# Chapter DHS 140

## REQUIRED SERVICES OF LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DHS 140.01 Authority and purpose.</th>
<th>DHS 140.06 Level III local health department.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DHS 140.03 Definitions.</td>
<td>DHS 140.07 Local health officer qualifications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHS 140.04 Level I local health department.</td>
<td>DHS 140.08 Local health department level designation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHS 140.05 Level II local health department.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Note:
Chapter HFS 140 was renumbered chapter DHS 140 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., and corrections made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2009 No. 637.

### DHS 140.01 Authority and purpose.
This chapter is promulgated under the authority of s. 251.20, Stats., which directs the department to specify by rule required services for each of 3 levels of local health departments. Under s. 251.05 (2), Stats., all local health departments are to provide at least level I services, while level II and level III local health departments are to provide additional services.

*History:* Cr. Register, July, 1998, No. 511, eff. 8−1−98.

### DHS 140.03 Definitions.

1. “Community health assessment” means the regular, systematic collection, assembly, analysis and dissemination of information on the health of the community.

2. “Community health improvement plan” means the written plan developed by a local health department with the involvement of key policy makers and the general public to implement the services and functions specified under s. 250.03 (1) (L), Stats., pursuant to s. 251.05 (3) (c), Stats., and the requirements of this chapter.

3. “Department” means the Wisconsin department of health services.

4. “Environmental health program” means the assessment, management, control and prevention of environmental factors that may adversely affect the health, comfort, safety or well-being of individuals within the jurisdiction of the local health department by individuals qualified under s. 440.98, Stats., and ch. DHS 139.

5. “Epidemiological investigation” means the systematic examination and detailed inquiry into the circumstances and causal factors associated with a given disease or injury.

6. “General public health nursing program” means the organization and delivery of public health nursing services by public health nurses qualified under s. 250.06 (1), Stats., and s. DHS 139.08 to individuals within the jurisdiction of the local health department.

7. “Health promotion” means programs and services that increase the public understanding of health, assist in the development of more positive health practices and enhance or maintain the health of the community as a whole.

8. “Human health hazard” means a substance, activity or condition that is known to have the potential to cause acute or chronic illness or death if exposure to the substance, activity or condition is not abated or removed.

9. “Local health department” means an agency of local government that has any of the forms specified in s. 250.01 (4), Stats.

10. “Local health officer” means the person in charge of a local health department who meets the qualifications and is responsible for carrying out the duties established under s. 251.06, Stats.

11. “Other disease prevention” means programs and services that reduce the risk of disease, disability, injury or premature death caused by such factors as risky behaviors, poor health practices or environmental agents of disease.

12. “Public health system” means organized community efforts aimed at the prevention of disease and the promotion and protection of health, including activities of public and private agencies and voluntary organizations and individuals.

13. “Surveillance” means the ongoing systematic collection, analysis, and interpretation of data concerning disease, injuries or human health hazards, and the timely dissemination of these data to persons responsible for preventing and controlling disease or injury and others who need to know.

*History:* Cr. Register, July, 1998, No. 511, eff. 8−1−98; corrections in (2), (3) and (5) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6. and 7., Stats., Register January 2009 No. 637; CR 18−014: cr. (1m) Register June 2019 No. 762, eff. 7−1−19; correction in (1m) made under s. 35.17, Stats., Register June 2019 No. 762.

### DHS 140.04 Level I local health department.

1. **Required Services:** A level I local health department shall provide leadership for developing and maintaining the public health system within its jurisdiction by conducting all of the following:

   a. **Surveillance and investigation.** 1. Collect and analyze public health data to do all of the following:

      i. Identify health problems, environmental public health hazards, and social and economic risks that affect the public’s health.

      ii. Guide public health planning and decision-making at the local level.

      iii. Develop recommendations regarding public health policy, processes, programs, or interventions, including the community health improvement plan.

      iv. Conduct timely investigations of health problems and environmental public health hazards in coordination with other governmental agencies and stakeholders.

      v. Establish written protocols for obtaining laboratory services at all times.

   b. **Communicable disease control.** 1. Conduct activities required of local health departments under ch. DHS 144, relating to immunization of students.

   c. **Other disease prevention.** 1. Develop and implement interventions intended to reduce the incidence, prevalence or onset of chronic diseases or to prevent or ameliorate injuries that are the leading causes of disability and premature death in the local health department’s jurisdiction, as identified in the community health assessment or the most recent state public health agenda.
2. Link individuals to needed personal health services.
3. Identify and implement strategies to improve access to health services.

(d) Emergency preparedness and response. 1. Participate in the development of response strategies and plans in accordance with local, state, and national guidelines to address public health emergencies as defined in s. 323.02 (16), Stats.
2. Participate in public health preparedness exercises.
3. Communicate and coordinate with health care providers, emergency service providers, and other agencies and organizations that respond to a disaster, outbreak, or emergency.
4. Define the role of public health personnel in responding to a disaster, outbreak, or emergency, and activate these personnel during any such occurrence.
5. Maintain and execute an agency plan for providing continuity of operations during a disaster, outbreak, or emergency, including a plan for accessing resources necessary for response or recovery.
6. Issue and enforce emergency health orders, as permitted by law.
7. Establish processes to ensure the local health department is immediately notified of an actual or potential disaster, outbreak, or emergency.
8. Implement strategies intended to protect the health of vulnerable populations during a disaster, outbreak, or emergency.

(e) Health promotion. 1. Develop and implement interventions, policies, and systems to promote practices that support positive public health outcomes and resilient communities.
2. Disseminate relevant, accurate information and evidence-informed prevention guidance to the public health system and community.
3. Use a variety of accessible, transparent, and inclusive methods of communication to convey and to receive information from the public and stakeholders.
4. Provide accurate, timely, and understandable information, recommendations, and instructions to the public during a disaster, outbreak, or emergency.

(f) Human health hazard control. 1. Assist in the conduct of activities authorized under ss. 251.06 (3) (f) and 254.59, Stats.
2. Declare dilapidated, unsafe or unsanitary housing to be a human health hazard, when permitted under s. 254.593, Stats.
3. Identify public health hazards through laboratory testing, inspections, reporting, and investigation for the purpose of preventing further incidence of occupational disease, environmental disease, and human health hazard exposure.

(g) Policy and planning. 1. Coordinate planning and serve as a source of information and expertise in the development and implementation of policies affecting public health.
2. Foster and support community involvement and partnerships in development, adoption, and implementation of policies affecting public health, including engagement of diverse populations and consideration of adversely impacted populations.
3. Conduct a community health assessment resulting in a community health improvement plan at least every 5 years.
4. Develop a written community health improvement plan at least every 5 years, by assessing applicable data, developing measurable health objectives, and partnering with persons, agencies, and organizations to cultivate community ownership throughout the entire development and implementation of the plan.
5. Engage members of the community in assessment, implementation, monitoring, evaluation, and modification of community health planning.
6. Promote land use planning and sustainable development activities to create positive health outcomes.

(h) Leadership and organizational competencies. 1. Establish and sustain relationships with governmental and nongovernmental partners and stakeholders.
2. Engage stakeholders in the development and implementation of the local health department’s organizational goals.
3. Use principles of public health law, including local and state laws, in the planning, implementation, and enforcement of public health initiatives.
4. Promote and monitor progress towards achieving organizational goals, objectives identified in community health improvement plan, and identifying areas for improvement.
5. Implement processes within public health programs that create health equity.
6. Maintain a competent and diverse workforce intended to ensure the effective and equitable provision of public health services.
7. Provide continuing education and other training opportunities necessary to maintain a competent workforce.
8. Implement and maintain the technology needed to support public health operations while simultaneously protecting personally identifiable information and other confidential health information, pursuant to ss. 19.21 and 146.82, Stats.

(i) Public health nursing services. Conduct a general public health nursing program which shall apply nursing and public health principles to collaboratively assess, develop, implement, and evaluate the services required in pars. (a) to (h), in cooperation with the local board of health.

(2) Annual reporting. A level I local health department shall submit the following to the department:

(a) By May 1, a copy of the annual report submitted by the local health officer during the previous year, as required by s. 251.06 (3) (h), Stats.
(b) Public health data, in a format prescribed by the department.

Note: Reports and data described in this section must be submitted to the regional office assigned to the local health department's jurisdiction. Information about regional offices may be obtained by accessing https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/dph/regions.htm.

(3) Optional services. A level I local health department may provide any services, in addition to the services required under sub. (1), that a level II local health department is required to provide under s. DHS 140.05 or a level III local health department is required to provide under s. DHS 140.06.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1998, No. 511, eff. 8/1/98; correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7. Stats., Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 7–1–09; correction in (1) (b) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7. Stats., Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 7–1–09; correction in (1) (b) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7. Stats., Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 7–1–09.
4. Evaluating the additional services and reporting to the community and local board of health on progress and performance.
   (b) Develop and maintain a plan to employ qualified public health professionals and assure a competent public health workforce by doing all of the following:
      1. Including core public health competencies and credentialing requirements in all department job descriptions, unless prohibited by local governing body.
      2. Assessing staff core public health competencies every 2 years to identify department training needs.
      3. Completing annual performance evaluations and personal development plans, unless prohibited by local governing body.
   (c) Conduct quality improvement.
      (d) Provide training and resources related to quality improvement to local health department staff and the local governing body.
   (e) Establish explicit organizational performance measures for the local health department’s mission, vision, values, and strategic goals.
   (f) Applying nursing and public health principles to collaboratively assess, develop, implement, and evaluate the services required under pars. (a) to (e).

(2) Optional Services. A level II local health department may provide any services, in addition to the services required under sub. (1), that a level III local health department is required to provide under s. DHS 140.06.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1998, No. 511, eff. 8−1−98; CR 18−014; r. and recr. Register June 2019 No. 762, eff. 7−1−19; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register June 2019 No. 762; correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register June 2019 No. 762.

DHS 140.06 Level III local health department. In addition to the level I local health department required services described in s. DHS 140.04 and to the level II local health department required services described in s. DHS 140.05, a level III local health department shall do all of the following:
   (1) Lead the collection of data to guide public health planning and decision-making at the local level in alignment with the most recent state public health agenda.
   (2) Provide public health expertise within the jurisdiction to elected officials, stakeholders, and community partners, including data and research.
   (3) Identify and address factors impacting population health by implementing evidence-informed and emerging practices.
   (4) Develop, advocate, adopt, and implement policies or strategies to improve the physical, environmental, social, and economic conditions affecting health.
   (5) Establish and implement an environmental health program as directed by the local board of health or other local governing body, by doing all of the following:
      (a) Participating and providing environmental health expertise in the development of community plans.
      (b) Providing or arranging for the availability of services authorized under ch. 254, Stats., such as for toxic substances, indoor air quality, animal borne or vector borne disease, and human health hazards.
      (c) Collecting, reviewing, and analyzing environmental and community health data, and managing, controlling, and preventing environmental factors that may adversely affect the health, safety, or well-being of individuals or the community.
      (d) Implement agreements established with state agencies to provide or arrange for environmental health services.
      (e) Administering regulations of the board of health or other local governing body.

   (6) Provide or arrange for other services that the local health department determines appropriately address objectives or services in the most recent state public health agenda.
   (7) Develop and implement methods to collect performance data, evaluate goals, conduct quality improvement, and report progress to advise organizational decisions.
   (8) Develop and implement a plan that integrates quality improvement at the individual, team, and organization levels.
   (9) Apply nursing and public health principles to collaboratively assess, develop, implement, and evaluate the services required under subs. (1) to (8).

DHS 140.07 Local health officer qualifications. (1) Definition. In this section, “similar field” means a field of academic study, or combination of graduate-level courses that the state health officer determines provides the knowledge and skills required to adequately meet the responsibilities of a level I, II, or III local health officer.

(2) Level I. A local health officer of a level I local health department shall meet the requirements stated in s. 251.06 (1) (a), Stats., or shall obtain approval in writing from the state health officer indicating that the individual has met the requirements of s. 251.06 (1) (d), Stats.

(3) Level II. A local health officer of a level II local health department shall meet the requirements stated in s. 251.06 (1) (b), Stats., or shall obtain approval in writing from the state health officer indicating that the individual has met the requirements of s. 251.06 (1) (d), Stats.

(4) Level III. Pursuant to ss. 251.06 (1) (c) and (d), Stats., a level III local health officer shall have any of the following qualifications:
      (a) At least 3 years of experience in a full-time administrative position in either a public health agency or public health work and one of the following:
         1. A master’s degree in public health, public administration, or health administration.
         2. Approval in writing from the state health officer indicating that the individual has submitted adequate documentation to demonstrate possession of a master’s degree in a similar field.
      (b) A bachelor’s degree, 5 years of experience in a full-time administrative position in either a public health agency or public health work, and one of the following:
         1. At least 16 graduate semester credits towards a master’s degree in public health, public administration, or health administration.
         2. Approval in writing from the state health officer indicating that the individual has submitted adequate documentation to demonstrate possession of 16 graduate semester credits towards a master’s degree in a similar field.
      (c) A license to practice medicine and surgery under ch. 448, Stats., and at least one of the following:
         1. Three years of experience in a full-time administrative position in either a public health agency or public health work.
         2. Eligibility for certification by the American board of preventive medicine in public health or general preventive medicine.
         3. A master’s degree in public health, public administration, or health administration.
         4. Approval in writing from the state health officer indicating that the individual has submitted adequate documentation to demonstrate possession of a master’s degree in a similar field.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1998, No. 511, eff. 8−1−98; CR 18−014; r. and recr. Register June 2019 No. 762, eff. 7−1−19; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register June 2019 No. 762.
DHS 140.08 Local health department level designation. The department shall review the operations of each local health department at least every 5 years, and based on this review, the state health officer shall issue a written finding as to whether the local health department satisfies the requirements for a level I, II, or III local health department. In the alternative, the state health officer may determine that the operations of a local health department satisfy the requirements for a level I, II, or III local health department based on a national accreditation process that fulfills the requirements specified under ch. 251, Stats., and this chapter.

History: CR 18−014: cr. Register June 2019 No. 762, eff. 7−1−19; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register June 2019 No. 762.