

agreed upon by the owner and the department. All new labels must be in compliance.

(5) The following animal feeds are not subject to requirement of this section or s. Ag 48.05, but are subject to labeling and other requirements under s. 94.72, Stats.:

(a) Animal feed packed in hermetically sealed, retort process, conventional-retail size containers, and retail size packages of semi-moist animal feed.

(b) Animal feed containing less than 5% of parts or products of the carcasses of animals and not represented by labeling, appearance or otherwise as being a human food or a product of the meat food industry.

(c) Animal feed which does not consist of any carcasses or products thereof other than fully rendered products, such as meat meal tankage, meat and bone meal, blood meal and feed grade animal fat.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1975, No. 231, eff. 4-1-75; r. (1) and (2) (c), renum. (2) to (4) to be (1) to (3) and am. (2), cr. (4), Register, May, 1983, No. 329, eff. 6-1-83.

Ag 48.07 Denaturing exemptions; permit. (1) Lungs and lung lobes originating from any meat establishment licensed and inspected under s. 97.42, Stats., other than those condemned because affected with disease or pathology, or found to be adulterated with chemical or biological residue may, subject to s. Ag 48.06, be transported without denaturing under department permit, provided:

(a) They are directly consigned to a manufacturer of animal feed for use in manufacturing animal feed, or directly to a zoo, mink farm, or other establishment for use as animal feed without further manufacturing, or to a storage plant for subsequent movement to such manufacturer, zoo, mink farm or other establishment. Lungs or lung lobes shipped to a storage plant shall, prior to further shipment, be accompanied by a shipping certificate as required under s. Ag 48.06, executed by the storage plant operator. The shipping certificate shall be in the form prescribed under s. Ag 48.06 (1) but shall include, in addition thereto, the permit number, number and kind of containers, total weight and date received at the storage plant.

(b) Boxes or other containers used in the shipment of undenatured lungs or lung lobes are closed and taped with a nylon filament tape or strapped with metal straps and the permit number appears on each container.

(2) Inedible rendered animal fats originating from any meat establishment licensed and inspected under s. 97.42, Stats., or originating from a rendering establishment under s. 95.72, Stats., and other inedible products prepared at any establishment, having the physical characteristics of a product capable of use as human food may, subject to s. Ag 48.06, be transported without denaturing under department permit, provided:

(a) Such inedible rendered animal fats or other inedible products are consigned to a manufacturer of animal feed or a manufacturer of non-human food articles for use solely for the manufacture of animal feed or for the manufacture of non-human food articles. The manufacturer receiving such products may not further sell or ship them without the prior approval of the department, and without maintaining a record identifying the new consignee.

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(b) Such inedible rendered fat is transported only in sealed shipping containers bearing unoffical seals applied by the shipper, and other inedible products are transported only in railroad cars, trucks or containers which bear unoffical seals applied by the shipper. Such unoffical seals shall be metal strip dead lock seals attached in such a manner as to prevent access to the inedible animal fat or other inedible products unless broken. Unoffical seals shall contain the permit number assigned by the department and an individual seal serial number as assigned by the shipper. Such inedible rendered fat or other inedible products shall be accompanied by a shipping certificate as prescribed in s. Ag 48.06 (1), including thereon the permit number assigned by the department. The permit number and the individual seal serial number shall also appear on the bill of lading or other transportation or shipping document. The consignee shall retain a record of the individual seal serial number and the permit number as part of the records required to be kept under s. Ag 48.04.

(3) No person shall transport lungs or lung lobes, inedible animal fat or other inedible products, unless naturally inedible by humans, without denaturing unless such person has applied for and received from the department a numbered permit for the shipment of such products and transports them in conformity with this section. The numbered permit assigned by the department shall be a continuing permit and shall remain in effect unless suspended or revoked by the department or until the person assigned such numbered permit ceases operations.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1975, No. 231, eff. 4-1-75.

Ag 48.08 Detection and disposition of non-complying product. The department may place under holding order or otherwise retain any carcasses or products thereof capable of use as human food, whether or not intended for use as human food, or other inedible products including hides produced from dead animals found in any animal food processing establishment, rendering plant, fur farm, storage plant, or other location, or in transportation, which is not denatured or labeled in accordance with the requirements of this chapter or is suspected to be contaminated, diseased or unsuitable for animal food. Material which has been detained may be disposed of only under departmental supervision, as soon as possible and so as not to interrupt the normal flow of business, if at all possible.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1975, No. 231, eff. 4-1-75; am. Register, May, 1983, No. 329, eff. 6-1-83.

Ag 48.09 Animal food processor and renderer; facilities and operation. (1) **CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT.** (a) Buildings, facilities and equipment used in the receiving, holding, storing or processing of dead animals or other products in the manufacture of animal feed or the rendering process shall be constructed in a manner which will permit the thorough cleaning thereof.

(b) The interior walls of rendering or animal food processing plants hereafter constructed or altered shall be of a smooth, impervious surface.

(c) When floors or other parts of a rendering plant, animal food processing plant, or vehicle station or equipment used in these facilities are in unsatisfactory condition so that they cannot be sanitized readily or effectively operated, they shall be removed or replaced with suitable materials or operative equipment or both.

(d) Effective processing equipment and condensing or other effective vapor control facilities shall be provided in licensed plants. The plant and equipment shall be maintained in a clean condition at all times and operated in a manner so as to avoid offensive conditions and odor nuisance. Odor control standards shall meet the requirements of ch. NR 154, Wis. Adm. Code.

(2) RECEIVING FACILITIES. Plants or premises where rendering or animal food processing operations are conducted shall be provided with an enclosure for receiving and temporarily holding dead animals and the products of carcasses while awaiting further processing. The enclosure shall be constructed in a manner to exclude the entry of dogs, cats, wild animals or birds and be equipped with a paved floor which can be thoroughly drained, cleaned and disinfected.

(3) MAINTENANCE. Premises, buildings, facilities and equipment used in processing operations shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition to avoid the creation of a health or sanitation hazard, or a public health nuisance by reason of objectionable odors, accumulation of litter, or the presence of insects, rodents or other vermin.

(4) MANURE DISPOSAL. Manure or paunch contents shall be placed in covered containers, or held in separate rooms or vehicles and be removed from the premises or otherwise disposed of at the end of each day's operation to avoid the creation of a health hazard or public nuisance.

(5) DRAINAGE AND EFFLUENT WASTE. All plant processing areas shall be effectively drained into an approved effluent waste disposal system or into a public sewer system. Such effluent waste systems shall comply with all existing state or local laws or ordinances.

(6) WATER SUPPLY. A supply of potable water shall be provided for drinking and lavatory purposes. An adequate supply of hot and cold running water shall be maintained under pressure to facilitate the hosing down of processing areas and equipment to assure cleanliness.

(7) TOILET FACILITIES. Toilets shall be of an approved water closet or chemical type and kept clean and sanitary. A bathroom in the residence of the operator will fulfill this requirement.

(8) STORAGE. Finished products shall not be stored in contact with any raw material or dead animals.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1975, No. 231, eff. 4-1-75; r. and recr. (1) and (8), am. (2) and (7), r. (9), Register, May, 1983, No. 329, eff. 6-1-83.

Ag 48.10 Transportation of animals and carcasses. (1) Live animals shall not be transported in a vehicle containing dead animals. Live downer animals picked up for animal food processing or rendering shall be killed before loading for transport to a processing or rendering plant. Dispatching shall be done by humane methods as defined in s. 95.80 (1) (c), Stats.

(2) Live animals, other than a guard dog, shall not be unloaded or held in the processing or storage areas of a rendering plant or animal food processor.

(3) All vehicles, containers and equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned and sanitized after each day's use or more frequently as necessary. When a vehicle has been used to transport a dead animal which has died or has been killed as the result of an infectious or contagious disease, the vehicle

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shall be cleaned, washed and thoroughly disinfected before going onto any highway or premises other than the premises of the rendering plant or vehicle station.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1983, No. 329, eff. 6-1-83.

Ag 48.11 Vehicle permits. (1) Vehicle permits under s. 95.72 (7) (c), Stats., may be issued for the operation of vehicles which are used by an animal food processor, renderer, a dead animal collector or their employees. The licensee or person to whom the vehicle permits are issued shall be held strictly accountable at all times for the operation of vehicles. The owner-operator, business partner or principal officer of a corporation or cooperative shall be responsible for the conduct of business in conformity with the standards in this chapter.

(2) Equipment used in the transportation of dead animals shall bear the name and plant location of the renderer, animal food processor or the dead animal collector using it. The name shall be prominently displayed on both sides of such equipment in block lettering not less than 3 inches high. The location of the receiving plant shall be displayed below the name of the licensee in lettering not less than 2 inches high.

(3) The department may suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of any animal food processor, renderer or dead animal collector who it has reasonable grounds to believe has obtained by fraud, deception or misrepresentation a permit to operate a vehicle used for the transportation of dead animals upon the highways of the state by anyone not an employe.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1983, No. 329, eff. 6-1-83.

Ag 48.12 Vehicle transfer stations; permits. Vehicle transfer stations may be used only for unloading or reloading dead animals for delivery to a licensee. No person may operate a vehicle transfer station unless a building is constructed, maintained and operated according to s. Ag 48.09 (1) to (3), (5) and (6). Dead animals shall be removed to a rendering plant or an animal food processing plant within 24 hours of arrival or within 48 hours of a Saturday or Sunday followed by a holiday so as to avoid an odor nuisance. If public sewerage is not available, a treatment and disposal system shall be provided which conforms with chs. NR 108 and 258, Wis. Adm. Code. A transfer station shall have a safe water supply for drinking purposes and an adequate supply of 180° F. hot water for washing and cleaning of the buildings, containers and vehicles. The owner-operator, business partner or a principal officer of a corporation or cooperative shall be responsible for the conduct of business in conformity with the standards in this chapter.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1983, No. 329, eff. 6-1-83.

Ag 48.13 Vehicle parking. A vehicle loaded with a dead animal shall not be parked or stored on any street nor upon any highway or other place where such parking or storing shall constitute a nuisance.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1983, No. 329, eff. 6-1-83.