

## Chapter Ag 99

### VEGETABLE GRADING PROCEDURES AND GRADE STANDARDS

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### Subchapter I — Definitions and General Requirements

Ag 99.01 Definitions. As used in this chapter:

(1) "Contractor" has the meaning specified in s. 100.03(1)(f), Stats., and includes an employee or agent of the contractor.

(2) "Department" means the state of Wisconsin department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection.

(3) "Procurement contract" has the meaning specified in s. 100.03(1)(vm), Stats.

(4) "Producer" has the meaning specified in s. 100.03(1)(w), Stats.

(5) "Tare" means the weight of extraneous or foreign material in a load of vegetables which is deducted from the gross weight to obtain net weight. "Tare" does not include culled, substandard or undergrade vegetables.

(6) "Vegetables" means sweet corn, snap beans or peas which are grown or sold for use in food processing, whether or not they are actually processed as food.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1990, No. 420, eff. 1-1-91.

**Ag 99.02 Grade standards.** A determination of the condition or qualitative classification of vegetables is a determination of grade. If the amount of payment received by a producer under a vegetable procurement contract depends on the grade of the vegetables, the grade of the vegetables shall be determined according to one of the following:

(1) Applicable grade standards adopted by the federal department of agriculture under 7 USC 1621 et seq.

(2) Alternative grade standards which are clearly specified in writing in the procurement contract.

Note: Copies of USDA grade standards for snap beans for processing, fresh shelled peas for canning or freezing, and sweet corn for processing are on file with the department, the secretary of state, and the revisor of statutes. Copies may be obtained from the department.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1990, No. 420, eff. 1-1-91.

**Ag 99.03 Grading procedures.** (1) **GENERAL.** Vegetables grown under a procurement contract, if graded for payment purposes, shall be received, handled and graded in compliance with this subchapter and crop-specific requirements under subchs. II to IV.

(2) **LOADING RECEIPT.** When a contractor receives vegetables under a procurement contract, the contractor shall immediately provide the producer with a signed receipt for the vegetables. If the contractor harvests the vegetables, or receives the vegetables at the harvest site, the contractor shall provide the producer with a receipt for each load of vegetables before that load leaves the harvest field. The contractor may leave the loading receipt in a receptacle provided by the producer at the harvest field. The receipt shall include all of the following information:

- (a) The name and address of the contractor and carrier.
- (b) The identity of the producer.
- (c) The location of the harvest field.
- (d) The date and beginning time of harvest.
- (e) Identification of the load of vegetables, including the license number of the transport vehicle used to haul the load of vegetables.
- (f) Signature of the contractor or agent of the contractor.

(3) **EVERY LOAD SAMPLED; IDENTIFICATION OF SAMPLES.** If vegetables are graded for payment purposes, the contractor shall collect a grading sample from every load of vegetables, according to sampling procedures prescribed under this chapter. The sample may be collected from the transport vehicle at the harvest location or when the vegetables are delivered or unloaded at the processing plant. Each sample shall be identified with all of the following information:

- (a) The name and address of the contractor.
- (b) The identity of the producer.
- (c) The location of the harvest field.
- (d) Identification of the load of vegetables from which the sample was drawn, including the license number of the transport vehicle used to haul the vegetables.
- (e) The date and time when the sample was collected.
- (f) The date and time the vegetables were harvested.

(4) **LOAD WEIGHT STATEMENT.** Within 7 days after a load of vegetables is harvested, the contractor shall mail or deliver to the producer a written statement of load weight. A contractor shall orally provide load weight information on request of the producer made prior to delivery of the written load weight statement. The statement shall identify the load of vegetables, and shall state the weight of the load of vegetables, as determined by the person who weighs the load. The weight statement shall

be signed by the weigher when the load is weighed, and may be incorporated with a grade statement under sub. (5). If tare is deducted from the weight, tare shall be determined in compliance with sub. (6) and shall be recorded with the weight statement.

(5) **GRADE STATEMENT.** Within 7 days after a load of vegetables is harvested, the contractor shall mail or deliver to the producer a written grade statement for that load. A contractor shall orally provide grade information on request of the producer made prior to delivery of the written grade statement. The grade statement shall indicate the grade of the load, as determined by the grader and shall be signed by the grader when the load is graded. Grade shall be determined by analyzing the grading sample collected under sub. (3), according to standards and procedures prescribed under this chapter. The grade statement shall include all of the following:

- (a) The name and address of the contractor.
- (b) The identity of the producer.
- (c) The location, date and time at which the grading sample was collected and the location at which it was graded.
- (d) Identification of the load of vegetables to which the grade statement pertains, including the license number of the transport vehicle used to haul the vegetables.
- (e) The date and time of grading.
- (f) The weight of the samples used for grading.
- (g) The weight of tare in the grading sample, and the percentage of tare calculated on the gross weight of the sample.
- (h) The grade information required under s. Ag 99.14 for snap beans, s. Ag 99.23 for peas, and Ag 99.33 for sweet corn.
- (i) Space for comments or remarks of the grader.
- (j) The grader's signature.

(6) **TARE.** If, under any procurement contract, there is a deduction for tare, tare shall be actual tare as defined under s. Ag 99.12(4) for snap beans, s. Ag 99.21(3) for peas, or s. Ag 99.31(4) for sweet corn. This subsection does not prohibit a contractor from making a payment deduction for undergrade, substandard or culled vegetables, but vegetables so classified shall be separately identified and graded and shall not be included as tare.

(7) **GRADING LOCATION.** Vegetables graded under this chapter shall be sampled and graded in this state. Vegetables may be graded outside this state with prior approval from the department. Approval will only be granted if grading is performed by a grader or inspector licensed by the federal department of agriculture.

(8) **REVIEW BY PRODUCER.** A producer or producer's representative may observe the loading, weighing, sampling and grading of vegetables grown by that producer, and may review any records required to be kept by the contractor under s. Ag 99.05.

**Ag 99.04 Unharvested farm products; estimated yield.** (1) **GENERAL.** If a contractor does not harvest vegetables which are suitable for processing and are grown under a procurement contract which requires payment based on yield or grade, or both, the estimated yield of the unharvested acreage shall be determined by field sampling under this section, unless an equivalent method for estimating yield is clearly specified in writing in the procurement contract. Field samples used to estimate yield shall be collected when the unharvested vegetables are at optimal maturity, and shall be collected from areas which are reasonably representative of the field.

(2) **NUMBER OF SAMPLES.** Except as provided under sub. (3), the number of samples collected under sub. (1) shall be based on the size of the field as follows:

(a) At least 3 samples from different areas shall be taken from a field which is less than 40 acres.

(b) At least 5 samples from different areas shall be taken from a field which is 40 to 100 acres.

(c) At least 7 samples from different areas shall be taken from a field which is larger than 100 acres.

(3) **DIFFERENT CROP OR SOIL CONDITIONS WITHIN FIELD; SUBDIVISION OF FIELD.** If significant differences in crop or soil conditions exist within a field, the field shall be subdivided so that crop and soil conditions are reasonably uniform within each subdivision. Each subdivision shall be treated as a separate field under sub. (2).

(4) **SELECTING SAMPLE AREAS.** The samples collected under sub. (2) or (3) shall be collected from sample areas alternately selected by the contractor and producer. After the contractor and the producer have each selected an equal number of sample areas, the contractor and producer shall jointly select the last sample area.

(5) **SAMPLE AREAS DEFINED.** Each sample area under sub. (4) shall consist of one of the following:

(a) If the vegetable is a row crop such as sweet corn or snap beans, each sample area shall be not less than 15 linear feet of a row.

(b) If vegetables, such as peas, are planted by either the drill or broadcast method, each sample area shall be a plot of not less than 25 square feet having dimensions of not less than 5 feet in length and width.

(6) **SAMPLE WEIGHTS.** Each sample collected under this section shall be individually weighed. The weights of the individual samples shall be added together to obtain a combined sample weight for the field, which shall be divided by the number of samples to determine an average sample weight. Vegetable samples shall be weighed according to the following procedures for the respective commodity:

(a) Sweet corn shall be weighed after the ears are completely husked, and the stem and any excess tip are removed.

(b) Snap beans shall be weighed after all beans in the sample are removed from the vines.

(c) Sweet peas shall be weighed after all peas in the sample are removed from the pods.

(7) **CALCULATING YIELD PER ACRE.** The yield per acre of unharvested vegetables shall be calculated as follows:

(a) Calculate the square footage of each sample area. For row crops, multiply the length of the row by the space between rows, measured in feet to 2 decimal places.

(b) Determine the average square footage of all the sample areas.

(c) Divide the square footage of one acre (43,560 square feet) by the average square footage of the sample areas to determine the number of sampling units per acre.

(d) Multiply the number of sampling units per acre by the average sample weight under sub. (6) to determine the yield in pounds per acre.

(e) Calculate the estimated yield for the unharvested field by multiplying the yield per acre by the number of acres in the field.

(8) **DOCUMENTING THE YIELD ESTIMATE.** Every yield estimate under this section shall be documented in writing, and a copy shall be provided to the producer. The documentation shall include:

(a) The name and address of the contractor.

(b) The identity of the producer and the location of the field.

(c) The date and time when the field was sampled and the yield estimate was made.

(d) The size of the field, the number of samples collected, and the calculations used to estimate the yield. If sampling methods or yield estimation methods differ from those prescribed under this section, the documentation shall specify the methods used.

(f) The signatures of the contractor and the producer, or their agents.

(9) **GRADING SAMPLES.** If payment for unharvested vegetables is based on the quality or condition of the vegetables, the samples collected under this section shall be graded in compliance with this chapter.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1990, No. 420, eff. 1-1-91.

**Ag 99.05 Recordkeeping.** (1) **RECORDS REQUIRED.** Every contractor shall maintain copies of the following records for each producer with whom the contractor has entered into a procurement contract:

(a) Procurement contracts.

(b) Loading receipts under s. Ag 99.03(2).

(c) Sampling information under s. Ag 99.03(3).

(d) Load weight statements under s. Ag 99.03(4).

(e) Grade statements under s. Ag 99.03(5).

(f) Yield estimates under s. Ag 99.04, if any.

(2) **RECORDS KEPT FOR 3 YEARS.** Records required under this section shall be kept for 3 years and shall be made available for inspection and copying upon request by the producer, an authorized agent of the producer, or a representative of the department.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1990, No. 420, eff. 1-1-91.

**Ag 99.06 Weighing and measuring devices.** (1) **GOOD WORKING ORDER.** Scales and other measuring devices used in weighing, sampling and grading vegetables shall be maintained in good working order.

(2) **ANNUAL INSPECTION AND TESTING.** Every scale and measuring device used in weighing, sampling or grading farm products shall be inspected and tested for accuracy annually by the manufacturer of the equipment or an independent testing or service company. Inspection and testing shall comply with applicable specifications, tolerances, standards and procedures required by the national institute of standards and technology and the department. Test weights shall be approved by the department. Annual tests and inspections shall be at the expense of the owner or operator of the scale or measuring device.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1990, No. 420, eff. 1-1-91.

## **Subchapter II — Grading Procedure for Snap Beans for Processing**

**Ag 99.11 Grading deadline.** (1) **GENERAL.** Snap beans for processing shall be weighed, sampled, and graded as soon as reasonably possible after harvest, but not longer than 18 hours after harvest. The contractor shall take necessary and reasonable precautions to preserve the condition of the snap beans at time of harvest until they are graded.

(2) **DELAY DUE TO EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES; NOTICE.** The contractor shall give oral notice to the producer within 18 hours after harvest if, due to extraordinary circumstances, the snap beans cannot be weighed, sampled and graded within the time provided under sub. (1). Within 7 days after harvest, the contractor shall mail or deliver written notice to the producer, describing the extraordinary circumstances which justify the contractor's failure to comply with sub. (1).

History: Cr. Register, December, 1990, No. 420, eff. 1-1-91.

**Ag 99.12 Sampling procedure.** (1) **REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLING.** Each load of snap beans shall be graded on the basis of a grading sample collected under s. Ag 99.03(3). The grading sample shall be collected in compliance with this section. The composite grading sample shall be representative of the entire load of snap beans and shall reflect all qualitative gradations observed in the load by the person who collects the sample.

(2) **COMPONENT SAMPLES; COMPOSITE SAMPLE.** At least 10 5-lb. samples of snap beans shall be individually collected from each load of snap beans. The 5-lb. samples shall be combined and thoroughly mixed to form a composite sample weighing not less than 50 lbs. The composite sample shall be used to determine tare for a load of snap beans.

(3) **GRADING SAMPLE DRAWN FROM COMPOSITE SAMPLE.** A grading sample weighing at least 10 lbs. shall be taken from the thoroughly mixed 50 lb. composite sample under sub. (2). The 10-lb. grading sample shall be used to determine the grade and size of snap beans.

Register, December, 1990, No. 420