ADMINISTRATIVE RULES Fiscal Estimate & Economic Impact Analysis

1. Type of Estimate and Analysis ☑ Original ☐ Updated ☐ Corrected		
2. Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number Pod 1		
3. Subject Licensure requirements		
4. Fund Sources Affected ☐ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☐ SEG ☐ SEG-S	5. Chapter 20, Stats . Appropriations Affected $20.165(1)(g)$	
6. Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule ☑ No Fiscal Effect □ Increase Existing Revenues □ Indeterminate □ Decrease Existing Revenues	 Increase Costs Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget Decrease Cost 	
7. The Rule Will Impact the Following (Check All That Apply) State's Economy Specific Businesses/Sectors Local Government Units Public Utility Rate Payers Small Businesses (if checked, complete Attachment A)		
8. Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Be Greater Than \$20 million?		
 9. Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule Pursuant to 2013 Wisconsin Act 114, the Department of Safety and Professional Services and its attached boards may no longer require any person to complete any postsecondary education before the person is eligible to take an examination for a credential. In accordance with this legislation, the proposed rules revise ch. Pod 1 to allow applicants seeking licensure as a podiatrist to take their credentialing exam before completing any postsecondary education. The Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board conducted a comprehensive review of ch. Pod 1 to ensure the rules are consistent with current professional, academic, and licensing practices and applicable Wisconsin statutes. The resulting changes are to update references and notes in ss. Pod 1.01, 1.02, 1.08 (1) (a), 1.09 (1) (a), and 1.10 (1) (b). 10. Summaryof the businesses, business sectors, associations representing business, local governmental units, and individuals that may be affected by the proposed rule that were contacted for comments. 		
The proposed rule was posted on the Department of Safety and Professional Services' website for 14 days in order to solicit comments from businesses, representative associations, local governmental units, and individuals that may be affected by the rule. No comments were received.		
11. Identify the local governmental units that participated in the development of this EIA. No local governmental units participated in the development of this EIA.		
 12. Summaryof Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred) This proposed rule will not have a significant impact on specific businesses, business sectors, public utility rate payers, local governmental units, or the state's economy as a whole. 		
13. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule The benefit to implementing the rule is providing clarity and updated licensure requirements. If the rule is not implemented, it will continue to reference outdated licensure requirements.		
14. Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule The long range implication of implementing the rule is clarity and updated licensure requirements.		

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15. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government None

16. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota) **Illinois:**

An applicant for the National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners (NBPME) PM Lexis examination for licensure as a podiatric physician must file an application at least 60 days prior to an examination date. The application must include: (1) A complete work history indicating all employment since graduation from an approved podiatric medical program; (2) Certification of graduation from an approved podiatric medical program; (3) Proof of passage of Part I and Part II of the examination given by the National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners (NBPME) by NBPME standards; (4) Certification from the jurisdictions of the United States in which the applicant was originally licensed and is currently licensed, if applicable, stating: (a) The time during which the applicant was licensed in that jurisdiction, including the date of the original issuance of the license; and (b) Whether the file on the applicant contains any record of disciplinary actions taken or pending; and (5) The required fee (68 III. Admin. Code 1360.45).

Iowa:

Iowa Administrative Code does not explicitly state that an applicant for a license as a podiatrist must complete the required education prior to taking the examination for licensure (645 IAC 220.2 and 220.3).

Michigan:

To be eligible for part III of the podiatric examination administered by the NBPME, an applicant must submit an application for licensure together with the requisite fee. To assure eligibility to sit for the nbpme examination, an applicant must submit his or her completed application not less than 30 days before the date of the examination (Mich Admin Code, R 338.8104).

Minnesota:

Minnesota Statutes and Administrative code do not explicitly state that an applicant for a license as a podiatrist must complete the required education prior to taking the examination for licensure (Minnesota Rules, Part 6900.0020; Minnesota Statutes s. 153.16)

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This document can be made available in alternate formats to individuals with disabilities upon request.