation of cryptocurrencies and the process used to verify and secure cryptocurrency transactions and blockchains.

The change in forgone sales tax revenue is indeterminate and depends on the parameters of future WEDC-certified data center projects. Assuming a project fits the parameters outlined in the bill, the following is an example of the forgone sales tax revenue for a single hypothetical datacenter project.

Based on information from the US Chamber of Commerce, capital expenditures for a typical data center are approximately \$215.5M. Among that amount IT equipment makes up \$157.1M and building construction makes up \$45.0M. Annual operating expenses are estimated to be \$18.5M. After adjusting for items that would be otherwise subject to sales tax, the department estimates a sales tax decrease of \$8.5 million related to initial construction and an ongoing sales tax reduction of \$735,000. Assuming the IT equipment is replaced on a 5-year schedule, sales tax would decrease by an additional \$1.6 million on an annualized basis when equipment replacement begins.

County sales tax collections would decrease compared to current law depending on the size and location of a qualified data center.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications