1. Type of Estimate and Analysis	2. Date	
☑ Original	September 24, 2018	
3. Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number (and Clearinghouse Number if applicable) OT 4		
4. Subject Supervision and practice of occupational therapy assistants		
5. Fund Sources Affected	6. Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected	
7. Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule ☑ No Fiscal Effect □ Increase Existing Revenues □ Indeterminate □ Decrease Existing Revenues	□ Increase Costs □ Decrease Costs □ Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget	
8. The Rule Will Impact the Following (Check All That Apply) State's Economy Specific Businesses/Sectors Local Government Units Public Utility Rate Payers Small Businesses (if checked, complete Attachment A)		
9. Estimate of Implementation and Compliance to Businesses, Local Governmental Units and Individuals, pers. 227.137(3)(b)(1). \$0		
10. Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Businesses, Local Governmental Units and Individuals Be \$10 Million or more Over Any 2-year Period, pers. 227.137(3)(b)(2)?		
11. Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule Current rules provide that, when general supervision is allowed, the supervising occupational therapist must have direct		
contact with the occupational therapy assistant and face-to-face contact with the client by every tenth session of		
occupational therapy and no less than one time per calendar month. The proposed rules create an exception to this		
requirement for circumstances, including those in the practice areas of home health and children from birth to 3 years		
old, when occupational therapy services are provided once per calendar month or less frequently than once per calendar		
month.		
12. Summary of the Businesses, Business Sectors, Associations Representing Business, Local Governmental Units, and Individuals that may be Affected by the Proposed Rule that were Contacted for Comments.		
The proposed rule was posted on the Department of Safety and Professional Services' website for 14 days in order to		
solicit comments from businesses, representative associations, local governmental units, and individuals that may be		
affected by the rule. No comments were received.		
13. Identify the Local Governmental Units that Participated in the Development of this EIA. No local governmental units participated in the development of this EIA.		
14. Summaryof Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impacton Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economyas a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)		
The proposed rule will not have a significant impact on specific businesses, business sectors, public utility rate payers, local governmental units, or the state's economy as a whole.		
15. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule The benefit to implementing the rule is providing updated requirements for the supervision of occupational therapy assistants. If the rule is not implemented, the requirements will remain outdated.		
16. Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule The long range implication of implementing the rule is updated requirements for the supervision of occupational therapy assistants.		

17. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government None

18. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota) Illinois: Rules of the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation specify the requirements for supervision of an occupational therapy assistant (68 Ill. Adm. Code 1315.163). The rules provide a minimum guideline of formal supervision as follows:

• An occupational therapy assistant who has less than one year of work experience or who is entering new practice environments or developing new skills must receive a minimum of 5 percent on-site face to-face supervision from a registered occupational therapist per month. On-site supervision consists of direct, face-to-face collaboration in which the supervisor must be on the premises. The remaining work hours must be supervised by a combination of telephone, electronic communication, telecommunication, technology, or face-to-face consultation.

• An occupational therapy assistant with more than one year of experience in current practice must have a minimum of 5 percent direct supervision from a registered occupational therapist per month. The 5 percent direct supervision must consist of 2 percent direct, face-to-face collaboration. The remaining 3 percent of supervision must be a combination of telephone, electronic communication, telecommunication technology, or face-to-face consultation. The remaining work hours must be supervised in varying patterns as determined by the demands of the areas of service and the competency of the individual assistant.

Iowa: Rules of the Iowa Board of Physical and Occupational Therapy specify the requirements for supervision of an occupational therapy assistant (645 IAC 206.8). The rules provide that a licensed occupational therapist may provide onsite supervision or supervision by telecommunication of an occupational therapy assistant, as long as the supervising occupational therapist participates in treatment. Participation in treatment must include direct face-to-face patient contact every twelfth visit or 60 calendar days, whichever comes first, for all patients regardless of setting.

Michigan: Rules of the Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs specify the requirements for supervision of an occupational therapy assistant (Mich Admin Code, R 338.1229). The rules provide that an occupational therapist who delegates limited assessments, tasks, or interventions to an occupational therapy assistant must determine and provide the appropriate level of supervision. The appropriate level of supervision must be determined based on the occupational therapy assistant's education, training, and experience and includes general supervision or direct supervision.

"General supervision" means that the occupational therapist is not required to be physically present on site, but shall be continuously available at the time the limited assessment, task, or intervention is performed. Continuously available includes availability by telecommunication or other electronic device.

"Direct supervision" means that the occupational therapist is physically present with the occupational therapy assistant or immediately available for direction and onsite supervision at the time the limited assessment, task, or intervention is performed, and that the occupational therapist has direct contact in the physical presence of the patient or client during each visit.

Minnesota: The Minnesota Statutes specify the requirements for supervision of an occupational therapy assistant (Minnesota Statutes 2017, section 148.6432). The statutes provide that an occupational therapist must determine the frequency and manner of supervision of an occupational therapy assistant performing delegated treatment procedures based on the condition of the patient or client, the complexity of the treatment procedure, and the proficiencies of the occupational therapy assistant. Face-to-face collaboration between the occupational therapist and the occupational therapy assistant must occur, at a minimum, every two weeks, during which time the occupational therapist is responsible for all of the following:

- Planning and documenting an initial treatment plan and discharge from treatment.
- Reviewing treatment goals, therapy programs, and client progress.
- Supervising changes in the treatment plan.
- Conducting or observing treatment procedures for selected clients and documenting appropriateness of treatment procedures.

• Ensuring the service competency of the occupational therapy assistant in performing delegated treatment procedures.

19. Contact Name	20. Contact Phone Number
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This document can be made available in alternate formats to individuals with disabilities upon request.

ATTACHMENT A

1. Summaryof Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impacton Small Businesses (Separatelyfor each Small Business Sector, Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)

2. Summary of the data sources used to measure the Rule's impact on Small Businesses

3. Did the agency consider the following methods to reduce the impact of the Rule on Small Businesses?

Less Stringent Compliance or Reporting Requirements

Less Stringent Schedules or Deadlines for Compliance or Reporting

Consolidation or Simplification of Reporting Requirements

Establishment of performance standards in lieu of Design or Operational Standards

Exemption of Small Businesses from some or all requirements

Other, describe:

4. Describe the methods incorporated into the Rule that will reduce its impact on Small Businesses

5. Describe the Rule's Enforcement Provisions

6. Did the Agency prepare a Cost Benefit Analysis (if Yes, attach to form)

🗆 Yes 🛛 No