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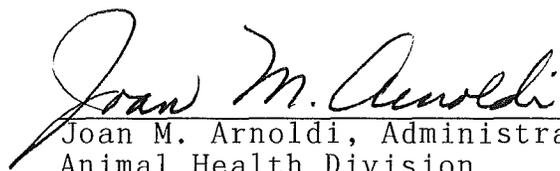
STATE OF WISCONSIN )  
 )  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ) SS.  
TRADE & CONSUMER PROTECTION )

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETINGS:

I, Joan M. Arnoldi, Administrator, Animal Health Division, State of Wisconsin, Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection, and custodian of the official records of said Division, do hereby certify that the annexed order amending rules relating to the importation of feeder swine into Wisconsin, subsections Ag 10.01(29), 10.04(5), 10.041, 10.01(39) through (41), Wis. Adm. Code, was duly approved and adopted by the Department on May 5, 1986.

I further certify that said copy has been compared by me with the original on file in the Department and that the same is a true copy thereof, and of the whole of such original.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here-  
unto set my hand and affixed the  
official seal of the Department  
at the Department offices in the  
city of Madison, this 5th day of  
May, 1986

  
Joan M. Arnoldi, Administrator  
Animal Health Division

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1 ORDER  
2 OF THE  
3 STATE OF WISCONSIN  
4 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, TRADE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION  
5 ADOPTING RULES  
6 To repeal and recreate Ag 10.01(29), Ag 10.04(5), and Ag 10.041,  
7 and to create Ag 10.01(39) through (41), relating to the importation  
8 of feeder swine into Wisconsin.

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Analysis Prepared by the Department  
of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection

These rules change current rules related to the importation of feeder swine into this state. Feeder swine are swine, excluding boars, weighing less than 175 pounds and intended solely for slaughter and not for breeding.

Under prior rules, all feeder swine imported into this state were required to be accompanied by an interstate health certificate providing information about the identification and health of the animal. The rules require an interstate health certificate, but also require additional information including the age, sex, weight, and breed of the animal and the names and addresses of the persons shipping and receiving the animal. As under prior rules, the rules require the interstate health certificate to include a statement by an examining veterinarian that no pseudorabies, swine dysentery, or transmissible gastroenteritis was diagnosed in the animal's herd of origin within 60 days prior to importation, and that no pseudorabies vaccine has been used. In addition, the rules require a statement that either the feeder swine was tested and found negative for pseudorabies within 30 days prior to importation, or that the feeder swine originated from a recognized pseudorabies-free area, a qualified feeder pig herd, or a qualified pseudorabies negative herd.

The rules provide that feeder swine imported from a recognized pseudorabies-free area, a qualified feeder pig herd, or a qualified pseudorabies negative herd need not be tested and found negative for pseudorabies prior to entry into this state.

The rules establish procedures for testing qualified feeder pig herds for pseudorabies. Under the provisions of the rules, a qualified feeder pig herd must be tested annually for pseudorabies. Each test must include randomly selected representatives of all

breeding groups in the herd. The number of animals to be tested depend upon the size of the herd. In herds with 25 or fewer breeding animals, all would be tested. In herds with 26 to 100 breeding animals, 25 animals would be tested. In herds with 101 to 200 breeding animals, 27 animals would be tested. In herds with more than 200 breeding animals, 30 animals would be tested.

The rules clarify the prior rule's requirement that imported feeder swine may be delivered only to a farm or a federally approved swine market. As under the prior rule, the rules require that imported feeder swine consigned to a farm be kept separate from breeder swine, and that the feeder swine may be removed from the farm only for slaughter. As under the prior rule, the rules provide that imported feeder swine consigned to a federally approved swine market may be delivered to a farm for finish feeding prior to slaughter. In addition, the rules allow imported feeder swine to be shipped directly to a slaughter establishment for slaughter.

Prior rules define the terms "federally approved swine market" and "feeder pigs." The rules redefine the term "feeder pigs" as "feeder swine," and define the terms "qualified feeder pig herd," "qualified pseudorabies negative herd," and "recognized pseudorabies free area."

The rules amend s. Ag 10.04(5), relating to certain exceptions to the requirements for importation of swine, to be consistent with the changes in the importation of feeder swine.

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1 Pursuant to authority vested in the state of Wisconsin department  
2 of agriculture, trade and consumer protection by ss. 93.07(1) and  
3 (10), Stats., the department adopts, amends and repeals rules  
4 interpreting ss. 93.07(10), 95.23(4), and 95.27(2), Stats., as  
5 follows:

6 SECTION 1. Ag 10.01(29) is repealed and recreated to read:

7 Ag 10.01(29) "Feeder swine" means swine, excluding boars, weigh-  
8 ing less than 175 pounds and kept for the sole purpose of feeding for  
10 slaughter.

11 SECTION 2. Ag 10.01(39) through (41) are created to read:

12 Ag 10.01(39) "Qualified feeder pig herd" means a herd of breeding  
13 swine, used for producing feeder pigs, which is tested in accordance

1 with s. Ag 10.041(4), and determined to be negative for pseudorabies.

2 Ag 10.01(40) "Qualified pseudorabies negative herd" means a  
3 herd of swine certified as being free of pseudorabies as provided  
4 in s. Ag 10.58.

5 Ag 10.01(41) "Recognized pseudorabies free area" means an  
6 area recognized by the department as being free of pseudorabies.

7 SECTION 3. Ag 10.04(5) is repealed and recreated to read:

8 Ag 10.04(5) EXCEPTIONS. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) do not  
9 apply to:

10 (a) Feeder swine imported in conformity with s. Ag 10.041;

11 (b) Healthy swine shipped directly to a slaughtering  
12 establishment for immediate slaughter; or

13 (c) Healthy swine shipped directly to a federally approved  
14 swine market for sale to a slaughtering establishment.

15 SECTION 4. Ag 10.041 is repealed and recreated to read:

16 Ag 10.041 FEEDER SWINE; IMPORTATION.

17 (1) INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE. No person may import a feeder  
18 swine into this state unless the feeder swine is accompanied by a  
19 valid interstate health certificate executed no more than 30 days  
20 prior to the date on which the feeder swine is imported into this  
21 state. The interstate health certificate shall comply with s. Ag  
22 10.225, and shall include all of the following information:

23 (a) Specific identification of the feeder swine. Identification  
24 shall refer to an ear tag or other permanent identification approved  
25 by the department.

26 (b) The age, sex, weight, and breed of the feeder swine.

27 (c) The names and addresses of the persons shipping and

1 receiving the feeder swine.

2 (d) A report of a negative test result for pseudorabies, unless  
3 the feeder swine originates from one of the sources specified under  
4 sub. (2).

5 (e) A statement that the feeder swine has been examined by the  
6 veterinarian who executed the interstate health certificate. The  
7 statement shall specify that:

8 1. No pseudorabies, swine dysentery, or transmissible  
9 gastroenteritis has been diagnosed in the herd of origin within the  
10 past 60 days.

11 2. No pseudorabies vaccine has been used in the feeder swine.

12 3. The feeder swine originates from one of the sources specified  
13 in sub. (2), or has been found negative for pseudorabies, in a test  
14 approved by the department, at least 30 days prior to entering this  
15 state.

16 (2) PSEUDORABIES STATUS; TESTING; HERD OF ORIGIN. No person  
17 may import a feeder swine into this state unless the feeder swine  
18 has been found negative for pseudorabies, in a test approved by  
19 the department, at least 30 days prior to entering this state.  
20 This does not apply to a feeder swine which originates from one of  
21 the following sources:

22 (a) A recognized pseudorabies free area.

23 (b) A qualified feeder pig herd.

24 (c) A qualified pseudorabies negative herd under s. Ag  
25 10.58.

26 (3) DESTINATION. No person may import a feeder swine into  
27 this state unless the feeder swine is consigned directly to a farm

1 or a federally approved swine market.

2 (4) QUALIFIED FEEDER PIG HERD; PSEUDORABIES.

3 No herd of swine may be considered a qualified feeder pig  
4 herd under sub. (2)(b) unless the herd is annually tested and  
5 found negative for pseudorabies. Annual testing shall be per-  
6 formed on a representative sample of swine selected from the  
7 entire breeding herd. Each test sample shall include randomly  
8 selected representatives of all breeding groups within the herd,  
9 and shall include boars and recent additions to the herd. In herds  
10 with 25 or fewer breeding swine, all breeding swine in the herd  
11 shall be tested. In herds with more than 25, but no more than  
12 100, breeding swine, the test sample shall include at least 25  
13 breeding swine. In herds with more than 100, but no more than  
14 200, breeding swine, the test sample shall include at least 27  
15 breeding swine. In herds with more than 200 breeding swine, the  
16 test sample shall include at least 30 breeding swine.

17 (5) FEEDER SWINE CONSIGNED TO FARMS. Imported feeder swine  
18 which are consigned to a farm, either directly upon import or from  
19 a federally approved swine market, shall at all times be kept  
20 separate from breeder swine on the farm. Imported feeder swine  
21 may not be removed from the farm except for slaughter. Imported  
22 feeder swine under this subsection include swine which are  
23 commingled with imported feeder swine at a federally approved  
24 swine market in this state.

25 (6) FEEDER SWINE CONSIGNED TO A FEDERALLY APPROVED SWINE  
26 MARKET. Imported feeder swine consigned to a federally approved  
27 swine market in this state may not be removed from the livestock

1 market except for direct shipment to slaughter, or for direct  
2 shipment to a farm for purposes of finish feeding for slaughter.  
3 Imported feeder swine under this subsection include swine which  
4 are commingled with imported feeder swine at a federally approved  
5 swine market in this state.

6 SECTION 5. The rules contained in this order shall take  
7 effect on the first day of the month following publication in the  
8 Wisconsin Administrative Register, as provided in s. 227.026,  
9 Stats.

10 Dated this 5th day of May, 1985.

11  
12 STATE OF WISCONSIN  
13 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,  
14 TRADE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

15 By Joan M. Arnoldi  
16 Dr. Joan Arnoldi  
17 Administrator  
18 Animal Health Division

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