

Chapter Ag 40

CANNING FACTORIES

Ag 40.01	Definition	Ag 40.10	Plumbing
Ag 40.02	License	Ag 40.11	Prevention of contamination
Ag 40.03	Buildings	Ag 40.12	By-products
Ag 40.04	Premises	Ag 40.13	Waste material
Ag 40.05	Water supply	Ag 40.14	Waste water
Ag 40.06	Machinery and equipment	Ag 40.15	Viner stations
Ag 40.07	Containers	Ag 40.16	Violation
Ag 40.08	Can washers		
Ag 40.09	Employees		

Ag 40.01 Definition. The term "cannery" as used in section 97.06, Wis. Stats., and in the rules and regulations prescribed by the state department of agriculture by authority of the aforesaid section is held to mean a factory including all buildings, premises and stations, where food for human consumption, except milk and milk products, is prepared commercially sterilized by heat and preserved in hermetically sealed containers.

Ag 40.02 License. (1) All canneries shall file application upon a blank furnished by the department, giving such information as the department may reasonably require.

(2) Each cannery shall make application on the above mentioned blank at least 30 days before such factory is to begin operation.

(3) Upon application for a license to operate a cannery the department may issue a permit to such applicant to operate the same as provided by statute.

(4) All licenses may be renewed upon application of licensee without inspection, on or before the first day of April following the date of issue, and upon payment of the required fee to the department.

(5) A permit or license and a renewal of license shall be conspicuously displayed at the factory.

Ag 40.03 Buildings. (1) All factory buildings shall be well lighted and ventilated.

(2) All floors, walls, ceilings, tables, and other fixtures shall be maintained in such condition that they may be readily made clean and sanitary. If not in such condition they shall be promptly repaired and replaced. The floors of all rooms used for manufacturing shall be water-tight and where there is necessity for drainage, shall have sufficient pitch to insure drainage and may be constructed of wood if coated and made impermeable to water, of cement or tile laid in cement or of any other materials impermeable to water. When and where necessary for the protection of employees portable or loose floor gratings should be provided around blanchers, washers and other places where overflow is unavoidable. Ceilings or other overhead coverings shall be dust proof.

(3) Walls, ceilings and other overhead coverings, or parts thereof not finished in tile or other glazed material, shall be kept well painted with a light colored paint or otherwise finished with light colored material so that they may be easily cleaned and shall be kept clean.

(Next page is numbered 59)