STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION		
DOA 2049 (R 07/2011)		
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES		
FISCAL ESTIMATE AND ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS		
Type of Estimate and Analysis		
X Original Updated Corrected		
Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number		
Administrative Rule Chapter PD 3, Indigency Criteria, § 3.02 Administrative Rule Chapter PD 6, Payment for State Public Defender Representation, §§ 6.01 and 6.02		
Subject		
Creation of Felony Diversion case category		
Fund Sources Affected		Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected
GPR FED PRO	□ PRS □ SEG SEG-S	None
Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule		
	Increase Existing Revenues Decrease Existing Revenues	 Increase Costs Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget Decrease Costs
The Rule Will Impact the Following (Check All That Apply)		
State's Economy Specific Businesses/Sectors Local Government Units Public Utility Rate Payers		
Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Be Greater Than \$20 million?		
Yes X No		
Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule		
The anticipated cost of counsel reflects the likely cost for a prospective client to hire a private attorney. The SPD includes this amount in its determination of an applicant's financial eligibility for SPD services. The required payment for legal representation reflects the average attorney costs for the SPD in the respective case categories. A new felony diversion case category will more accurately reflect the amount of time attorneys spend when representing clients in felony diversion cases.		
Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)		
This rule has no economic or fiscal impact on specific businesses, business sectors, public utility rate payers, local governmental units or the state's economy as a whole. There are no implementation or compliance costs.		
Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule		
A new felony diversion case category will more accurately reflect the amount of time attorneys spend when representing clients in felony diversion cases. The rule will require individuals who are represented in felony diversion cases to pay \$240 toward the cost of their representation, which is lower than for other felony cases. This increased cost reflects the significant time attorneys invest in felony diversion cases. Clients also have the option to pay a lower discount amount of \$60 as provided in PD § 6.02(1).		
Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule		
There are no long range implications of implementing the rule.		
Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government		
The case categories used by the office of the state public defender are unique to the SPD and have no federal equivalent.		

Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)

Neither Illinois nor Michigan has a statewide public defender system. In Iowa, courts order defendants to repay the costs for a public defender to the extent they are able. In Minnesota, courts may require a defendant to reimburse the state for legal fees.

Name and Phone Number of Contact Person

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