

Chapter Tax 15

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER FEE

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Tax 15.01 Definition of a conveyance. (s. 77.21, Stats.) Option contracts or agreements that provide for the right of first refusal of purchasing an interest in real estate are not conveyances within the scope of s. 77.21 (1), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1981, No. 312, eff. 1-1-82.

Tax 15.02 Value subject to real estate transfer fee. (s. 77.21, Stats.) (1) The conveyance of a parcel of real property by a partner to a partnership is subject to both real estate transfer fee and return. The measure of value subject to the fee is the value of the ownership of the property actually relinquished.

Example: If a partner owns a one-third interest in the partnership, the fee is based upon two-thirds of the consideration paid by the partnership for the real property, or in the case of a gift, nominal consideration or an exchange, two-thirds of the market value of the property.

(2) In an exchange of real properties, 2 separate and distinct conveyances are involved and the value should be separately determined for each.

Example: If (i) 'A' conveys a parcel X of real property worth \$50,000 to 'B,' and (ii) 'B' in turn conveys a parcel Y of real property worth \$45,000 plus cash of \$5,000 to 'A,' both conveyances are taxable under s. 77.22 (1), Stats., and a return is required to be submitted for each conveyance. The basis of the real estate transfer fee for conveyance (i) is \$50,000 and for conveyance (ii) is \$45,000. Therefore, the real estate transfer fee for conveyance (i) is \$150 and that for conveyance (ii) is \$135.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1981, No. 312, eff. 1-1-82.

Tax 15.03 Imposition of real estate transfer fee. (s. 77.22 (1), Stats.) A real estate transfer fee is imposed on the grantor of real estate on every conveyance not exempted under s. 77.25, Stats. Real estate conveyances which are taxable under s. 77.22, Stats., include:

(1) Corporation conveyances:

(a) From a corporation to a partnership, and from a partnership to a corporation.

(b) From an individual to a corporation, and from a corporation to an individual.

(c) From a corporation to its stockholders pursuant to a plan of liquidation.

(d) From one corporation to another, both of which have the same parent corporation, that is, conveyances between "sister" corporations.

(d) From a corporation to another caused by a "spin-off." A spin-off occurs when, after a part of the assets of corporation 'A' is transferred to corporation 'B' controlled by the transferor 'A,' stock or securities in the latter 'B' are distributed to the shareholders of the controlling corpo-

ration 'A,' without a surrender by corporation 'B's' shareholders of any of their stock or securities.

(f) From a corporation to another caused by a "split-up." In a split-up the distributing corporation 'A' transfers its assets to 2 or more newly created corporations in exchange for their stock and effects a complete liquidation, 'A's' shareholders receiving stock in the new corporations in exchange for the distributing corporation's stock.

(g) From one corporation to another pursuant to any bankruptcy provision.

(h) From a parent corporation to a subsidiary corporation in exchange for stock.

(2) Conveyances by means of a sheriff's sale:

(a) Where the grantee is third party with no prior interest in the deed or mortgage.

(b) Where the mortgagee (lender) purchases the property for less than the amount of the lien and demands a deficiency judgment in addition to the sale proceeds.

(c) Where the mortgagee (lender) purchases the property for more than the amount of the lien.

(3) Conveyances of real property between stepchildren, natural children or stepparent and stepchild.

(4) Conveyances by dissolution of a partnership.

(5) Conveyances between an individual and a tax-exempt organization.

(6) Conveyances of timber or mineral rights.

(7) Court ordered conveyances by a county to satisfy an old age assistance lien.

(8) Conveyances of a remainder interest in real property.

(9) Conveyances of real property from a trustor to a trustee.

(10) Bankruptcy court ordered conveyances.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1981, No. 312, eff. 1-1-82.

Tax 15.04 Land contracts. (s. 77.22 (2), Stats.) (1) ORIGINAL LAND CONTRACT. Any original contract or any instrument evidencing the existence of a land contract, either of which indicates that such original land contract was made on October 1, 1969 or thereafter, requires the submission of a return as a condition to recording by the register of deeds. However, no fee is imposed at time of such recording.

(2) DEEDS IN FULFILLMENT OF A LAND CONTRACT. (a) Any deed or other instrument executed in fulfillment of a land contract, which land contract is dated December 17, 1971, or thereafter, requires the submission of a return and payment of the fee provided by s. 77.22 (2) (b), Stats., as a condition to recording. The return must show that the deed is given in satisfaction of a land contract and the fee is based on the purchase price established by the terms of land contract.

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